

New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS AUCTION SALES TO-MORROW...

Local Intelligence.

NUMBER OF VESSELS IN PORT.—Thirteen steamships, sixty-three ships, fifty-one barks, eight brig and ten schooners. This does not include vessels in either basin.

DEATH OF MISS TRACY.—Thursday evening, Miss Tracy, residing on Palmyra street, a very estimable young lady, died at her home at 10 o'clock.

A BARBOCK EXTINGUISHER.—The board of underwriters has taken a Barbock fire extinguisher, large size, purchased two horses and hired four men to run the machine, which is stabled on Rampart, between Perdido and Gravier streets.

IT WAS OFFICER McNAMARA, NOT McENTEE.—In reference to the capture of the silk stealer from Danziger street, it was found that the man was unintentionally given to reporters. Instead of McEntee it should have been McNamara, a worthy Metropolitan who is on duty at Danziger street.

THE CHAMPION HORNS.—Mrs. Company No. 24 has appointed a committee to inform the members of the champion horns will be handed over at such time as may be designated.

SCUADS OF VAGRANTS.—Night after night scores of men apply at the first precinct stationhouse for lodging. They are a scurvy looking set, and are offered the worst of the accommodations.

A GOLD STEAMER FOR BATON ROUGE.—Mr. Gould, proprietor of the manufactory of that class of steam fire engines, is in our city to-day to give one of his fourth class machines a trial at the head of Canal street.

PIONEER FIRE COMPANY No. 1.—This sixth district company intends to give a private soiree at its hall on Magazine, between Milan and Berlin streets, on the evening of the twenty-third inst.

MORE MIXED HASH.—The City Council has granted right of way to several more persons to block up the head of Canal street with their antiquated horse carts.

COURT RECORDS.

Fourth District Court. Louis Mahe vs Frank Pace, Jr.—L. Tinsot, purchaser of property herein sold under a writ of seizure and sale, having filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus...

Superior Criminal Court. This court was not in session, and stands adjourned Monday next.

First District Court. Yesterday Samuel Fillman was found guilty on three counts, viz: 1. Entering a shop in the night time with intent to steal. 2. Assault and battery.

Peace and Order. An ardent admirer of Robert H. Marr, writing to the Albany Journal, has the following graphic account of the efforts of that gentleman to repress upon one occasion the self-constituted guardians of law and order in this city.

He has devoted himself to the work of repression with a diplomacy which would astonish a diplomat.

On the evening of the first instant a public meeting, largely composed of women, and convened by the Women's Protective Association, was held at the residence of Mrs. Lambeth.

The "Bulletin" and Truth. We give place to a communication from Captain Snow, which explains itself.

Staub's News Depot. Mr. Staub, at No. 63 Canal street, has his usual supply of new and periodical literature, including Harper's Weekly and Bacon, Frank Leal's publications, the Graphic and all favorite weeklies.

Books, Stationery, &c.—There are books in abundance, plenty of stationery and more of the etc. at Ellis, store opposite the Post-office.

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THE WHITE LEAGUE CONSPIRACY AGAINST FREE GOVERNMENT.

Speech of Gen. Hugh J. Campbell, on Monday Evening, January 11, 1875. Before the Republican Mass Meeting, held at the purpose of giving the sense of the Republicans of Louisiana to the correctness of the facts stated in Gen. Sheridan's Dispatches.

Thank you for the honor you have conferred upon me in asking me to address you at this time. I appear before you with the most solemn impression that we are now standing at the critical point of our nation's history.

Breaking and conspiring to break prison—breaking and conspiring to break prison—breaking and conspiring to break prison.

On the application of Patrick Ryan, for writ of habeas corpus, rule was made absolute, and Patrick Ryan discharged from custody.

From 1866 to the present time there have been nine great butcheries or massacres for political reasons in the State of Louisiana.

There are in this room prominent colored citizens, members of the Legislature, and others from all portions of the State; there are also prominent colored gentlemen from the various States of the Union.

I come now to the special function of the White League conspiracy in controlling the late election. The White League organization was formed for the purpose of overthrowing the Reconstruction Government.

On the second of January the White League preparations for forcibly revolutionizing the State government were inaugurated by the violent and secret kidnaping and abduction of Mr. Cousin, member from St. Tammany.

These facts were the origin and the cause of the revolution in this State, sometimes styled by our White League friends "infamous." They have, however, not been substituted for elections, are what made a Returning Board right and necessary.

These facts have been officially proven before a committee of the General Assembly and before two congressional committees. They are not denied. They have been notified to the courts of this State, and the Federal courts.

Board of Trade and those other indignant meeting and theological bodies a question: Meeting and those other indignant meeting and theological bodies a question: Meeting and those other indignant meeting and theological bodies a question.

Finally, I charge that in the White League Campaign of 1874, its assassinations and massacres, in the tone of its press, in its war upon negro children in the schools, in their proposition for restoring theocracy, in the atrociously descriptive, vindictive and revengeful language which they have reawakened in the people and heightened to a fury never known before.

The Democratic and White League campaign of 1874 was a second edition of the White Campaign of 1868. It opened by an organized, systematic plan, commenced simultaneously throughout the State, for ejecting by violence from their positions the lawfully appointed or elected parish officials, and substituting in their place a set of officials chosen by the opening act of this novel political campaign.

My friends, I went with the Fusion party of 1872. I did it honestly. I did it with my eyes open. I did it without bargain or promise of reward. They all can not say that, I did it at such pecuniary and personal sacrifice. I did it for my own political conviction, for I was bitterly assailed by my former political friends, and at the same time politically ostracized, ignored, and in every way thrown overboard by the people whom I had tried to assist.

I failed, failed more completely and awfully than ever did any public man who trusted to the assistance of a party, a number of people. I failed not from any fault of my position, but from the deliberate abandonment by the white people of this State of the principles which they had proclaimed in 1862, and their going back to the violent and bloody tactics of 1868.

When a shop boy is well trained, all errors in making change will be in favor of the shop.

Notice, Republicans.—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Latent Fire Insurance Company, on Monday, January 19, 1875, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. J. B. Squire, corner of Canal and Gravier streets.

Notice.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, January 19, 1875, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. J. B. Squire, corner of Canal and Gravier streets.

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OFFICIAL NOTICES.

Redemption of Five-Twenty Bonds of 1862. Washington, December 2, 1874. BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY GIVEN BY an act of the Congress passed on the 17th of July, 1874, the following estimate of expenses...

TO BE PAID FROM THE CITY DEBT TAX. Consolidated bonds, interest at six per cent. \$272,467 30 Railroad bonds, due May 1, 1874, ex-interest, for use consolidated bonds, per ordinance No. 2098, Administration series, interest at six per cent. 174,000 00

TO BE PAID FROM DRAINAGE TAX. New consolidated gold bonds, drainage series, interest seven per cent, estimated premium in currency 711,287 50

TO BE PAID OUT OF CITY PARK TAX. One-eighth of one per cent on assessed value of city property, \$140,123 13

TO BE PAID OUT OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TAX. As per estimate of School Board, \$250,246 26

TO BE PAID OUT OF POLICE TAX. As per estimate of Board of Commissioners, \$500,000 00

TO BE PAID OUT OF TAX FOR CURRENT CITY EXPENSES AND OTHER REVENUES NOT OTHERWISE APPROPRIATED OR SET APART BY LAW. \$131,243 16

TO BE PAID OUT OF MARKET REVENUES. As per estimate of National Bank, late Fiscal Agent, on from the interest and principal of loan, \$120,000 00

TO BE PAID OUT OF WATERWORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS. Streets, materials, etc., \$25,000 00

TO BE PAID OUT OF POLICE TAX. As per estimate of Board of Commissioners, \$500,000 00

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