NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME IX.—NO. 68 NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY, JUNE 27, 1875. WHOLE NUMBER 2529.

AMUSEMENTS.

THIRD OF JULY EXCURSION.

A Grand Excursion will be given to Biloxi, for the benefit of the New Orleans and Louisiana Building Association.

Tickets for the Round Trip $1 50.

Persons wishing to purchase tickets can get them by applying to J. F. Winston, No. 129 Carondelet street. Buy your tickets before July 2.

The train will depart at 8 A. M. sharp.

J. F. WINSTON, President.
JAMES HENRY, Treasurer.
je20 12t

BANKS AND BANKING.

STATEMENT

OF THE

LOUISIANA SAVINGS BANK

AND

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS,

Friday, June 25, 1875.

ASSETS.

Loans and discounts		$608 595 52
Stocks and bonds		294 583 56
Judgment and suspense account		3,860 00
Banks and bankers		3 285 77
Cash		134,380 83
Expenses		3,627 08
Domestic exchange		41,459 78
Banking-house and vault		102,000 00
Total		$1,110,790 24

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock, old	$150,000 00	
Capital stock, new	350,000 00—	$500,000 00
Call depositors	251,107 83	
Savings depositors	163,496 61—	414,604 44
Banks and bankers		106,152 13
Time certificates		50,200 00
Surplus		10,000 00
Undivided profits	$28,602 86	
Interest	17,310 73	
Other items of profit	3,911 08—	49,833 67
Total		$1,110,790 24

I certify that the above shows the true condition of the bank as appears by the books.

Je27 3t JOHN S. WALTON, Cashier.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

(A bank for small savings),

GRUNEWALD HALL,

Pays six per cent interest; pays deposits on demand, and conducts business on the most liberal principles consistent with depositors' interests. Examination is invited to its management and financial condition.

J. L. GUBERNATOR, President.
M. BENNER, Cashier. ap26 1y

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 152 Canal street. Trustees—Dr. W. Newton Mercer, L. F. Generes, David Urquhart, George Jonas, John G. Gaines, Thomas A. Adams, Carl Kohn, Thomas Allen Clark, Christian Schneider, Charles J. Leeds, Samuel Jamison.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

L. V. GENERES, President.
CHARLES KILSHAW, Treasurer. sp18 1y

LOUISIANA SAVINGS BANK

AND

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

No. 51 Camp Street.

CAPITAL.....$500,000.

R. C. PALMER, President.
JAMES JACKSON, Vice President.

Directors:

R. CONERT, FRED. WING,
J. H. KELLAR, W. H. THOMAS,
DAVID WALLACE, JAMES JACKSON,
R. C. PALMER.

Its capital gives security to depositors. Deposits of Fifty Cents and upward received, and SIX PER CENT INTEREST allowed.

jy7 1y JOHN S. WALTON, Cashier.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. JAYNE INFORMS HIS FRIENDS and the public that he will open his new Confectionery on SATURDAY, July 3, at No. 164 CANAL STREET, opposite Christ Church. He hopes the same share of patronage which has been extended to his establishment, previously located corner of Canal and Rampart, will be granted to No. 164 Canal street. je27 1m

NOTICE.—I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY INTEREST in the "Algiers Corn Mill," located at the stock landing, Algiers, to Mr. Victor Laumann, who will collect all debts due and pay all claims against the late firm of Laumann & Donnenfelser.

H. DONNENFELSER.
New Orleans, June 24, 1875. j-26 2t

PROFILE'S LOAN OFFICE,

Corner Royal and Conti streets.

Liberal loans made on

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,

and goods of every description. je27 6m

$5 TO $20 PER DAY, AT HOME. Terms free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. mv29 d&w 1y

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A SECOND hand Font of Type, not larger than Long Primer. Address Box No. 827, New Orleans. my4

SCALES.

FAIRBANKS'.....FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD SCALES,

No. 53 Camp street.

FAIRBANKS' COTTON BEAMS

MOSLER, BAHMANN & CO.'S FIREPROOF SAFES,

The best made in the market.

TROEMER'S STEEL CORN AND COFFEE MILL

FAIRBANKS'

POSTAL PACKAGE SCALE.

For the weighing of postal matter, hardware, groceries, cigars, gloves, shawls, dry goods, candy ornaments, tea, etc. Anything not weighing more than four pounds can now be sent by mail for two cents per ounce, or sixteen cents will carry a pound across the continent.

All retail merchants should have our Postal Package Scale.

SHRIVER'S LETTER COPYING PRESSES,

MILLS' ALARM MONEY DRAWERS.

Counter, Druggist, Platform, Hay, Coal and Cattle Scales.

FOR SALE AT NEW YORK PRICES.

FAIRBANKS' SCALE DEPOT,

53.....Camp street.....53
my18 3m d&w

WANTED.

WANTED.—TO BUY—A SMALL SECOND hand Fire-proof Safe. Address, stating price, box 497 New Orleans Postoffice. je22

FOR RENT.

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT—Three rooms and kitchen, No. 469 St. Andrew, between Rampart and Franklin streets. Rent very low to a responsible person that can give first class security for the prompt payment of rent and safe keeping of the furniture. None other need apply. je8

TO RENT.....TO RENT.

LARGE AND PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS in suits or singly, with bath room attached. All the comforts of a home guaranteed. Apply at No. 40 Liberty street, between Gasquet and Common. MRS. A. K. JOHNSON. ap13

ANY GENTLEMAN SEEKING A pleasant room or rooms where there are no boarders or children, in a quiet neighborhood, in the central portion of the city, can find the same by applying early at No. 234 St. Charles street, near St. Joseph. ap27

RELIGIOUS MONOPOLY.

The refusal of the authorities to allow Moody and Sankey to hold religious meetings at Eton, in England, appears strangely inconsistent with the progressive ideas of the nineteenth century. At the last moment these gentlemen were notified by the governors of the college that they could not hold service there, and they accordingly repaired to Windsor, showing deference to the faculty, and conducted a meeting at the town hall in the latter named place, near Eton. It appears the Eton boys went to hear them, and the Bishop of Chichester expressed displeasure that the revivalists should be allowed to work so near as Windsor. In an after-dinner speech at Ardingly, the bishop contrasted the weakness of the authorities now with the vigor which had been shown in former times. "Then," says the Bishop of Chichester, of the established Church of England, "Moody and Sankey might have fallen on their knees before such a privilege as that recently obtained by them would have been granted." This was said because they were not driven away from the vicinity of Eton.

The bishop simply made himself, his church and the school appear ridiculous. If Eton were a nursery for weak-minded young men, it might be proper to guard the students, as we would guard a hysterical young lady, from religious or other emotions. But we understand Eton to be a school for the education of the scions of aristocracy. It is filled with muscular, well-developed, red-faced young cubs, who play cricket, football, and other athletic games, boys who ride, row, box and fight with fists in the hearty way of young English gentlemen. Can the bishop tell us what harm Mr. Moody's Bible stories or Mr. Sankey's singing, can do to such as they? After hearing the gospel without scollops, plain as Peter gave it when called from his fish-nets, some of the Eton boys might decide not to become clergymen's apprentices; but an Eton boy's mind could hardly be spoiled by all the gospel Mr. Moody could leave in the town.

Moody and Sankey have worked together in Scotland, Ireland and England for the past two years. Crowds everywhere gather to hear them. They are Evangelists working for no particular denomination. They awaken an interest in the teachings of the New Testament; they make converts and leave them to join what church they will. Moody is not an educated man according to the standard of college learning. He is not a clergyman. He is simply a man who thinks he has a Gospel message to deliver. When he was here and preached to the people in the Congregational and Baptist churches he preferred to stand outside of the pulpit. He wore whiskers, a business sack coat, and never had on so much of clerical uniform as a white necktie. He reads and holds to him his Bible as if he believed every word of it, and loved it. He is a man thoroughly in earnest, and his success comes from being so. He believes there is a burning hell and a personal devil; that there is a heaven and a Christ, and that natural men must needs change their hearts to avoid the one or gain the other. He believes that, and he speaks to men about it as he would speak to one who was walking on a railroad in front of an approaching train. He is so earnest that he startles sinners; he makes them look around to see where they are, and leaves them to do their own getting up and getting by taking any side switch off from a wicked way they choose. Now Moody's preaching never hurt any one in New Orleans, and we can not see why he should be run out of Eton. There is no patent right to religion. If a man is not blasphemous, coarse, and in no way interferes with the local government or the institutions of a land there is no reason why he should not preach until he is hoarse, if he so chooses, wherever he is invited to speak. Sergeant Bates is allowed to carry the American flag wherever he will. What should prevent the progress of Moody and his New Testament? His practice is different from that of preaching in a States prison. No one need hear him if otherwise inclined, and he certainly should have a chance to speak.

It is possible the bishops of the Established Church are jealous of the American preacher, or perhaps they think he is a Plymouth pastor, which is unjust. Or perhaps they fear that a dissolution of the government and the Church of England will take place at no distant day. Revivals of religion are likely to hasten such an event. In that case, when the monopoly of religion now held by the Episcopalians in England is broken, the Methodists, Baptists and Presbyterians will have a chance, and preachers will have to depend upon the will of the people and their own usefulness and eloquence for livings rather than upon political appointments. The State should not pamper, feed and salary one set of preachers at public expense, while those of another denomination, quite as near to Christ, are obliged to go about doing good in their shirt sleeves. Such ruling is degrading to the people. It would not be tolerated in this country, and can not hold always in England. The London *Times* notices the mistake made at Eton, and the people notice it, to the disadvantage of the school governors. The boys are regarded as fenced in to keep them from getting religion, and the non-religious public at large believes that Moody and Sankey were shabbily treated by being driven away from Eton. As the preacher is an American, and we are Americans, it may look like national bias to say we think so too, but we do.

The usefulness of a hotel clerk does not depend on the size of his diamond pin.

Fruit Growers' Association of the Gulf States.

Amid the general dearth of enterprise and plenitude of complaint, it is with pleasure that the efforts the Fruit Growers' Association are given prominence in these columns.

Turning aside from the beaten path of idle pageantry and empty show, the gentlemen of the association will give, at St. Patrick's Hall, on the fourteenth, fifteenth and sixteenth of next month, an exhibition of the horticultural and floricultural products of the Gulf States. The occasion will mark the commencement of the fourth year of the existence of the association. Their efforts, in spite of adverse circumstances, have been productive of much benefit. An interest has been awakened in the minds of farmers on the subject, and it will not be long before the judicious and practical ideas of the Fruit Growers' Association will be fully realized in the way of abundant crops of fruits and vegetables offered in the markets at reduced prices.

The association has spared neither pains nor money to make this exhibition worthy of the great enterprise.

The Southern Express Company has issued orders to its agents to receive and forward promptly, free of charge, all packages of fruits and vegetables, green, dried or canned, and wines, cordials, plants and flowers of thirty pounds and under from July 5 to July 14, 1875, addressed to "Fruit Growers' Association of the Gulf States." Arrangements are being made by which persons visiting the exhibition can return home free, upon their tickets being countersigned by the secretary of the association. Contributions will be received up to the morning of the fourteenth of July. The floral department will be under the charge of a special committee of ladies.

While the immediate attention of the association is given to the products of the Gulf States, arrangements are being made to provide special premiums for wines, preserved fruits, vegetables, etc., produced in other States.

Appended is a complete and correct list of the officers and different committees:

President, Dr. R. H. Day, Esq; vice president, D. Redmond, Esq; secretary, S. M. Wiggins, Esq; treasurer, A. Sambola, Esq.

Directors—H. W. L. Lewis, Osyka, Mississippi; James Coulson, Grand Bay, Alabama; S. F. Gard, New Orleans; I. C. Moses, Mobile, Alabama; Dr. G. Devron, New Orleans.

On Finance—G. Nicolson, New Orleans; J. P. Smith, New Orleans; J. W. Hillman, New Orleans.

On Exhibition—A. Sambola, New Orleans; J. H. Hummel, New Orleans; J. J. Mellon, New Orleans; W. Nelson, New Orleans.

On Transportation—J. P. Smith, New Orleans; M B Hillyard, McComb City, Mississippi; A. W. Rountree, New Orleans.

On Essays—D. Dennett, Summit, Mississippi; E. K. Manard, New Orleans; R. S. Venables, Independence, Louisiana.

On Entomology—Prof. J. P Stelle, Citronelle, Alabama; Dr. J. R. Walker, New Orleans; R. Lynne, Independence, Louisiana.

On Native Fruits—Colonel C. C. Langdon, Mobile, Alabama; R. Thompson, Terry, Mississippi; A. S. Carrington, Grand Bay, Alabama.

On Foreign Fruits—D. Redmond, Ocean Springs, Mississippi; Eugene Olivier, Jeanerette, Louisiana; James Parker, Pass Christian.

On Commercial Fruits—James Coulson, Grand Bay, Alabama; R. D. Manard, Independence, Louisiana; P. Anglelovich, New Orleans.

On Semi-Tropical Fruits—D. Redmond, Ocean Springs, Mississippi; S. F. Gard, New Orleans; H. J. Leovy, New Orleans.

On Diseases of Fruits and Fruit Trees—H. W. L. Lewis, Osyka, Mississippi; R. Seaton, Pass Christian, Mississippi; S. F. Gard, New Orleans.

On Nomenclature—Dr. H. A. Swasey, New Orleans; W. A. Whitfield, Bay St. Louis, Mississippi; Dr. D. J. Ford, Osyka, Mississippi.

On Vegetables and Agricultural Products—E. F. Russell, Tangipahoa, Louisiana; J. C. Labuzan, Grand Bay, Alabama; J. M. Hills, Arcola, Louisiana.

The following is the committee on reception:

Gentlemen—E. K. Manard, William H. Harris, J. Pinckney Smith, C. A. Snyder, Samuel Henderson, S. S. Carlisle, N. D. Wetmore, Dr. J. R. Walker, J. M. G. Parker, John C. Potts, D. Dennett, T. M. Westcoat, George Nicholson, Horace E. Shropshire, C. E. Cate.

Ladies—Mrs. Randell Hunt, Mrs. Teedie Owen Smith, Mrs. J. H. Hummel, Mrs. I. C. Moses, Mrs. Jennie Mort Walker, Mrs. A. M. Holbrook, Mrs. H. E. Shropshire, Mrs. N. D. Wetmore, Mrs. Samuel Henderson, Mrs. C. E. Cate, Mrs. T. S. Coons, Mrs. S. C. Blount, Mrs. Reinard Maitre, Mrs. M. Navra, Mrs. G. Devron, Mrs. S. M. Wiggins.

The Mail Service on Red River.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

In your issue of yesterday, under the head of "Mail Service to the Mouth of Red River," you mention the fact that:

The Postmaster General has signified his intention to discontinue the present daily mail service between New Orleans and the mouth of Red river, and substitute a semi-weekly route. We shall regret to see such a change made, as it will seriously embarrass one of the most important commercial interests of this city, and its immediate interior dependencies.

You infer that there has been hitherto an efficient and operative *daily* mail service between this point and the mouth of Red river. Explain, Mr. Editor, for general information, how or in what way is the mail conveyed to the mouth of Red river, this most important mailing point for West and Northwest Louisiana. The regular mail packets leave here on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. What those interested in the mail service in that direction want information about is, by what route is the mail sent from this city to the mouth of Red River on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays? The mail is conveyed daily from the mouth of Red river to Alexandria by stage or buggy, and there are only three mails a week passing over that route from this city. Is the government contracted for a daily mail from here to the mouth of Red river, ought not we to have the service performed?

RED RIVER.

New Orleans June 27, 1875.

R. M. & B. J. Montgomery are still selling their large assortment of parlor and bedroom, diningroom and other furniture at extremely low prices. They are prepared to compete with the prices of any house in the city, and are anxious to have parties wishing anything in their line to call and examine and price their goods, before purchasing elsewhere.

ARTICLES THAT REQUIRE LOOKING INTO—PIER GLASSES.—Come to us that R. M. & B. J. Montgomery are selling them so cheap that every one should look into them. Reflection is a good thing. Reflect on Armory Hall, No. 87 Camp street.

[For the New Orleans Republican.]

DEPARTED HEROES.

BY THOMAS H. HOWARD.

Shout for the mighty men
Who sleep in our fatherland!
(Blest be their graves.)
Shout over hill and glen,
And over sea and strand—
Shout for the brave.

When the loud war cry burst,
And the fire-brand was red
On Concord's plain,
Who met the foe the first?
Who sent them back accurst?
They are the mighty dead—
Shout for the slain.

Where is that fearless band
Who, in their hall arrayed,
Pledged, at all cost,
Freedom throughout the land,
Freedom on wave and strand?
Death could not be delayed—
Shout for the lost.

Freemen, to live or die
On our beloved soil,
They were as we;—
Forth fling the banner high,
Forth peal the banner cry;
No more a tyrant's spoil—
Shout for the free.

Shout for these mighty men,
Sons of our fatherland—
Over the wave,
And over hill and glen,
And over rock and strand,
Shout for the brave.

"The Weekly Budget."

This is the name of a new weekly paper about to be started here by our neighbor, Mr. James H. Hummel, proprietor of that sterling agricultural publication, *Our Home Journal*.

The *Budget* will appear on Sunday morning next, the fourth of July, and every Sunday morning thereafter. It will be devoted to literary topics mainly, although other subjects will also receive a fair share of attention. The news of the week will be briefly summarized. Sporting news, base ball notes, musical notes, dramatic items, aquatics and subjects of that character will be carefully collected in the *Budget*.

There is no reason why the New York weeklies should continue to monopolize this market, and Mr. Hummel proposes to test the question whether or not a paper of this description, just as large and in every respect as acceptable, printed and published at home, can not be supported in New Orleans, especially if sold at one-half the price.

We wish him every success in his cultivation of this new field of labor.

St. John Rowing Club.

On the nineteenth of next month the St. John Rowing Club will hold a grand regatta on Lake Pontchartrain. The published programme sets forth four races, to wit, a single scull race for individual entries, pair oared or double scull shell race and a four oared gig race and four oared shell contest open only to members of the club. Besides these there will be a four oared barge race in which the Galveston Club will enter a crew.

A prize of $50 in gold is also offered for a skiff race open to all, skiffs to be gunwale rigged and rowed to best advantage. The distance to be rowed will be about one mile on a straight away course from the mouth of the Bayou St. John to the Milneburg pier-head.

It is expected that the Charleston Club will be represented in the regatta. Should the Palmetto boys put in an appearance, New Orleans oarsmen will have a hard struggle to retain their laurels.

Centennial Literature.

It may be had at Staub's. It is not necessary to say where his store is; but on your road to the Postoffice, just before you reach the corner of Canal and Old Levee streets, you will see his store, also large crowds in and about there. Centennial literature has been mentioned; as Staub has the latest news of Bunker Hill as well as all the Northern and Western newspapers damp from the press. The Courier-Journal, Detroit Free Press, Danbury News, St. Louis Democrat, New York Graphic and all other dailies may be had at five cents each.

Extraordinary Proceedings.

A court martial will to-day be held at Magnolia Garden, in the rooms of the New Orleans Rifle Club. The cause for convening this court is the trial of Colonel J. M. G. Parker, on the charge of disobedience of orders in not attending a recent festive occasion as ordered by the club. The best legal talent has been secured by the accused for his defense. General Ogden and Judge Braughn have been telegraphed for and will appear in behalf of Colonel Parker.

The sheriff of the parish of Orleans will sell at auction to-morrow, at 10:30 A. M., on the premises, corner of Peters and Erato streets, in the First District of this city, steam engines, boiler and connection Blake pump, locomotive boiler, bone black filter apparatus, Blake steam pump, patent filtering apparatuses, patent steam elevator, copper vacuum pan complete, gauges, iron sugar kettles, etc.

And at 5 P. M., on the premises, the contents and fixtures of a coffeehouse and bar room, situated at No. 267 Decatur street, between St. Philip and Ursulines streets, Second District of this city.

The sheriff of the parish of Orleans will sell to-morrow, at 12 M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, all the right, title and interest of David Magner in and to a certain judgment rendered in the late Eighth District Court for the parish of Orleans, on the first of February, 1872, for $5000, in the suit of David Magner vs. the city of New Orleans, etc. For full particulars see advertisement.

SHERIFF'S SALES AT AUCTION FOR STATE TAXES.—Attention is called to the sales at auction to be made to-morrow day at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the sheriff of the parish of Orleans, for State taxes, of improved and vacant real estate. For particulars and terms see advertisements.

The following is the passenger list of the steamship New Orleans, Captain Dearborn, for New York:

W. Chapman, wife and two daughters, Mrs. E. Dupre and child, Miss Davis, Mrs. L. Crowell, J. Tobias, Thomas Kay and wife, Mrs. Mary Moulton, Miss A. G. Lovell, George E. Tripp and wife, William Foster, W. S. Bailey, T. V. Stanton, J. M. Rand, M. Hieneman and child, and fifteen in the steerage.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

JETTATRICE, OR THE VEIL WITHDRAWN. By Mme. Augustus Craven. Published by Estes & Lauriat, Boston. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 130 Canal street, New Orleans.

This is a brilliantly written story, with the scene laid in modern Italy. It is in an autobiographical style, and partly in a series of letters. It is most tastefully printed and presents an attractive appearance in its cool-looking, gray covers.

STRETTON. By Henry Kingsley. Published by Estes & Lauriat, Boston. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 130 Canal street, New Orleans.

Mr. Kingsley is the author of "Ravenshoe," "Geoffrey Hamlyn" and other popular stories, and in this, his latest effort, he has given us a right good English story, which has been illustrated and presented to the world in an attractive shape by the enterprising publishers.

MYSTERY OF DARK HOLLOW. By Mrs Emma D. E. N. Southworth. Published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 130 Canal street.

Mrs. Southworth does not claim to be the sole author of this story, but it is stamped with her style of sensational writing, and will please a class of readers who find entertainment in highly colored romances.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES. Published by J. R. Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 130 Canal street, New Orleans.

This book is compiled by M. F. Sweetser, and it claims to be only a hand book for travelers, at the same time it gives a world of information concerning places and things in the islands and maritime Provinces of Canada, and Newfoundland and Labrador. It is a valuable book for reference, and especially so for travelers. It is so arranged that it can be easily converted into original letters from tourists, and it will help many a poor fellow to a dinner.

BUNKER HILL MEMORIAL. Published by James R. Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 130 Canal street, New Orleans.

This is an elegant souvenir of Bunker Hill Day in Boston. For this publication the "Grandmother's Story of Bunker Hill Battle, As She Saw It from the Belfry," was written by Oliver Wendell Holmes, and in addition to that it has a well writen historical account of the battle from the pen of James M. Bugbee. The book is beautifully illustrated and printed.

Silk Culture in Louisiana.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

In answer to your inquiries about silk culture in Louisiana, I have concluded to give you a statement, because I refer to some facts which it will be interesting to remember.

There was great excitement all over the country on the subject in former times, and about the year 1834 a mania prevailed for the production of the *morus multicaulis*, the variety of mulberry suited for the production of the silk worm. There were a number of associations formed, but none of which seemed to have arrived at any practical result. One of our old citizens by the name of L. Garnier spent a fortune in the attempt that he made, and to use his own words, to endow Louisiana with the silk culture.

It is very generally alleged that our climate and soil is very favorable for the culture, and the saying is probably based upon the similarity existing with countries where the industry largely prevails. We enjoy, in fact, many advantages, and perhaps as few drawbacks as in any country in the world. If the attempts have not succeeded here it is entirely due to the inexperience and faults of the parties.

It is now a matter of history that an epidemic prevailed a few years ago in the silk producing countries, which threatened the annihilation of the silk worms. Recourse was had to foreign countries for the supply of a new race by the importation of eggs, a large proportion of which was obtained from the United States, principally from California, and some from Louisiana. I am informed by an old resident who has a place at Covington on the Tchefuncta river that he has obtained $10 per ounce for eggs sent to Italy. He obtained at our last State fair a premium for the production of the finest cocoons; they were of large size and of a beautiful color. He considers that our climate is extremely favorable for the production of the silk worm, and also the soil for the growth of the trees. One of the difficulties he speaks of is the preservation of the eggs from one season to another on account of the warm weather in winter, which causes the eggs to hatch before the time. To obviate he had sent them to New York and Canada, which succeeded to his entire satisfaction. He says he had made as much as four crops, under favorable circumstances, and that two crops may always be depended upon.

The proper varieties of mulberry, he says, are the *mouns multicaulis*, for the feeding, and afterward the white mulberry, the leaves of which afford more substance. He thinks the wild mulberry of the country not so good, producing smaller cocoons. One of the difficulties he would anticipate here is the want of skilled labor for winding, and the higher price here than in Italy.

In regard to the production of the trees here I can assure you there is no better country. The tree is easily propagated by cuttings and grows rapidly. For the feeding of several crops the tender leaves for the young worms can always be obtained by trimming the trees down to near the ground late in the spring, at various times. They may be planted a few feet apart in rows and kept down by pruning, which would give the greatest amount of leaves relatively to the extent of ground planted.

It is to my personal knowledge that in other places in Louisiana, and particularly on the Mississippi river, amateurs have been quite successful.

Your most obedient servant,

JOHN C. DELAVIGNE.

Home Made Matches.

Mr. S. Frank, agent, has exhibited to us specimens of the matches made by the Louisiana Match Manufacturing Company, located at No. 149 Peters streets, in this city. They appear to be in all respects equal to those manufactured elsewhere; they can be sold as cheaply, and the enterprise gives employment to not less than one hundred persons. As a home enterprise we hope to see it succeed. The work shows that match-making is not confined to sewing circles, Connecticut or heaven. Good matches are made in Louisiana.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON.

Yellow Fever at Key West.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—A dispatch to the Navy Department from Key West, reports one death from and an additional case of yellow fever there.

The New Treasurer.

Treasurer New was at the treasury today, and had an interview with Bristow and Spinner. Mr. New enters upon his duties Thursday.

Payment of July Interest.

Payment of the July interest commences Monday, without rebate.

Indian Treaty Signed.

Red Cloud and Spotted Tail have signed a treaty by which they cease hunting in Nebraska for a consideration of $25,000.

Registered Letters.

On and after July 1 the rate for registering letters will be ten cents in addition to the regular postage.

NEW YORK.

A Flaw Reported in the Direct Cable.

NEW YORK, June 26.—It is stated that a flaw has been discovered in the direct United States cable, about 300 miles from the American shore, and the Faraday has cut the cable and is now taking out the faulty portion.

Waiting for a Verdict.

Judge Neilson adjourned his court indefinitely stating that if the jury should announce an agreement he would bring them in an hour after.

The Perils of the Saranac.

A letter from Victoria, British Columbia, says, after landing from the Saranac, the officers and crew were put on short rations, and huts were built of boughs and trees, hammocks and a few boat sails saved from the wreck. At daylight on the fifth day after landing, her majesty's steamer Myrmidon came in sight, and cheer after cheer went up from the worn-out sufferers. Ten minutes later the Otter rounded the point, causing fresh excitement.

Upon the appearance of the Myrmidon the call to assemble was sounded, and an order issued to break camp and transfer everything to that vessel. An hour later everything saved from the wreck, together with the officers and crew, were embarked on board. The Myrmidon transferred a portion of the officers and men to the Otter. The vessels left for Esquimault, and arrived there safely on the twenty-third.

The officers in charge of the door to the jurymen indignantly deny this report as a base fabrication. The judge has, however, directed the sergeant to keep a more vigilant watch upon the jurors.

Another paper says Mrs. Beecher dropped to the floor of her residence this morning, with an attack of heart disease, before she went to court.

Specie.

Specie shipments to-day $2,000,000.

Death of a Humorist.

Mortimer Thompson, better known as Philander Doesticks, died to-day, aged forty-five.

Whether or Not.

At Plymouth Church prayer meeting Beecher announced he would continue pastor of Plymouth Church, whatever the verdict might be.

A Bank Case Decided.

Judgment was entered in the county clerk's office here to-day in favor of the plaintiff, by default, in the suit brought by the International Bank, limited, of London, against Allen Hay, the well-known soap manufacturer of this city, to recover the amount of numerous drafts drawn by the defendant on Messrs. Gladstone & Co., London, England. The amount of drafts in currency is $971,788 51 and the interest added makes the sum of $653,538 31. The total judgment is $1,625,326 89.

Gossip About the Beecher Case.

An afternoon paper says complaint was made by a citizen to Judge Neilson last night, concerning the outside communication of parties with the Tilton-Beecher jury. The story is that certain advocates of the cause of the plantiff have been seen to enter the jury room, personating waiters carrying the food and liquids for the jurymen.

FOREIGN.

Change of Ministry.

RIO JANEIRO, June 25.—The Ministry of the Viscount of Rio Branco has resigned, and a new Cabinet has been formed, with the Duke of Caxais as President and Minister of War. Baron Cotegip is Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Alfonsists Capture Mirabet.

MADRID, June 26.—It is officially announced that the Fortress of Mirabet, on the river Ebro, was stormed by the Alfonsists. After several days' seige General Campo, thirty-nine officers, 550 men, four cannon and a quantity of war material were captured.

The Riflemen.

DUBLIN, June 26.—Colonel Gildersleeve, captain of the American rifle team, has received a letter from the Lloyds, of London, offering a fifty guinea cup to be contested for at Wimbledon by the English, Irish, Scotch and American eights, at the time of the Elcho challenge shield match. The Americans have signified their acceptance of the offer, and will compete for the cup. The discipline and harmony of the American team is admirable. The members of the Irish rifle team were engaged in practice shooting at Dollymount to-day. Their score was much smaller than that of the Americans yesterday.

There will be no further practice by the American team. The impression is gaining ground that the Americans will win in the international match.

The Lord Mayor of London and party will arrive here on Monday next. Their coming is looked forward to with much interest. They will be welcomed by the Lord Mayor and corporation of Dublin. In the afternoon they will witness a review, and in the evening will attend the theatre in state.

Immense Loss of Life and Destruction of Property.

PARIS, June 26.—Eighty persons were drowned in Verdun. Eight hundred houses have fallen in Toulouse. It is said the loss of life will aggregate 1000.

A committee, with President McMahon at the head, has been formed to collect funds for the relief of the sufferers by the inundation in the Sourthern part of France.

The loss of property by the overflow of the river Garonne and other streams in the South is fully as great in the department of Lot et Garonne as in the Haute Garonne. One hundred and seventy houses were destroyed at the town of Maissac, in the Tarn et Garonne, and fifty at La Magistere, in the same department. Immense damage was also done by the rise of water in the river Adour, at the town of Bagneres de Begorre, in the department of Hautes Pyranees. At the town of Agen, in the department of Lot et Garonne, the water in the river Garonne rose thirty nine feet.

The American and English residents of Paris have opened subscriptions for the sufferers by the flood. The National Assembly to-day voted urgency for a motion to appropriate one million francs for their relief.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mining Calamities.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., June 26.—The scaffolding at shaft No. 2 of the Susquehana Coal Company, at East Nanticoke, fell this morning, instantly killing six men.

A miner was killed here this morning by falling down shaft No. 1 of the Delaware and Hudson Coal Company.

Sunstroke in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, June 26.—Dr. William Warren, of Berton, Maryland, a well known physician, was sunstruck yesterday, and died in an hour.

Sheriff Crosby Out.

VICKSBURG, June 26.—Crosby, the sheriff of this county, who was shot in the early part of June, has recovered sufficiently to be out. Gilmer, his deputy, whom he charged with the shooting, was tried before a negro magistrate to-day and discharged.

Collection of Liquor Tax Enjoined.

CINCINNATI, June 26.—A dispatch from Detroit says Judge Cochrane, of the Superior Court, has granted an injunction restraining the collection of the tax from liquor dealers under the new law. The effect of this will be to stop all proceedings until the Supreme Court has passed upon the constitutionality of the measure.

Lynched.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 26.—William Keemar, colored, who was arrested in Rush county for attempting to commit a rape on a white lady, and was removed from Rushville to Greenfield for fear of violence, was lynched last night by a mob at Greenfield.

The mob who lynched Keemer was composed of armed men, said to be from Hancock, Shelby and Rush counties. They broke open the jail, took the negro out and hanged him in one of the stalls of the fair grounds. The affair created the most intense excitement at Greenfield, but no arrests have been made.

Woolen Mills Burned.

PATERSON, N. J., June 26.—Tengue & Co.'s woolen mills at Hawthorne burned. Loss $50,000. Two hundred persons thrown out of employment.

The Races at East Saginaw.

DETROIT, June 26.—At East Saginaw yesterday in the $2000 purse race, free to all, Bodine, who was the favorite, beat Judge Fullerton and American girl by winning the first, third and fourth heats. Fullerton won the second heat. Time—2:19¼, 2:20, 2:20½, 2:21.

The Revolution in Sonora.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 26.—The captain of the steamship Vasco de Gama, from Lower California, reports the revolution at La Paz in full tide of success. Four hundred federal troops have been sent to quell the movement. The situation is very critical. The United States ship Narragansett is lying off La Paz.

General Davolos, commanding the frontier, is said to have been captured.

A Physician Shot.

MEMPHIS, June 26.—Dr. Brand, a young physician of St. Catherines, sixty miles above here, was shot in the back of the head and instantly killed last Wednesday while sitting in his office. No clue to the assassin.

The Lost Belle of Shreveport.

The steamer Grand Tower brings no additional information in regard to the sinking of the Belle of Shreveport; but as she did not meet the Parker, it is believed the latter is at work assisting the Belle. A private telegram from Cairo says the Parker left the Belle of Shreveport all right last night.

The Fire at Jackson, Tennessee.

The *Appeal's* Jackson, Tennessee, special says of the fire there yesterday: It broke out in Hammond's grocery store, and extended east to Church street, and north to Lafayette street, and to the alley between Main and Lafayette streets, destroying half of the entire block, including the Catholic Church. Von Runkel's grocery, Hoget's confectionery, the cotton compress and other buildings, the Odd Fellows' Hall and Tomlin's Hall were also on fire, but were saved by great exertion. The loss will probably reach $35,000, with but little insurance.

Loss of the Tug Eliza Fox.

The little tug Eliza Fox sunk in thirty feet water, near Peach Orchard Bend, White river, Monday. She is a total loss.

Evans Sues a Newspaper for Libel.

PITTSBURG, June 26.—William M Evans sues the Alleghany *Mail* for $25,000 for saying that he was living here in luxury on money stolen from the Indians and the government.

The Cardinal's Movements.

Cardinal McCloskey, Mgr. Roncetti, Dr. Ubaldi and Archbishop McNierney, of Albany, left here to-day for New York.

Getting Ready.

SARATOGA, June 26.—The Princeton University and Freshmen's crews arrived here this afternoon, and proceeded to their quarters. The majority of the crews are now on the lake and are doing thorough work already. Much interest is manifested in the personnel of the crews.

Pugilism.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 26.—The announcement is made, on authority of Arthur Chambers, now here, that Tom Allen will fight George Rooke, for $1000 a side, July 1, within fifty miles of Detroit. The referee, Harry Hill, now holds Allen's $1000.

The Miners.

HAZLETON, June 26.—There is a disposition apparent on the part of many miners to go to work on the operators' terms, and the first practicable step toward a resumption in the Lehigh region has been taken to-day.

At a meeting of the German miners this morning a large majority voted to go to work. Another promising feature is the fact that A. Pardee & Co. have posted notices saying that as many of their employes have expressed a desire to go to work they invite all such miners to call at their office and sign the agreement for wages, and when a sufficient number have so done the works will be started at once.

Probabilities.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, June 26, 1875, 4:56 P. M.

For Tennessee and the Gulf States, stationary or lower barometer, stationary temperature, southwest to southeast winds, partly cloudy weather and occasional rains. The rivers will remain nearly stationary.

River and Marine News.

SOUTHWEST PASS, June 26, 6 P. M.—Barometer 29:95. Wind west, fresh. Weather cloudy. No arrivals or departures.

PASS-A-L'OUTRE, June 26.—Weather calm and cloudy. Arrived—At 1 P. M., steamship Hudson, Gager master, from New York, to A. Moulton; Spanish bark Josefina, Maristany master, ten days from Havana; Spanish bark Joven Narcisa, Mas master, nine days from Havana; schooner John Bird, Smith master, fourteen days from Cardenas, with a cargo of melado; British schooner Lily of the Valley, Leitch master, six days from Utilla; schooner Lily Schmidt, from Pearl river, Follett master. Sailed—Ship Emma, brig Goodwin, schooners J. M. Haskell and May Evelyn.

VICKSBURG, June 26.—