

NEW ORLEANS TRIBUNE

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VOLUME IX.—NO. 80

NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY, JULY 11, 1875.

WHOLE NUMBER 2541.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OLIO ENTERTAINMENT

Under the auspices of
Mount Moriah Lodge No. 59, F. and A. M.,
and
Lion Wood Lodge No. 167, F. and A. M.,
at
EXPOSITION HALL,
Wednesday Evening, July 14, 1875.

PROGRAMME.

Part First.
1. Overture—This for the piano, violin and alto—
"Glorious"—Hans With a Handkerchief M.
Miss C. Fosse and Messrs. C. and A. Hesse
2. Quotations—Miss Thayer, Cooper and Whitman
3. Illustrated Reading—"Dante"—
Miss C. Fosse, assisted by Prof. Granger
4. Song—Comet Applaud—"The Ballad of the Sea"
Captain William Wright

Part Second.
1. Trios—Instrumental—"Polo"—
Miss C. Fosse and Messrs. C. and A. Hesse
2. Grand Air—"The Ballad of the Sea"—
Miss C. Fosse, assisted by Prof. Granger
3. Quartet—"The Ballad of the Sea"—
Miss C. Fosse, assisted by Prof. Granger
4. Song—Comet Applaud—"The Ballad of the Sea"
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Part Third.
1. Song—"The Ballad of the Sea"—
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ADMISSION—FIFTY CENTS
BY THE DOOR

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

REGARDEN HOTEL.
MISSISSIPPI CITY, MISS.
Having been painted, refitted and put in complete order, is now
OPEN FOR THE SEASON
under the management of Colonel J. O. SIMON.
Terms reasonable.

GRAND ISLE HOTEL.
1875.
Thoroughly and well furnished in the South. Fish, oysters and game supplied. Fine sailing and fishing.
Terms—\$10 per month; \$12 per week; \$2.50 per day. Liberal terms to families and excursions.
Steamer leaves Havana's canal every Saturday and Tuesday at 12 M., returning to the city every Monday and Thursday evening at five o'clock.
J. L. SIMON, Proprietor.

ORLEANS HOUSE.
Corner of the Harris House,
P. O. BUREAU, MISSISSIPPI.
Board by the day, week or month. Rooms airy and commodious. Location near the beach, with bath house attached. Every attention paid to the comfort of the patron. Daily supplied with the best of the market affords, charges moderate. Family and transient welcome.
J. L. SIMON, Proprietor.

BOSSELL HOUSE.
BILOXI, MISSISSIPPI.
Will reopen on May 1, 1875, for the reception of guests, having been newly furnished throughout. Charges moderate.
W. H. BOSSELL, Proprietor.

REMEMBER.
When you go to Biloxi don't forget to call at
THE PRESS SALOON,
As Harry wishes to see you all.
P. J. MONTROSS, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.
NOTICE.
Public notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by ANY PERSON OR PERSONS WHOEVER, and no bill will be paid unless contracted by the undersigned in person.
P. P. WALSH,
1913 St. PETERS and Franklin streets.

NOTICE.—HAYING APPLIED TO THE SIXTH DISTRICT COURT FOR A DISSOLUTION OF THE PARTNERSHIP OF HON. J. H. BOSTICK, J. H. BOSTICK and request persons indebted to the same to pay at present.
J. H. BOSTICK, J. H. BOSTICK,
New Orleans, June 9, 1875.

THE UNION FLOURING.
E. H. FLYNN & CO.,
Sole No. 515, French Vegetable Market,
Will supply all Government Officers, either in the Army or in the Navy, and satisfaction guaranteed. Will fill all bills for companies in the Army of money in the Navy.
PRODUCE AND VEGETABLE DEALERS,
United we stand, divided we fall! 1875
55 TO 520 PER DAY, AT HOME
Terms cash. Address G. STILSON & CO.,
Portland, Maine.

JAYNE INFIRMITY HALL FRIENDS
J. and the public that it will open his new Convalescent on SATURDAY, July 3, at No. 164 CANAL STREET, opposite Christ Church. He hopes the same share of patronage which has been extended to his establishment, particularly located corner of Canal and Rampart, will be granted. No. 164 Canal street. 1875

PROFESSOR OF THE ARTS.
Corner Royal and Canal streets,
Lectures made on
COSMETICS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,
and goods of every description. 1875

SCALES.
FAIRBANKS'—FAIRBANKS'
STANDARD SCALES.
No. 33 Camp street.

FAIRBANKS' COTTON BEAMS
ALSO, BARRAN & CO.'S FIREPROOF SAFES.
The best made in the market.

JAYNE INFIRMITY HALL FRIENDS
YORKNER'S STEEL CORN AND COPPER MILL

FAIRBANKS' POSTAL PACKAGE SCALE.
For the weighing of postal matter, hardware, groceries, cigars, gloves, shawls, dry goods, costly ornaments, etc., etc. Anything not weighing more than four pounds can now be sent by mail for two cents per ounce, or sixteen cents will carry a pound across the continent.

FAIRBANKS' POSTAL PACKAGE SCALE.
All retail merchants should have our Postal Package Scale.
SHRIVER'S LAMER COPYING PRESS.
MILES' ALARM MONEY DRAWERS.
Counter, Drugist, Platform, Hay, Coal and Cattle Scales.

FOR SALE AT NEW YORK PRICES.
FAIRBANKS' SCALE DEPOT.
33 Camp street.

Succession of Francis Bustillo.
GOOD DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS, No. 26, 10th—Whereas, Mrs. Caroline White, widow of F. Bustillo, has petitioned the said District Court for the appointment of the late Francis Bustillo, deceased, intestate, to be the executor of his will, and the court has granted the same, within ten days, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
By order of the Court.
FRANK PAGE, JR., Clerk.

POSSIBLE FATE OF THE FLORIDA.

The hopes created by the rumored discovery of the surviving passengers of the ship Florida, which sailed from this port for California more than a quarter of a century ago, suggests speculation which may render the rumor of possible truth. The Florida crossed over to the coast of Africa with a tedious voyage of about eighty days; she then sailed for Cape Horn, and was, we believe, sighted or spoken of that promontory, but has never been heard of since, except as to the rumor mentioned.

This narrative revives the recollection of the British vessel, the Bounty, which sailed on an expedition of the government for purposes of scientific and political exploration in 1785, about a year before the adoption of our federal constitution. Curious enough, the Bounty put into a port on the coast of Africa, as the Florida subsequently did. Each sailed for the Straits of Magellan, and each appears to have met with the usual bad weather which besets that navigation. The Bounty was so much delayed and disabled by the storms that she bore away for the Cape of Good Hope, where, after having repaired and refitted the ship, she sailed for the island of Otaheite. Here the Bounty arrived on the twenty-fifth of September, 1788, after a voyage of nearly one year, during which the ship had traversed a distance of nearly twenty-eight thousand miles. The expedition remained on the island until the thirty-first of March following a period of about five months.

It was to these tempest worn men a heaven rather than a haven. There was food, rest and a climate balmy, salubrious and productive of fruits and flowers unknown elsewhere. "For twenty-three weeks," says the narrative, "we had been treated with the utmost affection and regard, which seemed to increase in proportion to our stay." To the friendly and endearing behavior of these people was ascribed the motives inciting an event that effected the ruin of the expedition. "The crew of a war vessel is composed of men who have no attachment to home, with no prospect except a life on the ocean wave and a burial beneath its waters. Meeting with this paradise, inhabited by a people kindly in their disposition, and with women who were graceful, intelligent and gentle beyond the nature of the average savage. They were unable to resist the temptation to remain. The women of Otaheite," said the commander of the Bounty, "are handsome, mild and cheerful in manner and conversation, possessed of great sensibility, and have sufficient delicacy to make them admired and beloved."

It is then, surprising that these men should have signified a determination not to go further, but to plant themselves and their posterity in the midst of an ease and luxury which such men had never imagined accessible to them? The idea of freedom from the tyranny of the lash at that day, deemed indispensable to maintain discipline, must have had its effect in bringing about this determination. It had been entered on the log of the Bounty that it "had been found necessary to punish Matthew Quintal, one of the seamen, with two dozen of lashes," for insolence and mutinous behavior, "which was the first time that there was any occasion for punishment on board."

The attractions were, however, rather positive than abstract. The commander of the Bounty in his report says: "It will be naturally asked what could be the cause of such a revolt? In answer I can only conjecture that the mutineers had flattered themselves with the hope of a happier life among the Otaheites than they could possibly enjoy in England, which, joined to some female connections, more probably occasioned the whole transaction. These mutineers, as they were called, after leaving left the island, seized the principal officers, put them in a boat with supplies of food and water, and put the ship about for Otaheite. They did not depart on a practical expedition, but, seduced by the sylvan attractions which they had for so many months enjoyed, decided to spend their lives in its solitude. It has been accounted an evidence of superior piety to seek the forest of Arden with a similar motive.

—But not old custom made this life more sweet than that of painted pomp! Are not these woods more free from petty than the evens court? Here feel we but the penalty of Adam. The season's difference.

It was proper and practical for a duke to express these sentiments. The mutineers of the Bounty were, however, dealt with differently. The British government sent out a subsequent expedition, which sacrificed these emigrants to that British Dagon—discipline. They were hunted down and, in great part, slain. Some of their descendants, however, are found on the island, one of whom, we believe, has written a history of the Bounty and its surviving mutineers.

It is not an improbable analogy that the passengers and crew of the Florida may have experienced a similar attraction and made a similar colonial settlement. That vessel doubled Cape Horn. She was a dill sailer. She may have been disabled by the stormy passage, and driven off her course, as was the Bounty in the same tempestuous ocean. In the Pacific Ocean, west of Cape Horn, is found the circuit of islands which occupies almost the whole tropical ocean between the coasts of America, Africa and part of Asia. Polynesia, as this circuit is called, comprehends an area of 8000 miles by 6000 miles, and may number 10,000 islands, attached to the groups of the Pelaw, Ladrones, Caroline, Sandwich, Marquesas, Society and Friendly islands. They afford many plants useful for human support, such as the bread fruit, the cocoa, banana, sugar cane and plantain, with a climate and fertility which will produce any other tropical crops. The inhabitants

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

POLITICAL ECONOMY.—By Professor J. E. Cairnes. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York. For sale by George Ellis & Brother, No. 82 Camp street, New Orleans.

This is the second edition of a work pronounced by the *British Quarterly Review* as "second in importance only to the immortal treatise of Adam Smith." It is the boiled down wisdom of much thought and reading, clearly expressed.

THE LAST STRAY. A novel. By Eliza F. Pollard. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York. For sale by George Ellis & Brother, No. 82 Camp street, New Orleans.

A clever English novel; not sensational or overdrawn, and yet it is sufficiently spirited in narrative and interesting in plot to hold the attention of the reader.

DEATH TO THE WORLD. From the German of Carl Dunder. Published by William G. Gill & Co., Boston. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 139 Canal street, New Orleans.

"Death to the World, or Sin and Atonement," is a novel, good story with an unattractive title. There is in it nothing so sorrowful or hopeless as the text on the fly leaf would indicate. It is a strong story, having a few unpronounceable Russian names, yet it has the merit of intelligence in its composition, and as stories now go, is an unusually interesting book.

GLORY. By Annie Keary. Published by Porter & Coates, Philadelphia. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 139 Canal street, New Orleans.

This is one of the international series of novels by the author, "Jane's Home." It is a fresh and attractive appearance, and its reading is not a disappointment. The binding is unique, with gray linen covers, looking cool and suggesting summer time under shade trees for reading.

COOKERY. A novel. By Mrs. C. Sara T. Paul. Published by Porter & Coates, Philadelphia. For sale by R. G. Eyrich, No. 139 Canal street, New Orleans.

This is no ordinary book. It contains more than 1000 receipts for cooking good things to eat. It is a cook book in no fancy brood, but practical in application. It is cookery from experience, and we may suppose that every fry, broil or stew has been drawn by the author from actual gridirons, saucapans and pots. The remarks on roasting and broiling will be readily appreciated in this weather, when all are in such condition as to be in need of it, and that is the brevity and directness of each guide to a good dish. There are no such periphrastic words as "first catch your fish," found in the old cook books. This book supplies every man to buy his fish and other things, and in a right sensible way it tells his wife how to do the cooking.

THE REPUBLIC. Magazine for July is at hand. Like previous numbers this one is full of valuable and interesting material. It is the only political magazine devoted to the interests of the Republican party, and as such it ought to receive the liberal support of the friends of the cause. The *Republic* is doing its best to make the coming campaign a vigorous one. It is thoroughly earnest, and if the party becomes infused with its spirit we shall reverse the verdict of last fall. The July number begins the fifth volume. It is published by the Republic Printing Company, Washington, District of Columbia, at \$2 per year.

Fruit Growers' Association.
The third annual fair of the Fruit Growers' Association of the Gulf States commences next Wednesday at St. Patrick's Hall. A deep interest will be taken in the exhibition, which will be rewarded by the perfection of the arrangements. There is certain to be the most complete display of fruits, flowers, preserves, vegetables and wine ever witnessed in New Orleans, and from the greatest number of exhibitors of all portions of the country. Many obstacles have been overcome. In the beginning the managers had little money, hardly any support and were forced to combat, not only indifference but unreasoning opposition. In addition to these obstacles had fruit crops almost rendered their efforts abortive. This has changed; there are plenty of funds, the managers have had experience, the fruit growers have become enthusiastic and the crop is excellent.

The premium list is a most liberal one and the competition great. The express and railroad companies have aided the association by reducing the rates, and the Mobile line will bring to and carry away from New Orleans exhibitors at half fare. Music will enliven the exhibition and banquet each evening and contributions from the innumerable gardens of the city adorn the hall. In every respect a success is assured.

Masonic.
During the past week Dr. John C. Gordy, grand lecturer of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Louisiana, has been holding a "Lodge of instruction" in behalf of the subordinate bodies of this city. The working of the first, second and third degrees was exemplified respectively on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, in the presence of an attentive audience of members of the order, at Masonic Hall. The grand lecturer was ably assisted by District Deputy Grand Masters George Johnson and Edward Baker.

Staub.
Our readers are again reminded of the excellent stock of monthly, weekly and daily literature on Staub's counters, at a bookstore No. 69 Canal street. Harper's Monthly for August has just come in, and the leading monthlies will be received during the present week. While the excellent variety of his stock is one of Staub's superior recommendations, the cheap prices at which he sells is another.

Appointments.
Governor Kellogg yesterday appointed S. C. McDonald justice of the peace and Alex. Moore constable of the first ward of Morehouse parish.

The sheriff of the parish of Orleans will sell at auction to-morrow at 5 P. M., at his warehouse, Nos. 43 and 25 Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, in the Second District of this city, household furniture.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON.

Loss of a Schooner Bound for New Orleans.
WASHINGTON, July 10.—The consul at Nassau reports the total loss of the American schooner Albatross, from New York for New Orleans, at Miami Shoals, Bahamas. A part of the cargo, the ship's material and the crew were taken to Nassau. Among the cargo saved were several men, and the amount will be very heavy. The railway was much damaged.

The King of Sweden.
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General Jovellar is at Morella, Province of Castellon de la Plana. A writer's division is endeavoring to overtake Don Gregorio, who has orders to immediately attack if it comes up with him. All the forts of the River Galles, in Aragon, are guarded.

Transfer of the Treasury Special Agents.
An order will soon be issued transferring the special agents of the treasury, now performing duty under the control of the Commissioner of Customs to that of the Commissioner of the Treasury. This action will be for the purpose of placing the control of a great amount of work which, in addition to his other duties, would require extraordinary attention.

The United States steamer Powhatan arrived at New York on July 10. The steamer Richmond was last captured by the rebels. It will not probably be here before the twentieth of July.

THE TURF.

The Long Branch Races.
LONG BRANCH, July 10.—The second meeting of the Long Branch races commenced to-day.

The first race, a match of one mile, was won by Risk by a length and a half. The winner was never headed in the race. The betting was \$100 to \$70 in favor of Felter. Time—1:45.

In the heat race for the Jersey Jockey Club purse, \$500, for all ages, entrance money to second and third horses, mile race, the first race was won by Aurora, which beat B. F. Carver three-quarters of a length, and Bigelow ten lengths behind Carver. The latter had still entered the grand stand, when Bigelow was given his head, winning easily. Time—1:45.

In the second heat Bigelow took the lead and was never headed, winning by six lengths in advance of Spendrift, who beat Carver by a neck for the second place. Time—1:45.

Before the third heat the betting was four to one in favor of Bigelow. The heat was won by Bigelow by a length. Carver second forty yards before Spendrift. Carver was in front until reaching the grand stand, when Bigelow was given his head, winning easily. Time—1:45.

The Esmeralda has been got off and is now in one of the docks here. The repairs are estimated to cost \$2000. The loss of life has been much greater than on any previous occasion on which severe weather has prevailed, and it is painful to say that the large sacrifice of the want of life-saving apparatus, and to the absence of those exertions on the part of others, of which a noble example was afforded by the brave men of the *Esmeralda*.

The Great Coast Line. The 25th ultimo, says: "From all we have been able to collect from the most trustworthy sources, we feel justified in stating that at least forty lives belonging to the training ship were drowned, between twenty and thirty sailors, and from twelve to fifteen boatmen, exclusive of the eight persons who went down in the unfortunate Egeria. No correct estimate of the loss of property has been arrived at."

Two horses started in the fourth heat. The betting was \$100 to \$10 in favor of Bigelow. The race was won by Bigelow in a gallop, by a length before Spendrift. Time—1:35.

Third Race.—The Monmouth sequel race, the \$500, added to the stakes of \$50 each p. p. for three-year-olds; two miles; eighteen entered; three started. Boy Final won the race with the greatest ease by fifty yards before Missie. Time—2:15.

Fourth Race.—Long Branch steepchase handicap for all ages, about three miles, over a fair hunting course. Purses \$100; \$50 to the first, \$10 to the second, and \$50 to the third horse. Four started. Dead-head won the race by a scant head; Minnie Mac second, and Meteor third. Time—6:28.

FOREIGN.

The Earthquake in South America.
NEW YORK, July 10.—Panama advices of the second day public attention has been directed to the late earthquake at Cucuta, of which no additional news has been received. The people and federal officials were moving to aid the sufferers. A national commission was appointed to do what was possible, and both houses of Congress had voted money for the purpose. A national aid committee has also been selected to apply all the funds received.

Consoling the state of lawlessness that was developing itself at the scene of the earthquake disasters by cities, pillaging the ruins of towns and people, instead of aiding and protecting the unfortunate, as well as the disturbed political state of the republic in general, President Perez has issued a decree to increase the national army to 3000 men.

A letter from Salazar, May 28, to the storm of rain, thunder and lightning broke over this city this morning. The Catholic cathedral was struck, though but little damage was done by lightning. The church was considerably injured by smoke and fire. The First Baptist Church, New Water Memorial Church, and Chestnut Street Church suffered more or less injury from the storm.

The Maracaibo Regatta.
SARATOGA, July 10.—The arrival to-night are heavy, and the streets and hotels are gay with the various college colors.

BY TELEGRAPH.

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President of Panama.
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Naval Items.
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