[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

place. The agency was under the charge of Major G. W. Ingalls. The alleged cause is the misappropriation of public funds. Major Ingalls is absent.

Trial of the Langmaid Murderer.

CONCORD, N. H., January 4.—The trial of La Page for the alleged murder of Josie Langmaid, at Pembroke, commenced before Justice W. L. Foster and Associate Justice Rand. An immense assemblage filled the courtroom. The prisoner was seemingly indifferent. The jury is completed, and will proceed to Pembroke tomorrow to view the scene.

While Lawyers Fight the Prisoner Escapes

MEMPHIS, January 4.—While two attorneys, named Moss and Burrow, were engaged in a rough and tumble fight in the criminal court this morning, Bill Smith, the prisoner, walked off with his handcuffs on, and escaped while the sheriff was separating the attorneys. The judge sent both of the attorneys to jail, but they were released this afternoon on payment of a fine.

Barry Sullivan.

Barry Sullivan, the veteran tragedian, appeared before crowded houses last night, as Richard III., after an absence of sixteen years.

Governor Tilden's Message.

ALBANY, Y. N., January 4.—In Governor Tilden's message, after the common schools are mentioned only in the submission of their statistics, nothing is said of the sectarian question, of the constitutional amendments proposed by the President and Mr. Blaine, or of the grey nuns act.

The Governor dwells at length upon the financial condition of the country as among the causes of the great and protracted depression. He includes the extravagant expenditures of public money, federal and State. Local taxation was in 1850 3.57 for each inhabitant; in 1860 it was 4 90; in 1870 it was 18 91. It would be difficult to add anything to the force of these startling figures. The amount of money raised by taxation in the last eleven years is more than $7,500,000. The remedy of existing evils the Governor holds is in a return to the sound principles of government. Prosperity must rest upon the old foundations. There is a popular "revolt at financial quackery." The Governor comments severely upon the expenditures of quacks and finds no safety but in the restoration of an honest currency. He has no sympathy with the theorists who after eleven years of convulsion without restoration, are now clamoring for restoration in an hour of convulsion. He says there is no danger of convulsion in a return to specie payments.

Contesting the Election.

BALTIMORE, January 4.—Henry M. Warfield, the Reform candidate for mayor in the election held in October last has instituted proceedings contesting the election of General F. C. Latrobe, the Democratic candidate who has been installed in office.

Billiards.

Garnier beat Sexton in a 300 point three ball game. Sexton scored 236. Sexton beat Garnier in a four ball game.

Woolen Mills Burned.

UTICA, January 4.—The Oriskany woolen mill burned to-day. Loss $50,000. Eighty hands are thereby ousted.

Texas Democratic Convention.

GALVESTON, January 4.—A large number of delegates to the Democratic State Convention have arrived. A preliminary meeting is announced for eleven o'clock to-morrow. It is expected a permanent organization will not be effected until Thursday morning. It is the general impression that Governor Coke will be renominated by a nearly unanimous vote.

The Vallire Land Case.

ST. LOUIS, January 4.—The celebrated land case under the title of Benjamin Scull et al., heirs of Don Joseph Vallierc; William H. Duryea et al., grantees of the heirs of Valliere, and John Wilson, plaintiffs, vs. the United States, defendant, was argued yesterday before Judge Krekel of the United States District Court at Jefferson City. The case involves some 6,000,000 acres of land along White river in Southwestern Missouri and Southeastern Arkansas. It is estimated to be worth $15,000,000. The plaintiffs seek the confirmation of certain land grants alleged to have been given Colonel Valliere by the Spanish government for military service. About one third of the contested property is owned and occupied by persons under grants from the United States, and numerous towns, villages and cultivated farms exist thereon. Judge Krekel took the case under advisement and will render a decision about the first of February.

A Confidence Man.

HAVERHILL, January 4.—Arthur P. Devlin, who has been lecturing as a reformed Catholic, and severely denouncing the Catholic Church, was arrested, and committed in default of bail, on the charge of blackmail. His speeches and denunciations of Catholicism created quite an excitement here.

Free from Ice.

The river in front of this city is entirely free of ice. The sudden opening made havoc with the boats fastened in and above Stuyvesant.

The Mississippi Legislature.

MEMPHIS, January 4.—The *Appeal's* Jackson, Mississippi, special says nearly every members was present at the organization of the Legislature. J. M. Stone, of Alcorn, was elected President pro tem. of the Senate, and D. Price Porter, of Hines, secretary. Counting Furlong (Independent Republican) the Senate has two-thirds Democratic majority. In the House H. M. Street, of Prentiss, was elected Speaker, and George M. Govan, of Marshall, clerk. The office of president pro tem. of the Senate becomes important from the fact that he will probably be Governor, as the indications are that Governor Ames and Lieutenant Governor Davis will be impeached.

Colonel Lamar, Generals Lowery and Featherston, aspirants for United States senatorship, are here. Lamar is decidedly ahead, but Lowery is developing considerable strength; Featherston will get about fifteen votes on the first ballot, nearly all of which will afterward go to Lamar.

The Governor's message, which was read this afternoon, gives considerable offense, and is spoken of as falsifying the conduct of the citizens prior to the late election, and magnifying incidents connected with the campaign, of which it is largely made up.

Probabilities.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, January 4, 1876, 4:30 P. M.

For the South Atlantic States, clear or fair weather and northeast to southeast winds, stationary or slowly rising barometer, and no decided changes in temperature.

For the Gulf States, Tennessee and the Ohio valley, partly cloudy and slightly warmer weather, easterly to southerly winds, veering to southwest in the Ohio valley, and stationary or falling barometer, except possibly a slight rise in the Gulf States during the night.

River and Marine News.

SOUTHWEST PASS, January 4, 6 P.M.—Barometer 30:25. Wind northeast by east, fresh. Weather cloudy. Arrived—British steamship Alice, at 7:50 A. M., Ellis, master, from Liverpool, to Decan, Zerega & Co.; Norwegian bark Albert, Anderseu, master, forty-nine days from Havre; American schooner R. B. Locke, Schriever, master, five days from Banacoa; British ship Lake Michigan, Lamont, master, thirty-four days from the Clyde; Norwegian bark Johannes Foss, Jobsen, master, forty-nine days from Barcelona; Austrian bark Ecco, Giadrossich, master, forty-eight days from Bordeaux; Norwegian bark Cap, Christiansen, master, forty three days from Leith.

Sailed—Steamship Haytian, ship Valodora, barks Arlington and Julie Ernestine, and brig Matanzas.

VICKSBURG, January 4.—Passed Down—Pargoud and Mary Bell at midnight last night; Sherlock at 4 A. M.; Natchez at 6 P. M. Passed up—James Howard at ten o'clock last night.

MEMPHIS, January 4.—The river rose twenty-nine inches. Weather clear and delightful. Arrived—Thompson Dean from New Orleans. Departed—Belle Texas for Arkansas river, Ella and St. Francis Belle for White river, Illinois for Vicksburg, Parker for Cincinnati, Julia for St. Louis.

CINCINNATI, January 4.—River thirty-two feet six inches and falling. Weather clear and cool. Arrived—Arlington, from New Orleans.

ST. LOUIS, January 4.—Arrived—Yeager and Bismarck, from New Orleans; Kinney and Chambers, from Vicksburg. No departures. The river has risen four feet four inches and is swelling rapidly. The rise is unprecedented at this season of the year. Weather clear and warm. Considerable quantities of sugar, salt and hay were partially submerged on the levee last night by the rising of the waters, and were badly damaged.

CAIRO, January 4.—Arrived—Susie Silver, from New Orleans, at 9 A. M.; Iron Mountain, from Pittsburg, at ten o'clock. Departed—Susie Silver, for Cincinnati, at 1 P. M.; Future City, for St. Louis, at four o'clock. River thirty-four feet eleven inches and rising. Weather clear. Mercury 60°.

PITTSBURG, January 4.—River six feet nine inches and falling. Weather clear and cold.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 4, Evening,—Money 7; sterling $4 85. Government bonds active; new fives 116¾. State bonds steady and nominal.

Sub-Treasury balances—Gold, $44,993,600; currency $36,935,939.

The sub-treasurer paid out $570,000 on account of interest, and $332,000 for bonds.

Customs receipts, $569,000.

Cotton closed steady; uplands 13 5-16c; Orleans 13½c; gross receipts 3301 bales; consolidated net receipts 73,975; sales 1357; exports to Great Britain 38,743; to France 11,399, to the continent 10,343; channel 925.

Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 11,000 bales, as follows: January 13 7-32@13¼c; February 13⅜@13 13-32c; March 13⅝@13 21-32c; April 13⅞@13 29-32c; May 14 3 32c; June 14 5-16c; July 14 7-16@14½c; August 14 17 32@14 19-32c.

Flour slightly in buyers' favor, moderate business; superfine Western and State $4 25@4 50; Southern flour quiet and heavy; common to fair extra $4 90@5 80; good to choice $5 85@8 75. Wheat quiet; $1 20@1 30 for winter red Western; $1 35@1 38 for good to choice amber Western. Corn heavy; 59@60c for no grade mixed Western; 66½c for graded mixed; 68c for Western. Oats dull and heavy; 44@48c for mixed Western and State; 46@50c for white do. Sugar quiet; 8@8¼c for fair to good refining; 8⅜c for prime; refined unchanged. Molasses—New Orleans unchanged. Rice quiet and unchanged. Tallow dull; 9⅞c. Rosin dull; $1 65@1 70. Turpentine firmer; 38½c. Pork firmer; new job lots $20 75@21. Lard steady; prime steam 13c. Whisky lower; $1 12@1 12¼. Freights lower; cotton by sail 5-16@11-32d; by steam 7-16d.

CINCINNATI, January 4.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady; $1 25@1 28. Corn dull; 43@46c. Oats dull; 35@43c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Rye quiet and steady; 78@80c. Pork quiet; $19 75. Lard firm; steam 12 37½@12 40c; kettle 13¼@13½c. Bulk meats steady; shoulders 7⅛@7¼c; clear rib sides 10⅛@10½c; clear sides 10⅜@10¾c. Bacon—Only jobbing and order trade; shoulders 9¼@9½c; clear rib sides 12c; clear sides 12¼@12⅜c. Green meats quiet and firm. Whisky—Demand fair, market firm; $1 06. Butter dull and unchanged. Hogs—Demand fair; market firm; fair to good packing $7 05@7 20.

ST. LOUIS, January 4.—Flour quiet, weak and unchanged. Wheat strong and inactive; No. 2 red fall $1 45; No. 3 do $1 27½@1 28. Corn moderately active; No. 2 mixed 38@39c. Oats—Demand fair; No. 2 35@36s bid. Rye dull and nominal. Barley quiet and unchanged. Pork dull; $19 50 asked, $19 25 bid. Lard unchanged. Bacon quiet and unchanged; only jobbing trade. Green meats dull and nominal. Whisky dull; $1 09. Live hogs dull; shipping $6 25@6 50. Cattle steady; good demand.

CHICAGO, January 4.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat—Demand fair; No. 2 spring 95¾; No. 3 do 78⅛@78½c. Corn—No. 2 43¾c. Oats firm; No. 2 30c bid. Barley dull; 78¼c. Dressed hogs quiet; $7 85@7 90. Pork—Sales at $19 20 spot. Lard fairly active, closed with upward tendency; sales at 12 27½c. Bulk meats firmer; shoulders 7@7¼c; clear rib and clear sides 10⅛@10⅜c. Whisky $1 09.

The Return of the Ex-Queen of Spain.

Maria Isabella Louisa, ex-Queen of Spain, whose proposed residence on Spanish soil is creating dissensions in the government and among the people which may cost her son his throne, was born at Madrid, October 30, 1830. Under the Pragmatic degree, issued by her father, Ferdinand VII, she was, at his death in September, 1833, proclaimed queen—her mother, Maria Christina, being regent. The first Carlist war began immediately after this event, and continued until 1840, when the Cortes confirmed the title of the young sovereign and pronounced sentence of exile upon Don Carlos and his followers. The same year the queen regent, finding herself incapable of maintaining her authority without making great concessions to the popular will, resigned the government into the hands of Espartero, and retired to France. This able leader and pure patriot not only ruled wisely and well, but exerted an excellent influence upon Isabella, which, unfortunately, did not last long. Attaining her majority October 15, 1843, she formally assumed the crown, and two years later Maria Christina returned, and resumed her pernicious sway over her daughter. Through her intrigues Isabella was induced to marry her cousin Don Francisco D'Assis, October 10, 1846. This marriage, it is scarcely necessary to say, was not merely an unhappy one, but, so far as the wife is concerned, has been utterly disreputable. Five children were born under its sanction; the oldest, Marie Isabella, December 20, 1851; the youngest, Marie Eulalie, February 12, 1864. Alfonso, the present king of Spain, is the second child, born November 28, 1857.

In September, 1868, the revolution broke out which drove Isabella into the exile from which she has never since returned. Her residence has been mainly in Paris, and in that city—June 25, 1870—she renounced her rights to the throne in favor of the Prince of the Asturias, who now holds it on a very uncertain lease.

When by a *coup d'etat*, which has never been satisfactorily explained, Alfonso rose to the supreme power on the ruins of a bastard republic, it was understood by those who assisted him, and by the nation at large, that his mother was to remain abroad. Her return, therefore, will be a flagrant violation of an implied, if not expressed pledge, and as such will seriously diminish the already feeble authority of the juvenile monarch. Nor is it difficult to understand the grounds for the animosity which the bulk of the Spanish people feel toward Isabella. She is a very bold and very bad woman. Her temper is violent, her moral rotten, her word of no account. If half that is said about her private life be true, she is a modern copy of Messalina, and has not enough sense of decency to cover her vices with the cloak of outward respectability. The Spaniards, having been long familiar with such specimens of royal strumpetry, would probably have endured uncomplainingly the amourous eccentricities of their anointed queen, had she been willing to recognize the difference between the nineteenth century and the seventeenth. But Isabella is a genuine Bourbon, and consequently did not hesitate to supplement her personal shortcomings with the tyranny of Philip II. She was a thorough despot in petticoats, and the revolt which drove her out of the country was the legitimate fruit of a heartless oppression too great for even Spanish loyalty to bear. It is well known that Alfonzo, previous to his assumption of the crown, was simply the tool of an unscrupulous mother; and nothing but the assurance that he would be permanently removed from all association with her, enabled him to gain the position he now enjoys. Therefore the proposition to bring her back to Spain, where this association must inevitably be renewed, is breeding a storm which may sweep parent and child out of their hereditary dominions forever. The dispatches state that as Madrid would not be a safe place for Isabella, she will make her home at Valladolid. Whether at Madrid or Valladolid, it is certain that she will be, to all intents and purposes, the government. Alfonso will be compelled, by that power which makes a weak mind obey a strong one, to do his mother's bidding—and what that bidding is likely to be, the Spanish people can have no difficulty in guessing. If, therefore, they do not want to wear again the most despicable of yokes, they must lay an effectual embargo upon the entrance of the ex-queen. Alfonso should be told in unmistakable language either to keep his mother out of Spain, or go to and stay with her.—*St. Louis Republican.*

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
TUESDAY EVENING, January 4, 1876.

The payments in bank yesterday and to-day have been heavy, and so far as we can learn the large amount of paper falling due has been met satisfactorily. The large payments yesterday account for the heavy clearings shown in the Clearing House report to-day. Money continues easy, with a fair demand for discounts at the banks, and but little inquiry on the street. A fair movement was reported in gold to-day. Foreign exchange was more freely offered and rated lower. New York sight continued in liberal supply at previous rates. Only a few sales of stocks were reported. City bonds were quiet and unchanged. New State consols were reported active at an advance.

We continue to quote exceptional paper at —@9 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum discount; A1 do at 10@11, and second grade at 15@18. First class mortgages still rule at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum; second grade continue entirely nominal.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
January 1	New Years.	
January 3	$2,286,260 68	$271,729 44
January 4	3,154,587 63	233,419 16
Thus far this week	$5,440,768 31	$505,148 60
Same time last week	5,141,765 12	563,344 74
Total last week	10,472,974 14	1,167,000 73
Total week before	13,977,874 28	1,558 529 15

Gold opened at 112⅜@112⅝, against 112⅝ at New York, and after a fair business closed at 112½@112¾, against the opening rates in that market. The sales summed up $39,000, embracing $1000 at 112½; $5000 and $7000 at 112⅝; $10,000 at 112⅝@112¾, and $1000 and $15,000 at 112¾.

No sales of silver were reported. American half dollars were still quoted at 106@107, and Mexican dollars at 94@94½, gold.

Under the decline in gold at New York sterling was quoted 1½ lower (equal to about 3 10 ⅌ cent), and francs fully ¼ ⅌ cent. The movement was quite liberal in sterling, but was moderate in francs. The sales of sterling comprised £122,300, embracing $5000 and £10,000 bill of lading at $5 39½; ½63,000 do and Al clear $5 39½@5 40; £4000 do and Al clear at $5 39½@5 40; £1500, £1800 and £4000 Al clear £7000 do and bill of lading and £26,000 bill of lading at $5 40.

The only sales of francs reported were 50,000 and 100,000 at 4 66¼.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at $5 39@5 40 for bill of lading and Al clear, and nominal for bank, and francs at 4.66¼ for commercial and nominal for bank.

The offerings of New York sight were of fair extent, and met with a good demand at previous rates. The sales comprised $335,000, embracing $20,000 commercial at ½ ⅌ cent discount, and $25,000 do and private bankers', $10,000, $60,000, $80,000 and $100,000 private bankers', and $40,000 do and bank at 7-16. We also noticed sales of $10,000 commercial on Boston, and $10,000 on Providence at 9 16 ⅌ cent discount.

The banks continued to check on New York at ¼ ⅌ cent discount, and commercial sight was still quoted at 7-16.

The sales of stocks included 10 shares Peoples' Bank at —, 40 Southern Bank at $45, and 3 Carrollton Railroad Company at $75.

City bonds were quiet and unchanged.

There was an active movement in new State consols, and the market was quoted at 57¼@57½, nearly ½ ⅌ cent higher. The sales and resales amounted to $108,000, embracing $15,000 at 56¾; $10,000, $13,000, $15,000 and $15,000 at 57; $20,000 at 57⅛; $10,000 at 57¼, and $10,000 at 57.

No sales of city scrip were reported. It was still quoted at 44½@45½ for August to December, 1873, time, and July to December, 1874; and at 50@52 for June and part of May, 1874.

Nothing transpired in Metropolitan Police warrants. They now rule at 86@88 for 1873-4 issues, and 76@80 for 1872-3, while 1871-2 and 1868-9 continue entirely nominal.

No sales of State warrants were reported. Fundable were still quoted at 41@42, not fundable at —@—, and 1874 issues at 40@45.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, January 4, 1876.

COTTON—The sales to-day, not including 50 bales additional yesterday, summed up 10,950 bales, at irregular and easier prices, requiring a reduction in our quotations of ⅛@¼c in ordinary and strict ordinary, ⅛c in good ordinary, and a partial ⅛c in strict good ordinary to strict middling inclusive. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

AMERICAN STANDARD OF CLASSIFICATION.

	General quotations.	Exchange quotations.
Inferior	— @—	—
Low ordinary	8 @ 8½	9⅜
Ordinary	9 @ 9⅞	—
Strict ordinary	9⅞ @ 9⅞	10⅛
Good ordinary	10 @10⅛	—
Strict good ordinary	10⅛ @10⅝	11⅜
Low middling	11 @11⅜	—
Strict low middling	11⅝ @11¾	12⅛
Middling	12⅛ @12⅛	—
Strict middling	12⅝ @12⅞	13⅛
Good middling	13⅛ @13⅜	—
Middling fair	13⅞ @14	—
Fair	— @—	—

The market opened with a fair inquiry, but with few indications of much activity, and only a moderate business was reported during the morning, but as factors evinced a willingness to meet the demand more freely, buyers subsequently came forward with a better spirit, and the day's sales embraced the liberal amount noted above. The prices were unfavorably affected during the morning by a decline in foreign exchange, which was only partially counteracted by an improvement of 1 32@3-32c in futures at New York, and although a later dispatch from that market gave revised quotations showing a reduction of ⅛c in ordinary and 1-16c in good ordinary, and an advance of 1-16 in middling and the higher grades, prices continued to rule in favor of buyers throughout the day, except for some descriptions which are in scant supply and steady demand. The lower grades exhibited the greatest irregularity, and ruled the most in favor of buyers.

The sales of the past three days sum up 17,700 bales (200 on Saturday, 6550 yesterday, including 50 not reported until to-day, and 10,950 to-day), against 11,200 for the corresponding time last week, and 25,700 the week before.

Receipts since Friday evening 31,390 bales, embracing 4055 from other delivery ports (of which 972 from Mobile and 3083 from Galveston, etc.), and 27,343 proper, against 25,673 proper last week and 21,141 last year. Total proper since August 31, 679,005 bales, against 582,781 last year—increase 96,224.

The exports comprise 32,875 bales, embracing 16,550 to Liverpool, 10,312 to Havre, 1646 to Bremen, 3002 to Boston, and 1365 to New York, to which we have added 187 by rail.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. yesterday to 12 M. to-day 25,725 bales, against 36,462 last week and 9764 last year, and since Friday of 73,975 bales, against 93,500 last week and 47,342 last year. Total since August 31, 2,416,527 bales, against 2,163,774 up to Monday noon, January 4, last year (excluding the above 9764)—increase 252,753.

Exports (Friday to Monday inclusive) to Great Britain 39,666 bales, against 20,882 last week and 11,369 last year, and to the continent 21,742 bales, against 8238 last week and 9893 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports made up to 12 M., 801,791 bales, against 806,116 last week and 884,154 last year.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports) 80,739 bales, embracing 38,044 for Liverpool, 23,790 for Havre, 12,911 for the North sea, 1542 for Bremen, 1910 for Spain, 909 for the Mediterranean and 1633 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 M., 179,980 bales. If we deduct from this the amount sold, but not yet delivered, the balance will be about 147,000 bales to represent the quantity unsold, a large part of which is withheld from sale, in transit or not yet sampled.

At noon to-day middling was quoted at Galveston at 12½c, at Mobile at 12¼c, at Savannah at 12⅞c, at Charleston at 12⅞@13c, at Wilmington at 12⅝c, at Norfolk at 12⅝c, at Baltimore at 12⅞@13, at New York at 13 5-16c, at Boston at 13⅛c, at Memphis at 12¼@12⅜c, and at Augusta at 12⅜c.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 8400 bales. Market irregular." Its quotations are reduced ⅛c on all grades except good middling.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1875	9,976
Arrived since last statement	11,058
Arrived previously	784,638—795,696
Total	805,672
Cleared Saturday and to-day	12,630
Cleared previously	541,796—554,426
Stock on hand and on shipboard	251,246
Stock on hand same time last year	273,170

To-day's exports embraced 4814 bales to Liverpool; 6451 to Harve, and 1365 to New York.

Receipts proper since last evening 9741 bales, against 5029 last Tuesday, and 2065 last year.

For comparative totals for the past three days' exports and receipts see above report.

TOBACCO—Not a transaction has been reported since our last issue, but there has been some inquiry. The amount on sale is estimated at 2375 hhds. We repeat our recently revised quotations as follows: Low lugs 6@7c; good 7½@8c; low leaf 9@11c; medium 12@14c; good 15@16c; fine 17@18c.

FREIGHTS—Yesterday we reported two ships were taken up for Havre at 1 3 16c for cotton. We have no charge to make in quotations, but to fill up masters occasionally make concessions from the sail rate to Liverpool. We quote as follows:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool, ⅝d; corn 12½@13d; to New York ¾c; to Boston, Providence, Fall River and Baltimore, via New York, ⅞c; sugar to New York $5 ⅌ hhd; molasses $2 ⅌ bbl.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool —@⅝; corn 12½@13d; to Harve 1 3-16c; to Amterdam 14c; to Antwerp 1 5-16c; to Bremen 21 32c; to Revel 21-32@11-16d; to Genoa 1 5 16c.

SUGAR—Only 668 hhds were received this morning. The demand is active for the high grades of open kettle. The receipts all sold at previous prices: Inferior 4@5¼c; common 5½@5¾c; good common 5⅞@6; fair 6⅛@6¼c; good fair 6½@6⅝c; fully fair 6¾@7; prime 7⅛@7¼c; strictly prime 7⅜c; choice 7½c; gray clarified 7¾@8¼c; yellow clarified 8½@8⅞c; off white clarified 8½@9⅛c; white clarified 9¼@9¾c ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—The receipts this morning were confined to 899 bbls, mostly fermenting. That not fermenting is scarce and in demand, while low grades are difficult of sale. Some prime reboiled sold at 44c. The receipts were mostly sold at 35@40c for good to prime fermenting; 43@45c for prime, not fermenting; 48@50c for strictly prime, and 51@52c for choice. Low grades and fermenting are quoted at 20@35c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—Only a small local demand, and the sales to-day are confined to 1054 bbls, of which 60 double extra at $4 50; 50 superfine at $4 12½; 54 and 100 good treble extra at $5 50; 50 choice treble extra at $5 62½; 50, 100 and 100 choice extra at $5 75; 50 at $6 12½; 140 at $6 45; 100 at $6 50, and 100 and 100 bbls on private terms. Common is quoted at $3 50@3 75, fine $4@4 25, superfine $4 25, double extra $4 50@4 75, low treble extra $4 87½@5 25, good treble extra $5 37½@5 50, choice extra $5 75@6 50, family $6 75@7 25 ⅌ bbl.

CORN MEAL—Is dull and offering on the landing at $2 60@2 65 ⅌ bbl, and jobbing at $2 75 ⅌ bbl. We hear of some sales of undesirable brands at $2 50 ⅌ bbl. The stock is small.

GRITS—Dull, and quoted in lots at $4, and jobbing at $4 15@4 25 ⅌ bbl.

PORK—Is in good supply but there is little or no demand. Mess is quoted in round lots at $28 50@20 75, and some lots of heavy are held at $21. It is jobbing at $21@21 50 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—Only a job demand at 8@8¼c for shoulders in condition; 10½@10¾c for clear rib sides, and 10¾c for clear sides. At wholesale, shoulders are quoted nominally at 7¾c; clear rib sides 10¼c; clear sides 10½c ⅌ lb.

BACON—No shoulders on hand. They are quoted nominally at 11@11½c. Sides are dull, and offering at 12½c for clear rib, and 12¾c for clear. They are jobbing at ¼c over these prices.

HAMS—Dull, and choice sugar-cured are selling only in a job way at 15@15¾c ⅌ lb. No demand whatever for ordinary. A lot of 10 tierces sold at 15c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Only a job demand, at 15@16c ⅌ lb.

LARD—We note sales yesterday and today of 25 and 50 tierces, in lots, at 13¼c ⅌ lb. The supply is light, and the demand is mostly confined to the local trade at 12½@12¾c for packers' in tierce; 13@13¼c for refined; 13¾@14c for keg, and 14¼c for bucket.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS—Prime mess pork is selling at $19 50@20; rump pork $19@19 50; prime pork $18 ⅌ bbl; pig pork $12 ⅌ half bbl; spare ribs $6@7 ⅌ bbl; pickled pigs' tongues 6@6½c a piece; pigs' feet $1 50@1 75 ⅌ keg, $3@3 25 ⅌ firkin and $9@10 ⅌ bbl.

WHISKY—Rectified is scarce and in demand at $1 11@1 13 ⅌ gallon for Louisiana and Western. Some 80 bbls Louisiana sold in lots at $1 11 ⅌ gallon.

CORN IN SACKS—Is in fair supply, and no improvement in the demand. Prices are unchanged. 750 sacks sold, of which 500 white at 54c; 150 yellow at 55c and 1000 white at 55c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Good supply and only a fair demand, at previous prices. 1300 sacks sold, of which 250 St. Louis at 43c; 150 choice at 45c; 50 and 750 choice Galena at 48c; and 50 do at 50c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Large stock on hand and dull. Only 50 sacks sold at 85c ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Liberal supply and limited demand; 460 bales sold, of which 400 prime at $20, and 60 choice at $25 ⅌ ton.

RICE—Choice and prime are scarce. Good supply for other grades. The demand is limited. We quote Louisiana No. 2 at 2½@3c; common 4¼@4½c; ordinary 4¾@5c; fair 5⅛@5⅜c; good 5¾@6c; prime 6⅛@6⅜c; choice 6½c ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—No demand for cargoes, and only a moderate jobbing demand. We quote: Cargoes nominally at 17¼@17½c (gold) for ordinary, 18@18¼c for fair, 18½c for good, and 18¾@19c ⅌ lb for prime. Job lots: Ordinary 17¾c; fair 18½c; good 19¼c; prime 19¾c ⅌ lb.

BUTTER—Fair supply with a good demand for choice. Ordinary grades are dull. Choice Goshen is quoted at 34@35c; medium 28@32c; inferior 25c ⅌ lb. Choice Western 25@28c; medium 20@25c; inferior 15@18c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Receipts are large and the demand improves slowly. Choice Western factory sells at 13@13½c; New York cream 14½@15½c; Young America 20c ⅌ lb.

STAR CANDLES—Light supply. Quoted at 15¼c ⅌ lb.

SOAP—The receipts have been large the past few days, and the demand is fair at unchanged prices. Western sells at 4¾@5½c ⅌ lb in round lots; Keller's XXX palm 7½c; German olive 6@6½c; Castile 11c; magnolia 5c ⅌ lb; in lots of 50 boxes ¼c less ⅌ lb; in lots of 100 boxes ½c less ⅌ lb; Maginnis' Sons' American olive 5c; dark mottled 5½c; white laundry 6¼c ⅌ lb.

POULTRY—Western grown chickens are selling at $5 50@6; young do $3@4; ducks $3@4; geese $7@8; turkeys $16@18 ⅌ dozen. Louisiana grown chickens $3 50@3 75; young do $2 25@2 75; geese $6@8; turkeys $16@18 ⅌ dozen.

EGGS—Plenty on hand and dull. Louisiana and Western are quoted at 18@22c ⅌ dozen.

ESCULENTS AND GREEN VEGETABLES—Large stock, and scarcely any demand. Potatoes—100 bbls peerless sold at $1 90 ⅌ bbl. Russets are quoted at $1 60; early rose, peachblows and peerless $1 75. Onions $2@3 25. Apples $2@4 50 per bbl. Sour krout nominal $4 75@5 ⅌ bbl. Cabbages $10@14 ⅌ 100.

COAL—Small stock on hand and dull. Mount Carbon coal sells at retail at 55c; Pittsburg, at wholesale 32½c, at retail 55c ⅌ bbl, $6 ⅌ hhd, 50c to manufactures, and 50c ⅌ box to steamboats. Virginia cannel 75c ⅌ bbl.

COAL OIL—Good supply and moderate demand. Quoted at 16@18c ⅌ gallon, in bbls, and 23@25c in cases.

LARD OIL—Good supply. Winter strained sells at $1 10@1 12; extra fall strained $1 03@1 05; No. 1 98@$1 ⅌ gallon.

BAGGING—Light supply and good demand. Domestic jute is quoted at wholesale at 13¾@14c; at retail at 14¼@14½c ⅌ yard. India is dull and prices nominal; quoted at wholesale at 10c; at retail 10½c ⅌ yard.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples are quoted at 9@10c; peaches 9@10c ⅌ lb.

HIDES—No change to note. Country green are quoted 6@7¾c: dry salted 9@13c; dry flint 10@15c ⅌ lb. In city slaughter sales are making as follows: Steer hides, 60 lbs and upward, ⅌ lb, 9@10¾c; steer hides, under 60 lbs, 7½c; cow hides, as they run, 6@7c; kips, 15 to 30 lbs, 10c; calf skins, each, 75c@$1. Cut horns, each, 8@9c. Beeswax 27c ⅌ lb.

SALT—Small stock. Dealers are asking $1@1 05 for coarse, and $1 30@1 40 ⅌ sack for fine, according to quality and weight. Turk's island is quoted at 65@75c ⅌ bag of two bushels. Table salt in pocket 2@6c each, as in size. A cargo of coarse sold to a dealer at 87½c ⅌ sack.

Sales, Receipts and Exports of Produce.

The following are the sales, receipts and exports of the principal articles for the past three days:

Articles.	Sales.	Receipts.	Exports.
Sugar, hhds	2,903	3,050	1,537
Sugar, bbls	....	43	128
Molasses, bbls	4 962	5,331	4,490
Flour, bbls	1,929	10,744	373
Corn meal, bbls	75	306	56
Corn, sacks	2,300	8,980	2,227
Oats, sacks	2,475	4,657	297
Bran, sacks	150	1,692	214
Hay, bales	460	1 627	12
Pork, bbls	100	1,573	42
Bacon, casks	....	198	29
Bacon, boxes	....	78	....
Dry salt meat, lbs	30,000	315,625	....
Dry salt meat, boxes	16	....	....
Hams, tierces	10	289	....
Lard, tierces	75	37	10
Lard, kegs	....	630	....
Whisky, bbls	....	758	243

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN,
Wednesday, January 5, 1876.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship New York, Quick, for New York
Brit ship Armstrong, Bryan, for Havre
Shipmate Reed, Colly, for Liverpool
Brit bark Charles Davenport, Jones, for Havre
Schner Ruth H Baker, Collins, for New York

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Brit steamship Alice, Ellis, from Liverpool December 10, to Decan, Zerega &co—3d district 33
Brit ship Belgravi, Bell, from Rio Janeiro November 12, in ballast, to Haynes &co—Point
Shipaid of Orleans, Houston, from Liverpool November 12, in ballast, to master—1st district 35
Shipatanra, Homer, 36 days from Antwerp, to A Miller &co—3d district
Brit ship Ryers McDennis, 38 days from Bremerhen, to Hall & Hughes—Point
Norwian ship Gibaldi, Zachariassen, from Bucfort October 3, to master—Point
French bark Rhone, Jury, 50 days from Marseilles, master—2d district
Austn bark Prospesina, Irenceck, 60 days from Lion, to master 2d district 17
Norwian bark Race Knudsen, 42 days from London to master—Pint
Brit bark Gunhild, Mickle, 39 days from Dunkirk to master—Int
Norwian bark Friesof Northensen, 39 days from Hull, to master—Point
Brig H Curtis, Moryman, 28 hours from Pascagoula, to master—Point
Schr James Foss, Small, from Boston December 30, to Norton Bell—1st district
Schr J W Coffin, Chism, 2 days from Pascagoula, to master—4th district
Schr Mary G Willis, Somers, from —, to master—2d district P T

STEAMBOATS.

Sky, Probstfom Washington
La Tavlor, Ipel, from Baton Rouge
ALS, Rolfs, from Barataria
Ely, Shelton, from Lower Coast
St Block, Cesa, from Point Jefferson
Oc —, from Lower Coast
Fl Pickett, from Washington
Outa Belle, Banks, from Ouachita City
Ro Young, Trebonne, from Thibodaux

BELOW—COMING UP.

Ship Pus, Will, from Liverpool November 25, to order
Bark Carl, Rck, from Montrose November 9, to order
Norwe bark Robert, Andersen, 49 days from Hango master

WITING ORDERS.

Ship M Wilde, Hoffman, from Cardiff November Hall, Vaughan
British Sr Patrick, McLean, from Gloucester Nov 15, master
Bark Lea, Philips, from New York, to master

SAILED.

British Pride of England, Nash, from Liverpool, daily reported below, has sailed for Mobile.

EXPORTS.

HAVRE—Ship Armstrong—2653 bales cotton 4200 staves
LIVERPOOL—Ship Isaac Reed—4814 bales cotton 2640 staves
HAVRE—Barks Davenport—3798 bales cotton 3600
NEW YORK—Schooner Ruth H Baker—447 hhds sugar 20 molasses
NEW ORLEANS—Steamship New York—1365 bales cotton 3 hides 1326 bdls hides 63 bales wool 3600 bbls 1927 sks corn 547 hhds sugar 134 pkgs pecans

IMPORTS.

RIO JANEIRO—Bark Lom—7919 bags coffee
LIVERPOOL—Schooner J F Kranz—2000 sks salt
KUATLAND—Schooner Ebenezer—50,000 cocoanuts 6