[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

a brief statement to the effect that the company, having lost largely by the failure of other parties, during the panic of 1873, has been compelled, in consequence of these losses, and the continued depression in the iron trade, to suspend payment. It is hoped, however, that the suspension will be but temporary. Before the panic the company was worth $1,500,000 above its liabilities. After the panic of 1873 the company, owing to the large amounts due them by the Chesapeake and Ohio, and the New York, Oswego and Midland railroads, became embarrassed, and were granted an extension, their creditors being secured by deeds of trust on the company's property. It is believed that the liabilities, not covered by said deed, will not exceed $100,000.

Killed on the Track.

John H. Shields, a son of Colonel J. C. Shields, for many years proprietor of the Richmond *Whig*, was killed to-day near Prospect depot, on the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio railroad, while attempting to jump on or falling from the west yard bound train. His body was horribly mangled. Deceased was twenty-nine years of age, and had been married but two months.

Reception of Edwin Booth.

The reception of Edwin Booth in Richmond, his first appearance here since before the war, was a grand ovation. The theatre was densely packed by the most brilliant audience seen for many years. Hundreds were unable to get even good standing room. A large number of seats have been reserved for the entire week.

The Kentucky Senatorship.

FRANKFORT, Ky., January 17.—The first ballot for United States Senator resulted as follows: Beck, 52; Williams, 49; Leslie, 29; Wadsworth, 14. Leslie's name was withdrawn.

A Fatal Scuffle.

LITTLE ROCK, January 17.—George Spencer, in a scuffle with Harriet McKoe, seized her by the hair and broke her neck over the back of a chair on which she was sitting.

A Strike.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., January 17.—The female employes of the Goodyear Rubber Glove Company, at Naugatuck, have struck on account of a proposed reduction of wages.

Shot Dead by Masked Men.

CINCINNATI, January 17.—A dispatch from Memphis says four negroes, who were confessed cotton and gin burners, were taken from the Coahoma county, Mississippi, jail at Friar's Point, and shot dead by masked men.

Probabilities.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, January 17, 1876, 4:30 P. M.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee and the Ohio valley, continued warm and generally cloudy weather with southerly and westerly winds, light rains except in the first named district, and stationary, or slowly falling barometer.

River and Marine News.

SOUTHWEST PASS, January 17, 6 P.M.—Barometer 30:30. Wind east-southeast, fresh. Weather cloudy and very hazy. Arrived—Norwegian bark Yoner, Henrickson, master, forty-two days from Liverpool; Norwegian bark Imperator, Jansen, master, thirty-four days from Waterford; Austrian bark Ungan Serio, thirty-five days from Orano; Swedish brig Carolina, fifty-two days from Rio; American bark Otis, Otis, master, sixty-two days from Liverpool; British bark Laura Emily, Johnson, master, forty-five days from Liverpool; steamship Rothnia, twenty-seven days from London; bark S. M. Smith, Sprague, master, thirty-nine days from Barrow; Austrian bark Trienne, Sardasc, master, eleven days from St. Thomas; American schooner Charles H. Lawrence, Kemp, master, twenty-three days from Boston, with a general cargo, to Norton & Bell. The Lawrence lost her foremast head, maintopmast, mainsail and jibboom, and sprung the bowsprit in a heavy gale on December 25. Norwegian bark Korsfarer, Jacobsen, master, forty-three days from Liverpool. No departures.

PASS-A-L'OUTRE, January 17, 6 P. M.—Wind east-southeast, light. Weather hazy. Arrived—Brig J. M. Wiswell, Glover, master, thirty-nine days from Rio Janeiro, with 5000 bags of coffee to J. L. Phipps & Co. No departures.

VICKSBURG, January 17.—Passed down—Mary Bell, 3 P. M.; Maude, 4 P. M. The Natchez arrived at 7 P. M. The Simpson Horner is in port.

MEMPHIS, January 17.—River fall eleven inches. Weather warm. Rain still continue and heavy fog on river detains boats. Arrived—Illinois, from Vicksburg. Departed—Julia, for St. Louis; Bismarck, for New Orleans; both late last night.

CINCINNATI, January 17.—River nineteen feet eleven inches and falling. Weather cloudy and warm. Departed—Garrett and barges for New Orleans.

PITTSBURG, January 17.—River five feet eight inches and about stationary. Weather cloudy and mild.

LOUISVILLE, January 17.—River rising with nine feet in the canal. Weather warm and cloudy. Up—Warner, Sherlock, Cherokee and Turner from New Orleans to Cincinnati.

EVANSVILLE, January 17.—River fourteen feet one inch; rising. Weather cloudy, damp and mild.

CAIRO, January 17.—Arrived—Capitol City from St. Louis at eight last night. Departed—Atlantic for New Orleans, eight to-night; Capitol City for Vicksburg, 10 P. M. River twenty feet one inch; falling. Weather—Raining, foggy. Mercury 56°.

ST. LOUIS, January 17.—No arrivals. Departed—Glencoe, for New Orleans. River falling; ice disappeared. Weather cloudy, damp and warm.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 17, Evening.—Money closed active at 7. Sterling quiet at $4 85. Gold closed at 113@113⅛. Governments active and strong; new fives 117¾. State bonds quiet and nominal. Stocks closed active and unsettled.

Sub-treasury balances—Gold, $144,736,077; currency $36,280,881.

The sub-treasurer paid out $181,000 on account of interest, and $45,000 for bonds.

Customs receipts to-day $321,000.

Cotton closed dull; middling uplands 13 @ 13 3-16c; sales 655 bales; consolidated net receipts 51,158; exported to Great Britain 25,478; to France 2028; to the continent 3152; net receipts to-day 945; gross 2631.

Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 25,000 bales, as follows: January 12⅞ @ 12 27-32c; February 13c; March 13¼c; April 13½c; May 13 23-32c; June 13 27-32c; July 14 1-16@14⅛c; August 14 5-32@14 3-16c.

Flour—Very moderate demand; superfine Western and State $4 25@4 60. Southern flour—Common to fair extra $4 90@5 80; good to choice do $5 85@8 75. Wheat quiet; slightly in buyers' favor; $1 45@1 46 for very choice amber Western, and $1 40 for fair white do. Corn about 1c lower for new only; very moderate inquiry; 64@72½c. Oats slightly in buyers' favor; moderate business at 43@48c for mixed and Western and State. Coffee—Rio ¼@½c higher; quiet; 16½@19¾c, gold, for cargoes; 19½@20¾c, gold, for job lots. Sugar quiet and firm. Molasses—New Orleans, fair demand; 50@60c for common to choice. Rice steady; fair inquiry; 6½@7½c for Carolina; 5¾@6½c for Louisiana; 6¼@6½c for rangoon. Tallow heavy; 9¼@9⅜c. Rosin unchanged. Turpentine quiet. Pork dull; new $20 70@20 85. Lard heavy; prime steam 12⅞c. Whisky heavy; $1 10½@1 11. Freights dull; cotton, sail, ¼@9-32d; steam ¼@9-32d.

CINCINNATI, January 17.—Flour steady; moderate demand. Wheat—Demand fair, prices firm; $1 30@1 35. Corn dull; 43@45c. Oats dull; 35@42c. Barley steady and unchanged. Rye steady, moderate demand; 78@80c. Pork quiet and steady; $20@20 25. Lard irregular and fairly active; steam rendered 12.25@12.31½c, the latter for delivered, closing at the inside price; kettle rendered 13@13.25c. Bulk meats—Demand fair, market firm; shoulders 7⅜@7⅝c; clear rib sides 10⅜@10½c; clear sides 10¾c. Bacon unchanged. Green meats inactive; weather unfavorable. Whisky steady, moderate demand; $1 07. Butter steady and unchanged. Hogs dull; good packing $7 15@7 30.

ST. LOUIS, January 17.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat quiet and unchanged, little doing. Corn opened at 38c, and advanced to 39¼c. Oats inactive; No. 2 35c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Rye inactive; 67½c bid. Pork dull; small lots at $19 75. Lard quiet and unchanged. Bulk meats inactive and unchanged. Bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 9c; clear rib 11½c; clear sides 11¾c. Green meats dull and nominal. Whisky steady and unchanged. Hogs only shipping at $6 40@6 65. Cattle slow; good to prime native shipping steers $5@5 50.

CHICAGO, January 17.—Flour dull. Wheat active, lower and unsettled; No. 2 Chicago spring $1 00⅜. Corn 43⅜c. Oats quiet and steady; 30⅝c. Barley dull and lower; 81@82c. Rye steady and firm; 67c. Dressed hogs inactive and lower; $7 90@8 05. Pork unsettled and lower; $19 20. Lard—Fair demand; lower rates; 12 25c. Bulk meats steady and firm; shoulders 7¼c; short rib middles 10½c; short clear middles 10¾c. Whisky—Nothing doing.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, January 17, 4 P. M.—The sales of cotton, to day, include 7400 bales of American.

6:30 P. M.—Cotton—Sales of middling uplands, nothing below low middling, shipped February and March, by sail 6 11-16d; do, April and May, by sail 6 13-16d.

Lashing the House.

Speaking of the recent amnesty debate in the House of Representatives, the Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says:

Mr. Blaine's speech to-day was not an argument, but an exhibition. He stood in his place like a gladiator in the midst of an arena, taunting and worrying his enemies until he provoked them to strike back in self-defense, and then sprang upon them with savage fury and tore them to pieces. The greatest sufferer was Mr. Hill, of Georgia, though with his long, keen blade the ex-Speaker more than once pricked Mr. Cox to the very quick when he accused him of making one speech in the House and printing another in the *Record*, or when he quoted Mr. Cox as a war Democrat during the great struggle, to confound Mr. Cox in his late speech on amnesty. At times he had the entire delegation from the South so excited that they were ready to rise en masse to reply to him, or hurl back his aggravating imputations upon them. Mr. Hill has been unfortunate not only in his speech Tuesday, but in many other speeches which he has made in his own State and elsewhere since the war, and Mr. Blaine, with wonderful research, had made a large collection of these, as they have been printed in the newspapers and pamphlets, and brought them in to illustrate the speech to which he was replying. He said that the gentleman from Georgia was as voluminous as the Spanish chroniclers, and he drew forth one after another short extracts from his public utterances, which, taken alone, conveyed very damaging impressions, which were emphasized and increased by the manner in which they were introduced. Mr. Hill, who sat in front of Mr. Blaine, took most of it good-naturedly, though it was plain to see that he often felt that he was being placed in a false light before the House and country. But whenever he undertook to explain—something not easy to do under the most favorable circumstances—he only subjected himself to renewed attack with redoubled fury.

One of the most unfortunate passages of Mr. Hill's speech the other day was that in which he charged that the sufferings of Confederate prisoners in Elmira, Camp Douglas, and Fort Delaware, were as great as those of the Union prisoners at Andersonville; and Mr. Blaine first called upon the Democratic Representatives from Chicago to say whether the Confederate prisoners were cruelly treated in Camp Douglas. These gentlemen were not ready to answer "Yes" or "No," but undertook to make explanations. This was not what Mr. Blaine wanted, and his attempts to prevent them from stating their versions of the facts caused great excitement among the Democrats. Then Mr. Blaine declared that the treatment of Confederate prisoners in Union prisoners had always been humane, and appealed to the gentlemen on the other side who had been confined in them to support his assertion, saying that he should consider their silence as consent. Some Southern Democrats desired to contradict this but Mr. Blaine would not yield, and said that if they wished to dissent they might all stand up. Mr. Randall at this point made a home thrust at the Republican leader by reminding him that the House was not a school. As the House and galleries remembered that Mr. Blaine was formerly a teacher, the laughter and applause was long and loud. The interruptions—for which Mr. Blaine was mainly responsible, having invited them—destroyed much of the effect of his speech, which, at best, is not to be compared with the forcible argument General Garfield made yesterday. As an exhibition, however, it was highly exciting and entertaining. The ex-Speaker has probably destroyed whatever prospects Mr. Hill ever had of being the leader on his side of the House, and has succeeded in placing the Democratic party in what its leaders say is a false position before the country. Perhaps this was his object.

Mr. Blaine was followed by Mr. Banks, who literally poured oil on the troubled waters. He made a most eloquent plea for peace and good will, and cited scenes which occurred at Lexington, Concord and Bunker Hill last summer, as evidences that the people are anxious for a reunion of hearts and interests, as well as a reunion of State organizations. He showed the folly of wrangling over questions or events of the war; reminded those who had participated in the debate that it was impossible for them to agree; that there was still too much passion, and that no true history of the war had or could yet be written; the best we have is only material for history. As to the cruelties of the war, he had no doubt that they existed; but this was not the time, nor Congress the place to discuss them. For those who were guilty, he asked God's mercy; for those who suffered, God's help; but for the crimes themselves, let the earth cover them. The grand sentiments of Mr. Banks' speech were repeatedly applauded by the entire Democratic side of the House, but only here and there among the Republicans was one who showed his approbation.

After speeches by Mr. Morey, Mr. Tarbox and Mr. Randall, motion to reconsider was carried, but under the rules the time had passed when an amendment could be admitted, or Mr. Randall would have accepted one by Mr. Banks requiring those who avail themselves of the amnesty offered to take an oath of allegiance before a United States court. This could have been admitted by unanimous consent, but Mr. Blaine objected. Then the bill was committed to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report it back with Mr. Bank's amendment, and Mr. Randall asked that it have permission to report forthwith, but Mr. Blaine objected to this and the House adjourned.

A Teacher's Cruelty.

A letter from Ravenna, Ohio, to the Cleveland *Leader*, tells this painful story: 'Two months ago, T. G. Murphy, teacher of the Ravenna Catholic school, having occasion to correct a child, eight years of age, named Kelly, for the trivial offense of whispering, lifted him by the ears, and bumped him up and down upon the floor, with such violence, that a hopeless case of hip disease is the consequence. Over two hours after, the little fellow dragged himself homeward, and crept into the bed, from which he has never risen, and which he will doubtless never leave again, save as a corpse or as a helpless cripple. His sufferings have been intense. It being impossible to move him, his lower limbs have become paralyzed and wasted to a skeleton. The bones of his body are pricking through. Dr. Joseph Waggoner, one of Ravenna's ablest as well as most humane physicians, has been in constant charitable attendance, and gives it as his opinion that suppuration has taken place at the hip joint, and that the child's recovery is impossible, for, though his life should be spared, he will be hopelessly crippled. When these facts became generally known and indignantly commented upon, Father Carroll, the village priest, poured upon the unfortunate mother a torrent of invective for her imprudence in disclosing the tale to Protestant ears, denouncing her and her boy in severest terms, and vindicating to the utmost Mr. Murphy and his discipline."

Emerson's last volume contains this fine thought: "Courage to ask questions; courage to expose our ignorance. The great gain is, not to shine, not to conquer your companion—then you learn nothing but conceit—but to find a companion who knows what you do not; to tilt with him and be overthrown, horse and foot, with utter destruction of all your logic and learning. There is a defeat that is useful.'

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
MONDAY EVENING, January 17, 1876.

The money market continues easy, with little demand for discounts either in bank or on the street. The situation is marked by a continuing accumulation of currency, which is seeking investment in good securities. This disposition is further stimulated by the heavy transactions in new State bonds recently transpiring, reported to be the result of large orders from the North. The sales of these bonds to-day, as shown by the report of transactions below, were again very considerable, and at the close they showed a further advance of two points over Saturday's quotations, and a net advance of ten points over last Monday. City bonds were also in demand and active, nearly all issues, including premium bonds, showing a material advance. The entire transactions in bonds summed up no less than $865,000. There was a good inquiry for leading stocks, and, in fact, the stock market generally exhibited an improved and buoyant tone.

The stockholders of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank elected the following board of directors: Auguste Bohn, Thomas A. Adams, Thomas Langridge, J. A. Blaffer, H. Gallis, C. M. Soria, F. Van Benthuysen, Richard Milliken and A. Lehman.

The following ticket was elected by the Germania Insurance Company: J. Ambruster, G. H. Braughn, H. Curtius, C. Del Bondio P. W. Driemann, L. Godchaux, A. Gaisser, L. Grunewald, J. Hassinger, G. Juergens, J. Kohn, J. F. Krantz, G. L. L. Mayer, H. Oertling, Paul Leitelier, H. Redwitz, Frank Louis, H. Schulz, R. F. Theurer, Frank Vatter, J. J. Weckerling, J. A. Weber, H. Zuberbeler, F. M. Zeigler.

We continue to quote exceptional paper at —@9 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum discount; A1 do at 10@11, and second grade at 15@18. First class mortgages still rule at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum; second grade continue entirely nominal.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
January 15	$2,383,475 18	$263,357 87
January 17	2,220,364 09	262,251 06
Thus far this week	$4,603,839 16	$466,368 93
Same time last week	1,352,707 89	171,729 72
Total last week	12,783,072 33	1,142,779 23
Total week before	11,720,995 56	1,168,150 33

Gold opened at 112¾@113, against 113 at New York, and after a moderate business, closed at the opening rates in both markets, touching 113⅛ during the interim at New York. The sales summed up $32,000, embracing $8000 at 112⅞; $12,000 at 112⅞@113; $4000 and $6000 at 113, and $2000 at 113⅛.

No sales of silver were reported. American half dollars were still quoted at 106@106½, and Mexican dollars at 93½@—, gold.

Under the improved tendency in bills at New York, foreign exchange was stronger, and the movement was of fair extent. The sales of sterling comprised £37,000, embracing £3000 bill of lading and A1 clear at $5 41@5 41½; £6000 bill of lading at $5 41½@5 42; £2500 do at $5 42; £7000 do at $5 42@5 42¼; £7000 and £10,4000 do at $5 42@5 42½; and £1500 bank at $5 45½.

The sales of francs amounted to 1,090,000 commercial, embracing 600,000 at 4 65@4 62½, 140,000 and 150,000 at 4.62½, 100,000 at —, and 100,000 at 4.62.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at $5 41@5 42½ for bill of lading and A1 clear, and —@5 45½ for bank (bank counter rate at —@$5 46), and francs at 4.62½ for commercial, and nominal for bank.

Under a good demand and less liberal offerings, New York sight continued to rule at Saturday's quotations. The sales comprised $395,000, embracing $46,000 commercial and $25,000 private bankers' at 7-16 ⅌ cent discount; $5000, $15,000, $30,000 and $60,000 private bankers' at 13-32; $5000, $10,000, $25,000, $40,000 and $100,000 do at ⅛, and $40,000 bank at 5-16. We also noticed sales of $30,000 commercial on Boston at ½ ⅌ cent discount.

The banks continued to check on New York at ¼ ⅌ cent discount, and commercial sight was still quoted at —@⅛.

The market for all classes of securities was very active, particularly for city bonds and new State consols.

We noticed a better demand in stocks, especially for insurance shares, on which dividends have been recently paid or are about to be paid. The sales included 100 shares Louisiana Levee Company (preferred) at $3 50; 100 do at $3 75; 100 do at $3 87½; 200 do at $4; 20 New Orleans Insurance Company at $30 75; 150 (old) New Orleans Gaslight Company at $126 50; and within a few days, not before reported, 30 Bienville Oil Works at $95, and 100 do (the last sale) at $100. Some movement was reported in Carrollton Railroad Company, but no transactions were particularized.

The sales and resales of city bonds comprised $18,000 premium issues, embracing $1000 at 26; $3000 do at 26½; $5000 do at 27@27⅛; $2000 do at 27⅛; $2000 and $2000 do at 27¾; $5000 do at 28; $110,000 new currency seven per cents, embracing $60,000 at 31, 31½ and 32, and $50,000 do at 32½; $10,000 old currency seven per cents at 32, and $10,000 gold bearing seven per cents at 33. We also noticed sales of $2000 Crescent City Slaughterhouse Company bonds at 76, and $10,000 first mortgage Jackson railroad issues at 81½. The advance in city premium issues and in new currency seven per cents over Saturday's quotations was two points, and in gold bearing seven per cents, one.

The sales and resales of new State consolidated seven per cents comprised $675,000, embracing $25,000 at 65¾; $15,000 and $15,000 at 66¼; $5000, $10,000 and $50,000 at 66½; $15,000 at 66½@66¾; $20,000 and $40,000 at 66¾; $10,000 and $20,000 at 67; $5000 at 67⅛; $20,000 at 67¼; $200,000 at 67@68; $75,000 at 68; $100,000 at 68½; $10,000 and $40,000 at 68¾. At the close the market was variously quoted at 68@69, against 65½@66 at the close on Saturday, showing an advance of 2½@3 ⅌ cent.

No sales of city scrip were reported. It is now quoted at 43@44 for August to December, 1873, time, and July to December, 1874, and 49@51 for June and part of May.

Nothing transpired in Metropolitan Police warrants. They now rule at 91@92 for 1873-4 issues, and 67@72½ for 1872-3, while 1871-2 and 1868-9continue entirely nominal.

No sales of State warrants were reported. Old State, fundable, are now quoted at 48@50; not fundable at —@—, and 1874 issues at 38@42½.

COMMERCIAL.

COTTON—The sales to-day (not including 90 and 100 additional late on Saturday) summed up 12,300 bales, at prices requiring no change in our quotations. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

AMERICAN STANDARD OF CLASSIFICATION.

	General quotations.	Exchange quotations.
Inferior	6¾@7¼	—
Low ordinary	7½@8	8
Ordinary	8 @9	9
Strict ordinary	9⅛@9½	—
Good ordinary	9¾@10½	10
Strict good ordinary	10¾@10⅞	—
Low middling	11⅛@11⅜	11¼
Strict low middling	11½@11¾	—
Middling	12¼@12½	12⅜
Strict middling	12⅝@12⅞	—
Good middling	13⅛@13¾	13¾
Middling fair	13⅞@14	—
Fair	@—	—

The market opened with a good demand and better feeling inspired by Liverpool, being reported steadier with sales of 12,000 bales, while New York exhibited no quotable change in spots, and some irregularity in futures, January's being quoted 1-1@6 3-32c higher, and the later months 1-32@1-16c down in some cases, and 1-32c higher in other. Nothing, however, transpired to indicate any quotable variation in prices, and the sales during the morning embracing 3000 bales, after which the movement became more active, and further transactions were reported to the extent of 9300 bales, making a total as noted above, of 12,300 bales. With such an active demand factors were firmer in their pretensions for the medium and higher grades, and even the lower grades showed rather more steadiness. Low middling sold at 11¼c, strict low middling 11⅜c, and middling at 12¼ and 12½c, the former for average lists.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports) 126,577 bales, embracing 54,488 for Liverpool, 28,633 for Havre, 27,865 for the North sea, 6617 for Bremen, 1147 for Spain, 2165 for the Mediterranean, and 5662 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 M., 186,939 bales. If we deduct from this the amount sold, but not yet delivered, the balance will be about 137,000 bales to represent the quantity unsold, a large part of which is withheld from the market, in transit or not yet sampled.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 10,500 bales. Market firm."

COTTON STATEMENT.

		Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1875		9,976
Arrived since last statement	15,393	
Arrived previously	990,830	916,228
Total	225	926,204
Cleared to-day		
Cleared previously	612,170	612,395
Stock on hand and on shipboard		313,809
Stock on hand same time last year		283,683

To-day's exports embraced 200 bales to Rouen, to which we have added 25 by river.

Receipts proper since last Saturday evening 14,380 bales, against 21,384 on last Sunday and Monday, and 4159 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 20,307 bales, against 21,973 last week and 4891 last year, and since August 31 of 791,436 bales, against 640,966 last year—increase 150,470.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. Saturday to 12 M. to-day 31,966 bales, against 36,707 on last Sunday and Monday, and 17,711 last year, and since Friday 51,138 bales, against 58,439 last week, and 26,433 last year. Total since August 31, 2,093,559 bales, against 2,318,579 up to Sunday noon, January 17, last year (excluding half of the above 17,711)—increase 374,980.

Exports (Friday and Saturday) to Great Britian 25,478 bales, against 21,608 last week and 23,294 last year, and to the Continent 5180 bales, against 5803 last week and 4182 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports made up to twelve M., 814,097 bales, against 817,410 last week, and 864,121 last year.

TOBACCO—We did not hear of a transaction to-day. The amount on sale is estimated at 2159 hhds. We continue our quotations as follows: Low lugs 6@7c; good 7½@8c; low leaf 9@11c; medium 12@14c; good 15@16c; fine 17@18c. Received since Saturday evening, 49 hhds; exported, none; stock on hand by our running statement, 2759 hhds.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* of last Wednesday reports a better movement in Kentucky leaf for export, with free sellers at the current rates. Messrs. Sawyer, Wallace & Co. notice sales of 100 hhds long new leaf for Africa, via Boston, at 11@12c. They also say, "We fear the mild weather we are having will cause much of the crop to be prized too soft for shipment, and as we have no rehandlers or redriers at the seaboard, nothing out of sound keeping condition should be sent here."

FREIGHTS—The market continues quiet and easy at our previous quotations, as follows:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool 19 32d; corn 12@12½d; cotton to New York ¾c; to Boston, Providence, Fall River and Baltimore, via New York, ⅞c; sugar to New York $5 ⅌ hhd; molasses $2 ⅌ bbl.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool 9-16@19-32d; to Harve 1¼c; to Bremen 1⅛@1 3-16c; to Antwerp 1 3-16c; to Revel and Cronstadt ⅝@21 32c; to Genoa 1 3-16@1¼c; to Boston 13-16c; to Providence ¾@25-32c; to Philadelphia 13-16c. Oil cake to London 35s.

SUGAR—Received this morning 2100 hhds. Good demand for high grades and a little better prices, while the low grades continue dull and unchanged. The supplies sold at 4@5½c for inferior; 5¾c for common; 5⅞c for good common; 6⅛c for fair; 6⅜@6½c for good fair; 6⅝c for fully fair; 6¾c for strictly fully fair; 6⅞c for prime; 7c for strictly prime; 7⅛c for choice; 7¾@8¼c for gray clarified; 8½@8¾c for yellow clarified; 9¼@9½c for off white clarified, and 9¼@9½c for white clarified.

MOLASSES—Received this morning 2412 bbls, and 48 half bbls, mostly fermenting. Sound molasses is scarce and commands high prices; no choice on hand. We note a better feeling, and the receipts were mostly sold. Fermenting is quoted at 30@43c, as in quality; good prime fermenting 40c; cistern bottom 38c; prime not fermenting 41@42c; prime reboiled 40c; strictly prime not reboiled 48@50c; choice 51@52c ⅌ gallon.

REFINERY SUGAR—Standard A in bbls is selling at 10½c; granulated and powdered 11¼c; crushed 11½c; cut loaf 12¼c ⅌ lb.

REFINERY MOLASSES—Golden syrup is selling at 80c; choice molasses 51c; prime 47c; fair 43c, and common 40c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—On Saturday, 100 bbls sold for export on private terms. In the local trade the sales to-day comprise 1662 bbls, of which 100 and 150 low treble extra at $4 60; 50 at $4 87½; 50 at $5; 25 at $5 10; 200 choice treble extra at $5 65; 25 and 100 choice extra at $6; 25 at $6 50; 50 at $7; 100 at $7 25; 50, 100, 150, 152 and 185 bbls on private terms. Common is quoted at $3 25@3 50; fine $3 75; superfine $4; double extra $4 25; low treble extra $4 50@5; choice do $5 37½@5 75; choice extra $6@6 50; choice and family extra $6 75@7 50 ⅌ bbl.

CORN MEAL—The market is dull, and prices have declined 20@30c ⅌ bbl, under receipts of 1200 bbls. 100 bbls sold at $2 20; 100 at $2 25, and some 350 and 250 bbls sold on the landing at $2 30 ⅌ bbl. Dealers are jobbing it in store at $2 40@2 50 ⅌ bbl.

GRITS—Sell in job lots at $4 15@4 25, and retail from store at $4 50 ⅌ bbl.

PORK—The market is quiet but steady, and the stock is held strongly at $21 50 ⅌ bbl for mess, on the landing and in store. 100 bbls sold, on the landing, at $21 50 ⅌ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $21 50@22 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—The market is steady and strong, with a small stock, light receipts and a fair job demand and a scarcity of well cured meat. Shoulders are held in lots at 8¼c; clear rib sides 11c; clear sides 11½c ⅌ lb. Dealers are jobbing shoulders at 8½c; clear rib sides 11¼c; clear sides 11¾c ⅌ lb. 5 half casks shoulders sold at 8¼c, 4 boxes clear sides at 12c; 20 casks shoulders at 8c; 40,000 lbs clear rib sides at 10¾c, and 35,000 lbs clear sides at 11¼c ⅌ lb. These sales were made on the landing to dealers.

BACON—Quiet but strong and the stock on hand is small. Shoulders are quoted at wholesale at 10@10¼c; clear rib sides 12¼c; clear sides 12¾c ⅌ lb. Dealers are jobbing at 10½c for shoulders; 12½c for clear rib sides and 13@13¼c for clear sides.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured are in light supply and in demand for export, and are quoted at 14@14¼c ⅌ lb. Smaller lots command 14¼@14½c, and dealers are jobbing at 14½c ⅌ lb. 10 tierces sold at 14c and 10 at 14¼c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Good supply and dull at 13¾@14c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Is in light supply and in request for export, with an active job demand. Tierce packers' is quoted at 12½@12¾c; refined 13@13¼c; keg 13¾@14c; bucket 14c ⅌ lb.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS—Prime mess pork is selling at $19 50; prime pork $18; pig pork is selling at $10 50 ⅌ half bbl and $19 50@19 75 ⅌ bbl; tongues $6 75@7 ⅌ bbl; pigs' feet $1 25 ⅌ keg, $3 ⅌ firkin, and $8 50@9 ⅌ bbl; spare ribs $5 25@5 50 ⅌ bbl. A lot of 20 bbls pig pork brought $20 25 ⅌ bbl.

CORN IN BULK—The market is bare, and supplies are called for on export account, and receivers ask 56c ⅌ bushel. A tow of 25,438 bushels has just come in.

WHISKY—Rectified is in light supply and in demand at $1 11@1 12 ⅌ gallon for Louisiana and Western. 20 bbls Western rectified sold at $1 12, and 25 bbls pure Bourbon at $1 45 ⅌ gallon.

COW PEAS—The market has not yet opened for the season. Some 700 sacks were sold to arrive at $1 30. The inquiry on orders from the country has commenced.

RIVER FREIGHTS—By telegram on bulletin board at Merchants' Exchange: "Freights higher; whisky $1; pork 50c; flour 35c; hay 25c; pound 17½c."

CORN IN SACKS—Is in good supply and only a moderate demand; 2000 sacks white and yellow sold at 54c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Are in good supply and the demand is fair at unchanged prices. Only 700 sacks sold, of which 300 choice St. Louis at 44c; 100 do at 45c; and 300 Galena at 50c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Fair supply and the demand is limited. 150 sacks sold at 85c ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—The market is bare of choice. Good supply of inferior and prime and very little doing. No sales. The last were at $21@22 ⅌ ton for prime.

ESCULENTS AND GREEN VEGETABLES—Large receipts of potatoes; the demand for them is active. The demand for onions is moderate, and the stock on hand is large and mostly inferior; no choice here. Potatoes—Russets are quoted at $1 25@1 40; peach blows $1 75; early rose $1 75; peerless $1 75@1 90; pinkeyes $2 50. Onions 50c@$1 25. Apples $2@4 50 ⅌ bbl. Sourkrout $4 ⅌ bbl. Cabbages $8@14 ⅌ 100.

COFFEE—The market is strong with a fair demand. Stock in hands of dealers, 16,900 bags; in first hands, 12,186. We quote cargoes: Ordinary, 17¼@17½c (gold); fair, 18@18¼c; good, 18½@18¾c; prime, 19@19¼c ⅌ lb. Job lots, extreme, range 16½@20c; ordinary, 17½@17¾c; fair, 18½@18¾c; good, 19@19¼c; prime, 19½@19¾c ⅌ lb.

We are indebted to Messrs. Small & Co. for the following telegram, dated Rio Janeiro, January 15, and New York January 17, 1876:

Receipts since the eighth instant 40,000 bags; purchases 50,000; price unchanged; stock 240,000; exchange 26½ ⅌ cent; average daily receipts 5714 bags.

RICE—Good supply of low grades. The market is bare of prime and choice. We quote Louisiana No. 2 at 2¼@3c; common 3¼@4c; ordinary 4@4¼c; fair 4¾@5c ⅌ lb.

BUTTER—The stock is reduced and the demand is good for all grades except for inferior. Choice Goshen sells at 33@35c; medium 28@30c; inferior is nominal. Choice Western 25@28c, inferior 16@20c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Good supply and the demand is still limited. Choice Western factory is quoted at 12@13½c; New York cream 14@15c; young America 25c; English dairy 16c ⅌ lb.

BAGGING—Light supply, and the demand for domestic jute continues good. No demand for India. Domestic jute is quoted at wholesale at 13¾c ⅌ yard; it is retailing at 14@14¼c ⅌ yard. India is quoted at wholesale at 10c; at retail 10½c ⅌ yard.

POULTRY—Western grown chickens sell at $5@5 50; young do $3@3 50; ducks $4@4 50; geese $6@7; turkeys $14@16 ⅌ dozen. Louisiana grown chickens $5 50@4; young do $2 50; geese $5 50@7; turkeys $13@15 ⅌ dozen.

EGGS—The market is overstocked and no demand. Western are quoted at 17@18c; Louisiana 20@22c ⅌ dozen.

BEANS AND WESTERN PEAS—The market is well supplied and there is no demand. Northern white beans are quoted at 2¾@3c; Western 2¼@2½c; red kidney 3¼@3¾c; white kidney 3¾@4c; green peas 3@3½c ⅌ lb.

COAL OIL—Owing to late higher prices in the west, prices have advanced. Selling at 17@19c ⅌ gallon in bbls, and 23@26c in cases.

IRON COTTON TIES—The arrow tie is selling at 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots. Pieced arrow tie, 11 feet, sells at 3½c net; 8 feet 6 inches, 3½c net. The Beard & Brothers' tie sells at 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots. The Branch, Crooke & Co., 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots. The Philip wire tie sells at 8c ⅌ tie, with a discount on large lots, put up in bundles of 90 ties. Quick and Easy cotton tie 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples are abundant, but there is no demand for them; they are quoted at 9½c. Peaches are scarce, and are quoted at 10c ⅌ lb.

HIDES—Light are dull; good demand for heavy, but prices are in favor of buyers. Country green are quoted 6@7c; dry salted 9@12c; dry flint 12½@14c ⅌ lb. Damaged half price. In city slaughter sales are making as follows: Steer hides, 60 lbs and upward, ⅌ lb, 9@10½c; steer hides, under 60 lbs, 7½c; cow hides, as they run, 6@7c; kips, 15 to 30 lbs, 10c; calf skins, each, 75c@$1. Ox horns, each, 8@9c. Beeswax 27c ⅌ lb.

Meteorological and River Report.

The following statement of the weather and rivers is furnished by the Signal Service office stationed at New Orleans:

AFTERNOON REPORT—3:13 P. M.

Places.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	54	S.	Light rain.
Cincinnati	56	S. W.	Cloudy.
Davenport	50	S. W.	Clear.
Dubuque	52	S. W.	Clear.
Eagle Pass	67	S. E.	Fair.
Galveston	70	S. E.	Fair.
Indianola	74	S.	Fair.
Keokuk	52	S. W.	Fair.
Lacrosse	45	S. W.	Cloudy.
Leavenworth	62	S.	Clear.
Louisville	56	S.	Cloudy.
Memphis	62	S.	Light rain.
Nashville	58	.....	Cloudy.
New Orleans	70	S.	Fair.
Omaha	34	S. W.	Clear.
Pittsburg	58	S. W.	Fair.
Shreveport	64	S. E.	Light rain.
St. Louis	54	S.	Cloudy.
St. Paul	40	S. W.	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	72	S.	Cloudy.
Yankton	47	N. E.	Fair.
Augusta	61	S. W.	Cloudy.
Mobile	68	S.	Cloud