[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

own responsibility; not as a representative of the university.

**In the Field.**

PARIS, February 3.—Twelve hundred candidates for the Chamber of Deputies are already in the field. Five hundred more are expected.

**At the Vatican.**

BERLIN, February 3—Hohenlohe had a conference with Antonelli and asked an audience with the Pope.

**For the Centennial.**

The Minister of Commerce sends several officers of the mining department to the centennial to study American industries.

**Lanenberg to be Absorbed.**

A bill will be introduced in the Prussian Diet for incorporating Lanenberg with Prussia.

**The Cardinal.**

Cardinal Ledochowski has arrived here. He will continue his journey to-morrow.

**The United Forces Advancing.**

SANTANDER, February 3.—Quesado and Loma have united their forces near Bilboa and are advancing into the interior.

**At Bilboa.**

BISCAY, February 3.—Nervion is freed from the Carlists. Great excitement and activity prevail at Bilboa. A Carlist force is massing between Bilboa and Durango and in front of San Sebastian.

**The Spanish Senate.**

MADRID, February 3.—Official returns represent that the senatorial elections have resulted very favorably to the government. Among the successful candidates are two bishops, the Marquis of Malins and eleven generals, including Espartero, Queseda, Letona and Primo DeRivera.

**Cardinal Manning's Scheme.**

ROME, February 3.—It is asserted that Cardinal Manning will come to Rome in order to defend before the Sacred College a scheme which has been submitted to him, and on which he has been engaged for two years, for the union of a portion of the English ritualistic clergy with the Roman Catholic Church. The Pope is believed to be in favor of the scheme, but the Sacred College is opposed to it.

**Ledochowski Released.**

OSTROW, February 3.—Cardinal Ledochowski was released from prison to-day. The town was filled with his sympathizers, including many high Polish noblemen, and the Princes Edmund and Ferdinand, of Radzynville. There will be a special thanksgiving service to-night and an illumination. The cardinal proceeded by rail in the direction of Breslau. He was informed that if he entered the provinces of Silesia or Posen or the districts of Frankfort on the Oder or Marienwerder, he would be interned at Torgau.

**The Situation in Servia.**

VIENNA, February 3.—Prince Wrode, consul general and diplomatic agent of Austria, at Belgrade, arrived here. He says the situation in Servia is menacing. The warlike propensities of the people are no longer restrainable.

An Austrian squardon has left Palax; destination believed to be Klek. It is certain, however, that Austria will not hamper diplomatic action at Constantinople by advancing complaint in regard to the Turkish men-of-war which recently fired upon the insurgents from Austrian waters.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**Railroads Obstructed.**

BOSTON, February 3.—The New Hampshire railroads are obstructed by fallen trees. The weather is the severest ever known.

**A Falling Tree Kills a Tramp.**

LEBANON, Pa., February 3.—A tramp, who took refuge in a stone quarry, was killed by a falling tree during the storm.

**The Landis Jury Out.**

BRIDGEPORT, N. J., February 3.—The Landis jury have retired.

**Matters at Memphis.**

MEMPHIS, February 3.—Dr. D. S. Johnson was arrested for causing the death of Kate McCormick and her child in attempting to produce an abortion. He was held in bail in $3000 to answer before the criminal court.

A man named Henry has been arrested charged with shooting Hiram Harkeleroads, as reported last night, and committed to jail at Marion, Arkansas. It is probable that Harkeleroads will recover. His overseer named Blaise was also slightly wounded by the would-be assassin.

It has been snowing since early this morning. Weather moderating to-night, and rain will doubtless set in before morning. The snow extended to Grenada, Mississippi.

**Railroad Accident.**

MIDDLETOWN, February 3.—An accident happened yesterday afternoon on the New York Midland railroad, just east of Westfield flate, fifty-seven miles west of this city.

A engine driving a snow plow, after opening the road covered with snow, in Sullivan county, was proceeding to Norwich ahead of the mail train.

When within a few feet of the bridge, over Willimantro river, the plow left the track and knocked down the bridge. The plow and engine went into the river and turned over.

**Another.**

CHICAGO, February 3.—The pay car on the Northwestern road was uncoupled and ditched. Paymaster Reynolds and Trackmaster Brown were crushed to death under the safe.

**Bank Robbed.**

KANSAS CITY, February 3.—The banking house of Northrup & Sons, at Wyandotte, Kansas, was burglarized. The thieves got $300. A large amount was sent off by express the day before, which the burglars expected to get.

**Cigar Factory Burned.**

WESSFIELD, Mass., February 3.—Thayer, Clarkson & Sullivan's cigar factory burned. Loss $35,000.

**Dead.**

PHILADELPHIA, February 3.—Robert Cobsen, vice president of the Reading and Philadelphia road, and a prominent iron merchant, is dead.

**A Tragedy of Errors.**

FORT SCOTT, Kansas, January 3.—A desperado named Davis drew a pistol on Samuel Harvey, whose brother, going stealthily behind Davis, crushed his skull with a hammer. He fell into a blacksmith's fire and his face was burned to a crisp. The pistol exploded simultaneously with the blow and wounded Harvey in the arm, passing entirely through and lodging in his hip. Fayette Harvey escaped.

**Probabilities.**

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, February 3, 1876, 4:30 P. M.

For the Gulf States, Tennessee and the Ohio valley, rising barometer, north and northwest winds, colder and clear or clearing weather, with a norther in the Southwest.

**River and Marine News.**

SOUTHWEST PASS, February 3, 6 P. M.—Barometer 30.10. Wind southeast, fresh. Weather cloudy and hazy. Arrived—Austrian bark Lincoln, Gerollwich, master, eleven days from St. Thomas. Sailed—Steamships Margaret, Woolcomooloo and George W. Elder; ships Elizabeth Dougall and Atlas; barks Chaaze, Lisbon and Cap, and brig Cairo. The steamers Guillermo and Bolivar are at anchor inside, bound out. The brig Prairie Rose is anchored outside, awaiting a fair wind to sail.

PASS-A-L'OUTRE, January 3, 6 P. M.—Wind southeast, light. Weather cloudy and cool. Arrived—Spanish brig Recurso Second, Barrow, master, ten days from Cienfuegas; British brig Scotsman, Liddle, master, forty-nine days from Oporto. No departures. The English ship Victory has arrived outside, for orders.

VICKSBURG, February 3.—Passed up—Helena, at 3 A. M., and Clarksville at 5 A. M. Arrived—Illinois, at 7 P. M.

MEMPHIS, February 3.—River rose three inches, and now stands at thirty-two feet seven inches. Weather cool; snowing and sleeting. Arrived—Parker, from Cincinnati; Maude, from New Orleans. Departed—McComb, Mound City and Chester for St. Louis; Thompson Dean, Robert Mitchell and Charles Morgan, later last night, for New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, February 4.—River forty-two feet six inches and falling. It has snowed since noon.

PITTSBURG, February 4.—River eight feet four inches and falling. Weather cloudy and snowing.

LOUISVILLE, February 3.—River receding slowly; eighteen feet six inches on falls. Heavy snow storm. Down—C. B. Church, from Cincinnati to New Orleans.

EVANSVILLE, February 3.—River forty-one feet eight inches and falling slowly. It snowed hard all day, with an hour's interval. Over six inches snow on the ground. Up—Susie Silver, at 3 P. M.

CAIRO, February 3.—Arrived—Mary Houston, from New Orleans, at 1 A. M. Departed—Houston, for Cincinnati, at 2 A. M. It has been snowing since daylight. River forty five feet two inches, and rising. Mercury 30°.

ST. LOUIS, February 3.—No arrivals. Departed—Belle of Shreveport, for New Orleans. River fallen ten inches. Slow fell last night and to-day. River falling slowly.

## MARKETS.

**Domestic Markets.**

NEW YORK, February 3, Evening.—Stocks active and unsettled; New York Central 111½; Erie 16⅞; Lake Shore 66¾; Illinois Central 97½; Pittsburg 94¾; North western common 41⅜, do preferred 62¾; Rock Island 108.

Sub-treasury balances—Gold $47,859,297; currency $37,052,826.

The sub-treasurer paid out $394,000 on account of interest and $434,000 for bonds.

Customs receipts $225,000.

Cotton closed quiet; sales 690 bales; uplands 13c; Orleans 13 3-16c; net receipts 1522; gross 3799; exports to Great Britain 50,845, to France 5319, to the continent 25,460, to the channel 10,358.

Futures closed steady; sales 27 000 bales, as follows: February 12 15-16c; March 13 5-32c; April 13⅜c; May 13 19-32c; June 13 13-16c; July 13 31-32 @14c; August 14 1-16@14 3-32c.

Flour quiet; slightly in buyers' favor; superfine Western and State $4 25@4 60; Southern flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; prices without decided change. Corn firm; 63@64½c. Oats and and coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar quiet and heavy; 7¼@8¾c; refined unchanged. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice steady; demand fair. Tallow heavy; 9¼@9⅜c. Rosin and turpentine dull. Pork firmer; new $21 25. Lard closed easier; 12.62½c. Whisky firmer; $1 13. Freights steady.

Money easy, at 3@4. Sterling $4 89. Gold steady; 112⅜@113. Government bonds strong; new fives, 117¾. State bonds quiet but strong; Tennessee sixes 46⅜; new 45⅜; Virginia sixes 37; new 38.

ST. LOUIS, February 3.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat inactive; No. 2 red winter $1 51; No 3 do $1 37½ bid. Corn slow; No. 2 mixed 38⅜@38½c. Oats inactive; No. 2, 35@35½c. Barley and rye—Nothing doing. Pork $20 50. Lard firmer; 12 12½c asked; 11.80c bid. Bulk meats—Demand light; holders firm; shoulders 7½@7¾c; clear rib 10⅜c; clear sides 10⅞c. Bacon firm and unchanged. Green meats—Nothing doing. Whisky dull; nominally $1 05. Live hogs active; packing $7 25@7 50. Cattle quiet and weak.

CINCINNATI, February 3.—Flour steady; demand moderate. Wheat quiet; $1 25@1 35 Corn quiet and firm; sound 42@43c. Oats firm; 35@43c. Barley dull and unchanged. Rye steady; 80c. Pork strong; $20 75@21. Lard firm; steam, 12⅞c; kettle, 13@13½c. Bulk meats very firm; nominally, shoulders, 7¾@7⅞c 10¾@11½c for clear rib and clear sides. Bacon firm; shoulders, 9@9¼c; clear rib and clear sides, 12@12½c. Green meats quiet but firm. Whisky—Demand fair. Butter firm and unchanged.

CHICAGO, February 3.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat irregular, No. 2 spring 93½c spot; 98½c February delivery. Corn quiet and weak; No. 2 mixed 39¾@39⅞c. Oats—Demand good at full prices; No. 2 30⅞c. Barley irregular, but in the main higher; 76c spot. Rye dull. Dressed hogs not quotably higher; $8 70@8 75. Pork strong; $20 25, spot. Lard weak; 12⅝c, March. Bulk meats active; shoulders 7⅝c; short rib middles 10⅞@11c; short clear do 11⅜c. Whisky—Demand good; $1 06.

**The Conviction of McKee.**

A St. Louis special to the Chicago *Tribune* says:

St. Louis has had her proportion of important criminal trials, but no old citizen remembers any like circumstances to the McKee trial, which resulted at ten o'clock to-night with a verdict of guilty. The trial has progressed for twelve days, and during this whole time, the interest manifested by the people has been extraordinary, until to-day it resulted in such throngs in the streets near the courtroom that it was with difficulty that a passage could be made through the thorough fiares.

The charge to the jury, delivered by Judge Dillon, was of unusual length, and it bore on its face a survey of the whole evidence and the able arguments both for its defense and the government. After the evening papers were circulated, containing the charge of the court to the jury, but one sentiment seemed to prevail, and that was acquittal. Indeed, it is apparent that a current of sympathy for the defendant had been setting in for several days past, but it was not believed that such a feeling had reached the jury, as they were, during the whole trial, kept closely quartered in a room at Barnum's Hotel, which was specially provided for their accommodation.

So confident was Dan Voorhiee, the leading counsel for the defendant, of a divided jury or acquittal that he had retired for the night at his hotel. No sooner was the verdict announced than hundreds of persons visited the *Globe-Democrat* to express their sympathy for the defendant. It is quite noticeable all through this trial that the Democratic politicians exhibit a great deal of feeling for the defendant, and this particularly refers to the Southern soldier element. This is accounted for from the fact that McKee was always personally friendly to this class of politicians.

The defendant was permitted to depart from the courtroom on his own recognizance. Several leading citizens accompanied him to his residence. It is presumed a motion will be made for a new trial. It is also thought that the verdict of the jury is defective in not being more specific.

At midnight there is great excitement in the hotels and other public places. Several of the papers have issued late extras announcing the result, and it is a strange sound to hear the newsboys breaking the stillness of the witching hour by their unearthly yells.

**Mr. Morrison's Tariff Bill.**

Merrison's tariff bill has excited much comment, and may help the Democrats to turn discussion in a different direction. The bill has been in preparation for several weeks. Morrison has had the aid of David A. Wells, an official of the treasury, and of Pearce Merchant of the New York *World*. It is the purpose of the Democrats to make this bill a definitive policy, to force it through the House, and to compel the Republican Senate to pass or reject it. From what can be learned of the real wishes of the Democratic leaders they hope that the Senate will reject. Its rejection, they think, would inure to their own political advantage. It is believed that it will secure the support of Western and Southern Democrats, except some from North Ohio and Michigan, and the intention is to force it through as a party measure.

Pennsylvania Democrats are furious, and threaten serious trouble. They say it is equivalent to the Democracy abandoning their State presidential contest. The coal men of Maryland are also disgusted, and they declare it will give Western Maryland again to the Republicans. The Atlantic coast Republican Senators who have examined the bill say that it is designed entirely for campaign purposes, and has been prepared without any expectation that it will become a law. It has, they say, enough of the recommendations of the President and Secretary Bristow to make it popular with the party in the West. They think the bill is intended only as a text for speeches.—*Washington Correspondent Chicago Tribune.*

**The Trial of Babcock.**

A Washington letter-writer says:

The trial of General Babcock will consume many days, and will be one of the most important of the kind on record. There is an immense quantity of correspondence in the possession of the government which passed between the general and divers officials and persons of prominence, and bearing on appointments. It is said that the insight into the manipulation of offices and political workings will be quite novel and entertaining. It will also possess increased interest on account of the high character of the witnesses who are likely to be summoned, and who will appear in person or by deposition. The Secretary of the Treasury has not been summoned, but it is presumed that he will be, in which event he will be present. The main feature of the trial of Babcock will be the interpretation of his correspondence with convicted or suspected parties. There is no doubt that the ordeal through which he will have to pass will be most severe. The friends of General Babcock, feeling assured of his ability to satisfactorily explain his letters and telegrams, express themselves as gratified at the proposed thoroughness of his trial, as the proof of his innocence will therefore be more positively affirmed.

Oliver Wendell Holmes falls into nautical phraseology to the following effect: "I have known more than one genius, high-decked, full-freighted, wide-sailed, gay-pennoned, that, but for the bare, toiling arms and brave, warm, beating heart of the faithful little wife that nestled close in his shadow and clung to him, so that no wind or wave could part them, would soon have gone down the stream, and been heard of no more."

A resolution in the Maryland House of Representatives, calling for an investigation of the vote of Baltimore, at the last election, was immediately voted down by the Democrats. Investigations, where Democrats have a majority, are only made to look after Republican sins.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

### MONETARY.

NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
THURSDAY EVENING, February 3, 1876.

The demand for money was reported limited both at the banks and on the street. In gold and foreign exchange the movement was of moderate extent, and attended by a slight decline in rates. New York sight continued in limited supply, and rates were further advanced. Only a limited movement was reported in stocks. City bonds were quiet and unchanged. New State consols were active and quoted at a marked advance.

We learn that the order of Judge Woods in the Macnhaut case vs. the city, to which we referred in yesterday's report, was again the subject of discussion in the United States Circuit Court this morning, and that Judge Woods maintained the wording of the order made yesterday, which is to the effect that the city is not only prohibited and enjoined from using for other purposes the funds or deposits to the credit of the coupons overdue, but directed to apply these funds to the payment of the coupons due the parties to the suit. In accordance with what we mentioned yesterday, we learn that steps are being taken to have such coupon holders as are willing to participate in the costs of the suit made parties to the suit. This once done, will enable those so made parties to reap the benefit of the decision ordering the distribution of the moneys on deposit. Should the city refuse to make the distribution, as it is believed that no appeal lies which can suspend the execution of the decree, it is alleged on the part of the plaintiffs that the next move may be for the appointment of a receiver to perform the duty.

We continue to quote exceptional paper at —@8 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum discount; All do at 9@10, and second grade nominal. First class mortgages rule at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, while second grade continue entirely nominal.

**NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.**

| | Clearings. | Balances. |
|---|---|---|
| January 29 | $1,161,237 38 | $195,685 07 |
| January 31 | 2,274,851 55 | 180,827 82 |
| February 1 | 2,024,120 81 | 138,285 05 |
| February 2 | 1,462,445 76 | 194,875 04 |
| February 3 | 1,663,692 92 | 123,140 37 |
| Thus far this week | $8,486,398 42 | $832,914 35 |
| Same time last week | 9,814,469 96 | 859,937 62 |
| Total last week | 11,519,777 65 | 997,203 98 |
| Total week before | 13,451,440 19 | 1,259,333 85 |

Gold opened at 112⅞@113⅜, against 113 at New York, and after a fair business, closed at the opening rates in both markets. The sales comprised $71,000, embracing $25,000 at 113, and $6000, $7000, $8000 and $25 000 at 113⅜.

In silver we noticed a sale of $1500 at 105½. American half dollars continue to rule at 104½@105½, while Mexican dollars were quoted at 92, gold, for new, and 93, gold, for old, against 91½, yes erday, for the former, and 92¼ for the latter.

Owing to the decline in gold at New York, sterling fell off 1c, equal to 2-10 ⅌ cent, and francs ¼ ⅌ cent. The movement in the former was moderate, and limited in the latter. The sales of sterling comprised £52,000, embracing £1500 bill of lading at $5 44½; $2000 and $14,000 do at $5 44½@$5 45; $2000 and $2000 do at $5 45; $5500 do and All clear at $5 44½@$5 45⅜; £10,500 and £13,000 bill of lading at $5 45@5 45⅛; $2000 All clear at $5 45½, and £1000 and £1500 bank at the counter at $5 50.

The only sales of francs reported were 200,000 commercial at 4.61⅛@4.60⅞, and 100,000 at 4.60⅞.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at $5 44½@5 45⅛ for bankers' bill of lading and All clear, and —@$5 49 for bank (bank counter rate —@$5 49½), and francs at 4.61⅛ for commercial, and nominal for bank.

The offerings of New York sight continuing limited, the market advanced slightly for commercial, and the banks that were checking yesterday at ¼ ⅌ cent discount raised their rates to par. The sales comprised $295,000, embracing $20,000 commercial and $25,000 private bankers' at ⅛ ⅌ cent discount; $15,000 commercial at 3 32; $10,000, $30,000, $30,000 and $10,000 private bankers' and $40,000 do and commercial at 1-16, and $25,000 bank par.

The banks checked on New York at par, against ⅛ ⅌ cent discount to par yesterday, and commercial sight was quoted at —@1-16, against ⅛@1-16 yesterday.

The sales of stocks included 15 shares (old) New Orleans Gaslight Company at the Stock Exchange, at $129 50, and 35 St. Charles Street Railroad Company, outside, at $73 50, 11 do at $74 50, and shares of State National Bank and Factors' and Traders' Insurance Company, of which the particulars did not transpire.

City bonds were a little more in request, but were without quotable variation, being still quoted at 32@32½ for premium issues, at 31½@32 for (old) currency sevens, at 32⅛@33 for (Administration series) good bearing sevens, and at 32¼@33½ for (draining) do.

The sales included $2500 premium issues at 32; $1500 at 32⅛; $400 new currency sevens at 32¼; and $10 000 and $27,000 gold bearing sevens (drainage) at 32¾; also, at the Stock Exchange, $2000 do at 32½.

New State consols opened at about 67½, but owing to a good demand advanced rapidly, and closed at 69½@70, showing an improvement over yesterday's quotations of 2½ per cent. The movement was quite large, the sales and resales summing up $396,000, embracing $35,000 at 67½; $3600 and $50 000 at 68; $40,000 and $50,000 at 68½; $5000 and $25,000 at 69; $100,000 at 69¼; $30 000 at 69½; $50,000 at 69@69½; $10,000 at 70, and $10 000 at 70½; also, at the Stock Exchange $5000 at 68½; $10,000 at 69, and $2000 at 69½.

In city scrip we noticed a sale of $1500, 1874, time at 43¾. Time is now quoted at 43@44 for August to December, 1873 and July to December, 1874, and 49@51 for June and part of May, 1874.

Nothing transpired in Metropolitan Police warrants. They now rule at 90@91 for 1872-3 and 1873-4 issues, and continue entirely nominal for 1868-9 and 1871-2.

No sales of State warrants were reported. Fundable are now quoted at 46@48; do, not fundable, at —@—, and 1874 issues at 35@40.

### COMMERCIAL.

COTTON—The sales to-day summed up 3050 bales at steady prices for the better qualities but irregular and easier for the medium and lower grades, requiring a reduction of ⅛c on the inside figure for inferior and low ordinary, and ⅛c on the inside for strict low middling, and ⅛c on middling. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

**AMERICAN STANDARD OF CLASSIFICATION.**

| | General quotations. | Exchange quotations. |
|---|---|---|
| Inferior | 6 @ 7¾ | — |
| Low ordinary | 7 @ 7¾ | 7¾ |
| Ordinary | 8⅛ @ 8¾ | 8¾ |
| Strict ordinary | 8⅞ @ 9⅜ | — |
| Good ordinary | 9⅜ @ 9⅞ | 9⅞ |
| Strict good ordinary | 10⅛ @10¾ | — |
| Low middling | 11 @11⅞ | 11⅞ |
| Strict low middling | 11¾ @11⅞ | — |
| Middling | 12 @12⅜ | 12⅜ |
| Strict middling | 12¾ @13 | — |
| Good middling | 13⅜ @13⅞ | 13⅞ |
| Middling fair | 14 @14¾ | — |
| Fair | 15 @16 | — |

The market opened under the depressing influence of dispatches reporting Liverpool dull and easier, with sales of 10,000 bales and arrivals 1-16d lower, and New York easier, while sterling exchange gave way 1c, equal to about 2 10 ⅌ cent. The demand was consequently slack but there was, nevertheless, some inquiry, and sales during the morning of 1500 bales, after which parties came together more freely, and the movement exhibited a fair degree of animation, resulting in further sales of 6550 bales, making a total for the day, as noted above, of 8600 bales. The business would have been larger had factors been willing to make the add tional concessions asked, but the better qualities generally, and most good staple kinds, were held steadfastly at previous rates, while mixed lots of the medium grades and the poorer descriptions were offered more freely, and exhibited increase of irregularity. Clean, white cotton, with fair staple, classing from low middling to good ordinary inclusive, were in request, and commanded the outside figures of the several grades, but less desirable lots exhibited increased irregularity and a wider range selling down to our inside figures. Average lots of middling sold to low as 12c, but even running and otherwise desirable lots sold at 12¼@12⅜c. We also noticed some further sales of trash at 5@5⅛c.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports) 162,855 bales, embracing 65,650 for Liverpool, 29,906 for Havre, 43,412 for the British ports, 14,432 for Bremen, 1123 for Spain, 2977 for the Mediterranean, and 5055 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 M., 218,778 bales. If we deduct from this the amount sold, but not yet delivered, the balance will be about 173,000 bales to represent the quantity unsold, a large part of which is withheld from the market, in transit or not yet sampled.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 7600 bales; market unchanged.

We notice from the official proceedings posted on the bulletin board of the Exchange that the committee on supervision has been increased to four members by the addition of a cotton shipper, and that Mr. B. M. Neill has been unanimously elected to fill the position. This is an excellent appointment, and will give general satisfaction. Also, that the chief supervisor has tested all the scales, with one exception, in the several presses, and found all the seven-sixty tested in good order and correct, with the exception of three, which were slightly out of line, and will be forthwith adjusted.

**COTTON STATEMENT.**

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Stock on hand September 1, 1875 | 9,976 |
| Arrived since last statement | 17 147 |
| Arrived previously | 1,070,182—1,087,329 |
| Total | 1,097,305 |
| Cleared to-day | 3 289 |
| Cleared previously | 713,218— 716,507 |
| Stock on hand and on shipboard | 380,798 |
| Stock on hand same time last year | 292,556 |

To-day's exports were to Bremen.

Receipts proper since last evening 16,646 bales, against 16,651 on last Thursday, and 9971 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 52,743 bales, against 54,247 last week and 27,236 last year, and since August 31 of 951,151 bales, against 736,462 last year, increase 214,689.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. yesterday to 12 M. to-day, 25,532 bales, against 32,366 last week and 16,347 last year, and since Friday 108,568 bales, against 119,438 last week and 85,371 last year. Total since August 31, 3,984,791 bales, against 2,596,670 up to Wednesday noon, February 3, last year (excluding the above 16,347)—increase 458,121.

Exports (Friday to Wednesday inclusive) to Great Britain 61,203 bales, against 42,922 last week and 51,050 last year, and to the continent 30 787 bales, against 30,943 last week and 37,015 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports made up to 12 M., 914,523 bales, against 887,902 last week and 845,453 last year.

TOBACCO—We did not hear of a transaction today. The amount on sale is estimated at 2475 hhds. The last sale of any magnitude reported was 300 hhds, on the fifth ultimo, the prices of which were said to agree with our quotations. Nothing has transpired since to establish any variation, but we continue to quote lugs ⅛@1¼c, and leaf ⅛@1½ and 2c lower, while others object to any change. Under these circumstances we defer quotations until we find some unanimity with regard to them in the views of the trade. Received since last evening 12 hhds; exported none; stock on hand by our running statement 3073 hhds.

FREIGHTS—Yesterday we reported a ship for Amsterdam at 1c for cotton. We quote as follows:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool, 9 16d; corn 11@11½d ⅌ bushel; cotton to New York ⅜c; to Boston, Providence, Fall River, Philadelphia and Baltimore, via New York, ⅜c; sugar to New York $4 50 ⅌ hhd; molasses $1 50 ⅌ bbl; rice —@75c ⅌ bbl.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool 7-16@15-32d; to Havre ⅝@15-16c, the former the going rate; to Bremen 1 @1¼c; to Antwerp 1 1-16c; to Amsterdam —@17 32d; to Cronstadt —@9 16d; to Genoa 1@1 1-16c; to Boston 11-16c; to Providence 11-16c to Philadelphia 11-16c; bulk corn to Liverpool 10d.

SUGAR—Received this morning 1113 hhds. The demand is good and prices steady. The supplies were mostly sold at 5@5⅜c for inferior to common; 6@6⅜c for common to good common; 6⅝@6¾c for fair to good fair; 6⅞@7⅛c for fully fair; 7⅛c@7½c for prime to strictly prime; 7⅝@8⅛c for gray clarified; 8⅛@8⅜c for yellow clarified; 8⅝@9c for off white clarified, and 9⅛@9¼c for choice white clarified.

MOLASSES—Received this morning 1579 bbls. The demand is good, and the supplies sold at strong prices. Common fermenting 35c; prime fermenting 40@42c; strictly prime fermenting 43@45c; cistern bottom 40@50c, as in quality; prime reboiled 44@46c; strictly prime reboiled 48@50c; choice reboiled 51c; choice not fermenting 52c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—The market is quite animated, and steady and strong on good grades, with a good stock on hand. The movement, though confined to the local trade, comprises 2994 bbls sold, of which 25 and 25 bbls choice extra at $7 25; 100, 250, 300, 300 and 800 bbls on private terms; 250 choice extra at $7 12½; 25 and 50 do at $6 75; 25 50 and 100 at $6; 50 choice treble at $5 75; 40 and 100 good treble at $5 37½; 25 at $5 25; 50 low treble at $5; 50 and 75 do at $4 25; and 174 double at $3 87½ ⅌ bbl. Common is quoted at $3 25; fine $3 50; superfine $3 75; double extra $4; low treble extra $4 25@4 75; good treble extra $5@5 25; choice treble extra $5 50@5 75; choice extra $6@6 50; family extra $6 75@7 25 ⅌ bbl.

CORN MEAL—Prices are rising stronger under a small stock, little coming in and a better demand. The stock is held at $2 40 ⅌ bbl, and offers of $2 30 and $2 35 are refused. 100 bbls sold at $2 30; 75 and 25 at $2 35 and 25 at $2 40. 100 bbls sold, to arrive, at $2 25 ⅌ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $2 50 ⅌ bbl.

GRITS—are quotable in lots at $4 10@4 15 and jobbing at $4 25 ⅌ bbl.

OATS—The market is strong at yesterday's advance, with a good demand and a small stock. 725 bbls mess sold, of which 100 bbls, to arrive, at $2 15; 50 and 100 do, to arrive, at $2 17½; 50, 100, 100, 25 and 50 short at $2 17 75, and 100 bbls extra heavy at $2 25 ⅌ bbl. Round lots are now quoted at $2@2 25, as in weight. Dealers are jobbing at $2 25@2 40. Offers of $2 17½ were refused for round lots on the spot and to arrive.

DRY SALT MEAT—Quiet but strong and quoted in lots at 8¾c for shoulders; 11¼c for clear rib sides and 11¾c for clear sides. Dealers are jobbing at ⅛c above these prices. 10 casks shoulders sold at 8¾c ⅌ lb, and 3000 lbs clear rib sides on private terms. There were considerable sales out of order and no criterion.

BACON—The market is quiet but stronger to-day, under small stocks and favorable Western advices, with instructions to hold higher. Shoulders are quoted at 9½c; clear rib sides 12½c; clear sides 13c ⅌ lb, jobbing at ⅛ above these prices. 3 casks shoulders sold at 9¾c; 5 do clear sides at 13c; 5 do at 13¼c ⅌ lb.

HAMS—Choice sugar cured continue in fair demand at 14c ⅌ lb for round lots, and they are jobbing at 14½@15c ⅌ lb. 5 tierces and other small lots sold at 14c ⅌ lb.

LARD—The demand is mostly confined to job lots for the local trade. Tierce packers' is quoted 12½@12¾c; choice do 12¾@13; refined 13@13½c; keg 13½@14c ⅌ lb. 50 kegs refined, two lots, and 50 buckets refined, also two lots, sold at 14c ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Rectified is in slight supply but there is very little demand. Louisiana is quoted at $1 09 and Western at $1 10@1 12 ⅌ gal on. To day 40 bbls Louisiana rectified sold at $1 09 ⅌ gallon.

PACKERS' PROVISIONS—Prime mess pork is selling at $19@19 50; extra mess pork $17@18; rump pork $17@18 ⅌ bbl; pig pork $10 50@11 ⅌ half bbl; spare ribs $7@7 50 ⅌ cwt; pigs' tongues 6½@7c a piece; pigs' feet $1 20 ⅌ keg, $2 50 ⅌ firkin and $8 ⅌ bbl. 20 bbls tongues sold at 6½c apiece.

CORN IN BULK—The supply on sale is confined to 61,000 bushels, held at 52c, and an offer of 50c refused for 30,000 bushels.

COW PEAS—Some inquiry, but very little on hand, and the season has scarcely opened. On Wednesday a lot of 25 bbls mixed sold on the spot at $1 25 ⅌ bushel.

WESTERN FREIGHTS—A Chicago telegram this morning reports freights from Chicago to New Orleans 25c ⅌ bbl lower by river and rail, being reduced to $1 ⅌ bbl.

CORN IN SACKS—Good supply. The receipts per barges were not yet landed. The demand for the local trade is moderate, and there is some inquiry for yellow for Havana, it is reported, is scarce. Prices are strong and unchanged. Foreign tonnage is more plentiful and there is a fair demand for export. 6550 sacks sold, of which 250 mixed at 52; 1000 and 2500 white at 53; 300 and 500 yellow at 56c, and 1000 and 1000 yellow, for Cuba on private terms, and 2000, not previously reported, on private terms.

BRAN—Light supply and dull. 100, 200 and 300 sacks sold at 75c ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Liberal supply of low grades, and no demand for them. Only 75 bales choice sold at $21, and 100 prime at $17 ⅌ ton.

OATS—Light supply on the landing, and good supply in warehouse. The demand is moderate, and prices are unchanged. Only 250 sacks sold, of which 200 Gafenas at 47c, and 350 do at 48c ⅌ bushel.

RICE—Some demand for shipment. The city trade is dull. The market is almost bare of choice and prime. We quote: Louisiana No. 2 2¼@3c; common 4¼@4½c; ordinary 4½@4¾c; fair 5@5⅛c; good 5⅜@5½c; prime 6@6¼c; choice 6½c ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—The market is quiet. Stock in hands of dealers 25 000 bags, in first hands 18,725. We quote cargoes: Ordinary to low fair 17@17¼c (gold); fair 17¾@18c; good 18¼@18½c; prime 18¾@19c ⅌ lb. Job lots: Ordinary 17¼@17½c; fair 18¼@18½c; good 18¾@19c; prime 19¼@19½c ⅌ lb.

We are indebted to Messrs. Marks & Co. for the following telegram, dated Rio Janeiro, February 2, and New York, February 3, 1876: Purchases since January 26 7000 bags. Cleared—At antic ports 11,000 bags; stock 240 000 bags; average daily receipts 6200 bags; price unsteady, 8|700; exchange 26½ ⅌ cent.

BUTTER—There is very little doing, but prices are unchanged. Choice Goshen is quoted at 33@35c; medium 28@30c; inferior is nominal; choice Western 25@27c; medium 20@22c; inferior 15@16c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—The demand continue moderate and no change in prices. Choice Western factory is quoted at 12½@13c; New York cream 14½@15c; English dairy 15c ⅌ lb.

POULTRY—Western grown chickens sell at $5; young do at $3; ducks $4; geese $6; turkeys $12@14 ⅌ dozen. Louisiana grown chickens $4; young do $2; ducks $4; geese $5; turkeys $12@13 ⅌ dozen.

EGGS—The receipts are small and there is very little on hand. Good demand. Western sell at 15@20; Louisiana at 22@25c ⅌ dozen.

COTTON SEED MEAL—Dealers are selling at $30 ⅌ ton.

STAR CANDLES—Quoted at 15½c, cash, and 15¾c ⅌ lb, sixty days.

STARCH—Is selling at 3¾c ⅌ lb in large lots, and 4c ⅌ lb in job lots.

IRON COTTON TIES—The Arrow tie is selling at 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots. Pieced arrow tie, 11 feet, sells at 3½c net; 8 feet 6 inches, 3½c net. The Beard & Brothers' tie sells at 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots. The Branch, Crooke & Co., 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots. The Philip wire tie sells at 8c ⅌ tie, with a discount on large lots, put up in bundles of 50 ties. Quick and Easy cotton tie 5½c ⅌ lb, with a discount on round lots.

BAGGING—The stock on hand is large and the demand limited. Domestic jute is quoted at wholesale at 13½c ⅌ yard; it is retailing at 14c ⅌ yard. India is neglected; quoted at wholesale at 10c; at retail 10½c ⅌ yard.

ROOTS, BULBS AND GREEN VEGETABLES—Large receipts of potatoes and scarcely any demand for them. Good demand for apples and the market is almost bare. Onions, cabbages and sour krout are dull. Potatoes—Jackson whites are quoted at $2; pink eyes $2; russets $1 10@1 20; peach blows $1 40@1 50; peerless $1 65; early rose $1 25@1 50. Onions $4 50@4 75. Apples $5@6 ⅌ bbl. Cabbages $10@15 ⅌ 100.

BEANS AND WESTERN PEAS—The stock has become reduced. Northern beans are quoted at $2 25; Western 2¼@2½c; red kidney 3¼@3¾c; green peas 2¼@3c ⅌ lb.

HIDES—Good demand for heavy; light are dull. Country green are quoted 6@7c; dry salted 12c; dry flint 14@15c ⅌ lb; damaged half price. In city slaughter sales are making as follows: Steer hides, under 60 lbs and upward, ⅌ lb, 9@10½c; steer hides, under 60 lbs, 7@7½c; cow hides, as they run, 6@7c; kips, 15 to 30 lbs, 8@10c; calf skins, each, 75c@$1. Ox horns, each, 8@9c. Beeswax 27c ⅌ lb.

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN,
Friday, February 4, 1876.

**CLEARED YESTERDAY.**

German steamship Frankfurt, Von Bulow, for Bremen via Havana and Southampton
Steamship C W Lord, cotton, for Havana
Norwegian bark Mercator, Wulf, for Hull, England
Schooner George Sealy, Gaw, for Galveston

**ARRIVED YESTERDAY.**

Ship Success, Chase (hence for Havre January 22), returned in distress to Schultz &co—Point
British bark Brothers, Prout, 20 days from New York, to master—Point
Schooner Robert Ruff Tasker, 3 days from Sabine Pass, to master—Point
Schooner Margaret Lucy, Wicks, 20 days from New York, to master—Point

**STEAMBOATS**

Mary Belle, Hicks, from Memphis
Frank Pargoud, White, from Greenville