New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

published every day (Mondays excepted) at No. Camp street. Terms: $18 a year, $6 for six months; $3 for three months—payable invariably a advance. Single copies five cents.

Office—No. 94 Camp Street.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Squares.	One month.	Two months	Three months	Six months	One year.
One	$10	$18	$24	$40	$50
Two	18	26	38	60	80
Three	24	34	52	80	110
Four	30	44	66	100	135
Five	35	54	80	115	160
Six	40	64	94	130	185
Seven	45	74	108	135	210
Eight	50	84	122	150	235
Nine	55	94	136	165	260
Ten	60	104	150	180	285
Eleven	65	114	164	195	310
Twelve	70	124	178	210	335
Thirteen	75	134	192	225	360
Fourteen	80	144	206	240	385
Fifteen	85	154	220	255	410
Thirty	125	250	375	550	750

Monthly advertisements, inserted every other day, to be charged two-thirds of the above rates.

Second page monthly advertisements, each square, $20 per month.

Transient advertisements, having the run of the paper, first insertion $1 per square; each subsequent insertion fifty cents per square.

Second page transient advertisements, each insertion, $1 per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged as new each insertion.

Regular advertisers, who advertise largely, will be allowed such discount from above named transient rates as may be agreed upon: provided, that n no case shall such discount exceed twenty-five per cent.

All business notices of advertisements to be charged twenty cents per line for each insertion.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

s published every Saturday morning, and contains the news by telegraph, miscellaneous reading, editorials, local matters of general public interest, commercial and monetary reports, and everything that appears in the Daily, except such items as are of little or no public moment. The WEEKLY REPUBLICAN is an excellent family paper, valuable as well for instruction and amusement as information on the current topics of the day.

Terms of Subscription.

One year, $5; six months, $2 50.
A liberal commission allowed to those who send us clubs of five or more.

Advertisements.

Transient advertisements same terms as in in the Daily. Monthly advertisements inserted for one-fourth of the daily rates.

STATE NEWS.

ST. LANDRY.

From the Washington *Enterprise*, February 23:

Up to the time of going to press, about $13,000 has been subscribed in this town for the Washington and Opelousas railroad.

The farmers in our vicinity have commenced preparation for the centennial crop. Some are already plowing, as if the whole fabric of State depends upon them. We says it don't.

TANGIPAHOA.

From the Amite *Independent*, February 26:

We are informed that a few days ago, a band of armed and masked men went to the plantation of Mr. James Watson, near Watson's store, on the Tickfaw river, in St. Helena parish, and took one of the colored hands out and whipped him severely, at the same time ordering all the colored people on the place to leave, threatening to kill them if they did not do so. We did not learn further particulars. We account for this raid by the fact that Mr. Watson usually votes the Republican ticket.

If this kind of work is allowed to continue we will soon have no need for a government or a Legislature in Louisiana.

EAST BATON ROUGE.

From the *Grand Era*, February 26:

Two weeks ago the Rev. G. Raymond, administrator of the Archdiocese of New Orleans has appointed the Rev. Mr. Lossouarn, as the parish priest of West Baton Rouge. The wardens of the church have refused to recognize as their parish priest the said Mr. Lossouarn, which resulted in their excommunication. The reasons of their refusal were based on the ground, that Mr. Lossouarn was a man of immoral habits, and addicted to intemperance.

The Catholics of this city called a meeting of the members of their church, and a resolution was passed requesting Mr. Lossouarn to pay no attention whatever to such vile charges being designated by a Catholic of West Baton Rouge as an infamous lie and vile calumny on the part of the author, and it seems to have put an end to the difficulty.

OUACHITA.

From the *Intelligencer*, February 23:

On Sunday evening last Sheriff Hamlet brought to town and lodged in jail three parties charged with being implicated in the murder of Mr. Barney Daggan, the Irish pedler, whose body was found in the lower part of ward five in this parish, last December, and who, from surrounding circumstances, is believed to have been killed and robbed. Mr. Hamlet, accompanied by Mr. H. G. Dobson, left for Catahoula parish on Monday to secure the arrest of another party who is reported to know something about it. Until something positive is brought out against the parties now under arrest, by an examination, we shall decline to give their names. The information upon which the warrants were issued in these cases was furnished, we believe, by some of the people residing in the neighborhood of where the body was found.

ST. CHARLES.

From the St. Charles *Mirror*, February 26:

A meeting of the St. Charles Teachers' Institute will take place in the public school at Hahnville on Saturday, March 11, 1876, at 11 A. M. A general invitation is extended to persons interested in education, and especially to teachers and former teachers. The annexed programme will be lengthened as soon as the necessary arrangements are completed.

By order of the executive committee.

1. Qualifications for teaching, and time of school sessions, by Mr. Peter Harper.
2. Selected reading, by Mrs. M. E. Pendergast.
3. Method of instructing duodecimals and example, by Mrs. K. M. Haggerty.
4. Penmanship, by Mrs. R. Constantine.
5. Method of instructing grammar, by Mrs. M. M. Caulfield.
6. Essay on compulsory education, by Mr. Horace Vallas.

ST. JAMES.

From the *Sentinel*, February 26:

We were awakened from our slumbers Thursday night by unusual disturbing sounds out upon the bosom of the waters. The hour was about midnight, the weather cool, the night dark. Seizing a tallow candle, we went forth in the gloom until we stood upon the levee bank face to face with the Father of Waters. The moon was not on duty, but the tapering flicker which we held in our hand shed its softening rays upon the majestic bosom of the Mississippi, revealing in the middle of the stream a man, which his name is Boyton, floating down the current of time toward the dominion of Rex. He sounded his fog-horn and signaled us to know how to avoid Cabanocey eddy. We freighted a spoon and floated out to him some carefully prepared instructions, which, no doubt, enabled him to avoid this dangerous maelstrom. He thanked us and slid away in the gloom. The water was very wet that night and the darkness was very dark. Boyton appeared to be in them both.

On Wednesday morning, the twenty-third instant, a young man named Philip Landry, Jr., about nineteen years of age, son of Widow Landry, residing on the St. Cecile plantation, on the right bank of the river, while out in the field hunting, with his gun on his shoulder in the usual manner, accidentally stumbled, and in recovering himself let go of his gun, which fell to the ground, striking one of the hammers and discharging the contents of the barrel into his heel, literally tearing the foot to pieces. With great difficulty he succeeded in reaching the house, when Dr. Gauthreaux was sent for and the wound properly dressed. It is thought probable that the foot will have to be amputated.

CADDO.

From the Shreveport *Times:*

Last night quite a large number of our citizens met at the Cotton Exchange to hear a report from Major Moncure, one of our delegates to New Orleans to secure the terminus of the road at Shreveport. His honor, Mayor Murphy, presided, and L. A. Pires acted as secretary. Major Moncure occupied the attention of the assembly for nearly an hour, and fully explained to the satisfaction of all present the work accomplished by the delegation. When they first arrived in the city they found not only the directory of the road, but a large commercial interest bent on carrying the road to Marshall, or, at any rate, to Texas soil. This, on the main, was owing to the fact that Shreveport had been supine while Marshall had been active through her representatives and its offers of assistance. This had to be met and combatted. Their first visit was to the directory, which resulted very unsatisfactory to us. They found that the company was working under a notarial charter and had made no effort to get a charter from the State Legislature, but that they had an enabling act before the General Assembly forcing the police juries to order an election by the people in regard to subscriptions to the road. There was also a resolution instructing our representatives in Congress to have the New Orleans Pacific substituted in place of the Backbone road. Our delegation, finding that they could not do anything with the directory, they at once made an effort to direct legislation in the interest of Shreveport. Their effort was so successful, and so much strength was developed in our interest, that the directory were brought to a sense of their position, and they made overtures to our delegation which were not satisfactory and were refused. At a meeting of the joint committee our delegation presented our claims in such a forcible manner that before night the directory sent to our delegation the propositions which were afterward agreed upon with but slight alterations. The ultimatum of our delegation all the time was that the main line should be built to Shreveport before any branches were started.

The results accomplished by our delegation are very satisfactory. We have the terminus of this road at Shreveport by legislative charter, and are only called upon to subscribe $225,000—$25,000 of which in cash and $200,000 in parish bonds, the cash payment to be made in ten monthly installments.

Major Moncure was listened to with marked interest, and at the close of the discourse was tendered the thanks of the meeting. We have not attempted to follow him in his speech, but only give some of the salient points.

ST. MARY.

From the Attakapas *Register*, February 26:

We received credible information early this week of the proposition made by Mrs. Francis E. Lawrence and family, to donate to the city a square of ground to be used as a public park; thereupon we made inquiries and concluded to make the matter public, although somewhat in advance of legal processes, because of its great interest to our people.

The facts are these: It is proposed by Mrs. Lawrence and children to donate to Morgan City the right, title and interest of the family in and to square No. 27, known as the Bayley square, to be held and improved as a perpetual park.

Square No. 27 is bounded by Frerett, Third, Everett and Second streets, and located in the highest and fairest portion of the city. It is by all odds the best location for a park that could be selected within its limits, and the land commands the highest market price of real estate. We estimate its present value at near $4000. The munificent proposition creates a feeling of deep surprise and admiration. The lady and her children are attached to our city through ties of auld lang syne, which add a peculiar grace to their offer, and bespeaks for it the highest commendation. She is the daughter of Dr. Walter Brashear, and the widow of the late Henry E. Lawrence—both names familiar as household words in this section, and associated with long careers of public honor and usefulness.

To beautify the old home place, rapidly taking the course common to progressive American communities, the donotion is to be made. And what a source of pleasure a park is in the centre of a busy city! A play ground for merry children, a hospitable retreat for invalids, a favorite resort for evening promenades, picnics or festivals—all these a park could become if the people will give consent.

If the council, on behalf of the corporation, conclude to accept the donation, let it be done in a manner worthy of the deed. Let the name of the donors be perpetuated through all the generations of the city's existence, by causing the insertion in the deed of conveyance of the proviso that it shall be forever known as the Lawrence Park.

Shipping Beef to Europe.

The plan of shipping fresh beef to Europe is at last declared to be a complete success. Three steamers of Williams & Guion's line to Liverpool are fitted with the refrigerator apparatus, and one of the White Star line. Last of all, word comes that French capitalists are so much captivated with the idea that they have already built a steamship called the Friggorific, for the express purpose of supplying Paris with fresh beef. This steamship now lies at Havre, and will be employed exclusively for the transportation of fresh meats, preserved as in an ice-house, at a low temperature. The ship forms an immense magazine, double lined, so that the meats may be separated from contact with the exterior.

As is well known, the working classes in France subsist, to a large extent, on horseflesh, or rather it might be said that no small proportion of their food is of this description. The French authorities have investigated the subject, and satisfied themselves that American beef can be delivered in Paris at fifty per cent less cost than of their own growing, and as an aliment it is unhesitatingly pronounced far superior to anything derived from the equine species. As we have already mentioned, the French Minister of Agriculture has expressed his full approval of the plan of procuring beef from the United States. So we may regard the transatlantic trade in fresh beef as fully established. We have taken pains to inquire of Messrs. Williams & Guion more particularly respecting the degree of commercial success attending this new branch of enterprise, but learn that they are concerned only so far as to allow the use of their steamers for refrigerator purposes. The credit of initiating regular shipments of fresh beef belongs to Mr. T. C. Eastman, a cattle dealer, well known on the Produce Exchange, who probably prefers to keep his own counsel. If he really has a good thing it is not likely that he wishes to proclaim his success. At the same time it may be that an important principle is here so applied and established as to excite interest beyond the ordinary bounds. As already shown, the subject is attracting more or less attention in England and France as among ourselves.

The mechanical apparatus consists of little more than a large packing box or storeroom, inclosed by an iron chest, through which pipes are passed, and a constant circulation of air forced by a small independent steam engine of about one horse power. The air thus driven into the meat chest is immediately drawn out near the bottom, and returned to the refrigerator, being used over and over. The temperature of the entire body of air is evenly preserved at near thirty-six degrees, causing a very moderate consumption of ice after the first few hours.

London papers recently noticed the sale of forty-two tons of American beef at the Smithfield market at an average of six pence per pound, or about twelve cents in American currency, and the account says it "sold rapidly." How beef can be sold at this price at a profit, after deducting costs of transportation across the Atlantic, our "middle men" can best explain. The fact shows clearly enough the advantage of buying from first hands. Beef treated after the manner described is said to suffer in no degree from impaired flavor. Perishable indications are that hereafter, with refrigerator warehouses, refrigerator cars, and refrigerator steamships the trade in perishable merchandise, such as fresh meats, game, fish and fruits, will steadily grow in importance, and these articles have a much wider distribution.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

A Chinese doctor says that Americans boil tea, and thereby lose the flavor, while the Chinese make it by infusion. They place a small quantity of tea leaves in a bowl, pour boiling water upon it and then cover the bowl. The strength of the tea depends on the time the tea is allowed to draw. "And," said the speaker, "when making an infusion do not boil the water hastily at first. Milk or sugar should never be used with tea."

NO SCALING.

NO POSTPONEMENT.

ALL PRIZES

PAID IN FULL!

SPLENDID SCHEME

FOR

A FORTUNE.

THE LOUISIANA

STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

WILL GIVE AT

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA,

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1876,

A GRAND GOLDEN DRAWING.

Capital Prize $100,000!

ONE PRIZE TO EVERY SIX TICKETS.

3380 PRIZES,

IN ALL AMOUNTING IN THE AGGREGATE TO OVER

HALF A MILLION IN GOLD!

The Drawing will positively commence at nine o'clock on the morning of SATURDAY, April 29, 1876, at New Orleans, Louisiana. It will be conducted with a

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT,

For which the Best Musical Talent available in the country will be engaged, and to which every holder of a COUPON TICKET will be entitled to FREE ADMISSION.

LOOK AT THE SCHEME!

Extraordinary Scheme!

20,000 Tickets at $50 Each.

LIST OF PRIZES:

1 Capital Prize		$100,000
1 Prize		50,000
1 Prize		20,000
1 Prize		10,000
2 Prizes at $5000		10,000
4 Prizes at $2500		10,000
20 Prizes at $1000		20,000
50 Prizes at $500		25,000
1200 Prizes at $100		120,000
2000 Prizes at $50		100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES:

100 Approximation Prizes at $200		$20,000
100 Approximation Prizes at $100		10,000
100 Approximation Prizes at $73		7,500

TOTAL:

3580 Prizes in All.

AMOUNTING TO

$502,500 IN GOLD!

Price of Tickets:

WHOLE TICKETS	$50 00
HALVES	25 00
TENTHS	5 00
TWENTIETHS	2 50

For sale at all the New Orleans agencies and at the Central Office of the

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Address Lock Box No. 692, New Orleans Postoffice.

REMIT BY POSTOFFICE, MONEY ORDER, REGISTERED LETTER, DRAFT, OR BY EXPRESS.

OBSERVE AND RECOLLECT

That in the Grand Golden Drawing of

April 29, 1876,

ALL THE TICKETS

ARE

SOLD FOR GREENBACKS.

ALL THE PRIZES

ARE

PAID IN GOLD.

Agents Wanted in Every State, County, City and Town Throughout the Union.

UNEXCEPTIONAL GUARANTEES REQUIRED,

And must, in every instance, accompany applications.

TO BE MADE TO THE

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

All letters unanswered mean a negative reply.
de31 2p

LOTTERIES.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR FEBRUARY 28, 1876.

CLASS 49.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
57	68	1	48	29	44	25	51	42	26	73	61	—	—

The above drawings are published in the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily, at the rooms of the Company.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana this twenty-eighth day of February, 1876.

H. PERALTA,
ADAM GIFFEN,
Commissioners.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. ap12

INSURANCE.

LAFAYETTE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT, 1875.

In conformity with the requirements of its charter, the company publishes the following statement of its business for the year ending December 31, 1875:

Amount of premiums on fire risks during the year, including premiums reserved, December 31, 1874		$45,398 35
Less: Premiums reserved, December 31, 1875	$2,943 93	
Rebate	3,850 59	
Returned premiums	594 37	
Reinsurances	2,032 20—	9,421 09
Net earned premiums		$35,977 26
Add: Interest	$9,931 63	
Rents	124 00	
Profit and loss	129 09—	10,184 72
Total		$46,161 98
Deduct: Fire losses paid	$18,726 52	
Licenses	1,175 00	
Rent	505 00	
Salaries	6,489 96	
Stationery	152 05	
Advertisements	312 25	
Miscellaneous	402 30—	27,313 08
Net profit		$18,848 90

ASSETS.

Stock notes		$98,400 00
Cash		13,282 32
Loans on mortgages	$89,861 33	
Loans on collaterals	200 00	
Bills receivable for premiums	123 14—	90,185 02
Bank and insurance stocks		8,024 50
Bonds		15,769 45
Real estate		428 70
Premiums in course of collection		3,686 54
Furniture		1,516 30
Total		$231,292 83

The above is a true and correct transcript from the books of the company.

KASPAR AUCH, President,
ROBERT JACKSON, Vice President.
LOUIS MATHIS, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans. } Sworn to and subscribed before me, this twenty-second day of January, 1876.

STEPHEN O'LEARY,
Sixth Justice of the Peace, Parish of Orleans, Louisiana.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the twentieth day of January, 1876, it was resolved to declare a dividend of SIX DOLLARS PER SHARE (equivalent to SIXTEEN PER CENT on amount paid in) to be credited on stock notes of the company.

KASPAR AUCH, President.
LOUIS MATHIS, Secretary.

At the annual election held on the tenth day of January, 1876, the following gentlemen were elected Directors, to serve the ensuing year:

Kaspar Auch,	Robert Jackson,	Hy. Bensel, Jr.,
E. H. Burton,	Adam Gaiser,	Hy. Ellerman,
Louis Faessel,	W. R. Fish,	H. Donnenfelser,
James Hagan,	D. A. Harris,	D. Holderith,
Mathias Huber,	J. H. Keller,	John F. Kranz,
Charles Kummel,	Joseph Mathis,	William Mehle,
Florence Pfister,	John Purcell,	B. H. Schene,
Alfred Shaw,	O. F. Theleman,	H. P. Walter.

Dr. S. S. Wood.

And at a meeting of the Board, held on January 17, 1876, KASPAR AUCH, Esq., was unanimously re-elected President, ROBERT JACKSON, Esq., Vice President, LOUIS MATHIS, Secretary, and JOHN PURCELL, Esq., Inspector. ja23

NEW ORLEANS INSURANCE COMPANY.

CORNER OF CANAL AND CAMP STREETS.

Established in 1805.

Capital		$500,000 00
Assets as their market value		652,227 96
Income for the year 1875		624,059 94

This company insures fire, marine and river risks; issues marine policies, payable in London in case of loss.

J. TUYES, President.
A. SCHREIBER, Vice President.
J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

Directors.

Ernest Merilh,	A. M. Bickham,
Placide Forstall,	A. Schreiber,
H. Gally,	J. Tuyes,
Charles Lafitte,	W. A. Bell,
W. Van Benthuysen,	D. Fatjo,
Pierre Poutz,	D. D. Rogers. ja23 1y

EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE HOPE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Office No. 125 Common street.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the Company publish the following statement

Premiums received to December 31, 1875		$177,707 87
Fire risks	$127,543 00	
Marine	17,746 78	
River	32,413 09—	177,707 87
Losses paid during the same period, viz:		
Fire risks	$22,972 46	
Marine	4,625 51	
River	17,640 05—	45,233 12
Less rebate	$20,876 06	
State and city licenses and taxes on capital and real estate for 1874 and 1875	15,315 50	
Reinsurances	16,874 22	
Rent	3,907 61	
Return premiums	1,056 91	
Profit and loss, expenses less interest	13,608 85—	71,439 15—117,677 27
Profits		$60,030 60
Reserved for risks not terminated December 31, 1875		$25,969 40
Reserved for unadjusted losses		1,851 12
Cash dividend of ten per cent, declared this day		20,000 00
Estimated depreciation of assets		12,210 08
Total		$60,030 60

The Company's assets:

Invested in mortgage on real estate in the city		$49,323 77
Bills receivable on pledges		28,337 16
Bills receivable for premiums		7,295 31
Bank, insurance and other stocks		31,804 25
Real estate		34,324 37
Due for premiums in course of collection		23,663 90
Cash in bank	$34,733 33	
Balance in Bank of America	542 96—	85,231 84
Total assets		$260,030 60

The above statement is a just and correct transcript from the books of the company.

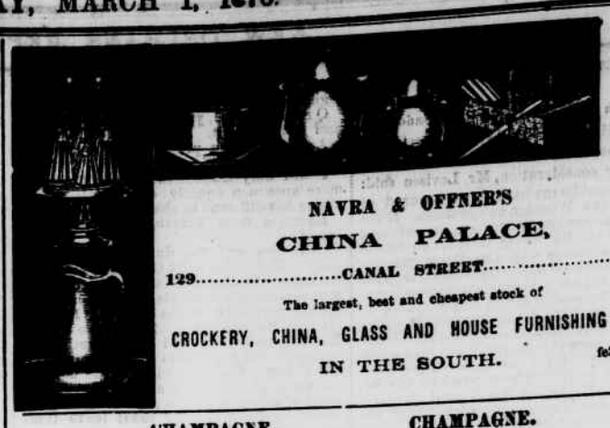
HY. PEYCHAUD, President.
LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary.

PARISH OF ORLEANS, City of New Orleans. } Sworn and subscribed to before me, this tenth day of January, 1876.

M. T. DUCROS,
Notary Public, No. 13 Royal street.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, it was resolved that a cash dividend of TEN PER CENT be hereby declared on the capital stock of the company, out of the net earnings to December 31, 1875, payable on demand, to the stockholders or their legal representatives.

ja12 LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary



NAVRA & OFFNER'S

CHINA PALACE,

129.....CANAL STREET.....129

The largest, best and cheapest stock of

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE SOUTH. fe27 10t 2p

CHAMPAGNE. CHAMPAGNE.

DRY VERZENAY. DRY VERZENAY

GEORGE GOULET & CO., Rheims.

SOLD BY

SMITH BROTHERS & CO., CLARK & MEADER, SWARBRICK & CO.,

And Most All Fancy, Retail and Wholesale Grocers, or

PAUL GELPI & BROTHER,

SOLE AGENTS IN THE SOUTH,

No. 41 Decatur street.

ja13 tapw

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Charles Reeding.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST said succession are notified to present same on or before TUESDAY, February 29, at my office.

CHARLES S. RICE,
No. 25 Carondelet street.

New Orleans, February 26, 1876. fe27 2t

Succession of B. G. Davenport.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No 35,254.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Joseph Hoy and L. D. Aldrich, testamentary executors of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe23 2t mh2 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of John Kirwin.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 37,749.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Mrs. Mary Kirwin, administratrix of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe27 mh3 7t FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Henry J. Budington.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans, No. 38,565.—Whereas, Henry Joseph Budington has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Henry J. Budington, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

fe29 mh4 3 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Mrs. Eliza Ducros, deceased wife of Philippe Marsoudet.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,870.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Philippe Marsoudet, testamentary executor of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe 29 mh4 3* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of M. Drascovitch.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 33,242.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Mrs. Widow Mary Drascovitch, testamentary executrix of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe29 mh4 3* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Hugh McCloskey.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,063.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by James D. Martin and Richard McCloskey, testamentary executors of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe25 2t mh4* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Mary L. Leighton, widow of Edward Wentzeldt and deceased wife of Christian Doerr.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 35,725.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the above succession and to those of the minor Edith Veron ca Wentzeldt, only child of said Mary L. Leighton deceased, to show cause, if any they have or can, within thirty days from the first publication of this notice, why Dr. Christian Wentzeldt, of Celle, in the empire of Germany, the duly qualified tutor of said minor, should not be allowed, through John Kruttschnitt, his agent, to take possession of and remove from this State all the property belonging to said minor.

By order of the Court.

fe27 mh4 7 FRANK PACE, JR. Clerk.

Succession of Jacques Demorselle and Marie Fromentin, his wife.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans. No. ——.—Whereas, Victor Demorselle has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Jacques Demorselle and Marie Fromentin, his wife, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

fe29 mh4 3* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Miles Taylor.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 36 642.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Searing Taylor, testamentary executor of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe27 mh4 8 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Thomas F. Hamilton.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 37,822.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Mrs. Phoebe Morris, administratrix of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

fe27 mh3 7* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALES.

William H. Quicksal vs. the Steamer Bossier, her tackle, apparel, etc.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10 589.—By virtue of an order of sale to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder on WEDNESDAY, March 1, 1876, at twelve o'clock M., at the entrance to the Customhouse, on Canal street—

THE STEAMER BOSSIER, her tackle, etc., now lying at the Canal street ferry landing, Algiers.

Terms—Cash.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, February 22, 1876.

S. B. PACKARD,
fe23 26 mh1 United States Marshal.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

G. H. BRAUGHN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
No. 17 Commercial Place.

Practices in all the State and Federal Courts.

Will henceforth give his personal attention to all matters intrusted to him. su33 1y

BUSINESS CHANGES.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into a copartnership under the firm name of SELLE & MALOCHEE, for the purpose of conducting the Auction and General Real Estate business, office No. 50 Royal street.

ARMAND SELLE,
PIERRE MALOCHEE.
4 5 1m

PERSONAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT from and after date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, ORILINA ANASTACIA GEOFFROY, she having left her home since the fifteenth day of last January.

JOHN PETER BRUNET,
fe27 3t* No. 15 Bacin street.

PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, February 25, 1876. }

Whereas, The public interests seem to demand that the Senate of the State of Louisiana be continued in session beyond the second day of March, A. D. 1876, for the purpose of considering any executive or other business that may be brought before them, or for the purpose of sitting as a court of impeachment, if necessary.

Now, therefore, I, William P. Kellogg, Governor of the State of Louisiana, do hereby convene the Senate of the State of Louisiana in extra session, said session to commence immediately on the expiration of the present regular session, on THURSDAY, the second day of March, 1876, and to continue for and during the space of ten days.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State hereto attached, this twenty-fifth day of February, A. D. 1876, and of the independence of the United States the one hundredth.

WM. P. KELLOGG.

By the Governor:
P. G. DESLONDE,
Secretary of State. fe26

PROCLAMATION.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, February 11, 1876. }

A REWARD OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid by the State of Louisiana, on the certificate of the Attorney General of the State, for such evidence as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on the third of September, 1875, murdered THOMAS KENNEDY, colored, in the parish of Ouachita, in this State.

A FURTHER REWARD OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid in like manner, by the State of Louisiana, for such evidence as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on the eighth of December, 1875, murdered one BARNEY DOOGAN, white, in the same parish of Ouachita.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this eleventh day of February, A. D. 1876, and of the independence of the United States the one hundredth.

WM. P. KELLOGG.

By the Governor:
P. G. DESLONDE,
Secretary of State. fe12

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF A. E. BLACKMAR, BANKRUPT.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1279.

WHEREAS, A. E. BLACKMAR, OF NEW ORLEANS, and district aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, has this day filed in said court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act. Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the thirteenth day of March, 1876, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted; and further notice is given, that the bankrupt will undergo an examination before Register Kellogg, on the tenth day of March, A. D. 1876, at 11 A. M., at his office, Customhouse building.

Clerk's office, New Orleans, February 19, 1876.

fe20 27 mh4 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

IN THE MATTER OF THE GUARDIANSHIP OF the minors McLagan—No. 38,415.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE CREDITORS of the estate of John McLagan, and to those of the minors, Thomas Edward, Ida Bell and Jeannette McLagan, children of said John McLagan, deceased, to show cause, if any they have or can, within thirty days from the first publication of this notice, why Mrs. Elizabeth McLagan, widow of John McLagan, of the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, the guardian and natural tutrix of said minors, should not be allowed personally to take possession of and remove from this State all the property belonging to said minors.

By order of the Court.

fe1 19 mh1 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

In Bankruptcy.

THE UNDERSIGNED GIVES NOTICE OF HIS appointment as assignee of William Huey, individually, etc., of the city of New Orleans, parish of Orleans, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the district court of said district.

THOMAS J. COOLEY, Assignee.
February 15, 1876. fe16 2j mh1

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Signed by the following gentlemen and over 1000 others:

J. E. Williams, Pres. Metropolitan National Bank.	
G. S. Coe, Pres. American Exchange Nat'l Bank.	
J. A. Beardsley, Cashier Nat'l Bank of N. America.	
Wm. A. Fall, President Corn Exchange Bank.	
R. H. Lowry, Pres. Nat'l Bank of the Republic.	
F. D. Tappan, President Gallatin National Bank.	
C. F. Thompson, Cashier Continental Bank.	
T. G. Ogden, Cashier New York Co. Nat'l Bank.	
C. Dennis, Vice Pres. Atlantic M