New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 239 Erato street, furniture and movables.

Local Intelligence.

WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE DOGS?—Here we are on the ragged edge of summer, with many more dogs than are necessary to the welfare of any community, yet no measure has been adopted to rid us of a nuisance which is liable and likely to prove disastrous to all and every class of people. There are more unowned cur dogs on our streets than would supply a sausage factory for a month, and still our city fathers have taken no action to lessen the number. Days and nights are made miserable to hundreds of sick people who require a rest which they can not obtain because whining whelps howl from morn until night and from night until morning. If the City Council can possibly find time to pay a little attention to this matter, the members will gain the thanks of hundreds of afflicted citizens.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

TOO MUCH LAUDANUM.—Early yesterday morning persons who reside in the house No. 379 Customhouse street, were aroused by a statement that one of the inmates had taken a dose of laudanum sufficient to kill half a dozen people. The self-sacrificing person was Frederick Younger, a German, forty-five years old, who had swallowed three ounces of the drug, purposely to end his days. Dr. Grosshart, a physician in the Charity Hospital, was informed of the case, and that gentleman lost no time in attending to the call. He, on learning the facts, was convinced that nothing could possibly save the unfortunate man, and therefore gave up the case as a hopeless one. Not long ago Younger was arrested and incarcerated as an incorrigible drunkard, as appearances indicated such was the fact, but subsequent disclosures proved that such was not the truth. It was ascertained that the dose which Younger had swallowed would certainly prove fatal, and he died a few hours afterward. Deceased was a shoemaker, and for several weeks had indulged in strong drink. Monday night, after he had taken the deadly drug, he went to his room and laid down on a sofa and apparently went to sleep, but his condition was such as to attract the attention of his wife and children. He was restless, and could not remain in one place, but his family had no idea that he had poisoned himself. An inquest showed death was the result of self-murder.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

A HABEAS CORPUS CASE.—Henry Lynne is not as verdant as he looks, and although he was arrested as a vagrant, seemed fully aware of his position. Judge Evans fined him a small sum, but accused declined to pay the forfeit, preferring to go to prison and test the case before Judge Abell by suing out a writ of habeas corpus. The affair was laid before the First District Court yesterday morning, and the acting prosecuting attorney was asked what he had to say in the matter. The commitment was read and accused was instantly released.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

FIRES.—At an early hour Tuesday morning a most diabolical attempt at arson was made at No. 348 Tchoupitoulas street, which was fortunately discovered by Officer P. Clarrisse. The officer was standing at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Delord streets, when he suddenly discovered the reflection of the blaze within the house, and he hurried to the engine house of No. 6 and gave the alarm. The alarm was then given to Volunteer No. 1, and in a short time both engines were on the ground, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames before they had gained much headway. The building, which is a two-story brick, is owned by Mr. Cooper, and the lower floor occupied by Denis O'Keefe, as a saddlery and harness shop, and the upper floor for drying moss and other purposes by Mr. O'Keefe. Upon entering the building the floor of the hallway leading to the two rooms in the second story was found to be spread with moss, which was saturated with coal oil. Underneath the stairs, in a small room, the floor was strewed with matches, and just inside of the door was a five gallon can containing coal oil, in close proximity to a package containing two pounds of gunpowder. The rear of the room was filled with moss and other stuff. While the police were examining the premises a man was seen to drop off the shed of a house on Thalia street and run toward the river, and owing to the darkness of the night he escaped. Had it not been for the vigilance of Officer Clarrisse, who discovered the fire, the flames would soon have ignited the coal oil and gunpowder and caused an explosion and loss of life to the inmates of that and adjoining buildings. It was not ascertained whether the building was insured or not.

About twelve o'clock Monday night Officer Johnson discovered a man in the act of setting fire to the cottage corner of Laurel and Marengo streets, and gave chase at once, but the man escaped owing to the darkness. Upon the officer's return to the house he discovered a bright blaze, which was extinguished with small damage.

A fire was discovered about twelve o'clock yesterday in one half of the unoccupied brick house situated at the corner of Basin and Customhouse streets, owned by Francois Lacroix. The fire was extinguished by the Babcock fire engine on Rampart street, with a damage of about $10. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, as that part of the house is unoccupied, and the flames were rising from a heap of straw and pieces of carpet. No clue to the incendiaries was found.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

MORE GOOD DETECTIVE WORK.—On the twenty-ninth of March the residence of B. S. Harrisson, No. 560 Esplanade street, was burglariously entered and robbed of a clock and other valuable parlor ornaments. The entrance was effected in precisely the same manner as it was a few weeks previously when Mr. Harrisson had stolen from him a fine gold watch and chain. Suspicion was aroused at once that both burglaries had been committed by a thief named Jules P. Davis, of St. Louis, who had fled the city; but it was ascertained that the burglar had returned to this city and committed three other robberies.

On Sunday last Detectives Pecora and Cain had information that he was in the city again and at once suspected him of having committed a burglary and larceny at the corner of Peters and Crossman streets, whereby Nicholas Mitchell lost a gold watch and chain, $50 in cash and some clothing. In passing out Canal street, near the levee, the officers spotted Davis, and at once arrested him as answering the description of the man who had sold Mr. Harrisson's property. When arrested he threw a watch and chain into a barroom, which was picked up by the officers, and upon examination it proved to be the one stolen from Mr. Mitchell on Friday night. From data found upon his person when searched at the station, the officers learned that he had a room on Broad street, near the Small-pox Hospital, to which place they immediately repaired, and found in his trunk all the clothing stolen from Mr. Mitchell, also a correspondence that had been carried on between him and the notorious Bordelais, now in the Penitentiary, who asked him for $50.

The property of Mr. Harrisson was recovered and returned to him at the time, but is still ready for evidence. Davis was fully identified as the party who carried Mr. Harrisson's property to the place where it was recovered the morning of the burglary. Davis is about twenty-three years old, a powerfully built man, dark complexion, and a native of Bordeaux. He speaks good English, as well as his native language. It is ascertained that Davis had his fingers chopped off while attempting to commit a burglary in Cincinnati some three years ago, and they proved the missing link that led to his arrest.

Detectives Pecora and Cain are deserving of great credit for the manner in which they have worked up the case, arrested Davis and recovered all the stolen property.

BRIEF MENTION.—George Mason, the driver of a Chippewa street car, who accidentally ran his car over Anthony Quinn, a boy, at the corner of Chippewa and St. Andrew streets on the twenty-seventh of April, was arrested yesterday for being the cause of the lad's death. An inquest proved that death was caused by the accident.

J. M. Stella, a young man, was yesterday arrested by Detectives Pecora and Hennessey for a breach of trust and embezzlement. Accused was employed on the coast steamboat Mary Ida, and it is charged that he confiscated something like $1500 of money intrusted to the boat's care. Captain Ruiz is the complainant. He was found at the corner of Ninth and Laurel streets. Stella was unable to give a bond in $2000, so went to prison. The accused was discharged from the steamer several weeks ago for some reason not stated, and he now stoutly denies that he is guilty of the crime as charged.

The bridge over the Melpomene canal at Baronne street is in a dangerous condition, and if not attended to soon will cost the loss of some person's life.

Official Report of the Coushatta Affair.

Lieutenant General P. H. Sheridan has received an official report of the shooting affair at Coushatta, Louisiana. It will be observed that it contains new and interesting particulars not embraced in the Associated Press account received at the time:

HEADQUARTERS POST OF COUSHATTA, Louisiana, May 3, 1876.

Assistant Adjutant General, Department of the Gulf:

SIR—I have to report in further explanation of my telegrams on the subject that Twitchell (State Senator) and party were shot while in the act of landing from a rowboat at Coushatta. The boat contained Twitchell, wounded badly in both arms and the leg, a man named King, formerly tax collector, and a colored ferryman, shot in the finger. The animus was, I think, directed against Twitchell alone, and the murder was done with cold-blooded deliberation that showed calculation. The assassin rode into the town about two hours before the commission of the deed, entered a blacksmithy on the bank of the river and engaged the smith in conversation while he watched the stream and bank on the far side. He wore a pair of colored goggles, and apparently a false beard, and was slightly stained on the face. He was seen here in addition by some colored men, well known in the vicinity and town, and was unrecognized. Upon the arrival of the mail the majority of the men of the town, as far as I can gather, went to the post-office, and the assassin took his horse and strolled leisurely down to the landing used by the ferry, hitched his horse about 100 yards off and awaited the boat, which was then approaching, and opened fire with the result above noted. Three or more persons, attracted by the more than usual firing, approached the man and were warned off in a most determined manner and threatened with his rifle. He allowed a Mrs. Dr. Merrill and the wife of Lee (the proprietor of the ferry) to approach him, and the former knelt and begged for him not to commit the murder, and he replied to their entreaties that he was shooting a black alligator, reiterating a similar remark with each shot. King was killed, and dropped in the boat. Twitchell was next shot in the leg, and jumped overboard. The assassin then walked over to his horse, mounted, reloading his rifle, and with a heavy revolver in hand also, and hearing Mrs. Merrill scream to the ferryman to save Twitchell, rode back to the spot, ordered the negro to drop Twitchell, and not being obeyed fired four or five shots at the two while they were drifting down the stream, and wounded the ferryman, who meanwhile got his man in and pulled to the opposite shore for further safety. The assassin then rode slowly through one of the back streets and was next seen on the Ringgold road, about two miles out, still disguised and quietly trotting along. As soon as possible I saw the sheriff and offered any assistance he might require in aid of the capture of the murderer. He sent a posse, but did not accompany it himself, and I doubt if the man is or will be taken. Twitchell, meanwhile, has been removed to a camp adjoining my camp, and one of his arms has been amputated by Carson, my assistant surgeon, who reports the other badly shattered. He is in a critical condition, but has a great deal of nerve still, and may recover.

Twitchell was crossing the river en route to a meeting of the police board, of which he is president. His errand was known and remarked by the assassin to the smith.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. FORD KENT,
Captain Third Infantry, Commanding.

How to Drive Off Vermin.

If mosquitoes or other blood suckers infest our sleeping rooms at night, we uncork a bottle of the oil of pennyroyal, and they leave in great haste, nor will they return so long as the air of the room is impregnated with the fumes of that aromatic herb. If rats enter the cellar, a little powdered potash thrown in their holes or mixed with meal and scattered in their runways never fails to drive them away. Cayenne pepper will keep the buttery and storeroom free from ants and cockroaches. If a mouse makes an entrance into any part of your dwelling, saturate a rag with cayenne in solution and stuff it into the hole, which can be repaired with either wood or mortar. No rat or mouse will ever eat that rag for the purpose of opening communication with a depot of supplies.

COURT RECORD.

TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1876.

United States Circuit Court.

Proceedings before Hon. W. B. Woods, circuit judge.

United States vs. Dennis O'Brien et al.—Conspiracy to defraud. Jury out.

Proceedings before Hon. E. C. Billings, district judge.

J. B. Stockton, assignee of A. J. and J. H. Sypher, bankrupts, vs. Charles H. Walker, administrator of T. J. Bronson. Action for $5000 damages for illegal seizure and sale of the bankrupts' property. On trial.

Supreme Court.

Present—All the judges.

Lucien Marrero, of the parish of St. Bernard, was admitted to practice in all the courts of the State.

State ex rel. L. C. Roudanez vs. judge of Superior District Court.—Rule to show cause why a mandamus should not issue commanding an appeal to be granted on the bond already given fixed for Wednesday, May 24.

The following decisions were rendered:

BY JUSTICE TALIAFERRO.

No. 6293. J. C. Moore & Co., appellants, vs. Delta Oil Company, city of New Orleans third opponents.—From Fourth District Court. Plaintiffs sued on $70,000 of mortgage notes, caused defendant's property to be sold, and purchased it for $5000. The court below ordered that no title should pass till the taxes due the city, $4500, were paid. There is no evidence of judgment for the tax of 1868, $465. Judgment reduced by this amount and attorney's and sheriff's fees, and thus amended affirmed.

BY JUSTICE HOWELL.

No. 6337. State of Louisiana ex rel. Edward Hollander vs. judge of Fourth District Court.—The amount exceeding $500, relator was entitled to an appeal on the rule against him by Joseph Bilgery to be put in possession of property purchased at a tax sale. Mandamus made peremptory.

BY JUSTICE WYLY.

No. 5693. Estate of S. W. Thompson vs. Samuel B. Allison, Mrs. A. L. Pagaud, garnishee and appellant.—From Fifth District Court. Baker & Thompson furnished defendant $1059 54 of lumber, he having contracted to build a house for Mrs. Pagaud. He abandoned the work before the second installment was due. He incurred a penalty of $10 per day, which amounted to $1200 when she had finished the house. She owed on the contract, if it had been carried out, $921 13, and claimed, on the penalty, in her answer, that Allison was indebted to her $287 87. She was entitled to the penalty. (C. C. 2125) Judgment annulled and rule against the garnishee discharged.

Chief Justice Ludeling dissents.

Justice Taliaferro concurs with the Chief Justice.

No. 5867. Succession of Daniel C. Byerly.—Opposition of Page M. Baker, E. L. Jewell and W. J. Seymour, praying to be declared partners in the New Orleans *Bulletin*, or for compensation as editors. The court erred. There was no partnership, and the funds belong to the succession. It is probable there was a promise made by Byerly that these opponents, who labored to build up the business and make the paper a success, should become partners; but that understanding was not carried into effect, probably on account of the sudden death of Byerly. Judgment annulled, and case remanded to ascertain the amount due for services as employes.

Justice Taliaferro was recused. Justice Morgan considers there was a partnership between Byerly and Page M. Baker, and dissents.

BY JUSTICE MORGAN.

No. 3941. Summers & Brannin, appellants, vs. James S. Clark.—From Sixth District Court. Plaintiffs received in Louisville 1089 barrels and 254 packages of sugar from H. N. Soria & Co., and sold it to third parties. It was seized and libeled by the United States, under United States Statutes at Large, act of 1799, section fifty; act of August 6, 1846, section three; act of July 18, 1866, section four. Plaintiffs compromised. They allege defendant was the owner, and claim $11,041 41 expended. They were acting as a *negotiorum gestor* (2 Bour. Dict., 170), in the interest, first, of the third parties; second, of themselves. Their connection with Clark ceased when they had disposed of the sugar. He was not a party to the compromise, which was their voluntary act. Judgment affirmed. Justices Howell and Wyly dissent.

No. 4706. State of Louisiana vs. Edward Booth, appellant.—From Superior District Court. Injunction on defendant's business till his license is paid. The rule to set this aside did not put matters at issue. Judgment reversed and case remanded, to give defendant an opportunity of answering.

No. 5475. Succession of Francois Bougere.—From parish of St. Charles. Judgment as to opposition of Pelagie Mariette, Desire Duport, L. M. L. Duport, Josephine D. Perrault, Rosalie Mariette, Jacques Mariette, Zeunde Gauthier and Victor Gauthier reversed so far as it gives anything to E. Fillieul, to whom no sum was assigned by the will; otherwise affirmed.

No. 6019. State of Louisiana ex rel. W. R. Mills vs. judge of the Sixth District Court.—The reasons assigned by the judge of the district court why the mandamus herein should not be made peremptory are not sufficient. Rule made absolute.

Superior District Court.

Mrs. M. L. Koontz vs. B. F. Joubert, tax collector of the Second District.—Petitioner alleges her property is advertised for sale May 31, 1876; that the assessment is excessive; that other property has been included for which she is not liable in taxes, and prays that the sale may be injoined. Injunction issued on bond of $500.

Eugene Jorda vs. city of New Orleans and sheriff.—Petitioner alleges that the State acquired by purchase at a tax sale October 23, 1875, under act of March 28, 1874, certain property for $264 64; that it ceded it to Louis Fishel October 25, 1875, for the same price; that he purchased it of Fishel; that the title was certified by the State Auditor May 2, 1876; that by it the property was freed from all incumbrances; that the city has seized it for taxes, and that the seizure is illegal. Defendants to show cause June 15 why the property should not be released, and plaintiff in the meantime gives bond of $100.

Superior Criminal Court.

ACQUITTED.

Giovanni Cagnoletti, robbery.

CONVICTED.

Philip Hanmett, larceny.

SENTENCED.

Philip Hanmett, larceny, six months in the Parish Prison.

First District Court.

PLEADED GUILTY.

Jack Clark, of petty larceny.

CONVICTED.

Joe White, alias Buckner, of entering, etc.; George Johnson, of petty larceny.

ACQUITTED.

Margaret Toohey and Tony Bonner, of petty larceny.

SENTENCED.

Charles Williams, for petty larceny, two years; for entering, etc., one year.

HABEAS CORPUS.

State ex rel. Henry Lynne vs. keeper of Parish Prison.—On commitment in default of payment of $5 fine imposed on charge of vagrancy. Writ maintained and accused discharged.

Fifth District Court.

Robert Hutcheson vs. New Orleans National Building Association.—Judgment for $1400 for plaintiff.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

Another Cut-off Feared.

The Jackson, Mississippi, *Times* of the twentieth says:

The bank of Pearl river at Maginnis' bend is rapidly caving in, and is feared the water will form a new channel from that point to Duck lake, some seven miles below the city. The distance between the two points is thirty-six miles by river and only three quarters of a mile in a direct line. His honor, the mayor, accompanied by expert engineers, visited the place this morning and precautions will be taken to prevent a similar disaster which has befallen Vicksburg, and make Jackson an inland city.

A New Southern Attraction.

The busy season is near its close, and our citizens are conning their summer's programme of pleasure and recreation. The centennial exposition will draw large numbers to the Quaker metropolis, but it is gratifying to note that more than ever before is a disposition manifested to seek in Southern resorts that health and enjoyment which it has been too much the fashion to purchase at great cost in distant places. For two or three years this tendency to support home institutions has been notably on an increase, with the very natural result that attractiveness and facilities have kept pace with enlarged patronage, until a culmination has been attained in the erection of the "Grand Hotel," at Point Clear, which leaves even habitual visitors to the famous caravanseries of Saratoga, Newport or Longbranch nothing to wish for.

On one of the loviest sites of the entire American coast, where invigorating sea breezes mingle with health-giving zephyrs from scented pine forests, where drives and promenades through groves of spreading oaks and magnolias woo lassitude from the invalid and the indolent, Messrs. H. C. Baldwin & Co. have erected a hotel unsurpassed for completeness in all its appointments. Every comfort and convenience of a first class fashionable watering place can be had at the Grand Hotel. Its fittings and arrangements are superb and wholly new. Its facilities for billiards, ten-pins, boating, shooting, fishing, driving, etc., are complete and under experienced management, so that the man of the world need fear no deprivation of accustomed pleasures; while a superior band will be ever ready at the call of Terpsichore's devotees.

That the capacities of Captain Baldwin's magnificent establishment will be thoroughly tested by the elite of Mobile and Montgomery society seems already assured, and we can safely promise a full representation from the Crescent City during the glorious Southern summer evenings now so near at hand. Point Clear was ever popular with our people, and many pleasant reminiscences linger with them and recall by-gone men and times. Under the new regime, with such reasonable charges as are asked, the old popularity can not but be increased. The rate for board is to be only $50 per month, or $2 50 per day. Passengers leaving New Orleans on the morning train arrive at Point Clear to dinner. The beautiful and fleet steamer Annie makes daily trips from Mobile to the point. All letters for further information should be addressed to H. C. Baldwin & Co., proprietors, Point Clear, and promptly, too, for the formal opening will take place by the first of June.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

Parish of St. Martin.

Pursuant to the call of the Rev. R. R. Dyer, vice president of the Republican executive committee of the parish of St. Martin, the Republicans of this parish met in mass meeting and convention in the town of Breaux Bridge, April 29, 1876, for the purpose of reorganizing the parish executive committee, and electing delgates to the State conventions, to be held in the city of New Orleans on May 30 and June 27, 1876, and also to the several district conventions.

The following officers were elected:

President, Rev. R. R. Dyer; vice presidents, J. J. Kreider and Jerry Washington; secretary, Felix P. Baker; assistant secretary, John R. Kreider.

Mr. J. F. Penne introduced the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, It is difficult to transact business in a large assembly; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the president appoint a committee of five to select suitable persons to constitute the Republican executive committee of this parish for the next two ensuing years, subject to the approval of the convention.

Adopted.

The president appointed on said committee Messrs. J. F. Penne, L. E. Laloire, J. J. Kreider, Jerry Washington and Starling Merryman.

The committee withdrew and shortly after made a report, recommending the following gentlemen to serve as such: Thomas Ashford, F. P. Baker, Jerry Washington, Demas Salomon, Steven Taylor, Auguste Mora, J. R. Kreider, J. B. Richard, J. F. Penne, Jefferson Varanem, Jules Martinet, Flonori Rochon, J. J. Kreider, L. E. Laloire, Louis Michel, Taylor Daspit, Klebert Robert, Celestin Philip, Edouard Delahoussaye, Daniel Salomon, L. A. Martinet, Antoine Charles, Auguste Davis, Charley Taylor, Robert Morse, Victor Rochon, Joseph Delahoussaye, L. Penne, R. R. Dyer, Jr., Henry Pinckney and St. Clair Joseph.

The report was unanimously adopted, and the gentlemen therein named were duly declared to constitute the Republican parish executive committee.

The convention proceeded to the election of delegates to the several State and district conventions. The result was as follows:

Delegates to the State convention, to be held May 30, 1876, to send delegates to the Republican national convention—Jerry Washington and Victor Rochon; alternates, Louis E. Laloire and L. A. Martinet.

Delegates to the State Nominating Convention, to be held June 27, 1876—Victor Rochon and L. A. Martinet; alternates, Jerry Washington and L. E. Laloire.

Delegates to the congressional, senatorial and judiciary conventions—L. A. Martinet and Vitor Rochon; alternates, L. E. Laloire and Jerry Washington.

On motion the president appointed a committee of five on resolutions, to wit: L. E. Laloire, Jerry Washington, Auguste Mora, J. J. Kreider and J. F. Penne.

The committee withdrew and the convention took a recess of fifteen minutes.

The convention then again assembled to receive the report of the committee on resolutions. Mr. L. E. Laloire, chairman, submitted resolutions, concluding as follows:

Resolved, That we deny the right to any parish executive committee, and still more do we deny the right of a part of it to elect delegates to any convention, that right being exclusively vested in the Republicans at large, and we recognize only those elected to-day by this convention.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The committee reported also the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we reaffirm our faith and devotion to the great Republican party and pledge to it our united support.

Resolved, That we heartily indorse the administration of President U. S. Grant, and that of his excellency, William P. Kellogg.

Resolved, That in electing Messrs. Victor Rochon and L. A. Martinet delegates to the conventions, it is deemed that their actions, and the honest and faithful discharge of their duties as Representatives of this parish, have won them the entire confidence and the lasting gratitude of the Republicans of this parish.

Messrs. J. F. Pene, L. E. Laloire, J. J. Kreider and Victor Rochon were called upon and addressed the convention.

The usual votes of thanks were cordially tendered them.

On motion of Mr. Stephen Taylor the convention adjourned *sine die*.

A man living in the country goes so far as to say that some of the commandments are broken every time a stove is taken down.

Barry Sullivan finished his American engagements at Providence, and will sail for Europe June 7.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

The Effect at Washington.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Graphic* writes:

The Louisiana and Mississippi outbreaks have produced considerable uneasiness in Washington. Everything that the law allows to be done for the preservation of peace in these communities will be done. Every time that an outbreak of this kind occurs converts are made to Senator Morton's doctrine that the Southern question is not settled, that somehow it will not stay settled after being apparently settled. Every Northern man must be puzzled with the news from the South. One would imagine that the White Liners had all that they wanted in Mississippi. They have the government from top to bottom. Yet the shotgun policy is not abandoned. In Louisiana the shotgun policy is continued because the White Liners are only in possession of half of the government. As party men Northern Republicans have no reason to reject the Southern outbreaks. Like the speeches of Ben Hill and Ran Tucker, they help to unite the North and emphasize the cardinal point in the Republican creed—a just inforcement of the laws for the protection of blacks and whites alike.

In the Senate.

In the United States Senate on Friday Mr. Kernan, of New York, presented the petitions of John C. Barron and James Colles, of New York, executors of Thomas Barron, praying that he may be refunded certain moneys taken from the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana during the late war under order of the General in command of the forces in that State, which was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Grand opening of Grand Hotel at Point Clear on June 1.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Southern Republicans.

Meeting of the above Association will be held THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, At 7 P. M.

PUNCTUAL ATTENDANCE.

IMPORTANT BUSINESS!

my24 1t L. SEWELL, Secretary.

Hall Fifteenth Ward Central Radical Republican Club, May 20, 1876.—In pursuance of a resolution unanimously adopted at the regular meeting held on May 15, books of registration will be opened at this hall, corner of Monroe and Newton streets, from 5 to 9 P. M. daily, until the day previous to the election of delegates to the State Nominating Convention, for the purpose of registering all Republican voters desirous of voting at the coming Republican primary election.

N. B. Parties interested are respectfully informed that they shall not be entitled to vote on those occasions unless so registered.

DAVID MASON, President.
CHARLES HILL, Secretary. my23 2t*

Notice.—Office of the Merchant's Progressive Association, No. 182 Baronne street, New Orleans, May 23, 1876.—The annual election of officers and seven directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the association on THURSDAY, June 1, 1876, between the hours of 12 M. and 3 P. M.

By order of the board,
JOHN L. COLLINS, President.
JOHN W. FRANCIS, Secretary. my24 3t*

New Orleans, May 24, 1876.—To all whom it may concern—The Sixth Senatorial Nominating Convention which met at the Carrollton courthouse on the fifteenth day of May, having by a legal majority of the genuine delegates elected thereto duly nominated the Hon. T. B. Stamps as the candidate of the Republican party to be voted for at the next election to represent the sixth senatorial district in the State Senate, therefore I hereby publicly declare that it is my intention to henceforth stand by him as the regular nominee of the Republican party, and I do now most emphatically decline to attend the convention called to meet this day in the parish of St. Charles, by less than a quorum of the late delegates aforesaid, notwithstanding my name may appear appended to the same. I do further hereby withdraw all or any proxy, or authority, or pretended authority, which may have been by me delegated granted, or said to have been granted, to any person or persons, to represent me as a delegate to the said convention from the twelfth ward, parish of Orleans. I am induced to adopt this course because the people of my ward are almost unanimously in favor of Mr. Stamps as the nominee of the Republican party; hence I warn any and all persons to abstain from representing, or attempting to represent, the twelfth ward in the so-called convention by virtue of any proxy or authority they may claim to have heretofore derived from me.

CHARLES LEWIS.
Late Delegate to the Sixth Senatorial Convention.
Signed in my presence.
my24 P. BRUCE.

New Orleans, Louisiana, May 23, 1876.—We, the undersigned, late delegates to the Sixth Senatorial Nominating Convention, which assembled at the Courthouse, late city of Carrollton, now Seventh District, parish of Orleans, on the fifteenth day of May, 1876, do hereby certify that, we freely and of our own choice cast our votes in said convention for the Hon. T. B. Stamps, and we furthermore pledge him our entire and hearty support in the coming campaign, as the regular nominee of the Republican party for Senator to represent the sixth senatorial district of Louisiana in the State Senate, and we do positively refuse to attend any other convention having for its object the subject of another nomination for said position.

James C. Baumann, Jefferson parish, left bank.
William Ellis, Jefferson parish, left bank.
A. J. Kemp, Jefferson parish, right bank.
Augustus Lombard, Jefferson parish, right bank.
William Kern, Orleans parish, seventeenth ward.
D. Brooks, Orleans parish, thirteenth ward.
H. McCray, Orleans parish, sixteenth ward.
A. Tolbert, Orleans parish, sixteenth ward.
H. Powell, Orleans parish, fourteenth ward.
Eugene Claiborne, Orleans parish, fourteenth ward.
Joseph Boutte, Orleans parish, thirteenth ward.
A. Dejote, Orleans parish, thirteenth ward.
J. B. Gaudet, Orleans parish, thirteenth ward.
A. Anderson, Orleans parish, twelfth ward.
D. C. Woodruff, Orleans parish, twelfth ward.
my24

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Card.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. mh1 eod&w6m

Office Louisiana Equitable Life Insurance Company.—An annual election for directors of this company was held on Monday, April 17 1876. The following gentlemen constitute the Board of Directors:

CHARLES CHAFFE,	A. THOMSON,
ALEX. MARKS,	H. M. PAYNE,
H. J. VOSE,	JOHN H. PIKE,
JOHN I. ADAMS,	ANDREW PATTON,
T. C. HEENDON,	W. B. SCHMIDT,
JAMES I DAY,	JOHN S. GROVES,
J. W. STONE,	E. B. BRIGGS,
JOHN HENDERSON,	E. A. TYLER,
S. B. NEWMAN,	B. T. WALSHE,
E. H. FAIRCHILD,	J. B. CAMORS,
R. W. OGDEN,	HENRY ABRAHAM.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors, held Tuesday, May 9, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

SAMUEL MANNING TODD, President.
R. W. OGDEN, Vice President.
ANDREW PATTON, Second Vice President.
WILLIAM HENDERSON, Secretary.
WILLIAM HENDERSON, Secretary.
my21 1m eod

Office of the Jefferson City Gaslight Company. New Orleans, May 20, 1876.—At a regular meeting of the directors, held on the ninth instant, it was resolved that a dividend of $2 50 per share be paid to the stockholders on and after June 1.
my21 10t CHS. HERNANDEZ, Secretary.

Office of the Mississippi and Mexican Gulf Ship Canal Company, No. 26 Camp street, New Orleans May 15, 1876.—The annual meeting of the Mississippi and Mexican Gulf Ship Canal Company will be held at this office, No. 26 Camp street, on THURSDAY, June 1, at 10 A. M., for the election of nine directors to serve the ensuing year.
my16 t jel S. D. MOODY, Secretary.

New Orleans Canal and Banking Company, New Orleans, April 27, 1876.—Proposals will be received at the bank for the purchase or lease of its different properties at the Lake end of the New canal and terminus of the New Orleans City Railroad to the Lake.
ap27 1m CH. JUMONVILLE, Cashier.

Home Mutual Savings Bank in Liquidation.—The stockholders of the above institution are hereby notified that on and after June 5, 1876, a dividend of TEN PER CENT on the amounts paid in by them will be paid at No. 25 Decatur street.
JAMES M. DOWLING,
New Orleans, May 5, 1876.
my5 1m Liquidating Commissioner.

Sealed Proposals for the Seating of Booths, Bars etc., for the Picnic to be given by Philadelphia Fire Company No. 14, on SUNDAYS, June 4 and 11, 1876, will be received until May 25, 1876. Bids must state full terms and particulars. The right to reject all bids reserved to the company. Address, W. B. KLEINPETER,
my14 td No. 61 Camp street.

STEAMSHIPS.

BREMEN.

North German Lloyd.

STEAM BETWEEN BREMEN AND NEW ORLEANS, VIA HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVANA.

The Steamships of the North German Lloyd will run as follows:

From Bremen. From New Orleans.
HANNOVER.....February 2.....About March 11.
STRASSBURG. March 1.....About May 3.
Direct to Bremen, with steerage passengers only.
FRANKFURT.... March 18.....About April 22.
HANNOVER..... April 15.....About May 31.

Further days of departure will be advertised hereafter.

The steamers touch outward at Havre and Havana, and on their home trip at Havana and Southampton to land and receive passengers and freight, subject to exceptions defined below.

PRICES OF PASSAGE.

From Bremen, Southampton or Havre to Havana or New Orleans:
Cabin.....$150 gold
Steerage..... 36 gold
From New Orleans or Havana to Southampton, London, Havre or Bremen:
Cabin.....$150 gol
Steerage..... 45 gold
From New Orleans to Havana:
Cabin.....$25 gold
Steerage..... 15 gold

Passage tickets from Bremen, Southampton or Havre to New Orleans issued by the undersigned.

The company reserves the right to change or withdraw the steamers, to change their days of sailing, their destination, their routes, and the prices of passage.

For further particulars apply to
ED. F. STOCKMEYER & CO., Agents,
an3 1y No. 43 Union street.

FOR HAVANA VIA CEDAR KEYS AND KEY WEST.

United States Mail Line.

Steamships
WILLIAM P. CLYDE, WILMINGTON,
MARGARET, REBELLA.

The New Orleans, Florida and Havana Steamship Line will dispatch one of the above first class steamers from New Orleans to Havana

Every Week,

Touching at Cedar Keys and Key West, and connecting with steamers for Tampa.

Through bills of lading issued to all points in Florida, including Tampa, and to New York, Charleston and Savannah.

Splendid passenger accommodations, and through tickets given to above points.

No freight received without permit from the office.

For freight or passage apply to
L. K. ROBERTS, Agent,
jal No. 120 Common street.

RAILROADS.

THE MOBILE LINE.

THE GREAT THROUGH ROUTE

To the East, North and West,

Via Louisville, via Atlanta and via St. Louis, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, foot of Canal street, as follows:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Express.....6:45 A. M.	Express.....10:30 A. M.
Express.....5:00 P. M.	Express.....9:30 P. M.

Pullman Palace Cars daily to Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville, Lynchburg and Baltimore without change, and only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Ticket office corner of Camp and Common streets, opposite City Hotel.

NORMAN C. JONES, General Agent.
no31 D. B. ROBINSON, Superintendent.

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,

GREAT JACKSON ROUTE.

On and after Monday, April 24, 1876, Trains depart and arrive as follows from Calliope street depot:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Mail.....4:00 P. M.	Mail.....12:00 M.
Accommodation.....5:00 P. M.	Accommodation.....10:00 A. M.
Sunday accommodation.....7:30 A. M.	Sunday accommodation.....9:30 P. M.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars through to St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville and Cincinnati.

Only one change of sleeping cars to Eastern cities.

Tickets for sale and information given at No. 21 Camp street, corner of Common.

A. D. SHELDON, Agent.
jal2 1y E. D. FROST, General Manager.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

Bowman H. Peterson vs. Steamers Martha and Marie.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the District of Louisiana, No. 10,602.—By virtue of an order of court to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, May 27, 1876, at twelve o'clock M., at the main entrance of the Customhouse, on Canal street, in this city, the following described property, viz—

THE STEAMER MARTHA, her tackle, etc., as she now lies at Algiers, near the Canal street ferry landing.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans May 13, 1876.

S. B. PACKARD,
my19 3t United States Marshal.

U. Bassetti vs. Ship Reine des Anges.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the District of Louisiana, No. 10,703.—By virtue of an order of sale to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on TUESDAY, May 30, 1876, at twelve o'clock M., on the levee, between Washington and Sixth streets, in this city, the following described property, viz—

FORTY EIGHT BLOCKS OF MARBLE, now lying on the levee between Washington and Sixth streets, in this city.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans May 17, 1876.

S. B. PACKARD,
my18 td United States Marshal.

In the Matter of C. W. Stiede, Bankrupt.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the District of Louisiana, No. 1516.—By virtue of an order of court to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, May 27, 1876, at twelve o'clock M., at the entrance main of the Customhouse on Canal street, in this city, the following described property, viz—

THE STEAMER TEXAS AND HER TACKLE, etc., as she now lies at Algiers, near the Canal street ferry landing.

Terms—Cash.

United States Marshal's Office, New Orleans, May 16, 1876.

S. B. PACKARD,
my17td United States Marshal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. ROCHEREAU & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

KRUG & CO.'S CHAMPAGNE,

COMMISSION MERC