

New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- For President, RUTHERFORD B. HAYES. For Vice President, WILLIAM A. WHEELER. For Presidential Electors, At Large—WM. P. KELLOGG, J. H. BURCH. First District—PETER JOSEPH. Second District—LIONEL A. SHELTON. Third District—MORRIS MARKS. Fourth District—A. B. LEVISEE. Fifth District—O. H. BREWSTER. Sixth District—OSCAR JOFFRON.

For Governor, STEPHEN B. PACKARD.

For Lieutenant Governor, C. C. ANTOINE.

For Secretary of State, EMILE HONORE.

For Auditor of Public Accounts, GEORGE B. JOHNSON.

For Attorney General, WILLIAM H. HUNT.

For Superintendent of Public Education, WILLIAM G. BROWN.

For Members of Congress, First District—HENRY C. WARMOTH.

Second District—HENRY C. DIBBLE.

Third District—CHESTER B. DARRALL.

Fourth District—GEORGE L. SMITH.

Fifth District—J. EDWARDS LEONARD.

Sixth District—CHARLES E. NASH.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY CONSTABLE M. O'SULLIVAN, at 12 o'clock, at No. 162 Julia street, contents of a cigar store.

Local Intelligence.

ALTOGETHER TOO MUCH OF IT.—There are city nuisances that can not easily be abated, but there are others that may be fled down a little. Street criers just now are terribly energetic, and the noisiest fellows of the summer are those who sell cord wood and charcoal. It seems as if the tribes have been specially provided with double back action lungs, purposely to torment the ears of invalids. From daylight until after dark street cries, unnecessarily loud, fill the air with sounds that worry the sick and vex the hearty. This nuisance, many years ago, became so outrageous in London that the authorities were compelled to pass prohibitory laws, and it took a long time to eradicate the evil, but the police finally triumphed. Residents in the Fourth, Sixth, Second and Third Districts are the greatest sufferers, and they appeal to the city fathers to do something to lessen a nuisance which causes more trouble than medicine can remedy. It is a service to the community and to individuals to have these peddlers, especially those who vend fruit, but it is not necessary for them to howl themselves hoarse or keep up a continual cry of their goods. By all means let these people be encouraged in pursuing a legitimate business, but at the same time they should bear in mind that they can overdo their advertising.

THE PRIVATE MARKETS.—These excellent institutions continue to flourish just as if such a thing as an injunction never existed. The private parties who started out so boldly to close up the little retailers have as yet accomplished nothing, and seem likely to continue so. Private markets will not pull down their blinds at the bidding of a few interested individuals, so they still continue to furnish small consumers with cheap meats and vegetables. Meat sellers in the city markets can not double their prices just yet.

BRIEF MENTION.—Judge Quinn, having failed to obtain a copy of the evidence in the case of Peter Corie, charged with the murder of young Zeigler, did not yesterday make any disposition in the matter.

Judge Stas last week collected fines amounting to \$25 50; Jack Adams, \$12 50; Judge Falls, \$20.

The City Hall was yesterday quite like the English tourist's idea of Mount Vesuvius—nothing in it.

Nearly all the big trees are shedding their leaves, the foliage looking as if it had dried up for lack of water, which is not the case.

Colonel Loan recently received a letter from a person who said that he must have employment or he would kill himself. As no reply was made by the colonel, the man yesterday appeared at police headquarters and urged his suit, but without success.

There was but a single daylight arrest in the first precinct yesterday, and that was Clara Nelson, who battered one of her acquaintances.

The up-town corner having completed the inquest in the case of Magill Monson, has made an affidavit charging John Alexander, alias Jones, with the murder. This is the killing that took place six miles below Algiers at the cut-off road.

MAN'S CURIOSITY AND GREED.—If ladies who have been taunted by men for their curiosity in all things could have attended an auction sale of unclaimed express packages yesterday, they would have found abundant proof on which to base retaliation. The spirit of curiosity and greed as displayed by men was past ordinary belief. Men who are supposed to possess a fair amount of sense offered round sums of good money for an old box or trunk, the contents of which were entirely unknown to them, and the auctioneer guaranteed nothing. These packages, or at least some of them, were put up for sale purporting to be goods left with an express company and not called for within a specified time, and were sold to the highest bidder at his own price—blind. The express agent pretended that he knew nothing what ever of the articles sold—the package might contain gold coin for all he knew or it might hold brick bats, yet eager bidders were not lacking. Purchasers were as anxious as the most prying old woman could be to see what they had captured. With nervous hands they would tear open their trophy and with bated breath gaze on a lot of second hand tracts or rubbish. One victim paid a big price for a box which proved to have contained a cheese—all was bad smelling dust, and so on to the end of the chapter. Occasionally there were exceptions, but in those exceptions there were

Special Correspondence of the Republican.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, July 17, 1876.

STATE NEWS.

ST. MARTIN.

From the New Iberia Sugar-Boiler, July 20.

At St. Martin's levee Friday, while the oldest son of Mr. Stanislas Bienville was carefully handling his revolver, one chamber was accidentally discharged, and the ball struck the forehead of his brother, causing a severe injury. The brother, aged twenty years, and caused his death in a short time. Horror-stricken and crazed with grief, the unfortunate brother tried to kill himself with the same revolver, and doubtless had done so, had he not been prevented by his mother.

This is one of those horrible accidents which call for all the sympathy of our nature, yet it is a terrible warning against the careless use of firearms. We are sure that no persons are accidentally injured while carrying and handling revolvers than are they intentionally, or in other words, a man is safer without a pistol than with one. Let all our citizens take a step to this habit of possessing, if not carrying, revolvers.

A Bit of Description.

The editor of the Washington (Iowa) Press thus describes John Morrissey as he appeared at St. Louis as first friend to Tilden:

But the most magnificent animal in St. Louis was John Morrissey, ex-pugilist, ex-Congressman and gambler. He looks like a Dutchman and a Roman gladiator. His face is by no means brutal, the eye is not vicious, nor is the broken nose anything like the proboscis that wicked Nast always puts on John's frontispiece. The eyes are steady, and as they glance from his eyes, it looks out at you like a loaded gun. It would take tremendous pluck to face that Colossus in the ring. He was not dressed flashy, had a quiet bearing, but he was better known in St. Louis than in New York. We don't know how much more he was. John wants "reform," and looks to Sammy for it.

Meteorological and River Report.

The following statement of the weather and rivers is furnished by the Signal Service office stationed at New Orleans:

AFTERNOON REPORT—3:43 P. M.

Table with columns for Place, Wind, Weather, and other meteorological data for various locations like Cairo, Cincinnati, Dubuque, etc.

RIVER REPORT—3 P. M.

Table with columns for River, Rise, Fall, and water mark for various rivers like the Mississippi, Red, etc.

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THE AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

[No. 95.] An act to amend the constitution of the State of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, two-thirds of the members of each house agreeing, that the following amendments be proposed and entered upon the respective journals of the Senate and House of Representatives, with the years and have taken thereon, and the Secretary of State be and he is authorized to publish the same in at least one newspaper in every parish in the State in which a newspaper shall be published, and said proposed amendments shall be submitted to the people, at said election, in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment, "For approval" or "Against approval," and in like manner as to the others; and if a majority of the voters, at said election, shall vote in favor of each amendment or amendments, the same shall be a part of the constitution, and be proclaimed as such by the Governor and Secretary of State.

1. The expenditures of each session of the General Assembly for per diem and mileage of members, for payment of officers and employees, and for contingent expenses, shall not exceed the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars; and members of the General Assembly shall receive five dollars a day during their attendance, and a mileage of ten cents for each mile between the residence of the member and his respective parish to the State Capitol.

2. The last sentence in article sixty-six of the constitution, which reads as follows: "Each of said districts shall be returned by the Governor within five days after it shall have been presented to him, it shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly by a two-thirds vote prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law unless signed and promulgated within twenty days after said adjournment."

3. The judicial powers heretofore vested in parish courts are hereby abrogated and withdrawn. The district courts of the State, outside the parish of Orleans, shall exercise the judicial powers in all cases when the amount in dispute exceeds one hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, and appellate jurisdiction over cases decided by justices of the peace when the amount in dispute exceeds fifty dollars, exclusive of interest. In criminal cases their jurisdiction shall be unimpaired, and they shall have full jurisdiction over matters of probate and succession. Each of said district courts shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars annually, payable quarterly on his own warrant. Justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction in civil cases when the amount in dispute does not exceed one hundred dollars, with power to pronounce judgment for that amount, and such interest, not to exceed eight per cent per annum, as may be proved, and shall have in addition to the criminal jurisdiction now vested in them, all such criminal jurisdiction as is now vested in parish courts. Clerks of the district courts shall have power to grant writs of arrest, attachment, sequestration, provisional seizure and injunction; to receive and probate wills; to appoint administrators, executors, tutors, and guardians in cases in which no opposition shall be made; to homologate accounts, tabeaus and schedules of debts when no opposition is made thereto, their judgments being only prima facie evidence

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AUCTION SALES.

By O. Valetton.

WRECK AND CARGO OF HOLLAND BARK THORWALD AT AUCTION.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE CONSUL OF HOLLAND, AND UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE PORT WARDEN.

BY O. VALETON, AUCTIONEER-OFFICE No. 91 and 95 Magazine street—MOBAY, July 21, 1876, at twelve o'clock M. will be sold, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street—

THE HOLLAND BARK THORWALD, of about 750 tons register, A. J. S. & L. in French Veneers, classed 1875 for five years, will be sold as she now lies between Ship and Cat Islands, Mississippi Sound, with all her tackle, sails and other belongings, with cargo of 300 loads of timber, except sawn timber and captain and crew's personal property.

For inventory and further particulars apply at the auctioneer's office.

Terms—Cash at the moment of adjudication.

By George Pearson.

SALE OF SIZED GOODS.

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS OFFICE, New Orleans, July 21, 1876.

BY GEORGE PEARSON, AUCTIONEER—In accordance with the provisions of section 2077 of the Revised Statutes, approved June 22, 1874, the following described seized goods will be sold at public auction, to wit:—

1. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

2. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

3. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

4. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

5. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

6. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

7. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

8. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

9. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue, Barthelemy, and Bourbon streets, measuring thirty feet on Delarue street, thirty feet on Bourbon street, and thirty feet on Barthelemy street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, lot number twenty-five.

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15. A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in square number 107, bounded by Delarue,