[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

adjourned to to-morrow where some conclusion will be reached if possible.

The legislative appropriation conference report good progress toward adjustment.

Naval Affairs.

The report of the majority of the Committee on Naval Affairs, concerning alleged abuses in the navy, etc., is signed by all the Democratic members and by Mr. Burleigh, Republican, the latter saying in a note that he signed the report as read, believing it to be in accordance with the evidence taken, and substantially just, but he has no sympathy with so much of the report as is of a partisan character.

The minority of the committee, Mr. Harris, of Massachusetts, and Mr. Danford, are now preparing their views upon the subject. The points of the majority report have been published.

THE WAR PATH.

Dispatches from General Sheridan and General Crook.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The following dispatches were received last night:

CHICAGO, July 23, 1876.

To General Sherman:

The following dispatch from General Crook is transmitted for your information. General Merritt will reach General Crook's camp on August 1 with ten companies of cavalry, instead of eight as at first contemplated. General Terry has moved his depot from north of Powder river to Big Horn or Rosebud, and has notified me of his intention to form a junction with Crook.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieutenant General.

HEADQUARTERS BIG HORN AND YELLOWSTONE EXPEDITION, Camp on Goose Creek, W. T., July 16, Via Fort Fetterman, W. T., July 22, 1876.

To General Sheridan, Chicago:

I send in a courier to-day to carry duplicates of my dispatch to General Merritt, for fear the originals may not have reached their destination. I send a courier to General Terry to-night to inform him that I will co-operate with him, and where to find me, also giving what information I have in regard to the Indians.

My intention is to move out after the hostiles as soon as Merritt gets here with the Fifth, and shall not probably send in any other courier unless something special should occur requring me to do so. I am getting anxious about Merritt's ability to reach me soon, as the grass is getting very dry, and the Indians are liable to burn it any day.

GEORGE CROOK,
Brigadier General.

Artillery Recruits Going to the Front.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 24.—Orders have been received by General Barry to get in readiness 100 recruits, which were attached to the artillery school, for instruction in May last. They will be assigned to other artillery companies now under orders for the West.

The Indians at the Agencies Transferred to the Military.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, on Saturday, telegraphed the Indian agents at Red Cloud and Spotted Tail to turn over their charges to the military officers at camps Robinson and Sheridan, respectively. This was done by the commissioner for the reason that he thought best, under present condition of affairs in the Indian country, to have perfect harmony between the military and civil officers near the agencies, and thus prevent any possible controversy between the officers at those points and the agents.

NEW YORK.

A Tornado at Rockaway.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Yesterday afternoon a tornado swept over Rockaway beach, the like of which has not been known there for thirty years. Several steamboats lying at the wharf were more or less damaged, and some of the restaurants were unroofed. No loss of life is reported.

Recovered from the Wrecked Yacht.

Frost Thorn, whose body was recovered from the Mohawk disaster, completes the list. He leaves a wife and two children.

Funeral of the Victims.

The funeral of Commodore and Mrs. Garner and Frost Thorn, victims of the Mohawk disaster, took place this afternoon from the Garner Mansion at New Brighton, Staten Island. A large attendance of the friends, and members of the yachting clubs were present. The remains were interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

Strike of Operatives.

Two hundred employes of Bannister & Silkenor, manufacturers, of Newark, struck against a reduction of wages.

WAR.

Non-Intervention Impossible—Roumania's Unreasonable Demands—Threat of Armed Intervention—An Austrian Consul Insulted—Items of the War.

LONDON, July 23.—The *Observer's* Berlin special at the Saltzburg interview says the Emperors William and Francis Joseph agreed that the maintenance of the policy of non-intervention was impossible, in view of the masses and bloodshed now occurring.

All the powers except Russia have declared Roumania's demands unreasonable.

The Servian Minister Milokaniez, has gone to Bucharest on a secret mission. The Selonistic Committee in Moscow has issued an address solemnly promising a general uprising of Russians and armed intervention if the Servians are defeated.

A Belgrade mob has insulted the Austrian consul general.

Osman Pasha's camp is twenty five miles from Widden.

The Servians remain on the Servian side of the Timock river. Cannon shots are occasionally exchanged. The Turks probably will not attack until a general advance is made along the line.

The irregulars attacked the Servian camp at Bregova on Saturday, and the fighting continues.

The Turkish gunboats are between Widden and Florentine, on the Danube.

It is stated that nowhere are the Servians more than one day's march outside of their frontiers. They have nowhere improved one step on their positions at the beginning of the month.

Servian prospects are gloomy. Their victories are merely in repulse of attacks; in other words, avoidance of defeat, not a foot of ground having been gained.

The Montenegrins Fight and Fly—Assurance of Peace.

PARIS, July 24.—The *Figaro* publishes a dispatch from Constantinople which says that the atrocities in Bulgaria continue, and numerous Barli Bazarks are arriving in that country from Asia. The Sultan's health is improved.

The rumor that the Emperor William had formed, at Salzburg, an unfavorable opinion relative to the maintenance of the peace of Europe is denied in well informed circles. It is asserted that the Emperor exchanged the most pacific assurance at the conference.

Another Account of the Battle.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 23.—The following news is official: A force of 5000 Montenegrins attacked the Turkish post at Bauzana. The Montenegrins, after a sanguinary engagement fled to their entrenchments. They had 200 killed.

Mr. Elliott, the British minister, has gone to Besika bay to visit the fleet.

A Repulse of the Turks—Change of Base.

BELGRADE, July 24.—An official dispatch says the Turks attacked on the twenty-first instant a Servian redoubt at Little Zwordick, which commands the Turkish bank of the Drina, and renders communication difficult between Belina and Great Zwordick. They were repulsed. The Turks were also routed on the twenty-seventh instant on Timock river, near Rayitiniza.

The general staff officers have decided that General Tchernayoff shall abandon all Palanka and Babinaglava and, therefore, all positions hitherto held, which could be easily taken by Abdul-Kerim.

The story of an insult having been offered to the Austrial consul general there is denied.

The Turks Hold Their Own.

MANCHESTER, July 24.—The *Guardian* has a dispatch from Kalafata, a walled town on the Danube, nearly opposite Widden, dated Saturday, saying: "I have just returned from Isoor. The Turks are unable to take the offensive until reinforced, but have a sufficient number of troops to hold their positions and repulse Servian attacks. The total Turkish losses for the past ten days have been 300 men killed and 560 wounded. The Servians lost fully 2500 men, with five cannon.

FOREIGN.

Spoken.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—The steamer St. Louis, from New Orleans, reports on July 14, latitude 43°, longitude 47°, spoke the Dory Centennial, from Gloucester for Liverpool.

Suicide of a Banker.

LONDON, July 24.—A letter from Rome says a well known banker named Baldwin drowned himself in the Tiber. Liabilities $450,000; assets $90,000.

Don Pedro.

The Emperor of Brazil has gone to Brussels.

Negotiating a New Treaty.

Reuter's Telegram Company learns that Lord Derby and United States Minister Pierrepont have commenced negotiating a new extradition treaty.

The Lord Lieutenant.

It is stated that the Duke of Marlborough has succeeded the Duke of Abercorn as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Anxious to be Relieved.

The *Gaulois* says Count Schoewaloff, Russian ambassador to Great Britain, insists upon being recalled, as his position in London is intolerable.

The Extradition Question.

In the House of Lords this afternoon Earl Granville called attention to the extradition question. He said the act of 1870 could have no effect on the treaty of 1842. The only advantage derived from Earl Derby's course was the questionable enjoyment of society by certain American citizens until they are arrested for cheating or robbing some one here. He hoped the government would soon find an issue from the deadlock. He also advised remedial legislation.

Earl Derby's arguments in reply to Earl Granville were similar to those already published in correspondence. He said negotiations were now going on, with hopes of a speedy success; in the meantime the government is concerting means to tide over the interval.

The Earl of Kimberly, Lord Coleridge and Earl Grey supported Earl Granville.

The debate was adjourned in consequence of the illness of Lord Cairns, chancellor, who was taken suddenly ill while speaking.

The Crop Prospects.

The *Mark Lane Express* says: The prospects of a good wheat crop now seem certain of fulfillment. Hay has been gathered in excellent condition, though not quite as plentiful as it would have been with a more favorable spring. The root crops are now suffering for rain. The French and German wheat crops are satisfactory both in quality and quantity. The local trade exhibits continued depression. Wheat has declined one shilling per quarter, and will probably go lower. Floating cargoes have shared the general depression and declined one shilling and one shilling six pence, but the number offering has been steadily reduced. The current lower rates must check shipments.

Opposition to the Deputies.

VERSAILLES, July 24.—Many Senators belonging to the party of the right seem disposed to push the campaign against the Chamber of Deputies. A large party in the Senate appear inclined to reject the municipal bill.

From the West Indies.

HAVANA, July 24.—Advices from St. Thomas, under date of the seventeenth, report business exceedingly dull. American silver is eight per cent discount as against gold.

San Domingo advices are to the effect that everything is quiet. The tobacco crop is just beginning to come in, and will be small. The market opened at fair prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

High Water in the Red River.

SHREVEPORT, July 24.—The water is now within one foot of the spring rise. Some low places along the narrow river below here are partially under water. A further rise of two feet would do serious damage. The upper river at Fulton has fallen four feet six inches in the last forty-eight hours. The fall at Carolina Bluffs up to this evening was two inches, and the fall should reach here to-morrow. No material damage has befallen the crops along Old river, but from the Raft to Fulton the destruction has been fearful. Competent judges estimate the loss of cotton by the late flood in the upper river at 20,000 bales.

A Boat Load of Children Drowned.

ST. JOSEPH, July 24.—Joseph Cross, with five girls, were boating on the lake near this city; a girl reached for the water and capsized the boat. All were drowned but Cross. They were Germans aged from seven to sixteen years.

A Cincinnati Company that Marched to Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—At eleven o'clock this morning the Cincinnati Light Guard arrived at the encampment near the exhibition grounds, having marched the entire distance from Cincinnati, the time occupied en route being twenty-nine days. They remain about three weeks.

A Strike at Philadelphia.

The journeymen vessel riggers struck today against the proposed reduction of wages from $3 50 to $3 per day. Nearly all the shops along the wharves were deserted.

Champion Wrestlers.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—A contest between Threband Bauer, a Frenchman, and William Miller, an Englishman, for the championship in wrestling and $1000, came off to-night at Ford's Opera House. Three thousand persons were present. Both men were in excellent condition. The first round was finished by Bauer, throwing Miller. Time—58 minutes.

The second round was called at 9:45. Miller seized Bauer by the neck and after a struggle of four minutes forced him to the floor, gaining the round. Round the third and last was called at ten o'clock. Miller, after several feints, again grasped Bauer by the neck, and after a fierce struggle of fourteen minutes succeeded in landing Bauer on the floor and winning the match. Bauer was the favorite at the commencement.

Killed in a Cloud-Burst.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—A dispatch from Eureka says that about nine o'clock last night a cloud burst on the Diamond Range mountains, thirteen miles east of here, which resulted in the death of thirteen Chinese woodchoppers, and probably a large number of Italians camped in the canon getting out timber. The Italians were camped a short distance above, and as no trace can be found it is feared that all perished.

A Bloody Fight.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—At Warsaw, Kentucky, last night, Rube Spencer was shot four times by John Holton, and the latter was cut by Spencer in the side, face, neck and breast. Spencer can not live, and Holton's recovery is doubtful. Cause of the quarrel is unknown.

Probabilities.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Office Chief Signal Officer, Washington, July 24, 1876—4:30 P. M.

For the Gulf States and Tennessee, local rains and partly cloudy weather, northeast to southeast winds, slight rise in barometer and stationary or rising temperature. Red river will continue to rise, and probably reach the danger line at Shreveport Tuesday night.

River and Marine News.

SOUTHWEST PASS, July 24, 6 P. M.—Barometer 29.50. Wind south, fresh. Weather cloudy. No arrivals. Sailed—Steamship Vanguard.

SHREVEPORT, July 24.—Weather partly cloudy, with mercury at 88°. Arrived—R. T. Bryarly, from New Orleans, and left for Jefferson. The river rose three feet one inch in the last forty-eight hours.

VICKSBURG, July 24.—Weather fair and warm. River stationary. Up—Robert Mitchell, at 5 P. M. Arrived—Natchez, at 6 P. M. In port—Piasa.

MEMPHIS, July 24.—River fell four inches, and now stands twenty-six feet seven inches. Rainy. Thermometer ranging from 70° to 80°. Arrived—White, from Vicksburg. Departed—Arlington, for Cincinnati; Baker, for Ohio river; Commonwealth, for New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—River eleven feet and falling. Weather clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.—No arrivals or departures except local packets. River twenty-four feet and falling. Weather clear and cool.

EVANSVILLE, July 24.—River ten feet two inches and falling. Rain in the morning and clear weather to-night.

LOUISVILLE, July 24.—River falling; six feet in the canal. Weather clear and cool.

CAIRO, July 24.—No arrivals. Departed—City of Vicksburg, for Vicksburg, at 9 P. M.; Atlantic, for New Orleans, at 3 A. M. River twenty-eight feet ten inches and falling. Weather clear and cool.

PITTSBURG, July 24.—River three feet five inches and falling. Weather cloudy and cool.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 24—Evening.—Stocks dull, a little better tone.

Sub treasurer balances—Gold $33,792,816; currency $30,491 185.

The Sub-treasurer paid out $204,000 on account of interest and $8000 for bonds.

Customs receipts to day, $213,000.

Cotton closed firmer; middling uplands 11 11-16c; Orleans 11⅞c; sales to-day 432 bales; net receipts 51; gross 773; consolidated net receipts 2224; exports to Great Britain 4214.

Futures closed weak; sales 15,500 bales, as follows: July 11 23-32@11¾c; August 11 23-32@11¾c; September 11⅝@11 21-32c; October 11 7-16c; November 11 11-32@11⅜c; December 11⅜c; January 11⅝@11 17-32c; February 11 21-32@11 11-16c; March 11 27-32@11⅞c; April 11 31-32@12c; May 12 3-32@12⅛c; June 12⅛@12 9-32c.

Flour steady; little better inquiry; prices, however, without decided change. Southern flour more active; common to fair extra $4 65@5 75; good to choice do $5 80@6. Wheat dull, without decided change; limited export demand for sail and steamer grades, which are scarce; $1 20 for new amber Ohio, the first of the season. Corn 5c better; good export and fair home trade demand; 55½c for graded mixed; 55@55½c for high mixed and yellow Western. Oats fully 1c better; more doing; 25@41c for mixed Western and State. Coffee—Rio quiet; 14¾@17¾c, gold, for cargoes; 14½@18c, gold, for job lots. Sugar quiet and steady 8½@8¾c for fair to good refining. Molasses—Grocery grades quiet and unchanged. Rice unchanged; moderate demand. Tallow firm; 8⅜@8¾. Turpentine and rosin steady. Pork lower; better export demand; new mess $19 75@20, closing at $19 75. Lard opened lower; afterward became a shade better; closed heavy; old Western steam 11.25c. Whisky quiet; $1 13. Freights without decided change.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.—Flour unsettled; very little doing. Wheat lower; No. 2 red fall $1 24¼ bid. Corn easier; 41c bid for regular; 41¼c for August. Oats unsettled and lower; No. 2 30c bid. Rye lower; 50@52c. Whisky steady and unchanged. Pork lower; jobbing at $19 50. Lard dull and nominal. Bulk meats dull and nominal. Bacon easier; shoulders 8⅝@8¾c; clear rib sides 10⅞@11c; clear sides 11¼c; clear sides settled at 11@11½c and sold last half of August at 11¾c. Hogs firmer for heavy grades; bacon $5 10@5 25. Cattle steady and unchanged.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—Flour dull; family $4 50@5 50. Wheat steady; red $1 16. Corn dull at 46@47c. Oats quiet and steady at 26@29½c. Rye dull at 67@68c. Barley dull and unchanged. Pork dull and nominal at $19 50@19 75. Lard firmer and quiet; steam rendered 11c; kettle 12⅛@13c. Bulk meats inactive; shoulders 7¾c; clear rib 10c; clear sides 10½c. Bacon—Shoulders dull at 8¾c; sides in fair demand and firm; clear rib 11.20@11.25c; clear sides 11.50@11.62½c. Hogs steady and firm; heavy $5 70@5 90. Whisky steady and in good demand at $1 10. Butter firmer; choice Western Reserve 16@18c. Central Ohio 15c.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Flour dull. Wheat easier; 83¼c. Corn firm and unchanged. Oats firm; a shade higher; No. 2 28¾c. Rye firmer; fresh 56c. Barley dull; 50@51c. Pork lower; $18 45@18 47½. Lard fairly active; a shade higher; 10.45c. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky $1 10½.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, July 24, 4 P. M.—Futures firm; delivery uplands, any port, low middling clause, July 5 29-32d; October and November 6 1-32d; new crop; shipment, uplands, any port, low middling clause, by sail, November and December 6 1-16d. Silver very firm; 49½.

The Temperature.

The thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, for the past two days stood as follows:

July 23—At 8 A. M., 81°; at 2 P. M., 92°; at 6 P. M., 86°.

July 24—At 8 A. M., 86°; at 2 P. M., 91°; at 6 P. M., 91°.

Lowest point during the nights of July 22 and 23, 74°.

End of the Fast Mail Service.

After to-day the fast mail service becomes a thing of the past. In accordance with their determination, announced last week, the managers of the New York Central and Hudson River and of the Pennsylvania railroads decline to continue the fast mail trains over their roads for the reduced compensation provided by Congress, and have informed the Postoffice Department that, beginning with to-morrow, mails must be dispatched on the ordinary mail trains. Mr. Vail, superintendent of the railway mail service, who is staying in the city for the purpose of making the necessary changes, says the withdrawal of the fast trains will be felt in New England, the interior of New York and in all the States of the Northwest. In Pennsylvania, Ohio and the Southwest, Eastern mails will be delivered with with nearly as much promptness as before—one of the best mail trains over the Pennsylvania railroad, that leaving at 6 P. M., being continued as heretofore. A way and through mail is also dispatched over the Erie route at 7 P. M., which will accommodate the southern interior towns of this State, and a through mail is sent over the New York Central railroad at 8 P. M. The towns along the New York Central which were served with New York mails by the postal car train the same day, under the new arrangement will not be reached by the way trains until the following day. The time between New York and Chicago will be greatly lengthened; for instance, mails leaving here on Monday which formerly reached Chicago on Tuesday morning, will not be distributed there until Wednesday morning. The same difference will be experienced in St. Louis and other Western points. The removal of the postal car train will add greatly to the work in the New York office, as the mails which were formerly distributed in the cars will have to be sorted at this office. The time for the closing of the mails will remain as before, but to facilitate the work at the office Postmaster James will request business houses to get their mail matter to the office as early as practicable.—*New York Tribune, July 21.*

A School of Dressmaking.

A lady of rank in Paris has, it is said, started a school for the purpose of teaching young ladies in society how to do their own dressmaking on correct and even scientific principles. A skillful modiste is engaged to give two lessons per week, of one hour each, to the class, who practice at home between times, and many of them show a genius for the work which will shortly make them expert. Why can not several of such schools be established for the benefit of fashionable young ladies in this country? It would be more rapid, and to many of them more interesting work than drawing, or painting, or wood carving, or lace making. Why can not we have schools of dressmaking as well as schools of cookery? One is as useful as the other, while the money saved in the families would be a consideration. American girls need something to do; that is conceded, and how many make poor singers and dreadful readers and unappreciated writers, who would make excellent dressmakers. Besides, there is no need to inform the world of their mission. They can put their taste and skill to real practical use, and no one be the wiser. They can save the ten, twenty, thirty, forty or fifty dollars they pay for having a dress made and get a second one, or put the money in the bank for a wedding portion. American girls are pretty, but as a rule they are the most utterly useless of human beings. They toil not, neither do they spin, yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these. It may well be a serious question to any man whether he can afford to marry one of them. They can neither help him nor themselves; they expect all of the good things of this world to fall into their laps without even reaching out their hands for them. A fashionable school for dressmaking would be a very good thing; that is a school that was made fashionable by the auspices under which it was opened. One of the truest of charities and philanthropies would be such a school, superintended by some lady in high position, who would attract young women to it and take as much trouble for it as for a "rosebud" dinner party.—*Washington Correspondent Cincinnati Commercial.*

In the court of Alabama claims, in the following cases, the court announced that its members were unable to agree upon judgments for various reasons, and suggested to counsel the taking of further proof: For loss of merchandise, case No. 1650, Mary A. Kaiser, New Orleans; No. 1877, James C. Marsden, New Orleans; No. 1697, A. Marinoni, New Orleans.

A book agent has been lately shot and killed at Austin, Texas. It appears he angered an old citizen by urging him to buy after being told no book was wanted. Literature can not stand long against a shotgun.

Brevity is the soul of wit and commonsense is the body.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN, MONDAY EVENING, July 24, 1876.

The offerings for discount were of fair extent today, but not quite as general as in the latter part of last week, with the rates of commercial paper unchanged. Gold was quiet but steady, with a limited business at previous rates. Foreign exchange gave way a fraction on sterling, but francs were unchanged, and the movement was confined to a few sales of the former. New York sight was quiet and firm. Stock were dull. State consols were quiet, and ruled at about previous rates, while city premium bonds, though in fair request, were a little lower than on Saturday.

We continue to quote exceptional paper at 3@— ⅌ cent ⅌ annum discount; Al do at 10@12, and second grade at 15@18. First class mortgages rule at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, and second grade are quoted entirely nominal.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
July 22	$495,546 61	$113 051 16
July 24	548,687 20	47,957 16
Thus far this week	$1,044,233 81	$160,983 25
Same time last week	1,334,179 23	289,434 01
Total last week	3,954,235 83	729,264 71
Total week before	4,865,811 85	693 758 30

Gold opened at 111⅝@111⅞, against 111⅝ at New York, and after a limited business, closed at the opening rates in both markets. The sales were confined to $1000 and $6000 at 111⅞.

No sales of silver were reported, and quotations continued entirely nominal.

Foreign exchange was a little lower for sterling, but without any change in francs. The only sales of sterling were £3000 bill of lading at $5 43, and £1200 A1 clear at $5 44.

No sales of francs were reported.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at $5 43@5 44 for bill of lading and A1 clear, and —@$5 48 for bank (bank counter rate, —@$5 48½), and francs at —@4.66¼ for commercial and nominal for bank.

New York sight was quiet and firm. The sales comprised $75,000, embracing $25,000 private bankers' at ¼ ⅌ cent premium; $20,000 and $20,000 bank at 9 32, and $10,000, private bankers' at 5-16.

The banks continued to check on New York at ¼ ⅌ cent premium, and commercial sight was still quoted at ¼@—.

The following is the official statement of the sales reported to-day at the New Orleans Stock Exchange:

$10,000 City premium bonds.....35¼
5,000 City premium bonds.....35¼
5,500 City premium bonds.....35½
14,000 City premium bonds.....35¾

The sales of securities not reported at the Exchange included $10,000 city premium bonds at 35¾.

Stocks were dull. On Saturday, not before reported, 25 shares St. Charles Street Railroad sold at $73 50, 8 shares New Orleans City Railroad at $126 50, 16 shares do at $120, 10 shares Carrollton Railroad at $108, 25 shares Merchants' Insurance Company at $47 50, and 37 shares Southern Bank at —.

State consols were quiet, and still quoted at 61½@62.

City premium bonds, though in fair request, were a little lower, ruling at 35¾@35¾.

Nothing was reported in old city bonds, city scrip or State warrants.

COMMERCIAL.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 1350 bales, at rather stronger prices, without requiring any change in our quotations. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

AMERICAN STANDARD OF CLASSIFICATION.

	General quotations.	Exchange quotations.
Inferior	6⅛@6½	—
Low ordinary	6¾@7⅛	7
Ordinary	7⅞@8⅜	8
Strict ordinary	8¼@8½	—
Good ordinary	9 @9¾	9¾
Strict good ordinary	9½@9¾	—
Low middling	10⅛@10¼	10⅜
Strict low middling	10⅝@10⅞	—
Middling	11 @11⅛	11¼
Strict middling	11⅛@11½	—
Good middling	12 @12½	12¾
Middling fair	Nominal.	—
Fair	Nominal.	—

The market opened under the influence of favorable telegrams from Liverpool and New York, and although the movement was checked by factors being more stringent in their pretensions, yet a fair business was done during the morning at full prices, without any quotable advance, after which parties came together moore freely, and the entire sales summed up the amount noted above. In most cases buyers reported prices strong without any quotable improvement, but in others they were unable to go on unless at an advance which they were unwilling to pay. Had the demand been met freely at Saturday's figures, the business would no doubt have been on a more liberal scale. Upon the whole there was a stronger leaning to outside rates and our inside figures represent mixed lists and other neglected kinds of the various grades.

The dispatches reported Liverpool buoyant at an advance of 1-16c, with sales of 15,000 bales and arrivals 1 32d higher. Havre firmer and tending up, but without any quotable change, and New York firmer for spots at previous rates, and somewhat irregular for futures, which ruled during the morning at 1-32@1-32d higher, but closed weak at a net improvement of only 1-32c on some months, and at Saturday's rates on others. Sterling exchange gave way a fraction.

At noon to-day middling was quoted at Galveston at 11c, at Mobile at 10¾c, at Savannah at 10¾c, at Charleston at 11c, at Wilmington at 10¾c, at Norfolk at 10⅞c, at Baltimore at 11⅛c, at New York at 11 11-16c, at Boston at 11¾c, at Memphis at 10¾@11c, and at Augusta at 10⅞c.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports) 9014 bales, embracing 3558 for Liverpool, 4018 for Havre, 584 for Bremen, 751 for the Mediterranean, and 203 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 M., 43,000 bales. Estimated amount unsold 41,986 bales, a large part of which is withheld from the market.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 1300 bales. Market strong."

COTTON STATEMENT.

		Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1875		None. 9,976
Arrived since last statement	521	
Arrived previously (including city bailings)	1,590,562	—1,591,083
Total		1,601,059
Cleared to-day		None.
Cleared previously		1,547,304
Consumed at Lehman, Abraham & Co.'s mill	776	
Burned in steamers	594	—1,549,174
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared		51,885
Same time last year		24,131

Receipts proper since Saturday evening 507 bales, against 510 on last Sunday and Monday and 107 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 551 bales, against 648 last week and 183 last year, and since August 31 of 1,410,980 bales, against 994,297 last year—increase 416,683.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. Saturday to 12 M. to-day 1563 bales, against 1259 last week and 386 last year, and since Friday 2244 bales, against 2119 last week and 702 last year. Total since August 31, 4,084,012 bales, against 3,450,931 up to Saturday noon, July 24, last year—increase 633,081.

Exports (Friday and Saturday) to Great Britain 4214 bales, against 4206 last week and 1670 last year, and to the continent, none, against none last week, and 3193 bales last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports, made up to 12 M., 218 720 bales, against 222 021 last week and 151 831 last year.

TOBACCO—The negotiation previously noticed as pending was closed to-day, the sale covering 1000 hhds, understood to be for a French contract agency at New York. The sales in addition this were 13 hhds (6 and 7), and late on Saturday, not reported until to-day, 30 hhds. The estimated amount on sale is now reduced to 3800 hhds. Nothing has transpired to indicate any quotable change in prices, but the crop accounts from the West are well calculated to strengthen the market. We repeat our quotations, as follows: Low lugs 5½@6c; medium to good lugs 6⅛@7½c; low leaf 8@9½c; medium 10@11½c; good 12@13c; fine 13½@15c; selections 15½@18c, and Africans —@16½c. Received since Saturday evening, 56 hhds; exported 3 by rail, stock on hand by our running statement 13,395 hhds.

FREIGHTS—A vessel was taken up for tobacco, port not mentioned. Sail rates for Liverpool appear to be rather firmer. We continue to quote as follows:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d; corn per bushel 10d; cotton to New York ⅜c; to Boston, Providence, Fall River and Philadelphia, via New York, ⅝c.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool, ⅝d; to Havre, 1c; to Bremen 1⅜c; corn to Liverpool, per bushel 10d.

SUGAR—Received this morning 151 hhds. The demand is good at very strong prices, and nearly 200 hhds sold at 8⅜c for common; 8¾c for good common; 8¾c for fair, 9c for good fair; 9⅛@9⅜c for fully fair; 9½@9¾c for prime; 10c for choice; 10⅜@10½c for yellow clarified, and 10½@11c for white clarified. The stock has become much reduced.

MOLASSES—There were no receipts this morning. Nothing doing, and the market is quoted nominally at 25@35c for inferior to common; 45@50c for fair; 50@55c for strictly prime, and 55@57c for choice. Stock in the sheds 700 bbls.

CITY REFINERY SUGAR—Is selling on orders at 11⅜c for standard A in bbls; 12c for granulated, powdered and crushed, and 12¾c for cut loaf.

CITY REFINERY MOLASSES—Is selling on orders at 40c for common; 45c for fair; 50c for prime; 55c for choice and 80@85c for golden syrup.

FLOUR—Only a boat has come in, from Cincinnati, since Saturday, and the receipts are confined to 1255 bbls, mostly good grade flour, in small lots, to various consignees. The demand for fresh flour continues good and in excess of the supplies which were mostly all realized on at once. Two lots were in treaty this morning for Cuba, subject to freight room, one of which, 300 bbls sold, this afternoon on private terms, and 1300 bbls sold in the local trade, comprising 50 bbls unsound, at $2 25; 100 do at $2 50; 50 double extra at $4 75; 25 low treble extra at $5; 50 and 50 do at $5 25; 100 do at $5 37½; 34 choice treble extra at $6; 119 do at $6 37½; 25 do at $6 50; 25 do at $6 75; 25 choice extra at $7 25; 25 and 25 do at $7 50; and 600 bbls to dealers on private terms. The supplies are very light for the reason that very little new wheat is as yet in perfect condition to grind. Unsound flour is quoted at $2 50@4 50 ⅌ bbl; sound $3 25@3 50 for common; $3 75@4 for fine; $4 25 for superfine; $4 50@4 75 for double extra; $5@5 25 for low treble extra; $5 50@5 75 for good treble extra; $6@6 50 for choice treble extra; and $6 75@7 50 for choice and family extra.

CORN MEAL—Small stock and none coming in; but little or no demand. Holders are asking $2 80@2 85 ⅌ bbl in lots and jobbing at $3 ⅌ bbl.

GRITS—Command $3 85 ⅌ bbl, on the landing, and sell in job lots, in store at $4@4 10 ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—There is a stock on hand of about 8000 bushels and there were further receipts this morning of 509 sacks from Tennessee, and 173 sacks from Texas. We are informed that supplies of Texas and Tennessee can be furnished to any extent. The market is quoted at $1 30 ⅌ bushel for white in sacks and $1 25 for red, with a good demand for export for No. 2 wheat. Purchases are retarded at the moment by the lack of export freight room. The demand here is governed mostly by the supply of export connage. All the receipts of wheat this season were in sacks and the sales were make sacks included. Two and a half bushel sacks (not larger), made of heavy osnaburgs, we learn, have the preference for export. "California wheat sacks" are very desirable. For full information as to how shipments of wheat should be made, farmers may refer to the rules observed in the older, Western, Northern and Eastern markets.

CORN IN BULK—Very little on hand, the supply being confined to 30,000 bushels which came in on Saturday. It is offered at 53c ⅌ bushel, but the demand is retarded by the absence of export freight room.

PORK—The stock on hand is small and the receipts are light but there is no demand, and mess is quoted nominally at $21@21 25 ⅌ bbl, as in weight and brand. Dealers are jobbing at $21 75@22 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—Good supply of shoulders and no demand. They are quoted in lots at 8¼@8½c for summer and winter cured respectively, and are jobbing at 8¾c ⅌ lb.

BACON—No demand, and quoted nominally at 9¼@9½c for shoulders; 11½c for clear rib sides, and 12c for clear sides. Dealers are job at ⅛c above these prices.

HAMS—Small size choice sugar-cured continue scarce and in demand for Cuba at 15½c; medium size command 15@15½c; large size 14@15c ⅌ lb, as in brand.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is in fair supply and selling at 14@14½c. A lot of 5 boxes sold at 14c ⅌ lb.

LARD—The supply is light, but the demand is confined to the local trade at 12⅛@12½c for tierce refined; 13½c for keg, and 13½@13¾c for bucket.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS—Are selling in job lots on orders at $19@19 50 for prime mess, $17 for extra prime, $18 50@19 ⅌ bbl for rump, and $11 ⅌ half bbl for pig pork. No family clear on hand, it is called for.

WHISKY—Rectified is selling in small lots at $1 13 ⅌ gallon for Louisiana and Western, Bourbon is in light supply and fair demand.

COW PEAS—The season is over and the few left on hand are selling on orders at 65@60c ⅌ bushel for mixed and 75c for clay.

CORN IN SACKS—Owing to a large stock on hand of yellow and scarcely any inquiry for it, prices have fallen 5c ⅌ bushel. The supply of mixed and white is also large, but prices for these are unchanged and the demand continues moderate. 1600 sacks sold, of which 150 mixed at 61c; 200 choice white at 63c and 150 choice yellow at 64c, to the city trade, and 1000 yellow at 60 for Cuba; 50 white mixed at 60c and 60 do at 61c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—The supply is good with a limited demand, and prices are weak. 850 sacks sold, of which 100 St. Louis at 40c; 750 Gallena at 43c, and 150 do at 47c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in fair supply and dull. Prices have declined 2½c ⅌ 100 lbs. 100 sacks sold at 70c ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Fair supply, the demand is limited and prices are about the same. 170 bales choice sold at $23 ⅌ ton.

BUTTER—Good supply and dull. Choice Western is quoted at 18c; medium 14@16c; choice Goshen 30c; medium 22@25c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Small lots are selling slowly. Choice Western is quoted at 9c; New York cream 15@15½c ⅌ lb.

COAL OIL—Selling in bbls at 18@20c; in cases 24@26c ⅌ gallon.

IMPORTED FRUITS AND NUTS—Very little on hand and a moderate demand. Lemons are selling at $8 50 ⅌ box; raisins, quarter boxes, 70c; half boxes, $1 50; boxes, $2 80; citron, 22@23c ⅌ lb; currants, 7c; Brazil nuts, 10c; dates, 6¾@7c; almonds, 16@18c; filberts, 11@11¾c; walnuts, 11@14c ⅌ lb; cocoanuts $25 ⅌ 1000; bananas, $1@3 ⅌ bunch; pineapples $1 75@2 ⅌ dozen.

NAVAL STORES—Remain quiet at unchanged prices. Spirits turpentine is quoted at 28c ⅌ gallon. Rosin—D and K quoted at $2, F and G $2@2 25, M $4 25@—, N $4 75@5 ⅌ bbl. Pitch $2 40@2 75; tar $2 25@2 75 ⅌ bbl.

OAK STAVES—The market is excessively dull. Pipe, 60 inch are quoted at $150@160; extra pipe 56 inch $145@150; light pipe 56 to 60 inch $100@110; claret 40 inch $85@90 ⅌ 1200.

COOPERAGE—Molasses barrels are quoted at $1 20; half barrels 85@90c; kegs 60c; sugar hogsheads $3@3 50 a piece; hogshead poles $38@40; barrel poles $20 ⅌ 1000.

MOSS—Receipts are selling slowly at 1@1½c ⅌ lb for gray; 2@2½c for gray mixed, and 4@5c for black.

BAGGING—The retail demand is limited. Wholesale lots are quoted at 13@13½c for domestic jute; job lots 13½@13¾c, Indian 11c ⅌ yard.

RICE—Is quiet. We quote Louisiana No. 2 at 2½@3c; common 4@4¼c; ordinary 4⅜@4½c; fair 5@5½c; good 5¾@6c; prime 6¼@6½c ⅌ lb. The new rice previously noticed by us was sold to day at auction on Orange. A bbl of it, classed strictly prime, sold at 8c. The other bbl, classed choice sold at 3c ⅌ lb to the local trade.

IRON COTTON TIES—The arrow tie is selling at $3