(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

going article, says: "With such evidence as this affords of the attitude of England, Russian opinion is only too likely to be content. That it will be utterly and most dangerously mistaken, we need not say; but a mistake of this kind has already once in the history of the two nations been detected too late, and in any case it is disquieting to find that Russia is entering upon a difficult and critical negotiation under as profound a delusion as to the temper of this country, as that which precipitated the Crimean war.

"The *Times* article concludes with an argument in favor of a conference not committed to inevitable failure. It believes that guarantees satisfactory to Russia, and possibly to Turkey, may be arranged. If Russia renounces all attempts at settlement, which the *Times* does not believe likely, England would be free in the future, and have the satisfaction of knowing she was not responsible for the failure. The experiences of the past discredit the suggestion that Turkey might reject the proposals recommended by the joint authority of Europe, but should it be realized Russia would be only too ready to act as the executive officer of a confederation of the European powers."

A Railroad Swindler Sentenced.

A Reuter telegram from Moscow says that Dr. Strausberg and the officials of the Moscow Commercial Loan Bank, recently convicted of irregularities, have been sentenced as follows: Dr. Strausberg to banishment from Russia, Landau Poljanski and Barrisowsky to banishment to Tomsk and Olnetz, and Schumacher to one month's imprisonment.

Dispatches from the Czar.

The *Central News* states that a messenger from Livaida passed through Dover to-day with dispatches from the Czar to Queen Victoria.

Gortschakoff's Circular.

A Reuter's telegram from St. Petersburg contains the following: Prince Gortschakoff's circular, dated November 13, is published in the official gazette. It says mobilization has been ordered, in view of the acts of violence in Turkey, which still continue to be perpetrated, notwithstanding all efforts of the Russian government.

An imperial ordinance has also been issued sanctioning the formation of six army corps composed of divisions stationed in the districts of Kiev, Kharkow and Odessa. The active army will comprise four divisions and will be under the command of the Czar's brother, Grand Duke Nicolas Nicolaeaevitch, with Adjutant General Napokoitschitzky as chief of staff, Prince Massalsky, commander of artillery, and Major General Depp, chief of engineers. The commanders of the various corps are Prince Barklai Von Tolli Weimann, Lieutenant General Radetsky, Baron Von Krevedener, Prince Woronzoff, Prince Schackoffski and General Wannowsky.

Lord Derby Congratulated.

BRUSSELS, November 14—*Le Nord* says the English proposals for a conference is to support the integrity of the Ottoman empire, not its independence.

Le Nord congratulates Lord Derby on having excluded from his proposals a formula which is incompatible with existing facts, and which the decision of the conference would necessarily set aside. The form of the English proposal gives reason to hope that England will not refuse assent to any guarantees really indispensable.

Tchernayeff on Leave of Absence.

BELGRADE, November 14.—The Russian consul general here has informed General Tchernayeff the Czar forbids his return to Russia. General Tchernayeff will go on leave of absence to Vienna to-morrow.

Marine.

WEXFORD, November 14—The brig Oromocto is aground in South Bay. Three of the crew were drowned.

Loss of Life at the Burning of the Madrid Theatre.

MADRID, November 14.—Two lives were lost at the burning of the Circus Theatre.

English Officers at Constantinople—The New Currency.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 14.—Several English officers of the corps of royal engineers have arrived here.

The third million Turkish pounds of the new paper currency is about to be issued.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Protestant Episcopal Church Congress.

BOSTON, November 14.—The third church congress of the Protestant Episcopal Church opened this morning at St. Paul's Church. Bishop Poddock called the congress to order, and delivered the opening address. Rev. Samuel Osgood, of New York, read a paper on the true place of art in Christianity.

Meeting of the Alabama Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, November 14.—The Legislature was convened to-day. Nearly every member was present. The Democratic caucus nominated S. W. Cobb President of the Senate, and N. N. Clements Speaker of the House. Governor's message to-morrow.

Burned Cotton at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 14—From the best information obtainable 1800 bales of cotton were destroyed and some 250 bales were damaged; thirty-eight cars were totally destroyed; twenty barrels of whisky and a large quantity of bacon, lumber, fertilizers, cotton ties and buckles also destroyed. The railroad officials can not give positive figures yet. Most of the cotton burned was through cotton.

Marine.

BERWICK, November 14.—The ship Caroline Agnes Shields, for New Orleans, was wrecked. Six persons were drowned.

PORTLAND, Me., November 14.—The bark Roberts, from Wilmington, North Carolina, for Hull, was towed here after grounding outside the breakwater. She reports having snapped three anchors and unshipped her rudder. The ship's bottom is supposed to be damaged.

Held for Extradition.

PHILADELPHIA, November 14.—Max Cohen, the alleged defaulter of the firm in Meminger, Saxony, was arrested on debarking from the Indiana, and held for extradition.

They've Spotted Him.

MEMPHIS, November 14.—Gentlemen arriving in this city to-night from St. Louis say that General Phil Sheridan and staff, in citizen's dress, passed over the New Orleans, St. Louis and Chicago railway today, en route to New Orleans. They will arrive at New Orleans at eleven o'clock tomorrow morning.

Probabilities.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, November 14, 1876—4:30 P. M.

For the South Atlantic States, warmer southeast to southwest winds, falling barometer, increasing cloudiness, and possibly rain will prevail, attending a storm centre to the northward.

For the East Gulf States, increasing southwest winds possibly veering to cooler northwest, falling, followed by rising barometer, cloudy and rainy weather

For the Western Gulf States, diminishing northerly winds, stationary or higher temperature, partly cloudy and clearing weather, and in the southern portion stationary or rising, but in the northern portion falling barometer.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, falling barometer, cloudy and rainy weather attending a storm centre, and followed by colder northeast to northwest winds, rising barometer, and partly cloudy weather.

For the Middle States, increasing northeast winds; rising barometer, cooler, cloudy and rainy weather, except in the southern portions falling barometer attending a storm centre.

River and Marine News.

SOUTHWEST PASS, November 14.—Wind southeast. Arrived—British ship George Bell, Rose, master, sixty-five days from Greenock, Scotland, to master; ship Kate Davenport, Mallet, master, seventy-five days from Liverpool, to master; British ship Alexandrovana, Churchill, master, fifty-three days from Havre, to master; British bark Granville Belle, Purdy, master, fifty-seven days from Liverpool, to master; British bark W. H Jenkins, Rogers, master, sixty-five days from Hamburg, to master; brig Lewis L. Squires, Baker, master, eighteen days from New York, to master; schooner Lily of the Valley, Leith, master, from Ruatan; Norwegian bark Alma, Thorbiornson, master, fifty-nine days from Milford, to master; British bark Glasgow, Moore, master fifty-three days from Greenock, Scotland, to De Wolf, Powell & Co., for orders. Sailed—Ship Eurydice (previously reported waiting orders), for Mobile.

VICKSBURG, November 14—Weather cold and cloudy. River rose one inch to-day. Down—W. H. Dugan, 8 P. M. yesterday; Natchez, 5 P. M. Up—City of Vicksburg, 3 P. M. Arrived—Damsel, 2 P. M.

MEMPHIS, November 14.—River stationary. Maximum thermometer 60°. Arrived—Grand Republic and Thompson Dean, from New Orleans. Departed—Capitol City, for Vicksburg. Up—Schenck, for Cincinnati; Helena, for St. Louis.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—River ten feet two inches and rising. Weather rainy. Departed—Fanchon, for New Orleans.

CAIRO, November 14.—Arrived—Colorado, from Vicksburg, at nine o'clock last night. Departed—Charles Morgan, for New Orleans, at 9 P. M.; Colorado, for St. Louis, at 11 A. M.; Hanna, for New Orleans, at 11 P. M. River twelve feet and falling. Raining in the forenoon. Weather cloudy to-night. Mercury 46°.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—Departed—Grand Tower, for Vicksburg. River falling slowly. Weather cold and raining.

PITTSBURG, November 14.—River three feet four inches and stationery. Weather cloudy and rainy.

LOUISVILLE, November 14.—River stationary, six feet in the canal. Weather rainy and cool. Up—Golden Rule, from New Orleans to Cincinnati.

EVANSVILLE, November 14—River seven feet six inches and falling slowly. Rained till noon, colder to-night. Down—Robert Mitchell, at eight last night; Mitchell aground at Henderson bar.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Money closed easy; 2@2½. Sterling dull; $4 82½. Gold quiet; 109⅝@109¾. Governments steady; new fives 112¾. States steady and nominal; Louisiana consols 59½@60.

Sub-treasury balances—Gold, $52,151,319; currency, $43,308,720.

The sub-treasurer paid out on account of interest $114,000; for bonds, $16,000.

Customs receipts, $370,000.

Cotton closed dull and easier; sales 661 bales; middling uplands 12c; Orleans 12 3-16c; consolidated net receipts 108,286 bales; exports to Great Britain 22,770; to France 13,909; to the continent 2154.

Cotton—Net receipts 1399 bales; gross 5706.

Futures closed week: sales 46,000 bales, as follows: November 11¾@11 25-32c; December 11 25 32c; January 11 29 32@11 15-16c; February 12 1-16@12 3-32c; March 12 7-32@12¼c; April 12 13-32@12 7-16c; May 12 19 32@12⅝c; June 12 25 32@12 13-16; July 12 15 16@12 21-32c; August 13@13 1-32c.

Flour firmer for shipping grades; fair export demand; trade brands firm, and only a moderate business doing; superfine Western and State $4 50@5. Southern flour firmer; common to fair extra $5 30@6 60; good to choice do $6 65@8 75. Wheat fully 2c better for spring; brisk export demand; winter grades a shade firmer and light business; $1 15@1 28 for winter red Western, market closing firm. Corn quiet and firm, with only a very moderate trade, export and home use; 55½@56c for new Western mixed; 61c for white Western. Oats opened firm and closed dull, with a downward tendency. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar higher and very firm; moderate demand; 9⅞@10⅜c for fair to good refining; 10⅜c for prime. Refined very firm; 12c for standard A; 12½c for powdered; 12¾c for granulated; 13¼c for crushed. Molasses quiet; 60@63c for new crop.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—Flour firmer and not quotably higher. Wheat quiet and steady; red $1 15@1 25. Corn active and firm or new at 42@44c; old steady at 52@53c. Oats steady at 30@38c. Rye quiet and steady at 68c. Barley dull and quiet. Pork firm; new $16@16 35. Lard higher; steam 9 85@9 87½c; kettle 10.25@10 50c. Bulk meats—Fair demand; shoulders 6½@6¾c; clear rib sides 8¼c; clear sides 8¾@8¾c. Al loose bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 7½@7¾c; clear rib sides 9½@9¾c; clear sides 9¾@9¾c. Whisky steady and firm; $1 06. Butter firm and unchanged, in good demand for choice. Hogs active and firm; packing $5 35@5 50.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—Flour—Advance asked; none established; little business done. Wheat moderately active and higher; No. 2 red fall $1 22½; No. 3 do $1 14½. Corn firm; 41½c. Oats firmer; 31½c. Rye strong and higher; 58@58½c. Barley steady and unchanged. Whisky dull and lower; $1 06. Pork dull and unchanged. Lard higher; 9.75@9.80c. Bulk meats firmer; a fraction better for sides; shoulders 6¾c; clear rib sides 8¼c; clear sides 8¾c. Bacon steady; fair demand; shoulders 7¼@7¾c; clear rib sides 8¾@9c; clear sides 9¾@9¾c. Hogs higher for packing grades. Cattle quiet and unchanged; only moderate demand.

CHICAGO, November 14.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat active, firm and higher; No. 2 Chicago spring $1 12 cash, $1 13¼@1 13⅝ December, $1 14¼@1 14¾ January; No 3 do $1 02. Corn fairly active and a shade higher; No 2 43¾c cash, 43⅝c year. Oats quiet and weak; 32¼c cash, 32½c December. Rye firmer; 61c. Barley easier; 77c cash, 78½c December. Pork fairly active and a shade higher; $16 cash, $15 57½ November, $15 47½@15 50 all the year. Lard active; firm and higher; 9.90c cash, 9.90c December and all the year. Bulk meats moderately active and higher; shoulders 6¾@6½c; short rib sides 8¾@8½c. Bacon—Shoulders 8¾@8¾c. Whisky $1 07.

Going to Louisiana.

If it were not for the cruelty of it, there would be room for mild sarcasm on the count of those eminent Democrats in New York, New Jersey and Missouri, who have accepted the invitation of the chairman of the New York State Democratic Committee, and who are now gathering from many points of the compass toward New Orleans to assist at the counting of the vote. Is not Louisiana a sovereign State? Has she not laws, and Legislatures, and Governors, and Returning Boards, and is she not competent to count her own votes? If she is not, it is very unfortunate; but surely it can not be remedied by the interference of men who come from other sovereign States, and have no more right to count the votes of Louisiana than of Mexico or Canada.

This grand doctrine of State rights comes to conspicuous grief so invariably that we are growing somewhat accustomed to its violations, and if the Democratic party can stand them, so can we. We should not care to be responsible for the absurd idea that half a dozen excited partisans from Tammany Hall, who know nothing whatever about Louisiana, are entitled to more weight in a matter of a State election than a Returning Board, duly constituted by law; but this is a matter of no consequence. If the amateur Returning Board can do no good, they will not be allowed to do any harm; but we may ask them whether the reasons which justify their presence in Louisiana began with the election on Tuesday?

If the amateur Returning Board are authorized to count the vote they certainly are authorized to inquire into the circumstances under which the vote was cast, and we trust that ere they take their spectacles off of their impartial noses they will see how it comes to pass that in precincts which had heretofore given Republican majorities, and cast thousands of Republican votes, not a single Republican vote was polled on last Tuesday. This is certainly a singular circumstance, and one that demands full explanation. If it had happened in one of the Tammany wards of New York, what would the amateur Returning Board have thought of it? Mr. Cox, for instance, is proprietor of three wards in New York, which, on Tuesday, gave him the superfluously large majority of 10,000 votes. What would the Democracy have said if it were announced that in Mr. Cox's district not a single Democratic vote had been polled? Would there not have been a howl to split the sky? And yet this is just what has happened in Louisiana, though we venture to say that the editors who are working themselves up to double-leaded agonies; and the reformers who have grown overexcited over the prospect that this little game may not be successful, will confine their attention exclusively to the parishes which have given Republican majorities, and will insist on our accepting the returns from the parishes where the triumph of reform was attested by the failure to cast a single Republican vote.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

Spanish Losses in Cuba.

The news of the embarkation for Cuba of General Martinez Campos with a force of several thousand men, to be followed as quickly as transports can be got ready by a still larger contingent, is important in two distinct aspects. The ambition of Spain as an imperial State is still powerful enough to nerve her to vast exertions, in spite of her pecuniary embarrassments and the exhaustion resulting from the Carlist war. How great are the former we are reminded in a letter from Barcelona, which the *Times* published on Monday. The Spanish government, says the writer, "is burdened with a tremendous debt to bondholders, burdened, too, with a just but unexpected claim of £7,000,000 to be paid to the Church for the arrears of the clergy's incomes and a debt of £5,500,000 for the civil list pensions." Yet it is compelled to find the means for an expedition on a really great scale. And this is merely supplementary to former efforts, which may not have been well directed, but were, at any rate, wearisome and costly. The drain of the Cuban insurrection upon Spanish resources has been almost incredible, and the additional 50,000 men whom the Madrid government are preparing to send out to strengthen the hands of General Campos will do little more than fill the gaps in the ranks of the present occupying force, estimated at not less than 130,000 men. The writer of the Barcelona letter states that "a great military authority has decided that Cuba can not be subdued without an army of at least 180,000 men." Meanwhile "drafts of invalids are returning home every day—a sorry, motley, reckless, wretched, pallid-faced, bilious-eyed crew." They come home, it is said, in such numbers, or die in such abundance in Cuba, "that an army of 200,000 men soon melts away." They are not badly treated, it seems, as one of the invalided lads observed, "We do not complain, but we can not bear the climate." And yet the Spanish soldiery, by general admission, are "the hardiest and most sober body of men in Europe, and the best fitted for warfare under a tropical sun."—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

William Allen is not coming to New Orleans, but he will stand on Fruit Hill and speak to us it necessary.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

OFFICE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN,
TUESDAY EVENING, November 14, 1876.

The demand for money continued strong today, both in bank and on the street, and commercial paper was unchanged. Only a moderate business was done in gold, but under the advance at New York the market ruled ⅛c higher. From the same cause sterling slightly advanced, but francs were unchanged. The movement in both was fair. Under liberal offerings New York commercial sight showed a further slight decline. With the exception of an advance of $4 in New Orleans Gaslight Company shares, stocks were without any new feature. State consols were offered more freely and sold at lower rates, and premium bonds gave way ⅛ ⅌ cent.

We continue to quote exceptional paper at —@9 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum discount; A1 do at 10@12, and second grade at 15@18. First class mortgages ruled at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, and second grade are entirely nominal.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
November 11	$1,683 615 12	$203,978 60
November 13	1,764,493 85	131 570 18
November 14	2,263,487 69	220,651 12
Thus far this week	$5,716 596 66	$556 199 90
Same time last week	5 861,824 79	542,033 63
Total last week	9,395,707 18	1,047,563 15
Total week before	7 649 556 84	886,812 91

Gold opened at 110½@110⅝, against 109⅝ at New York, and after a moderate business closed at 110¼@110⅛, against 109¾ in that market. The sales summed up $35 000, embracing $1000 at 110; $5000 at 110⅛; $10,000 and $10,000 at 110⅜, and $3000 and $6000 at 110⅜.

Under the course of gold sterling was ⅛c, or 1 10 ⅌ cent higher, while francs were unchanged. The movement in both was fair.

The sales of sterling comprised £20,000, embracing £2000 A1 clear sau £5000 bill of lading at $5 22; £1500 and £2000 bill of lading and £2000 A1 clear at $5 22⅛; £2000 A1 clear at —; £4000 bill of lading at $5 22½@5 23 and £1500 bank at $5 27.

The sale of francs comprised 325,000 commercial, embracing 200,000 at 4.82½@4.81⅞, and 125,000 at 4.81⅞.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at $5 22@5 23 for bill of lading and A1 clear, and —@$5 27 for bank (bank counter rate —@$5 27⅛), and francs at 4.82½ for commercial, and nominal for bank.

Under liberal offerings New York commercial sight showed a decline of nearly ⅛ ⅌ cent. The sales comprised $430,000, embracing $25,000 private bankers' at ½ ⅌ cent discount; $10,000 and $25 000 commercial, $130,000 private bankers' and bank, and $50,000 and $60,000 bank at 7-16, $10 000 and $20,000 bank at ⅜, and $100,000 bank at 13 32.

The banks continue to check on New York at ½ ⅌ cent discount, while commercial sight was quoted at ½@7-16.

The following is the official statement of the sales reported to-day at the Stock Exchange:

4 shares New Orleans Insurance Association	$34 00
30 shares New Orleans Gaslight Co	109 50
49 shares New Orleans Gaslight Co	109 60
5 shares New Orleans Gaslight Co	109 25
30 shares New Orleans Gaslight Co	109 50
$30,000 Premium bonds	33
14 000 Premium bonds	33 1-16
30,000 Premium bonds	33¼
10,000 Premium bonds	33⅜
30,000 Premium bonds	33¼
10 000 Prem unclassified	33⅜

Making a total of $125,000 premium bonds.

Stocks were without any new feature, except the further improvement in New Orleans Gaslight Company shares noted above.

Under liberal offerings State bonds were fully ¼ ⅌ cent lower, being quoted at the close at 58¾@59¼, against 59½@60 yesterday.

Premium bonds were also lower, closing at 33@33¼, against 33¼@33½ yesterday. The movement was liberal.

COMMERCIAL.

COTTON—The sales to day were confined to 3900 bales, at irregular and lower prices, requiring a pretty general reduction in our quotations of ⅛c. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

AMERICAN STANDARD OF CLASSIFICATION.

	General quotations.	Exchange quotations.
Inferior	—@—	—
Low ordinary	—@—	—
Ordinary	—@—	—
Strict ordinary	—@—	—
Good ordinary	10⅝@10¾	10¾
Strict good ordinary	10⅞@11	—
Low middling	11⅛@11⅛	11⅛
Strict low middling	11⅜@11⅜	—
Middling	11⅝@11⅝	11⅝
Strict middling	11¾@11⅞	—
Good middling	12 @12⅛	12
Middling fair	12⅜@12⅝	12½
Fair	12¾@13⅛	—

Sales of the week unsettled and depressed by the Liverpool telegrams, and a limited business was done during the morning most y at a decline of ⅛c, after which parties came together rather more freely, but as the movement was checked by brokers claiming greater concessions than factors were willing to grant, the entire sales were confined to the inconsiderable amount noted above. Prices exhibited unusual irregularity, some sales showing a falling off of ⅛c, and others of ¼c and even ⅜c and ½c. At the close, however, we found it unnecessary to make any change in good ordinary, but to reduce strict good ordinary ⅛c, low middling ⅛@¼c, strict low middling and middling ⅛c, strict middling ⅛@⅜c, good middling and middling fair ⅛c, and fair a partial ½c. Exceptional sales of some grades were made during the day at a fraction less than our inside figures. There have been several sales during the past three days of fair to good fair at 13½c, and of still finer qualities at 14c and 14½c.

The dispatches reported Liverpool flat at a decline of ⅛d, with sales of only 8000 bales, and arrivals ¼d lower at the opening, but subsequently recovering 1-32d; Manchester steady; Havre dull and tending down, with a reduction of 1 franc for the quotation for low middling, afloat, and New York dull at a decline of ⅛c in spots, and 5-32@⅛c in futures.

The sales the past three days sum up 14 050 bales (6000 on Saturday, 4150 yesterday, and 3900 to-day), against 11,100 for the corresponding time last week (only two business days), and 18 200 the week before.

Receipts since Friday evening, 33,618 bales, embracing 6571 from other delivery ports (of which 1648 from Mobile and 4923 from Texas) and 27,047 proper, against 22,755 last week and 31,665 last year. Total proper since August 31, 315,356 bales, against 272 908 last year—increase 42 448.

The exports comprise 15,604 bales, embracing 4120 to Liverpool, 10,159 to Havre, 126 to Vera Cruz and 1199 to New York.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. yesterday to 12 M. to-day, 38,108 bales, against 25,349 last week and 26,021 last year, and since the Friday evening 103,286 bales, against 105,994 last week and 98,718 last year. Total since August 31, 1,331,873 bales, against 1,115,391 up to Sunday noon, November 14, last year—increase 216,482.

Exports (Friday to Monday) to Great Britain 22,770 bales, against 18,510 last week and 45,424 last year, and to the continent 15,993 bales, against 28,880 last week and 18,612 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports made up to 12 M., 775,456 bales, against 669,046 last week and 546,547 last year.

The Exchange makes the amount on shipboard not cleared (before to-day's exports) 83,923 bales, embracing 18,896 for Liverpool, 28,254 for Havre, 4064 for the North sea, 1371 for Bremen, 1640 for Spain, 147 for the Mediterranean, and 766 for coastwise ports, leaving in presses, agreeably to its account at 12 M., 112,735 bales, only a part of which is on sale.

At noon to-day middling was quoted at Galveston at 11½c, at Mobile at 11⅛c, at Savannah at 11½c, at Charleston at 11½c, at Wilmington at 11¾c, at Norfolk at 11⅜c, at Baltimore at 11⅞c, at New York at 12c, at Boston at 12⅛c, at Memphis at 11½c, and at Augusta at 11c.

The Exchange reports: "Sales to-day 3500 bales. Market irregular and easy." Its quotations for low middling and the grades above are reduced ⅛c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1876	29,377
Arrived since last statement	7,174
Arrived previously	378,499—385,673
Total	415,050
Cleared to-day	10,482
Cleared previously	209,540—220,022
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared	195 028
Same time last year	156 339

To-day's exports embraced 4120 bales to Liverpool and 6362 to Havre.

Receipts proper since last evening 4603 bales, against 11,349 on last Tuesday, and 3066 last year.

For comparative totals for the past three days' exports and receipts see above report.

TOBACCO—We have no change to notice in the market and have not heard of a transaction. The amount on sale is estimated at 8800 hhds. Quotations are nominal, but it is generally understood that liberal concessions would be made for lots of any magnitude. For the present, however, we repeat our previous figures, as follows: Low lugs 5⅝@6¼c; medium to good lugs 7@8c; low leaf 8¼@10c; medium 10½@12c; good 13@14c; fine 14@15½c; selections 16@17c.

FREIGHTS—Yesterday we reported a vessel for Genoa at 1 1-16c for cotton. Occasional shipments to Liverpool are still made at 15-32d, but the prolonged rate as well as the prevailing current rate is ⅛d. We continue to quote as follows:

By steam—Cotton to Liverpool nominal at 9 16d; to Bremen 11-16d; to New York ⅝c; to Boston, Providence and Philadelphia, via New York, ¾c. Grain to Liverpool 11d; sugar to New York $5 ⅌ hhd; molasses $2 ⅌ bbl.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool —@⅛d; to Havre 13-16@1c; to Bremen 1 1-16c, and to Genoa 1½@13-16c.

SUGAR—Received this morning 1019 hhds. A good demand has continued both for the local trade and for shipments, and prices have further advanced ¼@½c on open kettle, and ⅜c ⅌ lb on clarified. The receipts sold as soon as landed: Common to good common 7¼@8c; fair 8¼@8½c; good fair 8½@8¾c; fully fair 9c; prime 9¼@9½c; strictly prime to choice 9½c; seconds 8¼@9¼c; centrifugal 9¼@9½c; gray clarified 9¾@10c; yellow clarified 9¾@10⅜c; off white 10¼@10¾c; white 11¼@11½ ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—Received this morning 494 bbls. The market is still active at firm prices. The receipts were all sold: Common 30c; centrifugal 30@38c; fair 43@44c; prime 46@48c; strictly prime 49@51c, and choice 52@53c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—The market is dull and prices show a decline all around since Saturday of 25c ⅌ bbl. Much of the low grades coming in is off in condition, having been ground from sprouted wheat. Strictly good treble extra is scarce and desirable. The sales embrace 2622 bbls, comprising 57 unsound at $4 25; 50 and 60 fine at $4 50; 40 superfine at $4 75; 50 double extra at $5 12½; 50, 50 and 50 low treble extra at $5 25; 50, 50, 100, 100 and 100 good treble extra at $6; 50, 100 and 100 choice treble extra at $6 25; 50 do at $6 50; 50 choice family at $7; 25 at $7 25; 85, 100, 100, 90 and 120 bbls on private terms.

CORN MEAL—Is in moderate supply and dull. Offering at $3 90 ⅌ bbl. No sales excepting 75 and 100 bbls on private terms. Dealers are jobbing at $3 10@3 15 ⅌ bbl.

GRITS—Choice are in good demand; selling on the landing at $3 90, and in store at $4 ⅌ bbl.

PORK—Dull and 12½@25c ⅌ bbl lower. Mess is quoted at $17 50@17 75 ⅌ bbl, though 50 bbls brought $18 ⅌ bbl. It is retailing in job lots at $18 ⅌ bbl, and dealers obtain $18 50 ⅌ bbl in their job trade. 100 and 126 bbls sold at $17 50, 25 at $17 62½, and 50 at $17 75 ⅌ bbl; the market closing at the inside prices.

DRY SALT MEAT—Is dull, and prices are ⅛c lower, although the supplies are small. Old shoulders are quoted at 7¼@7½c; new 7¾@8c ⅌ lb. 15 casks shoulders sold on private terms; 5000 lbs old shoulders on the landing at 7½c, and a car load of new, in lots, at 7¾@8c ⅌ lb. Dealers are jobbing old shoulders at 7¾c, and new at 8¼c ⅌ lb. We observe an inquiry for Europe of dry salt hams.

BACON—Is dull and unchanged. Shoulders are quoted at 8c; clear rib sides 9c. 10 and 10 casks clear sides sold at 9⅛c ⅌ lb. Dealers are jobbing at ⅛c above these prices. Sides are ruling ⅛c higher in the West than in this market.

HAMS—A lot of 32 bbls uncanvased sold at 9c ⅌ lb. Choice sugar-cured, old, are dull at 14½@15c; new command 16c ⅌ lb. 10 tierces new sold at 16c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Good supply and dull at 13@14c ⅌ lb.

PACKERS' HOG PRODUCTS—New packing of all kinds continues in request and sells readily on arrival Pigs' feet command $2 25 ⅌ keg and $4 ⅌ firkin. There are no tongues or spare ribs on hand; they are called for. Prime mess pork is jobbing at $17 ⅌ bbl. The market is bare of other cuts.

LARD—Is in demand for Europe for December delivery. 250 tierces packers' prime steam sold, to arrive, for Europe, on private terms, and another large lot is in treaty. Tierce is quoted at 10⅞@11c for packers' and refined; keg 11½@11⅝c ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Is dull and quoted at $1 09@1 10 ⅌ gallon for rectified.

CORN IN BULK—None on the market on the spot. It is offering to arrive at 51c ⅌ bushel, but purchases are prevented by the absence of export freight room.

WHEAT—None on the market. It is in demand at $1 25 ⅌ bushel for Western red and white, and $1 30@1 15 for Texas

CORN IN SACKS—There is plenty on hand; the demand has slackened, and the market is quiet. 1200 sacks sold, of which 700 choice white, in new gunnies, at 57c, and 500 yellow at 55c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Good supply and moderate demand. 192 sacks sold, of which 150 choice Galena at 48c, and 42 Galena at 50c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—The supply is fair with a good demand. 1500 sacks sold at 70c ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Is in abundance and little or no demand. Only 150 bales choice sold at $18 ⅌ ton.

RICE—Continues to arrive freely, and unchanged prices. Louisiana No. 2 is selling at 2½@2¾c; common 3⅛@3¼c; ordinary 4@4¼c; fair 4⅛@4⅜c; good 4½@4¾c; prime 5@5¼c; choice 5¼@6c ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—No stock in first hands, and dealers' stock is about 4000 bags. The market is quiet but firm, and we repeat previous figures, which would command: Ordinary 16¼@16½c ⅌ lb (gold); fair 18@18¼c; good 18½@18¾c; prime 19@19¼c. Job lots: Ordinary 16½c (gold); fair 18¼c; good 18¾c; prime 19¾c ⅌ lb.

BUTTER—The market is fully supplied and the demand is good. Choice Goshen is selling at 32@34c; medium, 25@30c; inferior, 24@26c; choice Western 21@28c; medium 18@20c; inferior 14@16c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Good supply and fair demand. Choice Western factory is quoted at 12½@13c; New York cream, 14@15½c ⅌ lb.

IMPORTED FRUITS AND NUTS—The stock is sufficient for the requirements of the trade, but the demand is limited. Raisins are quoted at $2 10 ⅌ box; half boxes $1 30; quarter boxes 70c; Malaga lemons $4 25 per box; plantains 75c@$1; bananas $1 50@2 50 ⅌ bunch; almonds 18c; currants 6½c; dates 6½c; citron 24c ⅌ lb; cocoanuts $40 ⅌ 1000.

IRON COTTON TIES—The arrow tie is selling at $3 36 ⅌ bundle; Beard & Brothers' tie and Branch, Crook & Co. $3 50 ⅌ bundle, each bundle containing 30 bands; Drake & Flournoy self-locking and riveting cotton bale ties 5¾c ⅌ lb; the Philip wire tie 8c ⅌ tie, with a discount on large lots put up in bundles of 80 ties; Chapman's double riveted at 6½c ⅌ tie, with a discount on large lots.

BAGGING—No movement of any consequence to note and the supply remains fair. Domestic jute is quoted at 12¾@13c ⅌ yard at retail, and 12¼c at wholesale. India is jobbing at 10c ⅌ yard.

POULTRY—Receipts are large and they are selling slowly. Western grown chickens are quoted at $4 50@5 50 ⅌ dozen; young do $3@3 50; ducks $5@6@7; turkeys $12@15 ⅌ dozen. Louisiana grown chickens $4 50; young do $3 50@3 50; ducks $3@3 50; geese $6@7; turkeys $10@14 ⅌ dozen.

EGGS—Good supply and dull. Western and Louisiana sell at 22@25c ⅌ dozen.

ESCULENTS—Cabbages and sourkrout are scarce and in request, other esculents sell slowly and the stock is accumulating. Potatoes are nominal at $1 75@2 15; onions $1 75@2; apples $1 75@2 50; sourkrout $7@8 ⅌ bbl; cabbages $6@7 ⅌ box.

BEANS AND WESTERN PEAS—There is no change of any note and the market continues quiet with a small stock on hand. Northern beans are quoted at $2 25@2 50; green peas $¾c; white kidney 4¼@4½c; red kidney 4@4¼c ⅌ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Choice is scarce and there is very little inquiry. Apples are quoted at 5@6c ⅌ lb.

HIDES—Light supply and good demand at steady prices. Country green are quoted at 8@8½c; dry salted 13c; dry flint 16c ⅌ lb. City slaughter sell as follows: Steer, over 85 lbs, 7c; 70 to 84 lbs 9½c; under 70 lbs 7c; cow hides, as they run, 6½c; kips, 20 to 24 lbs, 9½c; kips, 25 to 30 lbs, 8½c; calf skins, each, 75c; beeswax, prime yellow, 28c ⅌ lb; ox horns, each, 8c.

STARCH—Is dull, and there is plenty offered. Quoted at 5⅞c ⅌ lb.

WINES—Crop in France only 50 ⅌ cent of last year's. Cargoes here are held at $49@51 ⅌ cask; port wine 95c@$1 ⅌ gallon.

SARDINES—Shipments on the way are small; selling at 14¼@14½c on the spot, and held to arrive at 13@13½c. gold.

BRANDY CHERRIES—Scarce, and held at high prices in Bordeaux. Offered at $3 90@4 to arrive.

LOUISIANA ORANGES—Good demand at higher prices. Selling at $5 ⅌ bbl.

PECANS—Sell slowly. Louisiana are held at $1 50@2 60; half barrels $1 10; kegs 80c; sugar hogsheads $3 10@3 35 a piece.

COAL—Pittsburg sells at wholesale at 30c; at retail 50c ⅌ bbl, $5 ⅌ hhd; 45c to manufacturers; 40c ⅌ box to steamboats. Virginia cannel 75c ⅌ bbl. St. Bernard 30c at wholesale and 45c at retail. Anthracite lump, egg and stove, $10 ⅌ ton.

OILS—Coal oil sell, in cases, at 36@38c, in bbls, 32@34c ⅌ gallon; Pratt's astral oil, 150 degrees, in cases, 45c; West Virginia lubricating 28@35c; insurance, in bbls, 40c, in cases, 50c ⅌ gallon. Linseed raw, 70c, boiled, 75c ⅌ gallon for Northern crushed; Western, raw, 68c, boiled, 73c ⅌ gallon; castor oil 15c ⅌ lb.

STAR CANDLES—Are nominal at 14@14½c ⅌ lb.

MOSS—Gray is dull, but black is in demand. Gray is held at 2@2½c; mixed 3@3½c; black 4@4½c ⅌ lb.

SALT—One cargo, all coarse, sold at 75c ⅌ sack, afloat. We quote dealers' rates: Coarse 80@90c; fine $1@1 15 ⅌ sack; Turks' Island 75@90c ⅌ bag; table salt in pockets 2@5c each, as in size.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE—Arrived since our review of yesterday: 100 bbls flour, 115 bbls pork, 255 bbls whisky, 57 kegs lard, 53 casks and 40 boxes bacon, 427 hhds sugar, 494 bbls molasses, 276 bbls apples, 65 kegs butter, 1844 sacks cotton seed, 204 boxes cheese, 20 boxes candles, 36 boxes eggs, 3169 pieces meat, 941 hides, 505 bbls lime, 22 bales moss, 190 bbls onions, 224 sacks oil cake, 804 bbls rice, 665 bbls rosin and 11 bales wool.

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE—Exports since our review of yesterday: 179 bbls flour, 10 bbls pork, 20 casks bacon, 6 tierces lard, 38 bbls whisky, 10 bbls corn meal, 397 sacks corn, 348 sacks oats, 20 sacks bran, 635 hhds and 233 bbls sugar, 675 bbls molasses, 456 bbls rice, 179 sacks coffee, 30 sacks salt, 360 bbls potatoes, 23 bbls apples, 6 kegs butter and 4 bbls onions.

**Sales, Receipts and Exports of Produce.