New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

Local Intelligence.

PROTECTOR No. 2.—The Sixth District fire company has elected its officers for the ensuing year:

President, R. W. Young; vice president, E. R. Chevally; foreman, S. F. Parmelee; assistants, D. Wicker and A. Barth; steward, J. Reiner; secretaries, I. T. N. Mason and L. Commier; treasurer, James Cox; housekeeper, W. Doyle; engineer, B. Burat; delegates, R. W. Young, James Cox, J. C. Buck, J. Welsh and S. F. Parmelee.

SEEKING LIGHT.—One of the members of the congressional committee now in this city took a stroll last evening, just at dark, and noticing a spry man carrying a short ladder and a small lamp, inquired the meaning. A resident accompanied the gentleman and requested him to wait a minute. The lamplighter immediately afterward mounted his ladder and lighted the infinitesimal gas-burner. "Ah, I see," said Mr. Congress, "the fellow went up the post to see if the gas was burning, and if you take a steady look you may possibly see the little jet." It is true that on very dark nights a person whose eyes are unimpaired can detect lights in street lamps.

IT WAS ALL A MISTAKE.—Several days ago it was asserted that the Administrator of Improvements had made arrangements to widen the banquette on Magazine, between Girod and Julia streets, in order that the big junk shop might have more room for its heavy stock. If such an order was issued it was countermanded immediately afterward. Unless the proprietors are provided with better accommodations, pedestrians will be compelled to walk in the street and take chances with cars and wagons. It is barely possible that if 500 or 600 loads of old chains, anchors, boilers, etc., be hauled away, citizens might dare to walk in that neighborhood.

A SON SEEKS HIS MOTHER.—If Mrs. Maria L. Green, formerly slave to Beverly Bocock, in Virginia, sold in New Orleans about three years before the war, will leave her address in the REPUBLICAN office, she will hear of her son. Any person knowing Mrs. Green will confer a favor by calling her attention to this notice.

ORLEANS FIRE COMPANY No. 21.—At a meeting of this company, held last night, the following officers were elected: Foreman, S. B. Gill; delegates, John Herbert, S. B. Gill, A. Hern; sub-delegates, Thomas Killela, John Ray, G. Chigoy.

BRIEF MENTION.—Mr. Charles Lacoume finds $153 in his money tills for the sufferers by the third district fire. He has handed that sum to the proper committee.

Her name might be Alexander and her home might be on Gasquet street, in a respectable portion of that thoroughfare, and when she learned that two of her admirers intended to fight a duel on her account she informed the police and the gentlemen were politely invited to walk into the first police stationhouse, where they remained until their thirst for gore partly vanished.

Mr. Leon Lemotha, the big hearted Creole boy of St. Charles street, is floundering around his home fighting the pangs of an early attack of gout.

Coroner Roche is fairly at work and exulting over the fact that he has not yet been called on to attend a homicide or a suicide. Small por cases are good enough for him, just now. He says.

Being drunk and disturbing the peace of Canal street before anybody had seen the sun shine yesterday morning was bad enough, but a policeman says that James Sullivan and C. C. Thompson are also dangerous and suspicious characters, and that is the reason they were dropped into the calabooze.

Till-tapping is the accusation hanging over the heads of John Hanley, Charles Juliana and William Benson, youngsters.

A fire alarm, sent from box No. 515 late Monday night, was entirely unnecessary.

Nothing has been heard of Dominique Picamile, the man who recently disappeared from No. 47 Toledano street.

Judge Evans could not give a decision yesterday in the case of George Phillips and Thomas Lyons, the Ouachita men charged with having been concerned in the killing of Henry Pinkston, but he will today.

What with Western turkeys dressed, and partridges, lovers of birds find sufficient to satisfy their demands. Several kinds of wild ducks, snipe, doves, rabbits and squirrels are abundant if not cheap.

Yesterday was as bright and balmy that Canal street was greatly crowded by people, many of the ladies hunting up Santa Claus. The clever old man devoted the entire day to happy callers, and he promises to see that little children shall have abundance of presents.

COURT RECORD.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1876.

United States Supreme Court.

The following is of December 8:

No. 129. United States vs. Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company; No. 624. George Furaglove vs. steamship Juniata; No. 129. United States vs. Puraglove.—Appeal from the Circuit Court for the District of Louisiana. This was a case of collision on the Mississippi river, near New Orleans, in February, 1872, between a flatboat loaded with cement, belonging to the United States, then in tow by the tug Neafie, and the Juniata, which had just discharged the cement on the flatboat, and was at the time on her return to Philadelphia. The question is which of the vessels was at fault. The District Court found them both at fault and divided the damages suffered by the United States between them, and the decree was affirmed by the Circuit Court. Each vessel alleges as against the other a violation of some of the rules of navigation and a deficiency in officers and men, and the evidence is conflicting and contradictory. Assistant Attorney General E. B. Smith for the government; C. Hunt and Durant Homer for the Neafie.

Superior District Court.

F. E. Lacroix vs. E. T. Parker, public administrator.—Injunction against sale of property dismissed.

Superior Criminal Court.

TRUE BILL.

Murder—Francois Gesluch—Killing Julia Meuier, eleven months old, in the rear of No. 12 Crossman street, by drowning her in a tub of water, at nine o'clock in the morning, August 8.

CONVICTED.

Burglary—John Welsh—Breaking and entering the house of Cora Lee, No. 176 Franklin street, August 3, 1876.

First District Court.

Phoebe Johnson, petty larceny, sentenced of three months; James Dwyer, assault with intent to kill, verdict of guilty of assault and battery; John W. Redmond, assault with intent to rape, verdict of guilty.

Second District Court.

Successions of F. K. Wineman, M. J. Brennan and C. Meister opened.

Theophile Neville asks to be emancipated.

Fourth District Court.

Edward C. Palmer vs. Thomas McIntire. Judgment for $489 24.

Blundering Sam Randall.

Speaker Randall has already made two mistakes. He wanted to impeach President Grant, but the Southern members of the Democratic house, wiser than their leader, refused to second any such suicidal programme. He maintained that the twenty-second joint rule of the last Congress was in force, but the Democratic members of the Senate yesterday almost unanimously indorsed the ruling of President Ferry that it was null and void. Speaker Randall is a man of large parliamentary experience and fine executive abilities, but he has yet to learn that the country looks with disfavor upon any violent partisan action. It is the moderate, sensible men who restrain their feelings that will secure the most applause in this crisis.—*New York Graphic.*

MUNICIPAL IMBECILITY.

A City of Broken Bridges—A Good Chance for Reform.

Probably the value of the Administrator of Improvements to the Democratic State Central Committee may be computed in an inverse ratio to the degree of inefficiency he has reached in the management of city affairs. For months there has been an absolute abandonment of all work of a public character, and, except for the regularity of pay rolls, there would be no evidence the Department of Improvements existed. Never, in the recollection of the present generation, has there been such a manifestation of imbecility on the part of the city government. The premium bonds end of the building is well kept up, but every other interest has long ago been abandoned. The recent fire showed a degree of criminal neglect on the part of the city administrators that has compelled the attention of the grand jury. The condition of all the public institutions under the city's control is absolutely horrible. The neglect of our highways, under the immediate care of the chairman of the Democratic sub-committee, is partially set forth in detail in the following report of broken bridges in the city made to police headquarters on Monday last:

FIRST DISTRICT.

Iron bridges located as follows:
Corner Julia and Tchoupitoulas streets.
Corner Peters and Delord streets.
Corner Girod and Fulton streets.
Corner Gravier and Tchoupitoulas streets.

Wooden bridges located as follows:
Corner Lafayette and Front streets.
Corner Baronne and Girod streets.
Corner Baronne and Lafayette streets.
Corner Lafayette and Franklin streets.
Corner Howard and Poydras streets.
Corner Basin and Perdido streets.
Corner Howard and Gravier streets.
Corner Poydras and Claiborne streets.
Corner Julia and Roman streets.
Corner Roman and Cypress streets.
Corner Gravier and Claiborne streets.
Corner Perdido and Claiborne streets.
Corner Lafayette and Roman streets.
Corner Cypress and Prieur streets.
Corner Johnson and Lafayette streets (two).
Corner Cypress and Johnson streets.
Corner Galves and Lafayette streets.
Corner Poydras and Galvez streets.
Corner Poydras and Roman streets (two).
Corner Poydras and Bolivar streets.
Corner St. Jane and Common streets.
Corner Common and Galves streets.
Corner Rocheblave and Banks streets.
Corner Miro and Common streets.
Corner Galves and Banks treets.
Corner Palmyra and Broad streets (three).
Corner Canal and Claiborne streets.
Corner Girod and Commerce streets.
Corner Dorgenois and Poydras streets.
Corner Tonti and Poydras streets.
Corner Tonti and Gravier streets.
Corner Chippewa and Richard streets.
Corner Tchoupitoulas and Calliope streets.
Corner Felicity and St. Thomas streets.
Corner Felicity and Tchoupitoulas streets.
Corner Galennie and Annunication streets.
Corner Melpomene and Franklin streets.
All bridges across Hagan avenue canal, from New basin to Canal street.
All bridges across Carrollton avenue canal, from New to Old basin.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Corner Rampart and Ursulines streets.
Corner Decatur and Hospital streets.
Corner Chartres and Bienville streets.
Corner Barracks and Rampart streets.
Corner Ursulines and Marais streets.
Corner Ursulines and Prieur streets.
Corner St. Philip and Villere streets.
Corner St. Philip and Robertson streets.
Corner St Philip and Prieur streets.
Corner St. Philip and Tonti streets (two).
Corner St. Philip and Galvez streets.
Corner St. Philip and Broad streets.
Corner Dumaine and St. Claude streets.
Corner Dumaine and Marais streets.
Corner St. Ann and St. Claude streets.
Corner St. Ann and Villere streets.
Corner St. Ann and Prieur streets.
Corner St. Ann and Galvez streets.
Corner St. Ann and Tonti streets.
Corner St. Ann and Dorgenois streets.
Corner St. Ann and Bread streets.
Corner Orleans and Derbigny streets.
Corner Orleans and Prieur streets.
Corner Orleans and Johnson streets.
Corner Orleans and Galvez streets.
Corner Orleans and Miro streets (two).
Corner Orleans and Tonti streets.
Corner Orleans and Rocheblave streets.
Corner Orleans and Dorgenois streets.
Corner Barracks and Marais streets.
Corner Ursulines and Broad streets.
Corner St. Louis and Marais streets.
Corner St. Louis and Claiborne streets.
Corner Conti and Treme streets.
Corner Bienville and Treme streets.
Corner Bienville and Claiborne streets.
Corner Toulouse and Claiborne streets.
Corner Customhouse and Claiborne streets.
Corner Canal and Bernadotte streets.
Corner Anthony and Customhouse streets.
Corner St. Patrick and Bienville streets.
Corner Esplanade and Grand route.
Corner Broad and Grand route.
Plank road leading from Bayou bridge to Metairie ridge.
All bridges across Broad street canal from the New basin to Esplanade street.
Bridge across Orleans canal at Metairie ridge.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Corner Elysian Fields and Royal streets.
Corner St. Bernard and Morales streets.
Corner Annette and Urquhart streets.
Corner St. Anthony and Morales streets.
Corner Bagatelle and Burgundy streets.
Corner Union and Burgundy streets.
Corner Frenchmen and Burgundy streets.
Corner Frenchmen and Rampart streets.
Corner Union and Rampart streets.
Corner Bagatelle and St. Claude streets.
Corner Frenchmen and Morales streets.
Corner Frenchmen and Urquhart streets.
Corner St. Bernard and Laharpe streets.
Corner Columbus and Villere streets.
Corner Villere and History streets (two).
Corner Robertson and History (two).
Corner Robertson and Columbus streets.
Corner Robertson and Laharpe (two).
Corner Robertson and St. Bernard streets.
Corner Annette and Girod streets.
Corner St. Anthony and Girod streets (two).
Corner Bagatelle and Girod streets (two.)
Corner Union and Girod streets (two).
Corner Frenchmen and Girod streets.
Corner Elysian Fields and Girod streets.
Corner Peace and Royal streets.
Corner Bagatelle and Robertson streets.
Corner St. Anthony and Robertson (two).
Corner St. Bernard and Robertson streets.
Corner History and Claiborne (three).
Corner Columbus and Claiborne (three).
Corner St. Anthony and Claiborne streets.
Corner Bagatelle and Claiborne streets.
Corner Union and Claiborne streets.
Corner Frenchmen and Claiborne streets.
Corner Elysian Fields and Claiborne.
Corner New St. Bernard and Claiborne.
Corner Laharpe and Claiborne streets.
Corner Annette and Claiborne (four).
Corner Elysian Fields and Chartres streets.
Corner Spain and Royal streets.
Corner Spain and Chartres streets.
Corner Spain and Decatur streets.
Corner Claiborne and Art streets.
Corner Villere and Art streets.
On Art between Urquhart and Morales.
Corner Marigny and Johnson streets (two).
Corner Marigny and Derbigny streets (two).
Corner Marigny and Claiborne streets.
Corner Marigny and Marais streets.
Corner Marigny and St. Claude streets.
Corner Washington avenue and Robertson.
Corner Washington avenue and Villere.
Corner Washington avenue and Royal.
Corner Enghien and Decatur streets.
Corner Enghien and Chartres streets.
Corner Enghien and Urquhart streets.
Corner Enghien and Robertson streets.
Corner Enghien and Claiborne streets.
Corner Mandeville and Villere streets.
Corner Mandeville and Claiborne (two).
Corner Mandeville and Robertson (two).
Corner Mandeville and Urquhart (two).
Corner Mandeville and St. Claude streets.
Corner Mandeville and Burgundy streets.
Corner Mandeville and Chartres streets.
Corner Music and Marais streets.
Corner Music and Urquhart streets.
Corner Music and Robertson streets.
Corner Urquhart and Enghien streets.
Corner Clouet and Royal streets.
Corner Piety and Levee streets.
Corner Pauline and St. Claude streets.
Corner Jeanette and Burgundy streets.
Corner Deslonde and Rampart streets.
Corner Delery and Chartres streets.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Corner Jackson and Fulton streets.
Corner Tchoupitoulas and Nuns streets.
Corner Camp and Felicity streets.
Corner Rousseau and Felicity streets.
Corner Rousseau and St. Mary streets.
Corner First and Fulton streets.
Corner Eighth and Fulton streets.
Corner Rousseau and Sarapuru streets.
Corner First and Magnolia streets.
Corner First and Clara streets.
Corner Second and Clara streets.
Corner Locust and St. Andrew streets.
Corner Locust and Josephine streets.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Corner Peters and Bartholomew streets.
Corner Seguin and Alix streets.
Corner Alix and Bouny streets.
Corner De Armas and Monroe streets.
Corner Newton and Monroe streets.
Corner Decatur and Monroe streets.
Corner Jackson and Madison streets.
Corner Jackson and Monroe streets.
Corner Olivier and Evelina streets.
Corner Homer and Monroe streets.
Corner Webster and Alix streets.
Corner Chestnut and Jackson streets.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Corner Berlin and Live Oak streets.
Corner Milan and Live Oak streets.
Corner Louisiana avenue and Live Oak.
Corner Jersey and Constantinople streets.
Corner Jersey and Austerlitz streets.
Corner Laurel and Constantinople streets.
Corner General Taylor and Jersey streets.
Corner Louisiana avenue and Laurel.
Corner Robert and Laurel streets.
Corner Dufossat and Live Oak streets.
Corner Lyon and Jersey streets.
Corner Bordeaux and Carondelet streets.
Corner Pitt and Berlin streets.
Corner Pitt and Milan streets.
Corner Delachaise and Carondelet.
Corner Louisiana avenue and Delachaise street (two).
Corner Louisiana avenue and Bacchus.
Corner Toledano and Dryades streets.
Corner Celiseum and Louisiana avenue.
Corner Milan and Chestnut streets.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

No report.

In passing it is proper to say that the fire department find it dangerous to attend fire alarms at night in some portions of the city, as it is at the serious risk of life or limb that some wards can be crossed.

Governor Chamberlain's Inaugural.

A Columbia, South Carolina, dispatch to the New York *Tribune*, December 7, says:

Governor Chamberlain was sworn into office at one o'clock to day by Judge Bond, the Chief Justice declining to administer the oath. Upon entering the Joint Assembly, all the Democrats being absent, Mr. Chamberlain was received with great enthusiasm. He appeared sad and careworn, but deeply moved. He read his address with much feeling. At its conclusion the Assembly broke into shouts of applause. Several of the colored members were in tears, and all gathered about the Governor, eager to take his hand. The following is his address:

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives—I accept the office to which, by the voice of a majority of the people of this State, I have a second time been called, with a full knowledge of the grave responsibilities and difficulties by which it is now attended. No considerations except the clearest conviction of duty would be sufficient to induce me to accept this great trust under the circumstances which now surround us. I regard the present hour in South Carolina as a crisis in which no patriotic citizen should shrink from any part to which the public may call him. In my sober judgment, our present struggle is in defense of the foundations of our government and institutions. It we fail now our government—the government of South Carolina—will no longer rest on the consent of the governed, expressed by a free vote of a majority of our people. If our opponents triumph, I care not under what guise of legal forms, we shall witness the overthrow of free government in our State. My chief personal anxiety is that I may have the firmness and wisdom to act in a manner worthy of the great interests so largely committed to my keeping. My chief public care shall be to contribute my utmost efforts to defend the rights, to guard the peace, and to promote the welfare of all the people of our State.

The constant occupation of my time with other duties which I could not postpone has prevented me from preparing the usual statements and recommendations respecting our public affairs. At the earliest practicable day I will discharge this duty. Our greatest interest, our most commanding duty, now is to stand firmly, each in his appointed place, against the aggression and allurement of our political opponents. Our position up to the present time has been within the clear limits of our constitution and laws. Nothing except the cowardice or weakness or treachery of our own friends can rob us of the victory.

I state what facts show, what overwhelming evidence proves, when I say that if we yield now we shall witness the consummation of a deliberate and cruel conspiracy on the part of the Democratic party of this State to overcome by brute force the will of a majority of 2000 of the lawful voters of this State. I have mourned over public abuses which have heretofore arisen here. I have, according to the measure of my ability, labored to make the conduct of our public affairs honest and honorable. But I stand appalled at the crimes against freedom, against public order, against good government, nay, against government itself, which our recent political experience here has presented; and I am the more appalled when I see the North, that portion of our country which is secure in its freedom and civil order, and the great political party which has controlled the republic for sixteen years, divided in its sympathies and judgment upon such questions. It is written in blood on the pages of our recent national history that no government can rest with safety upon the enforced slavery or degradation of a race. In the full blaze of the great example of retributive justice which swept away 500,000 of the best lives of our country, we see the American people divided by party lines upon the question of the disfranchisement and degradation of the same race whose physical freedom was purchased at such a cost. And what is more astonishing, there are Republicans who permit the errors which have attended the first efforts of this race in self-government to chill their sympathy to such an extent that they stand coldly by and practically say that the peace of political servitude is better than the abuse and disquiet which newly acquired freedom has brought.

I denounce the conduct of the recent election on the part of our political opponents in this State as a vast outrage. Fraud, proscription, intimidation in all forms, violence, ranging through all its degrees up to wanton murder, were its effective methods. The circumstances under which we have assembled to-day show us how nearly successful has been this great conspiracy. It is for us, in the face of all danger, in the face of false or timid friends, in the face of open enemies, to show that we understand the cause in which we are engaged, and that no earthly sacrifice is too great to secure its triumph.

The gentleman who was my opponent for this office in the late election has recently declared, as I am credibly informed, that he holds not only the peace of this city and State but my life in his hand. I do not doubt the truth of his statement. Neither the public peace nor the life of any man who now opposes the consummation of this policy of fraud and violence is safe from the assaults of those who have inforced that policy. My life can easily be taken. I have held it, in the judgment of my friends here, by a frail tenure for the last three months. But there is one thing no man in South Carolina can do, however powerful or desperate he may be, and that is to cause me to abate my hatred or cease my most vigorous resistance to this attempted overthrow and enslavement of a majority of the people of South Carolina. Here I stand. I can do no otherwise. God be my helper. Wife and children, nearer to me than are the ruddy drops that visit my sad heart, and all other considerations must give way before the solemn duty to resist the final success of that monstrous outrage under whose black shadow we are assembled to-day.

The prodigal son counted himself in. He said he would return to his father's house.

CITY COUNCIL—OFFICIAL.

REGULAR MEETING.

CITY HALL, NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday, December 12, 1876.

The Council met this day at twelve o'clock M., in regular session.

Present—Hon. Charles J. Leeds, Mayor, presiding, and Administrators Brown, Burke, Landry McCarthy and Pilsbury.

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved and their reading dispensed with.

Communications from the Mayor and Administrators.

The following veto message from the Mayor was read and laid over subject to call:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, December 12, 1876.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

For the reasons given in my message of July 11, I return without my approval the following ordinances, viz:

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named, beginning "Firemen's Charitable Association of New Orleans, for services rendered in the month of November."

A resolution beginning "Resolved, That the sum of $2403 15 be and is hereby appropriated in favor of Z. M. Pike."

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named, beginning "New Orleans Gaslight Company."

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named, beginning "M. Schwartz & Brother, packing, yarn, etc."

CHARLES J LEEDS, Mayor.

Financial and Other Business on Final Passage.

Mr. Brown, Administrator of Public Accounts, called up the ordinances described as follows, which, having been read twice, were now on third reading, and they passed, the yeas and nays having been called, and all the members present at roll call voting, Mr. Landry voting nay.

"An ordinance making appropriations for charitable institutions for the month of November, 1876."

An ordinance beginning "John McPhelin, district attorney," as amended, for November, 1876.

An ordinance beginning New "Orleans Picayune, for advertising November, 1876."

Reports of Committees.

Administrator Brown reported back from the committee of the whole the message of the Mayor, dated December 4, 1876, vetoing certain pay rolls. Laid over.

By Mr. Burke, and referred to the Department of Public Accounts:

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, December 12, 1876.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

Herewith I present claim of A. M. Moulin for 455 tons ballast used by the Department of Improvements, Fifth District. This claim was before the Council in April, and after careful investigation I am satisfied that the claim is just and should be paid, and in this connection beg to submit all correspondence, together with the report of Mr. J. A. McLean and John H. McCann, arbitrators, who have passed upon the claim at the request of Mr. Moulin and myself.

E. A. BURKE, Administrator.

Also from Mr. Burke, and adopted:

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, December 12, 1876.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

I have the honor to report that the Esplanade street bridge over Bayou St. John is broken and now unfit for service.

The inconvenience occasioned by this bridge remaining open for even a day is very great, and I respectfully suggest that the Administrator of Improvements be authorized to cause the same to be repaired at once, under the supervision of the City Surveyor, to be paid in cash, provided the amount does not exceed $25.

E. A. BURKE, Administrator.

Ordinances and Resolutions Offered.

By Mr. Brown, and adopted:

An ordinance providing for the payment of the accounts therein named, beginning W. G. Wilmot & Co.

An ordinance providing for the payment of the accounts therein named, beginning W. G. Wilmot & Co.

An ordinance providing for the payment of the accounts therein named, beginning Eager, Ellerman & Co.

An ordinance providing for the payment of certain interest.

By Mr. Brown, and read twice:

Resolved, That the sum of $868 50 be and the same is hereby appropriated in favor of Joseph Copper, in full for ballast furnished for street materials, etc., in the month of June, 1875, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant for the payment of the same whenever there shall be money in the city treasury to the credit of the proper fund, payable out of the revenues of said year, and not otherwise appropriated.

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made for the month of November, 1876, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same, whenever there shall be money in the city treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund for each account, and not otherwise appropriated:

New Orleans Republican Printing Company, advertising Mayor's proclamation, approved, $8; advertising sale of market revenues for November, 1876, approved, $20.

New Orleans Bulletin, advertising Mayor's proclamation, approved, $9.

New Orleans Times, advertising proclamation of the Mayor, approved, $9.

W. G. McConnell, clerk of the Second Judicial District Court for the Sixth and Seventh Districts, for fees in the month of November, 1876, as per bill approved by the judge of said court, $148 50.

Louis Bird, for rent of Third District superintendent's office for the month of November, 1876, approved, $25.

Joseph Miller, for rent of wharfinger's office, Fourth District, for the month of November, 1876, approved, $15.

Al M. Moulin, for ballast furnished Department of Improvements, for street repairs, etc., in August, 1876, approved, $273. Total, $507 50.

By Mr. Landry, and laid over subject to call:

WHEREAS, The reduction in the various departments embraced in the report of the Administrator of Accounts, adopted August 1, 1876, was based upon a supposed excess of expenditures over and above the amounts set apart in the budget for said departments of the city government; and

Whereas, It is now manifest by ordinance No. 3746, adopted November 28, 1876, that said expenditures will fall within the original budgets made; therefore be it

Resolved, That the pay of the Administrator of Commerce and of the employes of his department be and is hereby reinstated as in the original budget, and that said reinstatement be carried out by official ordinance to cover all time affected by the reduction.

Petitions—Referred, Etc.

From G. W. Dunbar & Son, to establish a cordial, syrup and canning factory with a small steam boiler and chimney, corner of Deslre and Levee streets. To the Administrator of Commerce.

From T. Gilmore & Sons, attorneys for P. Irwin, asking that a judgment for $10,000 against the city in the matter of city of New Orleans praying for the widening of Poland street, No. 8398 docket of the Superior District Court, be placed in the budget for the incoming year. To the Administrator of Public Accounts.

From Thomas Pickles, for cancellation of bonds. To the Administrator of Police.

From C. Lusse, for permission to lay a pipe on St. Ferdinand street from his brewery, No. 476 Chartres street, to the river. To the Administrator of Waterworks and Public Buildings.

On motion of Mr. Brown, the Council then adjourned to Friday next, fifteenth instant.

J. H. HARDY, Secretary.

CITY ORDINANCES—OFFICIAL.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, December 12, 1876.

[No. 3758—Administration Series.]

An ordinance providing for the payment of the accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be, and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

W. G. Wilmot & Co., 1000 barrels of coal for Waterworks, approved.....$360
D. L. Depass, for repairing Bayou St. John foot bridge, approved..... 31
James Cox, cobble stones for street repairs, etc., approved..... 75

Total.....$466

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, December 12, 1876.

CHARLES J. LEEDS, Mayor.

A true copy:
J. H. HARDY, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, December 12, 1876.

[No. 3759—Administration Series.]

An ordinance providing for the payment of the accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

WATERWORKS.

W. G. Wilmot & Co., coal..... $360
New Harbor Protection Company, for excavating mud in the Mississippi river in front of Waterworks..... 100

Total..... $460

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, December 12, 1876.

CHARLES J. LEEDS, Mayor.

A true copy:
J. H. HARDY, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, December 12, 1876.

[No. 3760—Administration Series.]

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

Eager, Ellerman & Co., for erecting five cluster posts in the Sixth District, approved by the Administrator of Commerce and as per certificate of Surveyor, dated June 14, 1876, $335.

George Ellis & Brother, for 1000 cash warrant blanks for Department of Public Accounts, approved, $7 50.

A. W. Hyatt, stationery for Mayor's office in October and November, 1876, approved, $7.

A Baldwin & Co., hardware for drainage machine, etc., in December, 1876, approved, $10.

E. Pilsbury, Administrator of Finance, for cash advanced for law charges as per vouchers, $42 25.

Charles Rolling, wood and charcoal for Boys' House of Refuge in December, 1876, approved, $46 10.

Mrs. C. Bruner, for vegetables furnished to the City Workhouse in the months of October and November, 1876, approved, $45 75. Total, $493 60.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, December 12, 1876.

CHARLES J. LEEDS, Mayor.

A true copy:
J. H. HARDY, Secretary.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, December 12, 1876.

[No. 3761—Administration Series.]

An ordinance providing for the payment of certain interest.

Be it ordained, That the following amounts of interest were due July 1, 1875, to the parties named, on bonds surrendered for funding, and on which there were no coupons, said amounts to be paid when collected out of the interest funds appertaining to the respective series, in conformity with ordinances Nos. 3190 and 3282, Administration series:

Townsend & Lyman..... $60
Pritchard, Bickham & Co..... 280

Total.....$340

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, December 12, 1876.

CHARLES J. LEEDS, Mayor.

A true copy:
J. H. HARDY, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The annual election for directors of the Louisiana Canal and Land Improvement Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second instant, between the hours of ten and two o'clock, at their office, No. 76 Baronne street.
dec13 3t W. WILLIAMSON, President.

Office of New Orleans City Railroad Company, No. 124 Canal street, New Orleans, December 6, 1876.—The annual election for twelve directors of this company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, December 18, 1876, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de7 td C. C. LEWIS, Secretary.

Southern Bank, New Orleans, November 30, 1876.—An election for directors of this bank to serve the ensuing year, will be held at its banking house on WEDNESDAY, December 13, 1876, from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
no30 td J. GARR, Cashier.

AUCTION SALES.

By C. E. Girardey.

TO CLOSE THE ESTATE OF PHILIP DRUMM.

CHOICE BATTURE PROPERTY IN THE FIRST DISTRICT.

TWO THREE-STORY AND THREE TWO STORY BRICK STORES AND DWELLINGS, FORMING THE CORNER OF LEVEE AND SOUTH MARKET STREETS.

SUCCESSION OF PHILIP DRUMM.

Second District Court for the Parish of Orleans—No. 37 729.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY, AUCTIONEER—Office No. 31 Camp street—SATURDAY, January 13, 1877, at twelve o'clock M., at the St. Charles Auction Exchange, in the rotunda of the St. Charles Hotel, in this city, will be sold, at public auction, by virtue of an order from the Hon. A. L. Tissot, judge of the Second District Court for the parish of Orleans, dated the tighteenth of March, 1876, and rendered in the above entitled succession, the following described property to wit—

FIVE CERTAIN LOTS OF GROUND, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the First District of this city, and in the square bounded by New Levee, Tchoupitoulas, St. James and South Market streets, designated by the Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, on plan by L. Reizenstein, surveyor, dated the twentieth of May, 1867, and deposited in the office of N. J. Hoey, auctioneer. Lot No. 1 forms the corner of New Levee and South Market streets, and measures 25 feet 6 inches 7 lines front on New Levee street, by a depth, between parallel lines, of 97 feet front on South Market street; lot No. 2 adjoins lot No. 1, and measures 25 feet 6 inches 7 lines front on New Levee street, by 97 feet in depth, between parallel lines. The improvements on each of these two lots comprise three-story brick stores and dwellings, splendidly built and specially adapted to the ship chandlery trade. Lots Nos. 3, 4 and 5 adjoin each other and are situated immediately in the rear of lots Nos. 1 and 2, lot No 3 measuring 21 feet 7 inches 4 lines in front on South Market street, by a depth, between parallel lines, of 63 feet 11 inches, and is separated by an alleyway, 3 feet wide, from lots Nos. 4 and 5; lots Nos. 4 and 5 measure each 24 feet 3 inches 6 lines front on South Market street, by a depth, between parallel lines, of 63 feet 11 inches. The improvements on lots Nos. 3, 4 and 5 comprise three two-story brick houses, kitchens, etc; it is known as the "Fonbene" property, splendidly built and arranged for stores and dwellings, fronts the First District shipping and old market place and a commanding position for either business or manufacturing purposes.

Terms—One-third cash and balance at one and two years credit for notes specially secured by mortgage on the property, bearing all the usual clauses of eight per cent per annum interest from the day of sale until final payment, five per cent attorney's fees in the event of suit, improvements to be kept insured and policy transferred, and the purchasers to assume payment of the taxes for 1876, due and exigible over and above the price of adjudication.

Acts of sale at the expense of the purchaser before Joseph Cohn, Esq., notary public.
de13 16 23 30 ja6 13

AUCTION SALES.

By Nash & Hodgson.

TWENTY-FIVE SHARES OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF LA VARIETE ASSOCIATION.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

BY NASH & HODGSON—W. I. HODGSON, Auctioneer—Office No. 13 Carondelet street.—On SATURDAY, December 16, 1876, at 12:30 P. M., at the St. Charles Auction Exchange, under authority of article three of the amended charter, will be sold—

TWENTY-FIVE SHARES (more or less) of the capital stock of La Variete Association, on which assessments are now past due and unpaid.

Terms—Cash, on transfer. de6 td

By Placide J. Spear.

PROPERTY ON ST. PETER STREET, BETWEEN CLAIBORNE AND ROBERTSON STREETS, SECOND DISTRICT.

SUCCESSION OF WIDOW JOSEPH ROSENZWEIG.

Second District Court for the Parish of Orleans—No. 38,925.

BY PLACIDE J. SPEAR, AUCTIONEER—Office No. 66 Royal street.—On WEDNESDAY, December 13, 1876, at twelve o'clock M., will be sold at public auction at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, on Royal, between Canal and Customhouse streets, by virtue and in pursuance of an judgment rendered October 18, 1876, and signed October 23, 1876, by the Hon. A. L. Tissot, judge of the Second District Court for the parish of Orleans, the following described property for account of the above succession—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Second District of this city, in the islet or square bounded by Robertson, St. Peter and Claiborne streets and Carondelet walk, and measuring 29 feet 10 inches front on St. Peter street, by 70 feet, more or less, in depth, that is to say, as far as the brick wall in the rear line, which brick wall is in common between the said late Mrs. Rosenzweig and the owner of the other part of said original lot of ground, which also fronts on Carondelet walk, together with the buildings and improvements thereon. The said portion of ground forms part of the lot designated by the No. 8 on a sketch thereof annexed to an act passed on the twelfth day of December, 1854, before A. Chiapella, then one of the notaries of this city, purporting to be a sale of said lot No. 8 by the Louisiana State Bank of this city to Firmin Levasseur.

Terms and Conditions—The purchaser to assume the payment of the note drawn by the deceased, Widow Rosenzweig, payable on the twenty-seventh of February, 1877, and amounting on said date in capital and interest to the sum of $454 60, and the balance cash on the spot.

Act of sale before A. D. Dodsocurt, notary public at the expense of the purchaser.
oct8 nov 11 18 25 dec2 9 13

MOST VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY, FORMING THE CORNER OF BAYOU ROAD AND TREME STREET, SECOND DISTRICT.

IN THE MATTER OF THE BANKRUPTCY OF JOSEPH HAGUE & CO. AND S. CAMBON & CO.

District Court of the United States of America for the District of Louisiana—No. 1563.

BY PLACIDE J. SPEAR, AUCTIONEER—Office No. 66 Royal street.—THURSDAY, December 21, 1876, at twelve o'clock M., will be sold at public auction at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, on Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, by virtue and in pursuance of an order from the Hon. R. C. Billings, judge of the United States District Court for the district of Louisiana, dated November 20, 1876, rendered in the above entitled matter, the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Second District of this city, in the square bounded by Treme, Ursulines and Marais streets and Bayou road, measuring, French measure, 14 feet 8½ inches front on the Bayou road, 120 feet 1 inch front on Treme street, 148 feet 7 inches on the rear line forming one of the corners of Bayou road and Treme streets, according to a plan made by P. O. Boudousqué, architect, December 31, 1867, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Terms and conditions—One-half cash on the spot, the balance at twelve months' credit, in notes bearing eight per cent interest from date of adjudication, secured by mortgage upon the property sold. In the event of suit being brought for the recovery of the unpaid portion of the purchase price, the purchaser stipulates to pay five per cent attorney's fees. Insurance and transfer of policy. The property to be sold free from all mortgages, liens and incumbrances standing against the same.

Act of sale before O. Morel, notary public, at the expense of purchaser. no22 29 dec6 13 20 21

TEN SPLENDID LOTS OF GROUND, TOGETHER WITH THE BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEM