leans Republican.
OURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES.

Saturday, February 17.
AULT, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants Auctioneers' Exchange, two lots with on Felicity, between Camp and Chestnut; lot in triangle bounded by Camp, and New Camp streets; same with corner of Tchoupitoulas and Sixth; same corner of Louisiana avenue and street; same adjoining the above; corner of Delachaise and Coliseum

GIRARDEY, at 12 o'clock, at the St. Auction Exchange, stocks.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The King of the Carnival had a day for his pageant, and his liege drizzled, drenched and alternoed by straggling rays of light entatoon pitied them more than each other. But the route was with, and the thousands on Canal, Royal, St. Charles, Camp and streets alternately commiserated od. There were twenty-four cars g as many phases of the human gh the living freight in its mill- seemed designed to display only seven ages. warriors and Amazons, Egyptian ashions and Philistines, Medes and Greeks, Romans, Britons, the barbarians, the conquerors of oslems and Saladin, formed the of the procession preceding Rex. monarch came the crusaders, the f the middle ages, the Spanish n empire, America as seen in her the revolution and the Indians, and his marshals, the Mongolian rms, the Feejeeans, the Crimean bellion of 1861-1865, the blue and rmoniously mingled, French and ldiers equally forgetful of Grave- last representatives of the races been cutting each other's throats "sick" man. of all the disadvantage of the display was a very attractive or in taste and design to any of asons, and was the more com- he indiscriminate horde of mask- o so prominent were nowhere to

The exhibition of the Aryan race st night enjoyed fairer weather pageant of Rex. The leading t a beautiful creation, bearing ght and mirthful, attended by Following were other chariots, priestess of Isis and the em- crifice; Venus in her Doric tem- and warriors, the characters of edy; republican and imperial rated by their respective virtue ility; the dark ages; advance of ; Charlemagne; the wager of ard the Lion-hearted; the thir- the sixteen centuries in costume and social life; Venice; the ex- of the chivalric and succeeding representations of the fashions nturies; Boston Common, and triumph of Minerva in the com- ation of masculine political am- 6, and execution the representa- perior to any display hitherto ions.

Varieties Theatre tableaux were Roman marriage, the baptism of urt of justice of the eleventh and religion triumphant over e climax in the triumph of the

DER.—Denis Ervin is believed the murderer of his wife, Kate day afternoon, on Chestnut between Washington and Sixth, and Before one o'clock, the neigh- he sound of blows was heard and one that Mrs. Ervin de- he had kicked her. Dr. Wood but she would make no state- , and died between one and Her brother stated she was ruised about the side and ab- before. A post mortem ex- Dr. Drew, city physician, and under direction of Coroner ed the fact that death was ch injuries, and the inquest d to Tuesday.

BAD OBES.—Tuesday morn- nate woman sought the sta- h a pitiful tale. She lives on near Canal, and opened her quence of a knock on the n appeared who chloroformed saturated handkerchief, and covered her shawl, clock and watch. Soon after he appeared Boylan police badge on, and d left his revolver, entered sted her. He took her as far street and then turned her king from her a gold ring. an recognize the robber.

OCACHITA.—Eliza Pinkston's not yet over, and the ani- t her is extended to all who d her. Lately she asked her sissippi to send for her child, Tidwell testified was in his messenger carried in addition ty at Monroe from the former s that the child be given up. got beyond Monroe. His er- w there, and when he started d at and fled back to Missis- s only reached Mrs. Pink- night, when a stranger rose in for her and told the story.

CK CASE.—Mike Mullen, being accessory to the kili- R. Murdock on Basin street s examined last Friday by Kleinpeter. After hearing e case was taken under ad- this morning when the act- Mullen before the Superior t as charged, under $2000

MP MURDER.—Thomas Arata tted without bail to answer y of George H. Steinkamp, No. 180 Dauphine street. n was held as accessory on

.—Some burglars attempted the coffeehouse at the corner Lafayette streets, Sunday rs frightened off. t got in jail accused of threat- Caroline Williams' house. ntello is accused by Mrs. G. ery,

y, Sunday morning, caused the house of J. P. Smith, pitoulas, between Lyon and ks. holt, for having stolen prop- ses, John Redmond and , for larceny, are among the

t stabbed Edward Levy in ay, on the revival of an old wound will probably result

, pickpocket; Charles Nor- on cotton; Thomas Keefe, Lewis Alexis, larceny of spicious Toby Frazer were y.

a drayman, accidentally legs Monday.

he case of John Johnson, at d by Coroner Roche, found ed came to his death by a in the hands of some per- Da was killed in the riot be- heberry and Boylan police

ebruary 3.

a gold watch was commit- o police reports, on the per- anger, corner of Royal and , Monday.

, accused Henry Meyers, a he larceny of $300, and a o disclosed $280.

gerous and suspicious char- ted yesterday, but many those plunder.

Dryfus, of No. 201 Terp- discovered he had been worth of diamonds, and vant, Jane Phillips, aided , had stolen them. They confessed this, and that they removed the setting and sold the gems to one Goldstein, on Magazine street, between St. Andrew and Josephine streets, for $4 25.

John Glede, of No. 447 Common street, threw a coal oil lamp at his wife Monday night. The lamp exploded and burned her severely. Further damage was prevented by the Babcock.

Thomas Coffee was fatally stabbed Sunday night in a quarrel with Andy White, at No. 63 Treme street. White escaped. Florentine Brown and Mollie Smith are charged as accessories.

GENERAL NEWS.

Among the passengers on board the steamer Colon, which arrived at New York on the eleventh from Aspinwall, are ex-President Lerdo, of Mexico, General Escobedo, Manuel Romero Rubio, and others of Mexican fame.

J. R. G. Pitkin was confirmed by the Senate as United States marshal of Louisiana on Tuesday.

Three rear admirals of the navy have died within a week, and now another, Rear Admiral L. M. Goldsborough, is reported dangerously ill.

By direction of the President, Colonel G. W. Getty, of the Third Artillery, is ordered to relieve Colonel Barry, Second Artillery, of command at Fort Monroe, Virginia, and the artillery school at that point. Colonel Barry, on being relieved, will return to his regiment.

Spotted Tail, the chief of the Sioux, with a body guard of 200 warriors, started from Camp Robinson, on the ninth, to put himself upon a peaceful mission to obtain an interview with chiefs of hostiles now reported to be massed near the forks of Tongue river, and counsel them to accept the terms offered by the government—the surrender of their arms and ponies. Spotted Tail expects to be absent more than a month, but will communicate with Crook as soon as he reaches the hostile camp. The Indians think there is a strong probability that this movement will be successful in terminating the war.

The requisition of the War Department in favor of Captain Eads for $500,000 in bonds was honored Monday by the Treasury Department.

The Secretary of the Treasury has called $10,000,000 five-twenty bonds of the act of March 3, 1865, dated November, 1865. Interest ceases the twelfth of March, 1877.

While General Jewell was our minister in Russia he visited the tanneries of that country and found out the secret of the Russia leather, beloved of book devotees. The secret is the result of the use of birch bark tar with which the skins are dressed in place of tallow and grease, the latter substances being so largely used as food among the lower classes. This tar, which is carefully saved as it exudes from the wood when burned, was first used as a substitute for wheel grease in Russia, as it is to this day, and then for the filling and dressing of skins. By a system of careful inquiry, and literally following his nose during his visits to some of the great Russian tanneries and currriers' shops, Mr. Jewell found this compound in a great kettle ready for use, and thus the mystery was solved. It is not expensive, costing about $10 a barrel, and he immediately ordered ten barrels and sent them to various leading leather manufacturers in this country with instructions, and the result is that genuine Russia leather goods are now made in America, and doubtless will soon be sold at nearly fifty per cent below former prices.

Lieutenant McIntyre, of the Second Infantry, was killed in Fog mountains by thirty illicit distillers, who attacked the government forces under cover of night. A dispatch to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, from Agent Chamberlain, dated Cartersville, Georgia, reports raid in the northern portion of that State. Thirty-three stills were destroyed and eighty-four arrests made.

David Dudley Field.

A letter from Washington to the Cleveland *Leader*, February 5, says:

David Dudley Field's name was stricken from the rolls of the New York Bar Association a couple of years ago for conduct unbecoming a gentleman and a lawyer, and he is just beginning to play tricks here which would tempt any but an ex-Confederate Congress to follow the example of the Bar Association. In the committee to-day Judge Lawrence produced a pamphlet bearing the imprint of a private publishing firm in this city with the title, "Testimony relating to Louisiana and Florida taken by the Committee of the House of Representatives on the Powers, Duties and Privileges of the House of Representatives in Counting the Electoral Vote—Hon. J. Proctor Knott, chairman. From the notes of the Official Reporter."

Mr. Lawrence asked the chairman if he had authorized the printing of the testimony in any such form. Knott replied that he had not; that he had no knowledge of its being done, that this was the first intimation he had of it. Judge Lawrence then said in his opinion it was a violation of the rules of the House, of all precedent in committee practice, and an act of gross disrespect to the chairman and the committee. Mr. Sparks, of Illinois, a Democrat, said he agreed with Judge Lawrence. Mr. Lawrence said further, that no member of the committee or clerk had any right to give the official copy of the stenographer's notes to any person for any purpose, and proposed that the committee proceed to discover how this publication has been made.

Mr. Field became very red in the face and moved that the room be cleared. He did not want any witnesses of his disgrace. The reporters were then driven out and the committee sat in secret session for half an hour. The pamphlet contained extracts from the testimony of Democratic witnesses without their cross-examination or any testimony in rebuttal, being entirely ex parte, but pretending to be complete. Mr. Field had it prepared secretly and presented before the Electoral Commission as a part of the Democratic record. Through a member of the commission the fact came to Judge Lawrence's knowledge. The act has entirely destroyed Field's influence with the commission and will greatly prejudice the Democratic case. Even such partisans as Proctor Knott denounce Field's action, but excuse the act on what Maddox called "moral moral grounds," because Mr. Field is not familiar with congressional committee usage.

In their secret session Field was given a very wholesome verbal chastisement by Professor Seelye, Sparks and others, and he made a very humiliating apology to the committee, explaining, as Knott did, that he was not familiar with the custom, and insisting that had he suspected such action was not perfectly proper he would have been the last man in the world to have taken it. He begged the committee to overlook the offense this time, promising solemnly not to be guilty of a breach of honor again. So its action was taken. Field expressed a wish that the matter might not be made public or placed upon the records of the committee, and at his request it was stricken off. It is the opinion, however, that his crocodile tears should not have influenced the committee to so much leniency, and that they should at least have let his dishonor been made a matter of record. Professor Seelye has been in a state of violent indignation for several days at Field's conduct, and he remarked this evening that having relieved himself he felt better. Being asked how he had relieved himself, he declined to state, saying it was a committee secret.

The Democracy Off Its Feet.

A Washington special, February 3, to the New York *Graphic* says:

The Democrats here are very much disgruntled over the decision of the tribunal. They say the Republicans have so far beaten them all through this contest by superior pluck and *finesse*. It is now openly charged that the election of Judge Davis to the Senate from Illinois was part of a cunning scheme by Chandler to keep a Democrat off the tribunal and necessitate the selection of a Republican in his place. Old Democrats say they are very much puzzled, for here is a Republican majority affirming the doctrine of State rights, and a Democratic minority insisting that the central government shall go behind State returns. They acknowledge the Democratic position is illogical.

Mobile has a five cent restaurant.

STATE NEWS.

LINCOLN.

From the Vienna *Sentinel*, February 9:

Last night about ten o'clock some one discovered a big light at the jail, and the alarm of fire was at once given, and a general rush made from all parts of town to the scene of conflagration. The fire, on first arrival, was burning just inside between the inner and outer doors, and the flames were beginning to show their forked tongues through the crevises in and about the door-shutter and to appear through the roof on the north corner. In the general confusion natural upon such occasions, the jail key could not be got hold of for a considerable time. Two prisoners, white men, were confined within. They seemed perfectly cool and self-possessed, and were only heard a time or two giving directions how to come to their rescue. When the key was found the doorway had become a fiery furnace and only the outer door could be unlocked. The flames increased rapidly, covering the walls and spreading over the roof, and the smoke was gathering thick and fast inside, which with the increasing heat rendered the condition of the prisoners extremely perilous, and almost insufferable. There was no time to be lost. Something had to be done immediately, or human lives would be sacrificed in the flames. Three or four men were vainly and foolishly endeavoring to cut through the wall. The inner door which was about three feet from the outer door, was at length attacked with battering rams, and finally gave way under the herculean blows which were given with the utmost energy and determination. When the doorway was opened the shout was raised for the prisoners to run out; and one of them came out almost simultaneously with the cry, but the other waited nearly a minute before he ventured to pass through the flames. Both the prisoners were wrapped in blankets, one of which was thoroughly saturated with water. They still manifested a cool indifference to the surrounding circumstances. They deny setting the jail on fire, but the evidence is too conclusive against them that they did. Every effort that could be was made to extinguish the fire and save the house, but all efforts were alike unavailing, and it had to be resigned to its fate, and was totally consumed. The walls of the house were something over two hours burning down, and there was still a considerable blaze among the smoldering ruins this morning at sunrise. The burning of the jail has occasioned a great loss to the parish, as it will have to be replaced by a new one.

Matters on the Rio Grande.

The following is contained in a special from Brownsville to the Galveston *News*, dated February 8:

General Revueltas crossed over into Fort Brown this morning. He was sent toward Point Isabel in an ambulance, with an escort of United States soldiers. It was said he would get on the train at the beef packery three miles from town. He was afraid to pass through Brownsville; he knows he deserves castigation at the hands of the Americans.

He paid his private debts in customhouse paper worth one cent on the dollar in the Matamoros market. Some of his staff paid their debts in horses. The cause of his going is not known; but one thing is certain, he left to avoid accounting for his acts to General Canales.

It is reported that General Fuero took the position in Durango assumed by Revueltas in Matamoros. He declined to surrender, except upon an order direct from Diaz. He turned over the command to the officer next in rank and started with his staff to report to Diaz in person. While on the way he was taken and shot. It is presumed that this report has expedited the departure of Revueltas. It is generally believed he is going to join Iglesias.

From the same source, February 9:

Mexicans affirm that the order Revueltas pretended to have from General Diaz was forged. Mexicans say Revueltas carried with him $40,000 to $80,000, which had been stolen from residents of Matamoros. An affidavit was made against him here for robbing in Mexico and bringing the stolen property into Texas. The papers were ready to be telegraphed to Rockport for his arrest, but a telegram announced that the steamer had been gone a few minutes.

February 10:

Captain Cristo has been permitted to come to this side. General Blanco was landed at Brazos Santiago from the Mexican war vessel Mauricio. He arrived on this evening's train. He was met at the depot by a deputation of Mexican officials, and was received on the Mexican side by the military and a large concourse of citizens, with music, etc. He was accompanied by Senor Arguelles, and came by order of General Diaz to take command of the line of the Bravo. The Diaz men are happy. General Blanco was Minister of War under President Juares, and is an experienced and able officer.

Diaz's authority is now undisputed and the country is quiet.

General Cortina is at his rancho not far from Matamoros.

A Precious Lot of Scoundrels.

Buell, the energetic and reliable Washington correspondent of the New Orleans *Democrat*, furnished the following intelligence to that paper Wednesday morning. Did he get his dispatches mixed?

To my certain knowledge there are now four distinct combinations of Democrats negotiating with Hayes, directly or indirectly. One of these combinations looks to securing the recognition of Hampton, in South Carolina, and Nicholls, in Louisiana, by Hayes; another looks to certain patronage for certain individuals; another has in view certain railroad interests, and the fourth contemplates certain legislation regarding war claims. But while the objects sought by these combinations are various, the *quid pro quo* in all cases is the same; it is the desertion of eight or ten Southern Democrats in Congress, so as to give the Hayes party control of the organization of the next House.

I am not in a position to give names or particulars, at least for the present, but I can say, as a certainty, that if Hayes is counted in and inaugurated enough of these bargains will be consummated to give the organization of the next House to the Republicans, unless, indeed, at the last moment the men who are willing enough to make bargains should shrink from the terrific consequences of popular wrath which might follow the delivery of these goods.

These combinations are each in antagonism to all the others, and yet each has some knowledge of the proceedings of the others. The result is general distrust and none of recrimination. In private circles it must not be understood that any considerable number of Democrats are embraced in these combinations; probably none of them is known to more than seven or eight members of Congress of either branch; but the knowledge that there is treachery meditated in the camp has had the effect of demoralising and disheartening the Democratic forces.

The *Enquirer* of to-morrow will probably contain some exposures of one of these combinations, but that exposure will argue nothing, except that the combinations have begun to make war upon each other.

Conkling Fading.

The Apollo of the Senate, the once handsome and elegant Roscoe Conkling, is "fading, still fading," and bleached out like one who stays out too late after the sun goes down. The close confinement with his weak eyes, I presume, gives him this bleached appearance; but his knees, also, seem weak. Last winter he was one of the happiest looking men in the Senate chamber, so affable, mild and considerate, always smiling as a June morning, and never failing to "see a man" when he sent in a card. Now, in the red necktie he wears, I thought it was the fashionable shade, but John, at my side, said it didn't blend with the spittoons arranged in artistic rows all around the edges of the Senate, they were cardinal red—doesn't reflect its rosy hue upon his face, thereby dispelling the gloom. He looks unhappy, miserably unhappy, and snarls away at everything and everybody that crosses his path. Possibly that Cincinnati convention last May had something to do with the change that has come over the spirit of his dreams; political conventions have that effect sometimes.—*Washington Correspondence St. Louis Republican.*

MARSHAL'S MONITIONS.

J. F. Boyle vs. Schooner Celeste.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the District of Louisiana, No. 11,018.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE SCHOONER CELESTE, her tackle, etc., now libeled by J. F. Boyle, for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the third Monday of March, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said schooner should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, February 13, 1877.

J. R. G. PITKIN,
United States Marshal.

fe14 24 mh3 31

J. C. Berthelot, Brown & Jones, intervenors, vs. steamboat Fleta.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 11 091—in obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT FLETA, now libeled by J. C. Berthelot, Brown & Jones, intervenors, for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the third Monday of February, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans January 17, 1877.

J. R. G. PITKIN,
United States Marshal.

jan7 fe6 13 20

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

CITY LICENSES OF 1877.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
New Orleans, January 12, 1877.

CITY LICENSES FOR 1877 ARE NOW DUE AND payable in cash at this Department. The following rates of discount will be allowed, to wit:

Five per cent from date hereof until January 31, 1877.

Three per cent from February 1 to February 15, 1877, inclusive.

Two per cent from February 16 to February 28 1877, inclusive.

ja12 1fe28 J. C. DENIS, Administrator.

STEAMSHIPS

FOR HAVANA VIA CEDAR KEYS AND KEY WEST.

United States Mail Line.

Steamships
WILLIAM P. CLYDE, WILMINGTON,
MARGARET, EMILIA.

The New Orleans, Florida and Havana Steamship Line will dispatch one of the above first class steamers from New Orleans to Havana

Every Week.

Touching at Cedar Keys and Key West, and connecting with steamers for Tampa.

Through bills of lading issued to all points in Florida, including Tampa, and to New York, Charleston and Savannah.

Splendid passenger accommodations, and through tickets given to above points.

No freight received without permit from the office.

For freight or passage apply to
I. K. ROBERTS, Agent,
No. 120 Common street.

AMUSEMENTS.

WENGER'S GARDEN,
11.....Bourbon Street.....11
S. WENGER, Proprietor.

Largest Hall in the city. Best European and American journals on file. Free lunch every day. Rooms for families, with separate entrance. Best Beer a moderate prices. The largest Orchestra in the world, plays from 11 A. M. till 12 P. M my15

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Walter Wyley Carre.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 39,340.—Whereas, Mrs. Elvira A. Carre has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of her late husband, W. W. Carre. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe7 10 14*

Succession of James Cloney.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 38,788.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the final account presented by Mrs. Mary Cloney, widow, and tutrix of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe10 14 17*

Succession of Widow Victor Navarre.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 39,254.—Whereas, Mr. R. Ducoing has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Mrs. Widow Victor Navarre, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause, within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe14 17 21

Succession of Frank Baumer.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 39,354.—Whereas, Miss Baumer has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Frank Baumer, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe10 14 17*

Succession of Bernard Dupont.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 37,801.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from this present notification, if any they have or can, why the final account presented by Paul Trevigne, administrator of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe7 10 14*

Succession of J. J. Albert.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 38,277.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the final account presented by E. A. Albert, testamentary executor of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe7 10 14*

Succession of John Leisy.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 39,664.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Mrs. Jeanette G. Leisy, executrix of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe7 10 14

Succession of George Pieppart.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 39,245.—Whereas, E. T. Parker, public administrator, has petitioned the court for letters of dative testamentary executorship in the estate of the late George Pieppart. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe10 14 17*

Succession of Charles Thompson.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 39,012.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

JOHN HERBERT, Clerk.

fe10 14 17*

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Antonio De Monasterio vs. George Wochter.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 7801.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale, directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, to Eugene Waggaman, late sheriff, and by said late sheriff to me transferred, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, March 14, 1877, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

A LOT OF GROUND, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in this parish, on the right bank of the river Mississippi (now the Fifth District of the city of New Orleans), about one mile and a half below the city, and designated by the number five on a plan by B. Buisson, late surveyor, on the fifteenth day of March, 1834, deposited in the office of H. Pedesclaux, late a notary public in this city, by an act dated April 8, 1834, and measuring one arpent front on the river Mississippi, by forty arpents in depth, being the same property which the defendant herein acquired by purchase from Jean Jacques Planchard, by an act passed before Joseph Cohn, a notary public in this city, on the eighth of November, 1876.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
fe10 14 21 mh14 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Alfred Delavigne vs. the Beaujeu Brick Manufacturing Company.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans, No. 6436.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale directed by the honorable the Sixth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause to Eugene Waggaman, late sheriff, and by said late sheriff to me transferred, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on SATURDAY, February 17, 1877, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

SIX CERTAIN TRACTS OF LAND, being portions of the tract established as a brickyard, and known as the Jourdan brickyard, situated in the Third District of this city, and designated by the numbers two, three, four, five, six and seven, on a plan drawn by C. A. de Armas, surveyor, April 24, 1875, and deposited in the sheriff's office for reference. Which said tracts having, according to said plan, the following dimensions, so wit:

Tract number two measures nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on each of Derbigny and Johnson (projected) streets, by nineteen hundred and fifty-five feet seven inches one line in depth, between parallel lines, on the lines which divide it from the Ursulines Convent and the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

Tract number three measures also nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on each of Johnson (projected) street and Elorida (projected) avenue, by nineteen hundred and fifty-one feet eleven inches one line in depth, between parallel lines, on the lines which divide it from the Ursulines Convent and the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

Tract number four measures also nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on each of Elorida (projected) avenue and Solon (projected) street, by nineteen hundred and fifty-one feet eleven inches one line in depth, between parallel lines, on the lines which divide it from the Ursulines Convent and the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

Tract number five measures also nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on each of Solon (projected) street and Fairfax (projected) street, by nineteen hundred and fifty-one feet eleven inches one line in depth, between parallel lines, on the lines which divide it from the Ursulines Convent and the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

Tract number six measures also nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on each of Fairfax (projected) street and Fairfax (projected) street, by nineteen hundred and fifty-one feet eleven inches one line in depth, between parallel lines, on the lines which divide it from the Ursulines Convent and the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

Tract number seven measures also nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on each of Fairfax (projected) street and Solon (projected) street, by nineteen hundred and fifty-one feet eleven inches one line in depth, between parallel lines, on the lines which divide it from the Ursulines Convent and the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

And tract number seven measures, also, nine hundred and eleven feet seven inches four lines front on said Solon (projected) street, nine hundred and eleven feet six inches front on Livingston (projected) street, eight hundred and sixty-five feet six inches six lines in depth, on the line which divides it from the Ursulines Convent, and eight hundred and nineteen feet eleven inches four lines in depth, on the other line, which divides it from the property of the Congregation of the Holy Cross.

Tracts numbers two, three, four, five and six having, each, an area of forty and eighty-four hundredths acres, and tract number seven an area of seventeen and sixty-two hundredths acres.

The whole as per said plan.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—This being the second and last auction, the said property will be definitively adjudicated to the highest and last bidder for what it will bring, at twelve months' credit, the purchaser furnishing bond, with good and sufficient security, bearing eight per cent interest per annum from date, and special mortgage on the property sold until final payment. Said purchaser will have to deduct and pay in cash the auctioneer's fees, etc., say about one hundred dollars; and, furthermore, the State, parish and municipal taxes, the amount of which is not yet ascertained.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
ja31 fe7 10 17 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

J. A. H. Lagrange vs. Gustave J. Freret; same vs. Gustave J. Freret and William F. Freret.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, Nos. 42,036 and 42,037.—By virtue of two alias writs of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled causes, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, March 14, 1877, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTERESTS of defendants herein, Gustave J. Freret and William F. Freret, in and to the succession of their deceased mother, Madame L. F. Freret, whether arising as heirs at law or legatees under the provisions of the last will and testament of said Widow L. F. Freret, duly probated in the honorable Second District Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 30,609 of the docket, on the twenty-ninth day of November, 1876, said interests being set forth in the will and under the law in the estate of deceased, in the property following, viz:

Five per cent bonds, of twenty dollars each.

Ten shares in the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company, of fifty dollars each, certificate No. 156.

Thirteen shares in the New Orleans St. Charles Hotel Company, of twenty five dollars each, certificate No. 286.

Household furniture in premises on Louisiana avenue, between St. Charles and Prytania streets.

ALSO, ONE UNDIVIDED THIRTEENTH PART in the following real estate:

1. One portion of ground, in the Sixth District of this city, in square bounded by Louisiana avenue, Carondelet, Sophie and St. Charles streets, being lots fourteen to nineteen and part of lot eleven, and parts of lots one to seven, inclusive, making a total measurement of one hundred and eleven feet eleven inches two lines on Louisiana avenue, running through the square, a depth of three hundred and twenty feet, and having a front of one hundred and twenty feet, and eleven feet eleven inches two lines; together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

2. One portion of ground, in the same district and square, being formed of the larger portions of lots one, two and three, and forming the corner of Prytania and Sophie streets, measuring twenty feet front on Prytania street, by a depth and front on Toledano street of one hundred and twenty feet; together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

3. One portion of ground, in the First District of this city, in the square bounded by St. James, Tchoupitoulas, Religious and Market streets, measuring two hundred and fifty-five feet nine inches two lines front on St. James street, the same measurement on the dividing line dividing it from the other portion of said square, and one hundred and fifty-nine feet ten inches two lines front on each of Tchoupitoulas and Religious streets; together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Seized in the above suits.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
fe10 14 21 mh14 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Lafayette Fire Insurance Company vs. Peter H. Thode.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 7352.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, to Eugene Waggaman, late sheriff, and by said late sheriff to me transferred, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, March 14, 1877, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

1. A CERTAIN PIECE OR PORTION OF GROUND, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the Fourth District of this city, in the square bounded by Rampart, Dryades and St. Andrew streets, and Felicity road, commencing at a distance of thirty-eight feet from the corner of St. Andrew street, and having thirty-eight feet front on said Rampart street, by a depth of one hundred and thirteen feet, between parallel lines.

2. AND ANOTHER PORTION OF GROUND, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the same square, and commencing at a distance of one hundred feet from the corner of St. Andrew street, and having thirty-eight feet front on said Rampart street, by a depth of one hundred and forty-five feet, between equal and parallel lines. Which said two portions of ground form part of the property purchased by the defendants herein from James Sullivan, per act passed before Joseph Cohn, a notary public in this city, on the eleventh of December, 1867.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
ja31 fe7 14 28 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Lang, Bernheimer & Co. vs. Fred Huth.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 7400.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on THURSDAY, February 15, 1877, at half-past ten o'clock A. M., at my warehouse, Nos. 23 and 25 Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, in the Second District of this city, the following described property, to wit—

THE CONTENTS OF A BARROOM, taken from the premises No. 45 Tchoupitoulas street, as per inventory, which may be seen in my office.

And on the same day, at five o'clock P. M., on the said premises, No. 45 Tchoupitoulas street, the FIXTURES of as d barroom.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
fe3 10 14 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

F. Irwin vs. Mrs. Harriet Wilson.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 9011.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Sixth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, February 14, 1877, at five o'clock P. M., at my warehouse, Nos. 23 and 25 Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, in the Second District of this city—

A LOT OF FURNITURE AND MOVABLE EFFECTS, as per inventory which may be seen in my office.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
fe3 7 14 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Michael James Brennan vs. Robert Carter

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 7848.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale, directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, to Eugene Waggaman, late sheriff, and by said late sheriff to me transferred, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on WEDNESDAY, March 14, 1877, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated, lying and being in the Suburb St. Mary, First District, late the Second Municipality of this city, designated by the number thirty-one, in square number one hundred, comprised between St. Magdeleine (now Clara), St. Mark (now Magnolia), Gravier and Perdido streets, as per plan drawn by A. S. Finlay, surveyor, on the twenty-second day of December, 1844, and deposited in the office of Davis L. McCay, late notary in this city, said lot measuring, in English measure, thirty-one feet front on Clara street (late St. Magdeleine street), by a depth of one hundred and nineteen feet nine and one-half inches, between parallel lines. Together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, rights, ways and advantages thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. Being the same property acquired by defendant herein by purchase from plaintiff herein, as per act passed before W. J. Castell, notary public in this city, dated February 19, 1875.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—This being the second and last auction, the said property will be definitively adjudicated to the highest and last bidder for what it will bring, at twelve months' credit, the purchaser furnishing bond, with good and sufficient security, bearing eight per cent interest per annum from date, and special mortgage on the property sold until final payment. Said purchaser will have to deduct and pay in cash the auctioneer's fees, etc., say about one hundred dollars; and furthermore, the State, parish and municipal taxes, the amount of which is not yet ascertained.

THOMAS H. HANDY,
ja31 fe7 14 mh7 Civil Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Union National Bank of New Orleans, Joseph Billgery, subrogated, vs. Joseph Raymond.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No