

TELEGRAPH AND HOT DEBATE. LAMAR SEATED. KELLOR'S CREDENTIALS. RESOLVED IMMEDIATELY. NEW CABINET. SPEAKS FOR PACKARD. MORTON FOLLOWS. KELLOR'S MISSION. PACKARD'S COMPROMISE. GO TO GO ABROAD. SENATORS STAND SQUARE TO PACKARD.

WASHINGTON, March 6, 1877. A long and exciting debate followed. Senator Lamar... The Speaker, but the other was not reported to-day... The New Administration and the South... The interests of all sections of the country are so correlative that property in each benefits all...

THE LEGISLATURE. SENATE. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THE SENATE. The Senate was called to order on Monday by Secretary Gorham as President Hayes presided. The proclamation convening the Senate in extra session was read. Mr. Ferry was elected President pro tem. The oath of office was administered to Mr. Ferry, and upon taking the Chair he said: Senators—Accept my sincere acknowledgments for this renewal of your courtesy and confidence which will at once enter upon the duties of the Chair.

THE COMPLETED COURT. THE HOUSE WHO TRIED TO PREVENT THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF HAYES' ELECTIONS.

THE COMPLETED COURT. The House who tried to prevent the announcement of Hayes' elections. George Alfred Townsend writes the following to the New York Graphic, under date of March 2: It is to be understood that I have been up all night, watching, with more fidelity than the sentinel on a great occasion, for the bursting of the electoral roll's egg and the birth of a genius. He has come. They fetched him forth with instruments by the tens of thousands, and he has been in the Capitol building since noon. Having been up with the infant, having heard the equal wail on such occasions, as if to say, "I didn't want to come," and having had very little sleep, I throw my notes together like an actor undressing.

THE HOUSE WHO TRIED TO PREVENT THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF HAYES' ELECTIONS.

There were a lot of drunken Kentucky and Southern members on one side, who made speeches about blood poisoning, and so forth, and bid fair to have a free fight. Sam Randall gave every body much latitude, but he did not do his duty. He must have been under prodigious mental and physical strain. The specially obnoxious people were a set of Black and Red Republicans from Kentucky, who appear to be practicing for some future declamatory exercise on the floor of Congress. He created much amusement, despite a rather unwholesome remark. These men had taken his blue-glass hollow with something inside. He wanted the House to make a resolution, and if it failed, he would resign. They studied him in no time. Hayes was declared President ad interim. One man named Hansgen blessed.

FIELD'S WORST DEFEAT.

A Washington special, February 28, to the New York Tribune says: The plans of the Democratic conspirators miscarried in several particulars to-day, but David Dudley Field's failure to get his veto carried into the House before the opening of the electoral vote was certainly the most disastrous. It was far more discouraging than any other of his defeats. Mr. Tilden gave up all hope of being inaugurated on the fourth of March. The Democratic committee in the Louisiana case, but after much consultation with the managers of his case in Washington he did come to the conclusion that the best course was to accept of his own selection or falling in that that his friends in the House could force the country to hold a new election. With this end in view the two bills providing for a new election were introduced, but they were not completed, and authorizing his re-entrance proceedings in the courts of his choice, were prepared and placed in the hands of David O. Field. Mr. Tilden does not want a new election. He knows that his chance of securing the nomination again would not be as good as he could desire, and that if he were to accept of a new election, he would still have before him a long and expensive canvass, with all the odium of the past election scandals added to those of the last campaign. The presidency sought at such a price would be dearly bought, but even then he would have no assurance of success. The Democratic party was never very united in its support of Mr. Tilden. The majority of the present session of Congress have not tended to heal its differences. For these and many other reasons the late Democratic candidate professes to have a new election. As one of his agents remarked last night, "I think would not be as great as the chance of success better. It could be settled in six months, and the necessary expenditure of money would be much less."

COURT RECORD.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6, 1877. UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT. Present—Hon. W. B. Woods, circuit judge, and Hon. E. C. Billings, district judge. Before Judge Billings: The commission of John Robert Graham Feltus as United States marshal, and his bond for \$30,000, signed by Blanc Fraucou Joubert, Michael Hahn, John K. Clay and Charles Wesley Boothby, were presented and recorded. Before Judge Woods: Elijah P. Dwyer, Esq., was admitted to practice in all the courts of the United States in this district. Charles Parsons vs. city of New Orleans. Suit for sixteen bonds in favor of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroad, and one in favor of the Opelousas and Grand Western railroad, issued under act of March 15, 1851. Judgment for \$17,000. William H. Booth vs. succession of Mrs. A. F. Smith.—Discontinued on plaintiff's motion. Superior Criminal Court. FLEADED GUILTY. Carrying concealed weapons.—A. C. Christopher, alias Santa Anna, Sentence, \$5 or ten days; John Henry, alias Chickens. JURY. Jury commissioners ordered to draw on or before Monday, March 12, 500 names of persons from which the grand jury for the year commencing April 2, and the petty jury for the April term shall be selected, returnable March 31, at ten o'clock. This being Saturday, when the names are tried, court will devote that day for continuing the jury.

STATE vs. ERNEST WESTERHAGEN et al.

STATE vs. ERNEST WESTERHAGEN et al. Ernest Westerbagen et al. charged with carrying concealed weapons. The court will devote that day for continuing the jury.

OTHER RUMORS ARE TO THE EFFECT THAT SIOUGH...

OTHER RUMORS ARE TO THE EFFECT THAT SIOUGH... The Ohio people do not think that a Democratic will be brought into the Cabinet. They say Governor Hayes' idea is to carry out a policy that will result in a Hayes party at the South, and when that party has shaped itself and shown itself to be deserving of Cabinet honors they will be recognized.