

The Louisianian.

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Republican papers throughout the State please copy.



FOR PRESIDENT IN 1873, U. S. GRANT, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HENRY WILSON, OF MASSACHUSETTS.

SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1872.

On our first page we copy a remarkably thoughtful letter from the pen of an able colored man in Baltimore, giving his reasons for withdrawing his further support from President Grant.

Mayor Flanders has offered the keeping of the archives of the City Hall to the widow of the late Lieut. Gov. Dunn, and there is no doubt that Mrs. Dunn will accept the position.

The Lafourche Times mentions a late "unpleasantness" in Houma between Customhouse and administration men. Hon. Chas. Verrett, and another person, "were severely cut by Keys," says the Times. Is that to be the little game too? Better beware of the fate of those who "take the sword."

The town of Franklin, in the parish of St. Mary, has a fire engine and a fire company, which ought to be an effective concern, for "Reuben White," writing in the Sugar Bowl, says: "Since the organization of a fire company in Franklin, insurance has fallen one cent. This fact speaks volumes in favor of an engine."

Col. George W. Carter left the city two or three days ago on a visit to President Grant, to whom it is reported Mr. Carter will fully explain the unwarrantable assumptions and officious meddling and tyrannical conduct of the President's appointees down here. Judge E. C. Billings also accompanied Col. Carter.

The Eleventh Ward Republican Club has been reorganized. See Club Directory.

The Customhouse men have organized a Grant and Wilson campaign club in the Third Ward.

MORE SLANDERS REFUTED.

The Citizens' Guard fairly earns the palm for falsification. It has a natural disposition to circulate the most unblushing untruths at all times. One of its latest is that "J. Sella Martin, in his recent letter to the New York Tribune, admits and exults over the fact that Pinchback is for Greeley and is laboring in his interest." A gross perversion of what he did say. And for whatever Mr. Martin's independent opinion may be estimated at we quote his precise language; he says:—

"I think he (Mr. Greeley) will get 20,000 out of the 85,000 colored voters of this State. Such a force led by Pinchback, who combines in himself nearly all of the best elements of leadership, when added to the Liberal and Reform vote, will sweep the State."

A political forecast Mr. Martin has a perfect right to indulge in, without rendering Mr. Pinchback open to the malicious imputation that he is laboring in the interest of Mr. Greeley, an occupation by the way that we by no means consider disgraceful.

With reference to the fling at this paper on account of having Grant and Wilson up for President and Vice President, we have to say that they are there because the Republican party of the country nominated them, and we so stated when we replaced their names in our columns, and we propose to yield party allegiance until we are abundantly satisfied that President Grant should not be again entrusted with the vast powers of Chief Executive of the nation.

If the indignities, insults, outrages of rights, malicious wickedness, and the long and grievous train of wrongs endured at the hands of Federal hirelings are to continue, and the conviction force itself upon us that a President should be in the White House who would restrain his appointees within their legitimate spheres of duty, or who would redress wrongs unjustly inflicted by them, and we believe that the best interests of all classes will be otherwise subserved, we shall not hesitate to promptly absolve ourselves from servile allegiance to a party whose cohorts are daily proving themselves to be without scruple, principle, or conscience, and we shall advise the 85,000 colored votes of the State to do likewise. What Mr. Pinchback may find himself driven into by the constant and unrelenting abuse and vilification of President Grant's office-holders in Louisiana is another thing.

Mr. Pinchback's fidelity to his party has certainly been fully tested by the Customhouse crowd.

His best services, his proudest record, his most glorious triumphs on behalf of his party and his race, his faithful and incessant labors, his self-sacrifice and laying down of all ambition in the interests of Republicanism, have all been trampled on and abused by this conscienceless crowd, who, without characters themselves, strive to reduce others to their level. And yet we find him still faithfully clinging to the last hope of success for his party, while the Customhouse crowd, knowing as well as he does that they cannot carry their ticket by themselves, are recklessly endangering success by villainous attacks on honest men.

The Boston Peace Jubilee has failed to pay its expenses, and leaves the guarantee fund to make up the deficiency of \$150,000. Confidence is, however, reposed in the executive committee that they will devise means to reimburse Mr. Gilmore for his expenditure of time and labor. The Boston Post concludes an article on the subject by saying: "The excellent management of the festival, from its very inception, is a guarantee that it will not be allowed to prove a failure in any respect, ultimately."

AUDACIOUS MISREPRESENTATION.

The Customhouse Guard, notorious for inventing all sorts of tales to manufacture temporary prejudice in the minds of its readers against its opponents, has been at great pains to be particularly unscrupulous and defamatory in its reports of the proceedings of the Third Ward Republican Club last Saturday night. Its report is a tissue of falsehoods.

It is false that only a few members were present, because on a rising vote to suspend the rules, one hundred and twelve members voted.

It is false that Warmothites either presented the resolutions of denunciation or passed them, because the framers, movers and supporters are as staunch Grant and Wilson men as any in the Customhouse.

It is false that the resolutions were passed by any fraud or show of force, because the test vote had decided the question, and the majority so ascertained, proposed to carry out their programme, and did it.

It is false, doubly false, that the resolutions were ever promptly, or at all killed at any time, and the secretary of the club knows it.

It is false that the lights were interfered with by the majority present, because, the meter was placed in special custody of three men, who turned out to be in the minority, and whatever interference there was with the lights must have come from that quarter.

It is false that the resolutions did not fairly pass, because, the stamped took place immediately as the overwhelming "ayes" were pronounced, and on re-assembling immediately the "noes" responded—only feebly.

It would be idle to pursue the report further through its malicious windings, we have gone this length in justice to our fellow-warders. As for the threat to rally in force, and give us a hat full of tyranny, the third warders can afford to laugh at such insolent impotence. They have grown tired of the dictatorial and overbearing conduct of the Customhouse crowd, and have resolved to endure it no longer; so come with your "formidable body" and your cheap and worthless sympathy. Qui a peur?

ELECTION OF ADDITIONAL DELEGATES.

The regular Republican organizations of the city and parish of Orleans are promptly responding to the call of the State Central Committee by the election of additional delegates to the Convention adjourned to August 9.

The First Ward has elected W. G. Carnes, E. W. Woodruff, J. S. Nobles and A. Friot.

The Second Ward, Wm. Baker, F. A. Johnson, Chas. Labuzan, Joseph Garcia.

Third Ward, John B. Keller, E. P. Chase, Dr. R. Smith, W. G. Brown, W. H. Waters, C. Montaldo, George Beers, John L. Davis.

Fourth Ward, R. St. Armand, Leon Populus, R. C. Howard, Robt. Malcom.

Fifth Ward, O. Rey, N. Lastrapes, J. A. Raynal, T. L. Medley, Edward Davis, Edward Quirk.

Sixth Ward, P. F. Benedict, C. Bergeron.

Seventh Ward, L. P. Pijean, Wm. H. Green, John Hussey, St. F. Casanave, Wm. J. Moore, Louis Smith.

Eighth Ward, Gustave Lacoste, Louis Whitlow.

Tenth Ward, John Zellars, Seymour Alcorn, Allen Bibb and Chas. Bibb.

Eleventh Ward, E. C. Vankirk, A. J. Johnson, P. J. Isabelle, David Fisher.

Twelfth Ward, M. C. Carroll, John Marks.

Fourteenth Ward, R. W. Todd, Eugene Claiborne.

Fifteenth Ward, S. Bunckley, David Mason, W. W. Freeman, H. Carroll.

What business have the Customhouse men to be endeavoring to interfere with and trying to steal control of the second and third districts' Grant and Wilson campaign clubs? These men are not content to let even the best Grant and Wilson supporters organize clubs, unless Customhouse officers, or their minions, are at the head of affairs. We mistake the Sixth and Seventh Warders, however, if they submit to the insolent and usurping demands of these tyrants.

A NOBLE BENEFACTION.

The Trustees of the Louisville Medical College, (Louisville, Ky.) have created one of the most liberal benefactions ever conferred by a public Institution. They have instituted one Beneficiary Scholarship for each Congressional District in all of the States. By this means very many poor but deserving young men will be enabled to obtain a thorough medical education. Any one wishing to take advantage of this Benefaction should write to Dr. E. S. Gaillard, Dean of the Faculty of the Louisville Medical College, Louisville, Ky., when he will receive a college catalogue with full information in regard to all that is necessary for him to do to secure one of these Scholarships. With proper delicacy the names of those who have secured the Beneficiary Scholarships will be known only to the Dean of the Faculty.

In accordance with the old Hippocratic oath, forbidding physicians to charge the families of each other for services rendered, the Faculty of this College will make no charge for teaching sons of physicians, and as no physician charges a clergyman's family, the sons of clergymen will receive the same privilege.

The next College session begins October 1st, 1872. As the lecture fees charged for each student who has not obtained a Beneficiary Scholarship, amount to \$120, annually, the public can appreciate the extent of this benefaction.

The Fourteenth Warders have woke up with a vim, and the old Iron Clad Radical Republican Mother Club, presided over by Madison Brown, Esq., met on Tuesday night. The meeting was highly enthusiastic, and on the adoption of a resolution inquiring Lt. Gov. Pinchback, Capt. W. B. Barrett, Senator Harris and others, and the assurance of a prominent member present that on Tuesday, July 30, these gentlemen might be expected to address them, they but increased in their enthusiasm.

The report of any "Packard" footing in Plaquemine parish is unreal. No such thing is possible. The Empire Parish is decidedly against the Customhouse ring, and any gathering of a few creatures in some corner, and calling themselves "the people" of the parish, and pretending to control anything or anybody outside of their deluded selves, will prove to be "a mockery, a delusion and a snare."

The Republicans of the Fourth Ward had a rousing meeting on Monday evening, at their regular club, presided over by R. C. Howard, Esq. The presence of so many "old stagers" of the ward to hear their champion and friend, Lt. Gov. Pinchback, was cheering and doubtless encouraged the speaker to talk to them as long and as well he did.

The Baton Rouge Sugar Planter folks are dying of ennui, and in despair they exclaim: "Can't somebody get up an excitement in this parish—something to stir up our sluggish people? We can't even hear of a first-class dog fight or a rat hunt, and as for drinking Dolly Varden juleps to while away the time, is rather warm work for this kind of weather."

Blackburn's *Mind* editor is a State ticket, and puts its hoists on for Lieutenant Governor. We admire many things in our accomplished contemporary, but this time he has lost his modesty. He suggests, "send me" before the question "whom shall I send?" is put.

Caution.—Don't confound the "third ward row," which is before a United States Commissioner, with the regular club which repudiated the Baton Rouge doctors last Saturday night. The one in court is a new Customhouse concern on Lafayette street, started recently as a working man's club.

What has become of the *Guard's* ridicule of the Algiers "fizzle"? Thursday's *Republicans* furnishes the names of Loan, Toy, De Klyne and other recently prominent granite building men.

Willis Parker calls on all the colored men, favorable to the election of Greeley and Brown, to assist him in the formation of a Central Club in New Orleans.

ST. JAMES ALL RIGHT.

SPEECHES BY LIEUT. GOV. PINCHBACK, GENERAL HUGH J. CAMPBELL, GENERAL A. E. BARBER, CAPTAIN W. B. BARRETT, JOHN HEDGEPAATH, ESQ.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Republicans of St. James parish at Anderson's store, last Sunday, General O. F. Hunsaker was chosen president and Eugene Gaudet secretary.

The president, upon taking the chair, was received with three rousing cheers. He expressed his great gratification at witnessing the enthusiasm and unanimity of the Republican party. In the success of that party, he said, rests the only hope of the colored people. He concluded amid great cheering, and introduced the speakers from New Orleans.

Lieutenant Governor Pinchback being introduced, spoke nearly an hour and three-quarters. His speech was listened to with the closest attention, and was continually interrupted by the hearty applause. He renewed the history of the division in the Republican party, the conduct of the Customhouse officials on the 6th of December, their action in January, and was particularly severe on Mr. Antoine; told the people all about how Antoine signed a written compact with the Democratic Senators the control of the best offices of the State and to put out of the Senate Republican Senators and seat Democrats in their places, and asked the colored people whether they were prepared to support such a man for the second office in the gift of the people of Louisiana, which was responded to unanimously "No! no!! no!!"

To the white portion of the audience he said:

To the white men present I wish to say that the time has come when you can afford to cast aside your prejudices and join us in the glorious work of selecting the best and most efficient men for office, and establishing harmonious relations between the two races of our people; you must remember that there are nearly ninety thousand colored voters in this State who you cannot afford to ignore even if you desired.

I will admit we need your friendship; we are not unmindful of the fact that you own nearly all the land and have nearly all the money, and that we cannot do without your land and money. And you must not forget that our labor is as essential to you as your land is to us, for your cane, cotton, and rice fields can only be cultivated by the strong and brown arm of the colored people. These considerations make a new departure absolutely necessary; you must be as liberal as I am confident our people will be in the coming election; forget past differences; lay aside personal preferences, and let our common aim be to bring our people closer together on more friendly terms, each respecting the rights of the other. If we can only do this, Louisiana will be the happiest spot on the American continent.

At the conclusion of Mr. Pinchback's speech three rousing cheers were given for him, which we were pleased to see the whites joined in.

Hon. Hugh J. Campbell was next introduced and spoke as follows: Fellow-citizens of St. James—I thank you for your kind and enthusiastic reception. This is my second visit to your beautiful parish. I come again to meet you on your invitation upon the same errand, that is to speak to you in behalf of the regular old Republican principles and the support of the regular Republican convention. I have listened with particular interest to the speech of the distinguished and able representative man of your own people (Governor Pinchback) to-day, and I was proud, both for your sake and mine, that in your presence and before so many of the representative white citizens of the parish, he, as a man of your people, delivered so noble, able, manly, and statesmanlike a speech. In listening to him you and they listened to the embodiment of your race, presenting before both races in the purest, most cheate and most eloquent language, with the clearest and most unswerving logic, in the noblest and fairest possible spirit, and with an appeal to the greatest interests, and the highest sentiments of the whole people, your interests, your rights, your claims and your purposes in the coming election.

Such a speech coming from your people could it go forth trumpet-tongued into every parish in this State and penetrate to the ears of all their people, would elicit a warm and hearty response from every true Louisianian heart. I was proud of it as one of the noblest intellectual efforts I

ever listened to. But the part of which I was most proud, which caused my color to bound, and my blood to surge in veins, the swollen rivers, was that sentiment which will immortalize its speaker, in which he said to the white people of this State that the time had come for a new departure of the Republican party in Louisiana on a broader and more friendly road, in which he and his people were anxious to take by the hand the older white citizens of the State, without regard to past differences on account of the war or other causes. Now my friends, in the present transition and confused State of political parties, this is a significant and important announcement which should and I believe will, attract the careful thought of all the people.

Let me come right down and talk to the doubts and the questions which I know you are at this moment thinking over, even if you do not express them.

First you see a great General, who led the Union armies to victory, and has been the Republican President for four years, again a Republican candidate for the Presidency. But on the other side you see an old-time Republican and Abolitionist, one of your earliest and truest friends, nominated against General Grant by another Republican convention, and afterward, only a few days ago, the entire Democratic party of the United States ratifying this Republican nomination. You see Republicans and Democrats, Union men and Confederates swinging their hats and hurrahing for this old Abolitionist and Republican. This puzzles you, don't it? (Cries of yes, yes.)

Well, then, again you, four years ago, elected Governor Warmoth your Governor. Since he went into power you have had greater liberties, better secured rights, more privileges, more power and better advantages than ever before. You have regarded him as your Republican leader and chief. You also see old faithful and recognized Republicans, such as Governor Pinchback, General Hunsacker, General Barber and others, whom you have ever seen where your rights or interests were in question, standing up and contending faithfully for you. You see these gentlemen representing the regular Republican State convention here claiming your support for the August convention as the only true Republican organization in the State, and the only one whose candidates will have any hope of success.

On the other hand you see Mr. Packard, Mr. Ingraham, Mr. Dove and others telling you that they are Republicans; that one Mr. Kellogg—did you ever hear of him? (Cries of no—don't know him.) Did you ever see him? (No—we never will, I reckon)—one Mr. Kellogg is to be your Republican leader and chief. This puzzles you, don't it? You ask what does this mean? I will tell you. First, as to our own State. General Grant's federal appointees, Messrs. Packard, Casey and others, were not satisfied with running their federal offices. They set to work to control the State convention so that they could get the State offices also. They couldn't do this fairly. So they tried to do it by force. They called the convention in the Customhouse; they locked it; they employed professional rousts and bruisers of New Orleans as deputy marshals, and called out soldiers to back them, and they then refused to admit over one half of the delegates elected by the people. These delegates of yours and of the people then left the Customhouse and assembled the regular Republican convention in Turner Hall, New Orleans. These Customhouse men, last June, held another convention at Baton Rouge. There they refused, against the wishes of a majority of their own men, to unite with us, the regular Republicans. They turned out a large number of their own delegates and finally disgusted and drove away at least the half of their own convention. Thus constituted, the Customhouse men pretended to nominate Mr. Kellogg as the Republican candid to for Governor, and to make him your leader. We say we repudiate these pretensions. We cannot accept their candidates. First, Republicans did not nominate them. Second, the candidates are not Republicans. Mr. Kellogg is not a Republican, Mr. Clinton is not a Republican, Mr. Antoine is not a Republican. The result is they can not elect that ticket. We can not elect it for them even if we tried. Therefore to our convention of August 9; do the Republicans look to nominate a true Republican ticket which shall satisfy the people. This we will try to do, and ask you to help us by sending good men to the convention. Now as to national matters, President Grant has devoted to harmonize and unite the Republican party, and have failed in doing so, through the machinations of certain federal officials, notwithstanding the fact that we are still desirous of saving our State from ruin. Therefore be it

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on national matters, by an equally by and general response, showing to people that there is to be no more against their rights, their privileges as well protected in their new Louisiana as building as in the old one, then I will be but too glad to join in this great movement, and with that royal watchword "Reconciliation," as my battle cry, with the great army of peace-makers as a patrol with my musket on my shoulder.

But should the councils of the will rabid "die in the ditch" Democrats of Orleans prevail with the white people of this State, and a straight Democratic ticket to be taken up by them, and sought to be backed on as a tail to the Greeley ticket with all the consequent revival of old passions, prejudices and persecutions inseparable from such a policy, then, I say, and those who think with me, all will be left to do will be to sound the trumpet call, "To your tents, O Lord! I speak this to men who have ears and eyes and have eyes and see.

Every good and true sentiment, when pressed, strikes a chord in the hearts of men, which will surely respond sooner or later. It may be months or years, but the note will come back. In 1861, President Lincoln, out of the overflowing fulness of a generous heart, said to the Southern people: "We are not enemies, but friends. He sought to sound that "music" of great and glorious common sense which stretched from heart to heart throughout this great people. No response came back that year, nor the next, for eleven long, sad years. Some might have thought that that war was buried beneath the discords and carnage of war and civil enmity. But eleven years afterward 12,000,000 Confederate Southerners shut back in chorus the same note as pure and unselfish and sweet as the first uttered, but now resounding with the acclaim of all these millions of hearts. Our convention, in its address, has set forth a note which will find its response. This note is the reconciliation and union of Louisianians on a basis of good faith, equal and exact justice, and the general weal, in a forgetfulness of past wrongs and differences, to the end that hereafter Louisianians shall rule themselves without the intervention of bayonets, the despotism of enforcement laws, or the meddling of federal office-holders.

We regret our inability to finish the speeches of Gen. Barber and Capt. Barrett; but gentlemen, however, dwell on the dangers and duties of the hour.

To Presidents of clubs who have elected additional delegates to the August Convention, let us suggest the propriety of forwarding the necessary official information to the Republican Headquarters.

On Thursday last a grand Republican mass meeting and barbecue were held at a spot ten miles back of Amite City, in the parish of St. Helena, and were addressed by Lieutenant Governor Pinchback, Senator Barber and others. The speeches were received with great enthusiasm. We will fully report the proceedings in our next.

To THE PICAYUNE.—With reference to Pinchback's complaining of "the seat of honor" at Governor Warmoth's side being occupied by the editor of the Times, we advisedly say—Pinchback don't complain.

PARISH COMMITTEE DOINGS. HEADQUARTERS PARISH COMMITTEE. REGULAR REPUBLICAN PARTY. New Orleans, July 14, 1872.

WHEREAS, The interests of the laboring class in this Parish and State have always been provided for and protected in and through the Republican Party, and

WHEREAS, Defeat to said party in the election of November next, is the death knell of too many of the rights and privileges now enjoyed by many of our fellow-citizens, and the advent in our midst of a reign of proscription and political servitude in which the laboring classes will be the sufferers.

WHEREAS, We have individually in body politic and through a State convention endeavored to harmonize and unite the Republican party, and have failed in doing so, through the machinations of certain federal officials, notwithstanding the fact that we are still desirous of saving our State from ruin. Therefore be it

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