

DEAD TO THE EARTH

Johnson Brutally Knocked Out by Dixon

IN A TERRIFIC BLOW AND FALL

The Englishman No Match for the Nimble Champion Dixon—A Vicious Fight From the Start.

CLUB HOUSE CONEY ISLAND, June 27.—At last the Coney Island Athletic club got together a large crowd tonight at the prize fight between Fred Johnson of Birmingham, England, and George Dixon, the feather-weight champion of the world. There must have been 3,000 people in the house. John L. Sullivan arrived at half-past 8 o'clock, and was loudly cheered as he was recognized. All the well-known sporting men of New York, Brooklyn and their vicinity were present, as were delegations from Boston, Philadelphia and other cities. The fighters weighed in at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The beam was placed at 117 pounds and neither man drew it, that is, neither made it move. It was plain, however, that Johnson was fully a pound the heavier. Dixon seemed to be at about 115 pounds. The betting was pretty lively during the afternoon and evening on the ruling favorite at 100 to 60 and sometimes 105 to 70. The Johnson party took four bets at the latter figures at 7 p. m. The fight was for \$7,500 purse. James J. Corbett entered the hall shortly after 9 o'clock and got a rousing reception. In fact the crowd nearly rose for him than they did for Sullivan. The big fight was begun at 9:45. At Smith, the regular official of the club, was the referee. The crowd was delighted with the contest from the very start. Dixon in the first round opened the proceedings in a characteristic manner and rushed Johnson against the ropes, playing at the same time with his left on the Englishman's stomach and his right on the jaw.

Johnson was surprised. Johnson was surprised at the sudden attack and did not rally before Dixon was on top of him again in the same way. The second round was nearly as exciting as the first, but Johnson now somewhat recovered his senses and in the fighting that followed planted his right a couple of times on Dixon's ribs. The second round was almost a repetition of the first, except that Johnson began to duck in front of Dixon's rushes and Dixon twice caught him in the face with left-hand upper-cuts. Clinch followed clinch, Dixon doing all the rushing and the fighting was fast and furious. It was the same in the third round, and the excitement in the hall was terrific. Johnson stood the gaff and came up for every round with a thoroughly game manner. Round after round went on in the same program, but in the seventh round Johnson became groggy under the double-handed blows received on the stomach and jaw, but he held his feet and never failed to come out looking fresh at the next call of time. The Englishman had a poor left hand. He frequently, in leading for Dixon's face, jabbed the air two feet away from the champion. His right was good at inflicting and his left was good for his purpose when he swings it on the other fellow's jaw, but Dixon's face was never in the way of it.

The Final Knock-out. The colored boy was nimbler than ever and when the battle was over had no severe marks on his complexion, skin except about the body and they were not sufficient to be in sight at a distance. They no doubt told upon the champion for he was not so fast toward the end of the fight as at the start. From the eighth to the twelfth Johnson seems to be getting a little stronger, although Dixon did some rushing during the period. Johnson proved to be a fighter after the Austin Gibbons order, slow in movement but capable of taking enough to see the end of the fight. Johnson began to grow lively again for a moment and make another of his effective rushes. In the fourteenth and last round Dixon again flew at his man. He thrust a wicked left into Johnson's stomach, and as the Englishman bent forward under the blow Dixon's right met him savagely in the jaw. It was a jab which knocked him down, and as he fell Johnson's left had caught Dixon's right and the Englishman pulled the colored boy over him. They fell with Dixon's head on top of Johnson's, and as the latter's struck the stage it was with great force. The report made on the platform was so loud that some people thought that the under man's skull had been fractured. Dixon was up in a jiffy. For Johnson did his best to get up. He was on his feet once, but he reeled and fell. He tried again and got to his knees, but he was completely dazed and fell over on his side. This time he was unconscious. His seconds claimed that the Dixon man had been knocked out, but the referee would not allow it. Johnson was dead to the world for nearly a minute and Dixon won the decision. It will always be a question whether the blow or the fall defeated Johnson. His friends asserted that he had received many of the same kind during the fight, and always recovered; but there can be no doubt that the Englishman was no match for Dixon in science.

MADE A DISCOVERY

A South Sea Island Inhabited by Strange Natives.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 27.—The Norwegian bark, Elvora, which has just arrived from Malbonra, brings word that a small island in the south Pacific, hitherto considered uninhabited, is well populated. The island, which is about a mile square and well wooded, lies due south of Hawaii. In the charts it is called Ocean Island and is marked "uninhabited." When the Elvora passed the island natives came off from the shores in small canoes. The men seemed to belong to the Malay race; they were not less than 5 feet 10 inches in height, robust and quite light. One greeted the visitors with "Good morn-

ing" and another asked for tobacco.

Their knowledge of English seemed to extend no farther. Two or three were small male as breech cloths, but the rest had no clothing at all. They carried no weapons with them, and appeared very peaceably inclined.

BUFFALO'S BROKEN BANK.

Defrauded Depositors Secure Warrants for Dann's Accomplices.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 27.—The depositors of the National Savings bank are now after Treasurer Dann's accomplices. Notwithstanding that the bank examiners stated positively that other employees of the bank must have stood in with Dann or at least have known of his crooked transactions, the bank officials made no movement toward placing these people under arrest. Saturday a depositor quietly swore out a warrant for the arrest of ex-Treasurer William McCready, who left the employ of the bank about a year ago. McCready went down the river Saturday afternoon and has not returned. The whereabouts are unknown. The warrant charges him with grand larceny. Dann has placed in the hands of the bank officials \$45,000 in cash and securities and his friends say he will turn over other property to the bank as fast as it can be transferred. The examiners resumed the investigation of the bank's books, and say they will be three weeks before the work will be completed.

STRIKERS HEAVILY FINED.

They Disobeyed an Order of the Cleveland Court.

CLEVELAND, June 27.—When the men on the Broadway and Newbury street railway struck they were served with injunctions. In the face of these writs several of them removed a car from the track and prevented the operation of the road. Fifteen were arrested. The defendants included Nelson Hansen, Harmon Mullerbrook and Dave Evans \$200 each and put them under \$500 bonds to keep the injunction. Alexander Ray, Henry Markward, Frank Murray and Jason Schaefer were fined \$100 each and put under \$1,000 bonds to keep the peace. The remainder were discharged. The men are in the jail tonight, having been unable to get relief up to the present time.

RECONCILIATION PROBABLE.

The Draytons May Be United Again in Europe.

NEW YORK, June 27.—It is said by those in a position to know that strenuous efforts are making to effect a reconciliation between Mr. and Mrs. Drayton, and that Mrs. Astor confidently expects it to be effected. Drayton resigned as a reason for her departure to Europe without her daughter. It is also whispered that her share in the estate, which would have been \$850,000, will be paid her by her brother, John Jacob Astor, who will even increase it to a round \$1,000,000. Drayton sails for Europe on July 6 on the Teutonic, and it is said she will be permitted to see one of the children before her departure, a circumstance which is looked upon as a direct indication of an early reconciliation.

INVESTIGATING THE WRECK.

The Railway Official Trying to Fix the Blame.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—The Pennsylvania railroad official are still investigating the Harrisburg accident. At the office of the general manager it was said today that a number of conflicting statements had been made by the employees and they were investigated. No official statement regarding the cause of the accident could be made. The general manager received a number of dispatches from Harrisburg today but none of them was given out for publication.

Particulars of a Battle.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The Herald correspondent at Montevideo sends additional details of the fighting at Rivera near Santa Anna. It appears that a force of 450 insurgents attacked the 300 federal troops there, but were repulsed after a desperate fight. The rebel chief, Vargas, was killed in the midst of the fight. Two republican rebel officers rallied their men, however, and the government troops were finally forced back into the town where they now are entrenched. There seems to be little doubt that the whole province is in a state of revolt. Provisions are getting scarce and should the present state of affairs continue there will be great suffering throughout Matto Grosso.

Opposed to the Powder Trust.

ATLANTA, Ill., June 27.—A deal which has been pending for some time was closed today by the transfer of ninety acres of land at Alton Junction, two miles from Alton, to the Elgin and North Branch Powder company of St. Louis and New York. The personnel of the company is kept secret for the present, but it is announced by the local agent that work will begin at once to erect a large powder manufacturing plant on the eight-acre tract, to be operated in opposition to the Powder trust. The work of surveying the land has begun.

Labor Troubles to be Settled.

BOSTON, June 27.—It appears that the granite troubles will be settled on Tuesday when the manufacturers' executive committee will meet to consider a proposition made by the quarriers' union last week. The proposition, which a great many manufacturers are willing to accept, provides for a four-hour day and an average price of 23 cents per hour, pay day on or before the 15th of each month.

New York Bank Closed.

NEW YORK, N. Y., June 27.—A dispatch from Goshen states that the Goshen National bank has closed its doors. Cashier Murray, who is also county treasurer, did not make his appearance this morning, and it is rumored that he has absconded.

Was Not in Collision.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The steamship Vega, which was five days over due and which was supposed to have been in collision at sea with the sailing vessel Fred R. Taylor, arrived at quarantine at 5:15 o'clock this morning. She reports that she was not in collision with the Taylor or any other vessel.

Prisoners Freed.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—Three executions were held today against Dunlap & Clark, printers, of No. 1,306 Filbert street, on a judgment notes aggregating \$90,000.

NOW FOR THE VOTES

The National Committee Elects Officers.

CAMPBELL CHOSEN CHAIRMAN

DeYoung For Vice-Chairman—Clarkson Pays High Tribute to Quay and Dudley—Victory Assured.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—It was 11:30 this morning when the meeting of the national republican committee was called to order by Temporary Chairman Clark. After the roll was called, which showed the presence either in person or by proxy, of all of the members of the committee, except those from Nevada, Wyoming and Oklahoma. Fissett of New York took the floor and placed in nomination General Clarkson for permanent chairman of the committee. He said that when the doors were closed on the Minneapolis convention, they closed on a united party. That the friends of Blaine were disappointed in all things. Today they are earnest supporters of the nominees of the convention, and would be found at the front until the close of the campaign. "We are entering," he said, "upon a campaign which is no holiday excursion. The democrats have nominated their strongest man, and while the situation is desperate every republican who is really a republican will do everything in his power to win the fight in November. Fasset paid an eloquent tribute to the late Nelson A. Rockefeller and said that the days and nights had not been long enough for him to do what he wanted to do for the republican party. With him at the head of the national committee there could be no doubt of success.

General Clarkson took the floor as Fasset concluded and said in substance that he wished to say to members of the committee that he fully appreciated what had been said by Mr. Fasset, and he felt more grateful to him and the delegates than he could express. He had received the personal, individual tender of support for the chairmanship of the committee of forty-two members, yet he had learned this morning that the candidate for the presidency preferred another man. Therefore he cheerfully declined to be considered a candidate. At noon the committee took a recess until 2 o'clock in order that the president might indicate his preference for chairman.

An echo of the Convention. The committee resumed its session at 3 o'clock, and the call of the roll by Secretary DeYoung showed that every state and territory in the union, except Nevada, was represented by the committee and his proxy. On motion of H. C. Payne of Wisconsin, a committee on resolutions was appointed, and its resolutions expressive of the appreciation by the committee of the services of its retiring chairman. Mr. Payne said that under the suggestions of Chairman Clarkson, made at the morning session, several members of the committee were then conferring with the president and he supposed the committee would wait until their return before proceeding further. Senator Sanders said that if the committee desired the time for reflection, there was no objection. He further waited. By common consent the question of organization was delayed temporarily and Mr. Scott of West Virginia, presented a resolution asking that it be upon the table for action at the time of the next meeting. Thereafter the republican national commissioners be composed of delegates from the several states, apportioned upon the republican votes cast at the last preceding presidential election, 7,000 in each state, and a number of greater than one-half to be the basis of representation for each delegate within the committee at Minneapolis, was heard at this point, and was continued for some time. Mr. Kerns of Missouri moved that Messrs. Cheney Carey of Wyoming and Bradley of Kentucky be admitted to the committee and draft resolutions on the retirement of Chairman Clarkson. He stated that his reasons were obvious, but the motion met with opposition from several members of the committee, and warm speeches were indulged in by Messrs. Wolcott, Carey of Wyoming, and Bradley of Kentucky. Senator Sanders finally prevailed. Mr. Kerns's motion was adopted by a vote of 17 to 16 after a vote of 14 to 14, and the matter was thus disposed of.

Mr. Campbell Is Chosen.

At this point the members of the committee which had been in conference with the president entered the room and the committee settled back in the chairs for the business of the day. Mr. Payne of Wisconsin nominated W. J. Campbell of Illinois. Mr. Fessenden of Connecticut and Mr. Hahn of Ohio seconded the nomination. Mr. Bradley of Kentucky moved that the election of Mr. Campbell as chairman be made by acclamation. In putting the question Mr. Clarkson said for himself he desired to say that a splendid choice in every way had been made. The motion was declared carried and Mr. Campbell's election was made unanimous. Nominations for vice chairman was then called for. Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota nominated M. H. DeYoung of California, the nomination was seconded by Mr. Nowater of Nebraska and on motion Mr. DeYoung's election was made unanimous. General Sewell nominated Thos. H. Carter Montana for secretary. J. H. Marley of Maine seconded the nomination. On motion of Senator Sanders the election of Mr. Marley was made by acclamation. Mr. Marley nominated for the position of treasurer for the committee Cornelius N. Blinn of New York. He was unanimously elected. The organization of the committee was completed by the unanimous election of Mr. Campbell as chairman.

Resolutions Adopted.

Mr. Fessenden succeeded in introducing the following and have it adopted: "Resolved, That in accordance with the rule adopted by the republican national convention, an executive committee of nine, composed of members of this committee or of others not members thereof, shall have the conduct and management of the campaign of 1892, and that the chairman of said committee, after conference with the

candidates, shall select the members of such executive committee and its officers.

Resolved further, that the chairman, vice chairman, secretary and treasurer of this committee shall be ex-officio members of such executive committee. Resolutions on the retirement of Mr. Clarkson were presented by Mr. Payne. They were highly eulogistic of the ex-chairman, and were adopted by a rising vote.

Clarkson Extends Thanks.

In response to calls Mr. Clarkson said: "For the good will and honor conferred by these resolutions I am deeply grateful. In 1884 we had a hard working committee and in 1888 we had a harder working committee and so on my knowledge no campaign was ever conducted more cleanly, more honestly than the campaign of 1888. I know Senator Quay and General Dudley, and I hope there is no republican in this land who will ever cease to render undue-honors to these two honorable men, and I want to say to you, gentlemen, that upon my dying bed before my family I could not name two men more to be loved and honored than Senator Quay and General Dudley. I want to warn you, gentlemen, there is a growing tendency in the party, under the hypocrisy of the times, not to defend its party leader. The cases of Senator Quay and General Dudley afford vivid examples of this practice. So long as I am connected with the party, and other to name, I will be glad to confer upon him the name of Quay or Dudley and this is an evidence of my love and affection for the men. As to the resolutions I shall again thank you from the bottom of my heart, which has now a resting capacity of more than 5,000. It is my glory to attempt to predict the result of tomorrow's convention. It is conceded that Governor Chase has by far the largest following of any candidate for the gubernatorial nomination, but the field is large, well organized, influential, and the railroad men are making a stubborn fight to defeat Governor Chase, whose record is against him. As other combinations will denounce the nomination of Governor Chase, it seems futile to attempt predictions. Ira J. Chase, the private soldier, is the picturesque one among the republican candidates. If he is nominated he will be the first private soldier to win for governor in Indiana. The campaign will be a unique one, well and has attracted attention all over the country. By the time the convention meets he will have preached in nearly every county in the state, and will have shaken hands with more people than any other man ever met among the people of Indiana to get a nomination.

WORK ON APPROPRIATIONS.

The Senate Wrestles With the Money Bills—House Quorumless.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The senate having recovered or heard from most of its western pilgrims indicated its purpose to vigorously push as many of its great appropriation bills through as possible before the expiration of the fiscal year. The senate today nearly whole day was given up to the executive legislative and judicial bill which provide the salaries and ordinary expenses of congress and of all the executive and judicial branches of the government. Considerable progress was made in the senate committee on appropriations which increased the aggregate amount \$350,000 were agreed to except one which was reserved for further discussion. This was the amendment reinstating the Utah commission which the house had abolished. A general debate on economy was started by a provision to provide marshals for the new appellate courts. Without decisive action the senate at 5:15 adjourned until tomorrow.

DR. SCUDDER'S BODY CREMATED.

His Ashes Are Now at the New York Office of a Crematory.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A hearse and a solitary coach climbed the steep hill leading to the French Crematory late on Saturday afternoon. There were five persons in the coach an aged man with a long, gray beard, an elderly woman about 60 years old, a younger woman in a gray traveling dress who looked to be somewhat near 35 and a little girl with red hair. The fifth person was a clergyman. In a coffin in the hearse they were following was the body of Dr. Henry M. Scudder, who committed suicide in Chicago on Tuesday of last week while he was awaiting trial on a charge of having murdered his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary Dunton. When they reached the crematory the body was taken from the hearse by attendants and carried inside the yellow brick structure. The little girl slipped from the coach and followed in silence. Then the clergyman read the burial service. When the service were concluded the party left as silently as they had entered. They were driven to the Distresses street ferry, where they left the coach and all got a ferryboat to New Jersey. As the party drove away from the crematory the body was taken out of the casket and was soon in the furnace. The ashes were taken out at 11 o'clock this morning. They will be sent to the New York office of the crematory at No. 62 East Houston street, where they will be kept until claimed.

ROBBED WHILE THEY SLEPT.

Jewelry Stolen From the House of Charles Couderc.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A thief, evidently well acquainted with the premises, visited the residence of Charles Couderc, No. 18 West Forty-ninth street, last week, and after satisfying his hunger on cake and fruit made a tour of the house and went away with about \$1,500 worth of diamonds belonging to Mr. Couderc's daughter Constance. The robbery was discovered by Mrs. Couderc about 9 o'clock Saturday morning, and she went at once to her daughter's room, which is in the front of the house on the third floor. Bureau drawers were open and the contents strewn all over the floor. Miss Couderc had not risen. Her mother awakened her, and she opened the top drawer of the bureau, which was the only one that had remained closed, and saw that her jewelry had been taken while she was sleeping not half a dozen feet from the burglar. Among the articles stolen were a diamond and sapphire brooch, a pair of diamond earrings, several diamond rings and a number of jeweled scarf and lace pins. On the floor beside the hat rack in the parlor lay the buttoned fast young Mr. Couderc's dress shirt, which he had worn the night before. The three diamond studs were gone. The household was aroused by this time and a search of the house was started.

STRUCK BY SOMETHING.

Many Persons Injured on Boston Street Cars.

BOSTON, June 27.—About 11 o'clock last night two electric cars in widely separated parts of the city were struck either by lightning or by the motor current through burned out insulation and several passengers were hurt in the rush to escape. Following is the list of injured:

On car No. 9046, which was struck in Thicket street between Concord and Worcester streets, Arthur Frye, aged 30, severe contusion to left knee. Mrs. Nellie Fay, aged 25, head and face badly injured. Michael McMillen, aged 50, right leg severely injured. The Nolan. Mrs. Henry Humphreys, aged 25, bruises on body, arms and legs. Mrs. Mary McCann, aged 44, shock. Kate Holton, aged 17, electric shock and bruised. Annie Holton, Mary McGonigle, aged 27, Mary J. McCann, aged 19, and Kate McCann, bruised. Kate Horan, aged 44, back, side and hip severely injured.

Wild Panic in Court.

When the shooting occurred there was almost a panic in the crowded court room. Several policemen forced their way through the crowd and threw themselves upon Devin, who, however, made no resistance and in fact could not have done so as he is a cripple. When asked why he had fired the shot Devin pointed to the dying man and said, "That fellow betrayed my sister." This was all he would say until he did not seem at all excited. He kept his eyes on his victim and seemed to take satisfaction in watching his last struggles. As he was being hurried away he said to the officers: "Don't pull my arms so hard the handcuffs will hurt." During the excitement one of the jurors on Miss Devin was made by Clerget while the girl was alone caring for the children of her sister, Clerget's brother's wife. She told her sister when she returned home and the police were notified and subsequently arrested Clerget and had him indicted.

SHOT HIM IN COURT

The Brother of an Outraged Girl

KILLS THE GUILTY MONSTER

Just After He Pleads Guilty to the Charge in a New York Court. Promptly Arrested.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Max Clerget, aged 15, who had just pleaded guilty of criminal assault upon Sarah Devin, was shot and killed in the general sessions court this morning by the girl's brother, Edward Devin. The murderer was promptly arrested. Sarah Devin was Clerget's sister-in-law. The outrage was committed June 18 at No. 544 East Fifteenth street. Clerget was arrested on the same day. Judge Martine was trying another case when Clerget was brought to the bar to plead to the indictment against him. The prisoner pleaded guilty and was being led away when Devin rushed forward and shot him dead. The bullet entered the body at the nipple on the left side and passed through the heart. The negligee shirt worn by Clerget was scorched and blacked by powder. Young Devin and his sister were afraid to be mentally weak. The affair caused great excitement among those in attendance in the court. Judge Martine ordered the doors closed and Clerget was escorted to the rear of the court room. Later Devin was arraigned before Coroner Schultz. He gave his age as 25 and his residence as No. 447 East Sixteenth street. To the coroner's question as to why he killed Clerget he made no reply. He looked wild and glared at those in the room as each question was asked.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS.

The State Convention to Meet in Fort Wayne Today

FORT WAYNE, June 27.—The first political state convention ever held in this city is about to meet. The delegates are now all here in person or by proxy and this evening the preliminary meetings for the selection of a committee on rules and procedure, organization, credentials and resolutions are being held.

Hon. C. W. Fairbanks of Indianapolis is most prominently spoken of as permanent chairman of the convention, but Uncle Dick Thompson should put in an appearance or Gen. Lew Wallace express a willingness to accept. Mr. Fairbanks will be chosen to preside. The convention will be called to order promptly at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at the Indiana rink, which has now a seating capacity of more than 5,000. It is his glory to attempt to predict the result of tomorrow's convention. It is conceded that Governor Chase has by far the largest following of any candidate for the gubernatorial nomination, but the field is large, well organized, influential, and the railroad men are making a stubborn fight to defeat Governor Chase, whose record is against him. As other combinations will denounce the nomination of Governor Chase, it seems futile to attempt predictions. Ira J. Chase, the private soldier, is the picturesque one among the republican candidates. If he is nominated he will be the first private soldier to win for governor in Indiana. The campaign will be a unique one, well and has attracted attention all over the country. By the time the convention meets he will have preached in nearly every county in the state, and will have shaken hands with more people than any other man ever met among the people of Indiana to get a nomination.

CANNOT CARE FOR THEM.

Omaha is Not Big Enough for the Third Party Convention.

OMAHA, June 27.—The local entertainment committee which is looking up accommodations for those who will be the city's visitors during the third party's national convention is at work canvassing for rooms, and now has a list showing accommodations for a little over 8,000 people. This will, of course, be largely increased during the next few days but it will still be insufficient unless the people, generally, stir themselves. The lowest estimate made as to the number of those from outside who will be in the city during the convention is not less than 25,000, and as accommodations have been secured for only one-third of that number the question of what will be done with the balance is naturally causing uneasiness among those who are interested in properly caring for the visitors.

Chairman Strickler says the Coliseum building will be in readiness for the guests by next Thursday evening. People who attended the manufacturers' exposition will hardly recognize the Coliseum today. The arrangement of the chairs is far superior to anything that has heretofore been made in the building. A platform, 100 feet long and thirty feet wide, has been erected on the roof and the hall for chairman, secretary, national committee and the newspaper men. The convention hall will have a seating capacity of about 7,000, with ample space in the alleys and passageways for 2,000 or 3,000 more in case of a crash.

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PROHS AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, O., June 27.—Delegates to the prohibition national convention continue to swell the number already registered at the various hotels. The arrivals to date make the advance guard of the greater column which will make its appearance tomorrow. The drift of sentiment among the delegates who are here seems to grow in favor of Bidwell's nomination. As to Ohio her vote will go to Gideon T. Stewart on the first ballot and a remote possibility only that the contest between Bidwell and Demorest may attain such warmth as to make a new man advisable.

Manitoba Elections.

WINNIPEG, Man., June 17.—The date of the Manitoba general elections the polling will take place July 23. There are forty members of the legislature to be elected, and candidates are in the field in every district with one or two exceptions.

"Didn't Know It Was Loaded."

PHILADELPHIA, N. J., June 27.—While Mrs. John Skilburn was playing with a five-year-old child, the child was discharged and the ball passed through the heart of an 11-year-old daughter, killing her instantly. The mother says she did not know the weapon was loaded.

Struck on the Temple.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—While playing ball on Saturday, Robert Shiffley was struck on the temple with a ball from the effects of which he died this morning.

IS NOT MUCH HURT

The Gingerbread Missile Was Impotent For

GLADSTONE IS DOING WELL

And Will Fill All Engagements—Tim German Favored—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, June 27.—Some of the Tories are cruel enough to estimate that if a woman threw a piece of gingerbread or a pebble at Mr. Gladstone she had a motive for it outside of politics. The liberals are apparently paying very little attention to the assault, as they believe no capital can be made out of it, and some of these do not conceal a suspicion that the woman, her gingerbread and the unfortunate result had better be left severely alone, or at least treated very gingerly. Both liberal and Tory leaders join in expressing deep regret for the occurrence. Mr. Gladstone sent the following telegram today: "I am doing well. I am under the care of Dr. Grainger of Clester. I hope to keep my engagements in the north. WILLIAM K. GLADSTONE." Since it became certain that the injury to Mr. Gladstone was in all probability the result of heedlessness, the public excitement on the subject has calmed down considerably. The throwing of stones and other missiles at carriage has grown to be a serious annoyance in London and other places. It seems to be one way of expressing the antipathy of the lowest class to wealth in any form and it is believed that Mr. Gladstone was pelted just as any other gentleman would have been pelted who might have happened to be passing at the time. Among the telegrams received at Hawarden regarding Mr. Gladstone's condition were anxious and sympathetic inquiries from Mr. Balfour and other conservative leaders. Mr. Gladstone's Methodist constituents also showed their anxiety for the welfare of their champion.

Healy and Balfour.

Tim Healy was present at a meeting at Arklow yesterday. So many threats had been made against him that he found it necessary to have a bodyguard composed of priests and troopers. The latter were armed with rifles. Extra policemen were on duty at every station at which the train stopped. The Parnellites knew that Mr. Healy was to travel over the line and the presence of the police at each station. The presence of the police prevented any overt act, but the crowd vented their spite by assailing Mr. Healy with degrading cheers.

STOCKMEN TO BE ARRAIGNED.

Governor Barber Will Turn the Prisoners Over to Johnson Authorities.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 27.—It is nine weeks since the stockmen were brought to Fort Russell as prisoners. During that time the prosecution has been in active. Johnson county took no proceedings against the men, even when so ordered by the judge of the district. The defense has been at all times ready for trial. About ten days ago Governor Barber requested the prosecution of Johnson county to file information against the stockmen, as directed by Judge Blake. Word has been received that complaints charging the murder of Rae and Champion and the burning of the Nolan ranch have been lodged. The governor Sunday night the Johnson county authorities that he was ready to deliver to them the prisoners under conditions. The reply was that a deputy would start for the city at once. The restrictions of change of custody that the men shall not be taken into the northern county until the civil authority is again supreme and law and order completely restored. It now seems likely that the men will be arraigned before Judge Blake at Cheyenne within a week. An application for a change of venue from Johnson county will be made at once.

DEATH FROM A SINGULAR MALADY.

James Mullen Dies at Louisville From a Disease of the Blood.

LOUISVILLE, June 27.—From a hole not larger than a pin point James Mullen of 1012 Seventeenth street died last Sunday morning. He had been ill for several months, and his malady baffled the physicians who attended him. Dr. Wood, who was with him when he died, ascribed his death to the fact that his blood had lost all of its coagulative power and had taken in its appearance the quality of milk. The corpuscles of the blood had become perfectly white. From a small scratch or cut the blood flowed with such rapidity that on several occasions it was scarcely able to be stopped before causing death. Yesterday morning one of the smallest of the blood vessels under the tongue became broken. The point where the blood came from was so small that no danger was apprehended at all. All efforts, however, to stop the flow were futile. Every remedy was resorted to, but to no avail, and in little less than an hour Mr. Mullen died.

DIED ON THE ROADSIDE.

The Bodies of a Young Man and Girl Discovered.

WILMINGTON, Ohio, June 27.—Gilbert Palmer of Jamestown, about 21 years old, procured a horse and buggy at a livery stable here Saturday evening, as he said to go to Fort William, about four miles north. He was last seen at the above named place about 10 o'clock with Mary Conklin, aged 16, the daughter of a widow living in Fort William. Miss Conklin's mother previously objected to her association with Palmer. This morning Palmer and Miss Conklin were discovered on the roadside both dead. They had taken the robe out of the buggy and spread it down on the ground, and placed the buggy cushion on it for a head rest. Near them were found two glasses and two papers containing strychnine. A note was found written on one of the labels as follows: "Good bye, as close together as possible. Henry W."

Opened Another's Letters.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—William Zimms of Folsom, Berks county, is under \$10,000 bail on a charge of opening letters addressed to William Carman, justice of the peace, at Folsom for fourteen years. The prosecuting witness, Justice Carman, is the postmaster's townsmen.

Taken From Jail and Hung.

SHELLEYSVILLE, Tenn., June 27.—Thomas Bates was taken from jail this morning by a mob of 300 men and banged to a tree within 100 feet of the jail. Last Friday Bates' wife was found dead in her front-door yard with her throat cut from ear to ear. Bates confessed the crime.