MEN OF THE HOUSE

Some of Their Characteristics Put in Cold Type

SUMNER'S BREAK IN THE CHAIR

Speaker Tateum Prompt in Attendance—Winner the Wit—The Pages. Chamberlain of Gogebic.

LANSING, Mich., March 19.—Edward L. Kingsland, the republican member of the house from Berrien, holds the record for early rising in Lansing. Although morning sessions of the house are as uncommon as flies in winter, Mr. Kingsland can be found at his desk before 7 o'clock every morning. He has but little to say during the sessions, but appears to take a deep interest in all measures that come up, and his vote can always be relied upon as being the result of his honest convictions, founded upon careful investigation and thorough knowledge of the subject. Mr. Kingsland is 53 years of age, tall and gray-headed. He is a farmer and fruit grower, and has a pleasant home and interesting family in Benton Harbor.

Many of the pages in the house and senate are sons of members, and the majority of these bright little fellows are setting examples that their fathers would do well to emulate. The pay of a page is $2 per day and many of them have snug bank accounts as a result of their appreciation of the worth of money. At least half a dozen boys have "saved up" more than $100 during the present session, while their fathers are at a loss to account for the disappearance of their own $3 per day and mileage. The boys pay their own board and consequently are as independent as the proverbial "hog on ice."

Speaker Tateum has a record for constant attendance that he may well be proud of. During the present session he has been absent but one day, and that was unavoidable. The train bearing him to Lansing was delayed by a wreck.

Wit of the House.

Chauncey Wisner, the democratic member from Saginaw, is the acknowledged humorist of the house. He is indeed an eccentric individual and can generally enliven a dull session with a witty speech or comical "break." Mr. Wisner's occupation, as given on the house calendar, is that of a farmer, but the impression generally prevails that what Chauncey does not know about tilling the soil and enticing vegetables to assume proper proportions would fill a volume larger than Webster's unabridged. The Saginaw member wears a silk hat and his clothes are not of the "cut" to which farmers are partial. He wears rubbers and, as far as known here, he has not removed them from his shoes since he first put them on. As he generally has both feet on the top of his desk, the rubbers are familiar to the members of the house. Where Mr. Wisner sleeps is a mystery to the majority of his friends, but it is known that he "takes his meals" in a restaurant where a large card gives notice to those who enter that they can purchase a $6 meal ticket for $5, and where the waiter, when Chauncey asks for pancakes, yells to the cook, "A stack of whites for de gent from Sag."

They Have No Snap.

"The majority of the people in this state imagine that because we come down here to Lansing and draw $3 a day we have a 'snap,'" said Representative Blakley of Alpena, the other day. "They fairly throw up their hands in holy horror at the idea of us accepting free passes over the railroads," he continued, "but if they had to come down here and put in the hard work we do for the small compensation we receive, I think they would quickly get the 'snap' idea out of their minds. I have a wife and daughter who, of course, want to share a portion of their time with me and I can assure you that the $3 a day I receive cuts but a small figure in wiping out my daily expense account when they are here, as they are at present, to say nothing of what it costs me for their railroad fares. I have worked harder here than I have for many years and I have no hesitation in saying that the remuneration is not commensurate with the position. I am in favor of the members of the legislature accepting free railroad passes and I shall vote against the anti-pass bill when it comes up in the house."

"Mr. Branch of Buell."

The speaker's position is a decidedly trying one, as many of the members who have been called to preside temporarily can testify. The members are always on the alert to detect some flaw in the rulings, and what is termed in slang parlance as a "break" is always the signal for an outburst of derisive laughter. When Mr. Sumner occupied the chair recently, during the temporary absence of the speaker, a hot discussion, participated in by several members, somewhat "rattled" the gentleman from Kalamazoo. He looked over the floor of the house and saw so many members on their feet that he became somewhat confused. However, the tall form of Mr. Buell of Branch county, loomed up more distinct than the others and Mr. Sumner, somewhat recovering his composure, pounded with his gavel and announced, "The gentleman from Buell, Mr. Branch, has the floor." The howl of laughter which greeted Mr. Sumner's announcement was awful, and Mr. Sumner heaved a sigh of relief when Mr. Tateum shortly afterward relieved him.

Recalcitrant Republicans.

Early in this session it became evident that the republican members of the house were anxious for an early adjournment, and it was also just as evident that the democrats were hostile to the movement. This feeling has "cropped out" at every opportunity and, although the resolution making the date of final adjournment May 25 passed the house Friday afternoon, the democrats are still confident that the session will last until the latter part of June at the earliest. However, there is not the slightest doubt that the republicans are in terrible earnest when they say that May 25 shall be the date. One thing that is to be deplored is the fact that there are seven or eight very weak kneed republicans in the house. A caucus of the republican members of the house was held Friday morning and it was in that caucus that May 20 should be the date fixed for final adjournment. When the roll was called on the passage of the resolution in the afternoon seven or eight of the republicans who attended the caucus in the morning refused to vote, thus practically supporting the democrats in their opposition to the measure. In speaking of the matter a prominent republican member of the house said: "I am disgusted with the tactics of these republicans. This legislature is making a splendid record for itself by its prompt yet conservative legislation and an early final adjournment will be the crowning of its record. These fellows must be more in love with their paltry $3 a day than they are with the wishes of the taxpayers they represent. However, we are not to be denied. We will adjourn May 25."

Chesterfield Chamberlain.

Fremont C. Chamberlain, the republican representative from Gogebic, is generally conceded to be the best looking member on the floor of the house. He is six feet six inches tall, weighs 235 pounds and hasn't a superfluous ounce of flesh. Although but 30 years of age, his hair is slightly tinged with gray. He has handsome dark eyes and a luxuriant mustache, always in proper training. He is possessed of an excellent voice and when he takes the floor, as he frequently does, he commands the attention of the entire house and is also the recipient of many admiring glances from the ladies in the gallery. Best of all, girls, he is single and as a successful lawyer has amassed a comfortable share of this world's goods. His desk is No. 94; you can't miss him.

GUARDIANSHIP OF CHILDREN.

Its Legal and Moral Aspects—The Laws of Various States.

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There are several kinds of guardians of minors recognized by the law. Firstly, there are the parents, who are the natural guardians of the children; then other near relatives who may take charge of a child when its parents die, and who may come to be recognized as the legal guardians; then there are guardians whom the father or mother may appoint by will to have charge of the person or property, or both, of a child, or if such appointment has not been made it will be made by the surrogate where a certain amount of property is concerned, and there are temporary guardians appointed by order of a court or judge in a legal proceeding to represent some one who is too young to appear in person and to look after his interests.

A guardian who has the personal care of a child is called the guardian of the person, and one who has charge of the property is the guardian of the estate. The court may separate the two guardianships and appoint different guardians.

The duty of the guardian is to manage the affairs and property of his ward to the best of his ability, and when the term of the guardianship expires—by the infant attaining his majority or otherwise—to give an account of his administration and of all property he has had in his hands.

"Minors" or "infants" are all persons under the age of 21 (except that in a few of the states women are of age at 18), but there is a distinction made at 14. An infant over the age of 14 can have a voice in choosing his guardian and can in some cases sue or be sued in his own name.

When there are notices or papers of any kind to be served upon the parties to a legal proceeding, the infants must be served as well as others, and in the case of infants under 14 two copies of each paper must be served, one upon the parent or guardian and one personally upon the child itself. Even in the case of a child too young not only to understand or to read, but even to notice the paper, this double service must be made and a copy of the paper put into its hands, a rule which strikes one as amusing, but the theory is that the younger the child the more protection it needs.

There is certainly still a degree of injustice to women in the laws relating to the control of their children and the appointment of guardians for them in the greater power given to the father, although the children's interests are as safe, frequently safer, in the hands of the mother than of the father.

In a few of the states—in Iowa, for example—the father and mother are joint natural guardians, and upon the death of one the other becomes sole guardian. Generally, however, the father may appoint by will any one whom he chooses to be guardian of the child, not only of the property which, when the property comes from the father, does not seem unreasonable, but of the person as well.

These appointments, however, may be set aside by the surrogate, and an opportunity is given to the mother or other friends of the child to petition the court to appoint some one else. If proof can be brought that the person named is not a suitable guardian, the judge will disregard the appointment and make another.

When an infant is made a party to any litigation or has an interest in the settlement of an estate, a special guardian must be appointed by the court in which the case is being tried, or by the surrogate, to represent his or her interest. This person is sometimes called the "next friend." In actions in the surrogate's court he is called the "special guardian," and in the supreme court and other courts the "guardian ad litem" (guardian in respect to the strife). His authority and duties do not extend beyond the particular matter as to which he is appointed, and when that is settled they are at an end. It is usual, though it may not be always necessary, to appoint a lawyer.

If the parents are interested in any way in the same matter, neither of them can be this guardian ad litem, nor can any one also who is a party, nor any one who is acting as attorney for any of them. It must be some one who has no interest of any kind opposed to that of the infant whom he represents.

In this matter of the appointment of guardians by law there is apt to be some misunderstanding. A mother is very likely to feel aggrieved that any one but herself or some one of her choosing should be the child's guardian and to regard it as a caprice and a piece of injustice on the part of the law, because no one could have the child's interests more at heart than his mother.

This is true in an overwhelming majority of cases, but what the law has in view here is justice to the child. There are such things as parents who would choose their own advantage before their children's where interests clashed, and the law or the judges cannot make the intimate personal acquaintance of each parent. Keeping in mind the possible contingency, the best that can be done is to appoint some one who will have no temptation to do anything but his best for the infant.

There may be cases in which the parent has no interest opposed to that of the child, and in which he can act as the guardian ad litem, as in a recent action where a boy had been injured on a railroad and the father appeared and sued the company.

The theory of the law in regard to minors is that the child is an individual, with rights of his own in which he is to be protected, even against his parents if necessary, and that it is the duty of the community of which he forms part to so protect him.

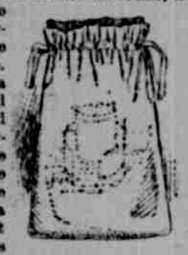
It is pointed out by Herbert Spencer, in some recently published essays on "Justice," that this view marks an immense advance in civilization from the state of society in which parents had such absolute control of their children that they could sell them or even kill them without accounting to anybody.

M. HELEN FRASER LOVETT.

For Soiled Linen.

A bag for soiled linen that is quite ornamental as well as practical is made of light colored sateen. The corners are cut off at the bottom, and the top is left square. The two sections of the bag are joined along the lower and side edges. At the top, a few inches below the edge, a casing is formed for the insertion of a short rod, the fullness above the rod forming frills. A slash is cut at the center of the front and the edges of the slash, and the remaining edges of the bag are bound with ribbon a shade darker than the material in the bag. Across the bag below the slash an embroidered design is done in outline stitch. This bag may be made of linen, cretonne or canvas and may be decorated in a variety of ways.

Another dainty bag, intended more especially for soiled collars and cuffs, is made of white canvas. The lower edge of the bag is cut square. Near the top a casing is formed both back and front, and drawing ribbons are inserted. The edges above the casing give a frilled effect when the bag is closed. A collar and cuffs are outlined on the upper side of the bag at the center with colored embroidery silk. If one wishes, small tassels may be made of the silk and sewn along the lower edge of the bag.



GERTRUDE WILLETT.

Regularly Appointed.

Miss Marguerite Hume is deputy recorder of West Bay City, Mich. At a recent meeting of the common council, when the recorder was out of the city, she acted in his place. Some of the aldermen feared that this would invalidate the proceedings, and there was a little breeze, but on the discovery that Miss Hume was a regularly appointed officer and had taken the oath all objections were withdrawn.—Woman's Journal.

Birds of Passage

Between this and the other side of the broad Atlantic, in the shape of tourists, commercial travelers and mariners, agents "on the road," steamboat captains, ship's surgeons and "all sorts and conditions" of travelers, emigrant and new settlers appreciate and testify to the preventive and remedial properties of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in sea sickness, nausea, malarial and rheumatic trouble, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Against the prejudicial influences of climate, crudely cooked or unaccustomed diet and impure water, it is a sovereign safeguard, and has been so regarded by the traveling public for over a third of a century. No form of malarial fever, from the calentura of the Pacific and the broken bone fever of the Mississippi, to its milder types, can resist the curative action of this benignant preserver and restorer of health, a veritable boon to persons in feeble health or liable to incur disease.

That Terrible Cough

In the morning, hurried or difficult breathing, raising phlegm, tightness in the chest, quickened pulse, chilliness in the evening or sweats at night; all or any of these things are the first stages of consumption. Dr. Acker's English Cough Remedy will cure these fearful symptoms, and is sold under a positive guarantee by White & White, 99 Monroe street.

Whooping 'Em Up.

The prohibitionists will make Hartman's hall ring next Friday, the 24th, with song, and cheer and speech. Dickie, the national chairman, will be the chief attraction, backed up by Hughes of Chicago. The local lights will confer in the afternoon in the lecture room and the crowd will fill up the big hall at night. It will be the only big rally of the spring campaign.

DETTENTHALER always has a full line of goods. Try his game, fish, poultry, oysters, etc., and you will give him subsequent orders. He is headquarters for his particular line of goods.

TO FLORIDA—Dixie Flyer via the Swanee river route. Double daily sleeping car service from Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville and Evansville, via Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Lake City, Jacksonville to Tampa. For rates and sleeping car, write B. F. Sheldon, No. 194 Clark street, Chicago.

Reed's Lake Cars

Pass Evergreen addition. Go back it over.

A DANGEROUS DIET

How Meat May Cause Disease and Even Death.

A PHYSICIAN'S WARNING.

An Astounding Revelation Based on Facts—A Cause of Sickness Rarely Suspected—Some Remarkable Statements.

"Do you eat very much meat?"

If you are an American, in fairly good circumstances, the chances are that you will answer, "Yes, I like plenty of meat three times a day." You may even eat too much, but you will never dream that there is any danger in it, although there is a danger and a very great one. It was only recently that a well known physician called attention to this fact in the Journal of Health. This is what he says:

"The cheapness of meat and a craving which the systems of most people seem to have for meat, has made it common for city people to live almost entirely off meat in the winter months. Meat is eaten three times a day in large quantities and that, let me tell you, is the reason why diseases of the liver and kidneys are so constantly increasing. Too much meat causes biliousness and indigestion, and if this is continued for any length of time it poisons the entire system. When you find people complaining of loss of appetite, and sickness at the stomach, with a dull heavy sensation in the back of the head, pain in the right side and under the shoulder blade, with fullness after eating, you may know that their liver and kidneys are out of order, and that they are in for a good spell of sickness before long. When the liver and kidneys act properly, they are constantly removing impurities from the entire body, and when they get out of order the whole system suffers."

Every one who has experienced the painful symptoms that the physician describes, and who seeks a reliable and swift remedy for preventing them, will find valuable advice in the following remarks made by well-known people, whose words are beyond question.

Miss Alice Bowers of Winfield, O., recently said in relating her experience: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for six years, was very nervous, could not sleep, and my head gave me no rest, which caused my hair to turn gray at the age of sixteen years. I had no appetite, my stomach would not digest the food, and I was afflicted with other ailments. Meat seemed to lie heavy on my stomach when eaten, and had a most unpleasant effect. I was finally persuaded to try Warner's Safe Cure, about which I had heard so much. After taking it for some little time, I found that I could eat well, that my food digested properly, and all painful symptoms disappeared. I am now in better health than ever before in my life."

A. J. Dewey, the Notary Public and well known business man of Chaumont, N. Y., tells the following remarkable story: "Several years ago my doctors told me that I had kidney disease and gravel. At times the pain would be so acute that I could hardly get to the house. In my business I had sold Warner's Safe Cure and, seeing the way it benefitted others, tried it myself. Before finishing the first bottle I was greatly relieved. I told my doctor that I was using this remedy, and he said, 'Keep right on with it, as it is better than anything I can give you, and, in fact, is the best thing in the world for kidney and gravel troubles.' That was once that I cheerfully took a doctor's advice. Very soon I was all right again, and therefore I cannot speak too highly of the great Safe Cure which has done so much for me."

W. H. Heath of Hastings, Mich., is a wonderful example of perfect health enjoyed in extreme old age. The secret of it is explained in the following statement he makes: "Ten years ago I was completely prostrated with kidney disorders, feet and limbs so swollen that I could not get on my clothes without assistance. The best doctors told me I had Bright's Disease and that I was so far gone that I could not live two months, and, as I had so short a time to live, I went east to New York state to make a last visit to my friends, among whom was the late Mr. Cunningham, carriage maker, of Rochester, N. Y. He recommended Warner's Safe Cure so strongly that I commenced to use it at once, and kept at it until I gradually grew better, all traces of the disease disappeared and I was finally cured. I am 72 years old, smart as a cricket, and attending to my business daily. I can thank Warner's Safe Cure for not being a subject for the undertaker."

The many painful effects of imperfect digestion, including stomach troubles and diseases of the liver and kidneys, are all thoroughly and speedily relieved by the help of the great Safe Cure above referred to. The fact that it has restored to health thousands of men and women who were unable to find relief in any other way sufficiently proves that it can be implicitly relied upon by all who seek its powerful aid.

Three days is a very short time in which to cure a bad case of rheumatism, but it can be done, if the proper treatment is adopted, as will be seen by the following from James Lambert of New Brunswick, Ill.: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right today, and would insist on everyone who is afflicted with that terrible disease to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once." 50 cent bottles for sale by F. J. Wurzburg, druggist, No. 58 Monroe street.

What Can't Pull Out?

Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the **Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases,** made by the **Keystone Watch Case Company,** Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pick-pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send to makers.

LYDIA E.

PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.* Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25c., cure Biliousness, Constipation, and Torpid Liver. By mail, or of druggists.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

TOO OFTEN THE CASE.

INTERESTING PROOFS.

A young society lady, after a round of gayety, becomes suddenly conscious of an unusual sensation. She has frequent attacks of *dizziness, her back aches,* and she feels *blue* and generally run down.

Mothers, look well to your daughters! Daughters, look well to yourselves!

Let the first symptom denoting the approach of disease receive your instant attention. Healthy women are the hope of the race, and it is well-nigh criminal to neglect anything which promises relief.

There is *hope* for *all* sufferers from *Nervous Diseases.* Read what follows:

Mrs. Jennie C. Davis, a fine artist and an accomplished authoress, of Westfield, Wis., had been subject to headache ever since she could remember. So severe were her attacks as to cause at times temporary delirium. All treatment had failed to relieve her, but after using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine she writes: "My record is to me, at least, satisfactory. No headache, constantly increasing appetite, and a consequent gain in weight of two and a half pounds in just one week."

Six weeks later she writes: "Have read and sewed immoderately of late, but my headaches do not return."

Mrs. John R. Miller, of Valparaiso, Ind., was attacked three years ago with turn of life in its worst form. It finally went to her head, and all indications were that it would result either in insanity or softening of the brain. Her husband thus writes: "It would be impossible for me to *attempt a description of her sufferings* during all this time. She was treated by our *very best* local physicians, with but temporary benefit. She has taken four bottles of DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE, and is cured. She has gained twenty pounds in weight. I tell you, she often blesses you for what you have done for her."

Recollect that for the CURE of all Nervous Diseases there is no remedy which approaches *Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.* It is free from dangerous drugs and opiates. Sold by all druggists, on a positive guarantee, or Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Complete Manhood

and how to attain it.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, practically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 300 pages, every page bearing a lesson; illustrations, in tint. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sexuality, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc. Every man who would know the grand truths, the plain facts, the old secrets, and the new discoveries of medical science as applied to married life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this wonderful little book. It will be sent free, under seal. Address the publishers,

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

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DR. S. CLAY TODD,

The Famous Specialist,
16 North Division Street, Room 4, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Will cure your

RUPTURE FOR $5.00

AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.

THIRTY-ONE YEARS A SPECIALIST. EIGHTEEN YEARS IN GRAND RAPIDS.

DR. S. CLAY TODD will guarantee that your Rupture will be reduced ONE-THIRD to ONE-HALF in 24 hours. He uses no truss or harness, a harness is a truss; no pain, no irritation, no operation, no detention from business.

Men, women and children cured permanently.

Ruptures helped immediately, and usually cured in one month, and always permanently.

Consultation, examination and advise free every day but Sundays.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED!

Also Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele and Female Complaints cured. No charge for services until cured.

Catarrh, Deafness, Lung Diseases, Throat, Brain, Spine, Nerve, Kidney, Liver, and Mucous Diseases cured quickly and permanently.

BLOOD DISEASES, SORES, PIMPLES, ALL PRIVATE DISEASES CURED!

Rheumatism and ALL Female Diseases cured, including Prolapsus, Leucorrhea, Ovarian Troubles, etc. No surgical operations. Dr. Todd cures the disease without the knife or any harsh treatment, and leaves the patient whole and sound. No mechanical treatment. No nervines. No nerve stimulants. The patient remains permanently well.

Consultations free and confidential, every day but Sundays. Medicines sent everywhere. Offices 16 North Division street, rooms 1, 3 and 4. Hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

WE WANT EVERY SCHOOLBOY AND GIRL TO SEND IN A VOTE.

Do Not Delay!

The Herald on March 31, will present to the school teacher receiving the largest number of votes sent in a handsome Wheeler & Wilson No. 9 Sewing Machine.

COME BOYS! COME GIRLS!

Show who your favorite teacher is. Cut the ballot from The Herald and send it in.

The contest is now open. You can vote one or a thousand times. The ballots are void unless made on the form as cut from The Herald.

THE BALLOT!

For the Wheeler & Wilson No. 9 Sewing Machine!

The most popular Lady Teacher in Grand Rapids is

Miss.....

School.....

Date.....1893.

CUT THE ABOVE OUT AND SEND TO THE BALLOT EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.