unconscious, though still alive. Cox is conscious, but refuses to talk. He is a rich farmer, but addicted to drink, and it is supposed committed the deed while under the influence of liquor.

Very Small Patrons.

DETROIT, Mich., March 24.—President Cleveland has given the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen permission to consider him the chief patron of the annual regatta of the association, to be held in Detroit next August. Other distinguished persons who have consented to be patrons are ex-President Harrison, Vice President Stevenson, Robert T. Lincoln, United States minister to England, Minister Coolidge, the present representative of the United States at France, and his recently appointed successor, James B. Eustis. Minister Phelps of Germany and his successor, Theodore Runyon, Governor Rich, Senators McMillan and Stockbridge, Don M. Dickinson, and a dozen or so more.

Was Gallagher Murdered?

FRANKFORT, Mich., March 24.—Later developments have strengthened the belief that James Gallagher, whose charred remains were found in a burning building Wednesday night, was the victim of foul play. There were finger marks on his throat, indicating that he had been strangled or had been roughly used. A post-mortem examination has been held, and the inquest over the remains has been postponed until April 28, officers hoping to work up evidence in the meantime.

Will Meet Here.

JACKSON, Mich., March 24.—A meeting of the officers and executive board of the State Liquor Dealers' association was held here this afternoon to complete the organization of the insurance branch. A number of the board were detained at home on account of sickness and nothing was done. The board will meet in Grand Rapids next Thursday and complete the organization of the insurance branch.

F. & P. M. Train Ditched.

FLINT, Mich., March 24.—A mixed train on the Flint river division of the Flint & Pere Marquette railroad was ditched by a rotten culvert this morning about a mile and a half this side of Genesseville. The engine passed over the culvert in safety, but all but one of the cars were thrown from the track. There were ten or twelve passengers in the two coaches, and all were more or less bruised.

Wants Food and Fuel.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 24.—Mrs. Henry B. Flagler, wife of a prominent architect, has begun suit for divorce, charging that he has provided her with but 20 cents for milk and half a ton of coal in seven weeks, and that he even refused her permission to sit by his office fire. She was granted an injunction tying up Flagler's financial matters and compelling him to provide her with food and fuel.

Run on a Bank.

HILLSDALE, Mich., March 24.—Hillsdale people were considerably alarmed this morning by rumors afloat to the effect that the First State bank was not secure. A big run followed as soon as the doors opened. The bank was drained of currency, and the officials telegraped for more, and with local assistance are paying all demands.

Female Banquo.

WEST BAY CITY, Mich., March 24.—Mrs. Jennie Gates, wife of Dr. Gates, was arrested last night on a charge of embezzlement, preferred by John Archambeau, who alleges that she borrowed wearing apparel and some jewelry from his wife and sold the goods. Mrs. Gates has been in Grand Rapids since the time when she is alleged to have taken the goods.

Horrible, If True.

SAGINAW, Mich., March 24.—Irving McArthur, sheriff of Lapeer county, brought over from Canada last night George Messenger of Imlay City, on a charge of criminal assault on his wife's little daughter. Six weeks ago the man received a threatening notice to leave Imlay City at once. He packed up and went down to St. Clair.

Shot in the Hip.

DETROIT, Mich., March 24.—Joseph Swade, 28 years old, while attempting to force an entrance to the saloon of Michael Stephanus, on the southeast corner of Michigan and Vinewood avenues about 11:30 o'clock last night was shot in the hip by the proprietor and dangerously injured.

Boynton for Mayor.

PORT HURON, Mich., March 24.—The republican city convention was held last evening, being harmonious and satisfactory to all factions. Mayor Major N. S. Boynton was nominated for mayor.

Telegraphers Have Not Struck.

NEW YORK, March 24.—It was stated at the office of the Western Union Telegraph company today that there were no new features in the reported disruption between the company and its employes, who are members of the Order of Commercial Telegraphers. W. B. Somerville of the Western Union Press Bureau said he had not heard of the threat made to the Chicago office having been carried into effect.

Here Is a Veteran.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Members of the Grand Army of the Republic, who have been holding a state encampment at Los Angeles, visited the state fair at Colton today, where among those who delivered addresses was David McCoy, the oldest veteran in the United States, 103 years of age. He told of his experience as a soldier over eighty years ago.

Deserted Her Babe.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 24.—Miss May Johnson, living at East St. Louis, arrived here from Chicago yesterday having in charge a 2-year-old girl which was left in her charge at the Polk street station, Chicago, by its mother and deserted. The mother left the child in Miss Johnson's care until she could get her trunk checked and did not return.

Vera Ava Found Guilty.

GENEVA, Ill., March 24.—The jury in the Vera P. Ava case returned a verdict of guilty this afternoon, and she was sentenced to two years in the Joliet penitentiary.

SUED FOR BACK PAY

The Western Associated Press Must Ante Up

FOR TEN YEARS' SERVICE

The New York Press Association Sues the Western for $300,000 on Unpaid Bills---A Big Fight on.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The members of the New York Associated Press have sued the Western Associated Press for about $300,000, with interest, due on unsettled accounts for collecting and distributing news reports in the far west under an agreement that expired on January 1. The agreement was made in 1882 for five years, and was renewed in 1887 for the same period. The suit is the result of an examination of some of the books of both associations and the preparation of a statement of relations that existed between the associations, with an estimate of the amounts that were withheld by the Western Associated Press during the existence of the agreement. The suit is to be tried in the supreme court of this district, a summons having been served on Victor F. Lawson of the Chicago News, as chairman of the executive committee of the Western Associated Press, when he was in New York last month attending the meetings of the Publishers' association. The complaint has been served on the attorneys for the defendant by Townsend, Dyett & Enstein, but issue has not been joined yet.

History of the Controversy.

The controversy of the New York association with the Western association extends back to July, 1882, when the executive committee of the latter association sent to President David M. Stone a notification of the termination of the contract under which the association had collected and distributed news reports for fifteen years. A month later the New York association appointed a special committee to confer with the Western association, and drew up a contract for the regulation of future business. In September, 1882, the conference committee recommended the organization of a joint board of control that should have for a period to be determined, entire charge of the business of collecting, transmitting and distributing news reports for the two associations and make contracts that would be binding on both. A substitute offered by Charles A. Dana at a meeting of the New York association, proposed a pooling arrangement between the two associations and the appointment of an executive committee of two members from each association, with a chairman chosen by the New York association, to have a joint charge of the business of the pool. No changes in rates of charges or in territory served by the respective associations were to be made by the joint executive committee without the assent of both associations. At a meeting in November, 1882, the plan of the substitute was reached, and the New York members of the joint executive committee were elected. The Western association approved the plan and elected two members of the committee. Harmonious relations were renewed immediately, and the joint executive committee took charge of all affairs. Mr. Dana was chairman of the committee until The Sun withdrew from the New York Associated Press in January, 1892. Then James Gordon Bennett was elected chairman. In this suit, however, The Sun as a member of the New York Associated Press during nine years' period of the agreement, figures as one of the plaintiffs.

Terms of the Agreement.

The agreement provided that the New York Associated Press should furnish to the Western association news reports gathered from Europe, Canada, the eastern, middle and southern states, and that the Western association should distribute the reports, as subscribed for, to newspapers in the far west that have been served formerly by the New York association. It was understood, also, that the Western association should collect news reports in the west and far west and furnish them to the New York association. The Western association had sought to enter the so-called territory of the New York association in the far west, but the latter had objected. It agreed, however, to allow the Western association to assume control of the service during the existence of the agreement. It was not expected that the New York association would lose any pecuniary advantage by the agreement, because the Western association agreed to take only a part of the net revenue from the clients in the far west. The boundary of each association had been defined.

When the agreement was made William Henry Smith was in New York as the general manager of the Western association, but when Erastus Brooks, the general agent of the New York associated press, went to the legislature in January, 1883, Mr. Smith carried out the instructions of the joint executive committee in regard to the New York association. Mr. Brooks resigned a month later and Mr. Smith remained as general manager of both associations.

The books of both associations were kept at the headquarters in New York, and it was the duty of the general manager to transfer to the New York association amounts that might be due from the Western association, according to the agreement. It is alleged in the complaint that the Western association paid to the New York association only $53,914 on news service and franchise accounts in the far west. It is alleged, also, that the New York association paid for service that should have been paid by the Western association.

Each Leased Wires.

For the good of the service both associations leased telegraph wires between various points, and in one instance the western association agreed to pay a part of the rental. For a few years it paid its share, but in February, 1888, the general manager stopped paying anything on that account to the New York association, and the bills for the amounts that were withheld is a part of the claim covered by the complaint. The general manager's partiality toward the Western association was so pronounced that an examination of Mr. Smith's administration was begun by the New York association and in September last he was asked to explain certain transactions. His explanation was not satisfactory, and in November he was removed by the executive committee. The complaint alleges that the members of the New York Associated Press have no means of knowing except by estimating what the revenues and the expenditures of the Western Associated Press in the far west have been during the past ten years. Therefore, they ask for an accounting. After the consolidation of the New York Associated Press with the United Press in December last, the latter continued the news service provided for in the agreement. A side issue of the controversy was the seizure recently of the books of the Western Associated Press that contain the accounts for the past two years and a half, and accordingly some evidence of the extent of the business in the far west. The members of the executive committee of the New York Associated Press ascertained that William Henry Smith intended to have the books removed to Chicago and, as they were members of the joint executive committee also, they took possession of the books and vouchers.

MONEY IS SCARCE.

That and the Weather Has Had Its Effect on Trade.

NEW YORK, March 24.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say: The condition of trade is less altered than might be expected, in view of the extraordinary weather for the season, the scarcity of money and other disturbing influences. The volume of trade is remarkably well maintained, manufacturers are on the whole better employed, with some increase of demand in industries, where increase was most needed, and every indication is favorable. Monetary uncertainties yet perceptibly affect business. The stringency in money markets here and at some other points is largely due to slow collections, which appear to result rather from severe weather and impracticable roads than from any form of commercial unsoundness or inability to distribute products.

At Boston trade is conservative, but very hopeful; spring trade in dry goods open well, and all mills are well employed. Shoes are firm, tending upward, lumber in better demand, and wool strong with moderate sales. The money market is close and likely to be until April 1. At Pittsburg steel is in better demand and an advance in glass is talked of. Trade in shoes at Buffalo is better and clothing manufacturers running generally to full capacity. In Cincinnati a better dry goods trade is seen. At Cleveland general trade is good, with good demand for structural iron, but collections are slow. At Chicago general trade is good. Collections fair, except at some western points, but money is in strong demand. Weather retards trade at Milwaukee and St. Paul and collections are slow. At St. Louis trade is satisfactory.

Business at Kansas City is good, though receipts of grain and cattle are small. At Omaha trade is good in hardware and groceries and otherwise fair. Business at Denver is fair, and Salt Lake improving; at most southern points improvement is seen, and especially at Nashville and Knoxville, though money is somewhat close. At Mobile exports of coal and lumber increase and money is in light demand, but at New Orleans trade is dull, with sugar in good demand, and large exports of wheat prevented by the lack of ocean tonnage.

Though other iron is less firm at Philadelphia, with more pressure to sell, Bessemer is strong and the demand for manufactured products of iron and steel seems to increase. Nearly all works are well supplied with orders, the structural demand being especially large, and sales of 12,000 tons reported. Copper is slow at 11¾ cents for lake, but tin is advanced to 21 by speculation, while sales of lead have been large at 3.05.

Speculation in cotton fluctuates absurdly with rumors about the English strike, but the price is unchanged, though stocks in sight exceed the probable demand.

The business failures during the last seven days number for the United States 217; Canada, 26; total, 243; as compared with 220 last week, 225 the week previous to the last and 200 for the corresponding week of last year.

Shot Wife and Self.

BUTTE, Mont., March 24.—This afternoon James Cosgrove shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide. Her refusal to live with him caused the tragedy. He had threatened to kill her on several occasions. His last threat was made this morning and she tried to have him arrested. She had just returned from court when the shooting occurred.

Browns Quit the Field.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 24.—A dispute arose in the seventh inning today between the Nashville southern league team and the St. Louis Browns. The Browns refused to abide by the decision of the umpire, and the game was given to Nashville. Up to the time of dispute the score favored St. Louis 8 to 6.

Legal Hanging in Louisiana.

ST. MARTINSVILLE, La., March 24.—Louis Michael (colored) was hanged here today, the first legal hanging which has taken place here in forty years. The crime for which Michael was executed was for participation in the murder of old man Robertson and his daughter on the night of August 12, 1891.

Lumbermen Are Discouraged.

DULUTH, Minn., March 24.—A heavy snowstorm is raging here today. This is the third day of snow. The wind is northwest. The temperature remains about 5 degrees above. The heavy snow is seriously affecting logging operations and the lumbermen in this city are becoming discouraged.

Wholesalers Must Not Sell Direct.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 24.—The southern grocer's convention at its evening session adopted the report of the committee on manufactures, which urged the members to do all in their power to stop the manufacturers from selling direct to retailers, as is now the practice.

Will Fight for a Purse.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—A match has been arranged between Prof. Mooney of the Business Men's gymnasium and Reddy Brennan, a lightweight from Streator. Both men today agreed to fight at 135 pounds for $1,000 a side and the largest purse offered by any club.

Wrecked a Church.

ATLANTA, Ind., March 24.—The storm plowed a path through the center of town from southwest to northwest. The methodist church, which its members had just finished repairing yesterday, was almost wholly destroyed, the roof being totally carried away, and almost demolishing the residence of Mrs. Walter West, on the east side of the church. Walton & Whistler's large flouring mill had the roof almost stripped from it. The windows of their dry goods store were also blown in. A new house belonging to Charles Knause and nearly completed, was lifted four feet from its foundation, and is a complete wreck.

Gluckaus Is Ashore.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Fire islands reports late this afternoon that word comes from Blue Point station by telephone that the steamer Gluckaus is ashore at that point. The German tank steamer Gluckaus, which left Stettin March 4, for this port, is probably the vessel reported ashore.

To Appoint a Receiver.

PEORIA, Ill., March 24.—The application for an injunction to prevent the consolidation of the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville and Chicago & Ohio River railroads, which was set for hearing today, has been transferred to Chicago, and will come up next week.

Burned the Records.

NEWTON, Kan., March 24.—Last night the vault in the register of deeds' office was broken open and the county records destroyed. The records were piled on the floor, saturated with kerosene and set on fire. There is no clew to the perpetrators. The loss cannot be made good for less than $100,000.

DOCTOR AND PATIENT.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures Where Physicians Fail.

The position of the physician who deals with the nervous and the feeble, the pain-worn, the hysterical, the sleepless, is one of the utmost gravity.

Prolonged strain of mind and body, or of both, is apt to result all too quickly in sudden collapse.

One of the greatest physicians the world has ever seen, who was for years the most prominent man upon the faculty of Dartmouth, realizing the extent of the physician's responsibility, set about to discover a remedy that should build up the nervous system and cure the ills that result from impoverished blood and diseased nerves. He discovered that greatest of all remedies, Paine's celery compound, and submitted the formula to fellow physicians.

There was no secret about it. The formula from that time to now has been furnished, whenever asked for, to reputable physicians, and they have time and again examined it, and knowing that it is good, have recommended it to those who are sick.

No other remedy was ever so highly indorsed and so generally used and recommended by physicians.

MR. J. LITTLEJOHN.

Dr. William Horne, who for a dozen years has been one of the most prominent editors of, and writers for, medical journals, writing in May of last year, said:

"I have been using Paine's celery compound for six weeks for myself and wife. I am like all graduated M. D.'s, opposed to proprietary remedies. I was induced to try the celery compound after reading Commodore Howell's letter. I feel conscientiously inclined to testify to the building-up qualities of the celery compound. I am just finishing the sixth bottle. I have recommended the compound to many.

"For five years I have been afflicted, each season, with excessive nervousness; so sensitive was I that any little noise caused me to start and flutter. This extreme nervous condition induced an unpleasant affliction of eczema, a partly nervous disease with me. For five seasons I have been full of itching, red, eruptive spots. Three weeks ago this condition came upon me again, but with much more excessive nervous prostration. I commenced taking the Paine's celery compound. My unpleasant nervous condition is entirely gone. I sleep well and have a good appetite. My dyspepsia is gone and I easily digest all I eat.

"I inclose the case of Mr. Littlejohn of Janesville, Wis.

"Some four years ago last June, Mr. John Littlejohn complained to me of a peculiar sensation in his head and neck, right side. I examined him closely and told him he had a blood clot at the base of the brain, I thought, or a small tumor pushing upon the nerves at

DR. WILLIAM HORNE.

the base of the brain. I recommended him to one of the best physicians, Dr. J. B. W. He went, and the doctor made his diagnosis. I saw the doctor the next day, and he said he had found some undue pressure at the base of the brain. Dr. W.'s diagnosis was the same as my own, although we had neither of us known anything about the other's diagnosis. There was some unsteady twitchings of the facial muscles on the right side, and especially of the right eye.

"Mr. Littlejohn seemed to be completely unbalanced and 'jerky,' and quite unsteady. This is a truthful statement of Mr. Littlejohn's condition. He tried every conceivable remedy, by the recommendation of some eight or ten physicians in Janesville, Chicago and Milwaukee and other places. All the treatment failed to relieve him. I recommended Paine's celery compound.

"He tried it, and by a steady, persistent use of the celery compound, he completely cured himself of the worst case of extreme nervous prostration and excitability that I ever saw. Mr. Littlejohn informs me that he has spent over $5,000 in doctoring, without good. He thoroughly tried celery compound. It completely cured him."

Mr. Littlejohn himself writes:

"I have been a traveling man for a great many years, and the exposures and worry that follow business transactions caused me to break down with nervous prostration, so that for several days they thought I was dying. Besides this, I had the creeping paralysis in my left arm, hand and side, so that they were almost entirely useless, and I had a most severe case of catarrh to the extent that it almost destroyed my eyesight and ruined my hearing. I had no sense of taste whatever for two years. I had all this so that I was used completely up for five years, so you can judge of my condition. And after all of these doctors failing I finally cured myself by using Paine's celery compound."

Is there a sick person who can afford not to try a bottle of this wonderful remedy?

Sufferers from Piles

Should know that the Pyramid Pile Cure will promptly and effectually remove every trace of them. Any druggist will get it for you.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. —Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at Peck Bros.' drug store.

A New Pile Remedy

Has created a sensation among physicians by its wonderful effects in speedily curing every form of Piles. It is called the Pyramid Pile Cure. It is cheap and simple to use, but nothing removes the disease so quickly, safely and surely. Any druggist will get it for you.

The Pyramid Pile Cure

Is a new discovery for the prompt, permanent cure of Piles in every form. Every druggist has it.

It Should Be in Every House.

J. H. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife, who was threatend with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Trial bottles 10 cents. Peck Bros.' drug store. Large bottles, 50c and $1.00.

It is Strange

That people suffering from Piles will endure them for years or submit to dangerous, painful, cruel and expensive surgical operations, when all the time there is a painless, certain, lasting cure, which gives instant relief and costs but a trifle. It is called the Pyramid Pile Cure and can be found at all drug stores. Any druggist will get it for you if you ask him.

Every Lady in Town

Would prefer being excused from a surgical operation when she could be positively cured of piles by using Hill's Pile Pomade. A printed guarantee with each package. Price $1.00, six packages $5. By mail. R. A. McWilliams, No. 38 West Bridge street, and Peck Bros., No. 129 Monroe street.

See the marvels—the De Van Brothers.

See the novelty—Sig. Nicola Cordano.

A Surgical Operation,

For the cure of Piles is always painful, often dangerous and useless, and invariably expensive; on the other hand there is a new, certain cure, perfectly painless, gives instant relief and permanent cure and costs but a trifle. It is the Pyramid Pile Cure. It is a more certain cure than a surgical operation, without any of the intense pain, expense and danger of an operation. Any druggist will get it for you.

Sickness Among Children,

Especially infants, is prevalent more or less at all times, but is largely avoided by giving proper nourishment and wholesome food. The most successful and reliable of all is the Gail Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Your grocer and druggist keep it.

SPRING & COMPANY.

HOSIERY!

A lot of manufacturers' and importers' samples of Hosiery, comprising pure silk, spun silk, plaited silk, lisle thread and cotton Hosiery will be disposed of at nearly one-half their value. See our display of Wash Dress Goods in east window.

SPRING & COMPANY.

THIS IS THE GOLDEN AGE OF

DRESS GOODS!

SPRING & COMPANY.

Rich and rare stuffs from the fashion arteries of Paris, London, Vienna, are on our counters, fresh imported for our patrons. Lively work for the New York custom houses when Spring & Company's European harvest is gathered. The general recognition of the supremacy of our house in the Dress Goods business is of long standing and is evinced not only by the immense and widespread distribution, but by the crowds that come to us seeking an introduction to the new creations at the beginning of each season. We shall strive to merit this confidence by increasing our lead in this very important branch. The pen cannot be found nimble enough to tell the whole story. Welcome to a critical inspection.

OVERWORKED DOLLARS.

Monday morning we commence the sale of an excellent variety of Dress Goods at great bargain prices, viz: 75c per yard. Plain and fancy patterns. A few dozen of those $6.98 pattern suits—left-overs from last week's sale. Also a line of wool suitings at 37½c. Gr...est trade stimulators of the week.

New French Satines!

Bright and beautiful in effect as the real China silks. Black grounds with bright figures.

Scotch novelty ginghams in small checks, suitable for the little tots.

Among the late importations we display an entire new lot of

VICTORIA BROCADES!

In the new blue and lavender shades. Scotch and French Ginghams will vie for public favor this week. We have just opened the most ravishingly handsome lot of those Zephyr goods ever shown here. Low price marking rules temptingly.

"BOOM THE CLOAK STOCK,"

Says our cloak manager; yet he is too busy to offer a suggestion, in the labor of opening great boxes of Ladies', Misses' and Children's new Spring Wraps. Enough in sight already to supply thousands with handsome mantles.

Ladies' Capes in tan, tobacco, green, blue and black. The line of Misses' and Children's Reefers is growing like a spring freshet.

Those long "Clay" Worsted Capes for middle-aged and elderly Ladies are very becoming, stylish and durable. The Ladies should not fail to visit our Cloak department before the purchase of anything in the line of a wrap is thought of. It will be a profitable call, as we believe there are a legion of reasons why we can do better by the cloak purchaser than others.

A PITCHER OF

PERFUMERY!

Yes, a fancy pitcher containing eight ounces of Toilet Water will be sold at only 25c this week—bargains at even 75c. Five hundred only to sell at this price. They should be swept away the first day—Monday.

LOOK TO YOUR DOLLARS.

A Sewing Machine is as necessary in that cozy home as the cook stove. Whatever your circumstances, save $35.00 by purchasing the famous

"DEMOREST"

SEWING MACHINE

Of us. Elegant three-drawer walnut case, with full set attachments, $19.50 and freight. Warranted five years. Hundreds of the leading dressmakers use them. Thousands in commission.

SPRING & COMPANY

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ALL THE SAME, ALWAYS.

SPRAINS.

MT. PLEASANT, TEXAS, June 20, 1888.

Suffered 8 months with strain of back; could not walk straight; used two bottles of

St. Jacobs Oil,

was cured. No pain in 18 months.

M. J. WALLACE.

SAINT JACOBS OIL TRY IT

BRUISES.

PITTSBURG, PA., 302 Wylie Ave., Jan. 29, '87

One of my workmen fell from a ladder, he sprained and bruised his arm very badly. He used

St. Jacobs Oil

and was cured in four days.

FRANZ X. GOELZ.

A PROMPT AND PERMANENT CURE.