GRAND RAPIDS HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1893. NUMBER 3245.

NO REASON FOR IT

Mr. Springer Surprised Because He Was Turned Down.

TALKS OF HIS DEFEAT

Say He Is Placed Upon a Committee the Work of Which He Knows Little About.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Mr. Springer, when asked for a statement as to the reasons which caused the speaker to depose him from the ways and means committee, replied: "To say that I am surprised at my deposition from the chairmanship of the ways and means committee and appointed as chairman of the banking and currency committee is really a feeble expression of the truth. I have had no intimation from the speaker whatever as to his failure to reappoint me nor as to his intentions to make me chairman of the other committee. I go from the work to which I have given the best study of my life to a committee the business of which I have given but little attention heretofore. I know nothing of the motives of the speaker or of the object he had in view. He has assured me that he desired to do that which he thought was best for the country and the democrat party. I hope he is not mistaken, but opinions may differ. I do not care to make a further statement at this time."

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Wilson of West Virginia Chairman of Ways and Means.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Among the committees announced by Speaker Crip were the following:

Ways and Means—Wilson, West Virginia; McMillin, Tennessee; Turner, Georgia; Montgomery, Kentucky; Whiting, Michigan; Cockran, New York; Stevens, Massachusetts; Bryan, Nebraska; Breckinridge, Arkansas; Bynum, Indiana; Tarsney, Missouri; Reed, Maine; Burrows, Michigan; Payne, New York; Dalzell, Pennsylvania; Hopkins, Illinois; Gear, Iowa.

Coinage, weights and measures—Bland, Missouri; Tracy, New York; Kilgore, Texas; Epes, Virginia; Stone, Kentucky; Allen, Mississippi; Bankhead, Alabama; Raynor, Maryland; Harter, Ohio; Coffin, Wyoming; McKeighan, Nebraska; Stone, Pennsylvania; Johnson, North Dakota; Dingley, Maine; Sweet, Idaho; Hager, Iowa.

Banking and currency—Springer, Illinois; Sperry, Connecticut; Cox, Tennessee; Cobb, Missouri; Culberson, Texas; Ellis, Kentucky; Cobb, Alabama; Warner, New York; Johnson, Ohio; Black, Georgia; Hall, Missouri; Walker, Massachusetts; Brustus, Pennsylvania; Henderson, Illinois; Russell, Connecticut; Hangen, Wisconsin; Johnson, Indiana.

Appropriations—Sayers, Texas; Breckinridge, Kentucky; Dockery, Missouri; Compton, Maryland; O'Neill, Massachusetts; Livingston, Georgia; Washington, Tennessee; Robertson, Louisiana; Brookshire, Indiana; Williams, Illinois; Coombs, New York; Henderson, Iowa; Cogswell, Massachusetts; Bingham, Pennsylvania; Dingley, Maine; Groat, Vermont; Cannon, Illinois.

Elections—O'Ferrall, Virginia, chairman; Brown, Indiana; Paynter, Kentucky; Lockwood, New York; Lawson, Georgia; Hayes, Iowa; Patterson, Tennessee; Denson, Alabama; Woodard, North Carolina; Taylor, Tennessee; Waugh, Indiana; Daniels, New York; McCall, Massachusetts; Thomas, Michigan; Wheeler, Illinois.

Judiciary—Culberson, Texas, chairman.

Merchant, Marine and Fisheries—Fithian, Illinois, chairman.

Military Affairs—Outhwaite, Ohio, chairman.

Indian Affairs — Holman, Indiana, chairman.

Territories—Wheeler, Alabama, chairman.

Private Land Claims—Pendleton, West Virginia, chairman.

Manufactures—Page, Rhode Island, chairman.

Levees and Improvements of Mississippi River—Allen, Mississippi, chairman.

Education—Enloe, Tennessee, chairman; Grady, North Carolina; Pearson, Ohio; McLaurin, South Carolina; Arnold, Missouri; Williams, Mississippi; Stallings, Alabama; Haines, New York; Weaver, New York; Thomas, Michigan; Van Voorhis, Ohio; Murray, South Carolina; McCall, Massachusetts.

Militia—Forman, Illinois, chairman.

Patents—Covert, New York, chairman.

Committee on Claims—Bunn, North Carolina, chairman.

Committee on War Claims—Beltzhoover, Pennsylvania, chairman; Stone, Kentucky; Enloe, Tennessee; McLaurin, South Carolina; Cooper, Texas; Goldzier, Illinois; McMagny, Indiana; Ritchie, Ohio; Houk, Tennessee; Herman, Oregon; McMahon, Pennsylvania; Avery, Michigan; Wilson, Ohio.

Committee on District of Columbia—Heard, Missouri, chairman.

Committee on the Revision of the Laws—Ellis, Kentucky, chairman.

Interstate and Foreign Commerce—Wise, Virginia, chairman.

Rivers and Harbors—Blanchard, Louisiana, chairman; Catchings, Mississippi; Lester, Georgia; Clarke, Alabama; Jones, Virginia; Page, Rhode Island; Alderson, West Virginia; Causey, Delaware; Caminitti, California; McCulloch, Arkansas; Barnes, Wisconsin; Henderson, Illinois; Herman, Oregon; Stephenson, Michigan; Hooker, New York; Grosvenor, Ohio; Reyburn, Pennsylvania.

Agriculture—Hatch, Missouri, chairman.

Foreign Affairs — McCreary, Kentucky, chairman.

Naval Affairs—Cummings, New York, chairman.

Immigration and Naturalization—Grosvenhainer, New Jersey, chairman.

Mines and Mining—Wanlock, Michigan, chairman; Sipe, Pennsylvania; Tate, Georgia; Peet, Ohio; Richardson, Michigan; McDonald, Illinois; Cockrell, Texas; Baker, Kansas; Stephenson, Michigan; Shaw, Wisconsin; Newlands, Nevada; Cousins, Iowa; Lilly, Pennsylvania; Rawlins, Utah.

Postoffices and Postroads—Henderson, North Carolina, chairman.

Pensions—Moses, Georgia, chairman; Henderson, North Carolina; Jones, Virginia; Houk, Ohio; Snodgrass, Tennessee; Taylor, Indiana; Lisle, Kentucky; Clark, Missouri; Johns, Kansas; Lewis, Louisiana; Newland, New Jersey; Lucas, South Dakota; White, Ohio; Tawney, Minnesota.

Levees—Mahon, Illinois, chairman.

Public Lands—McRae, Arkansas, chairman.

Railways and Canals—Catchings, Mississippi, chairman; Beltzhoover, Pennsylvania; Cobb, Missouri; Gresham, Texas; Ryan, New York; Bower, North Carolina; Hudson, Kansas; Cannon, California; Hull, Iowa; Chickering, New York; McCleary, Minnesota; Wagner, Pennsylvania; Aitken, Michigan.

Expenditures in State Department—Lester, Georgia, chairman.

Expenditures in Treasury Department—Barwig, Wisconsin, chairman.

Expenditures in War Department—Montgomery, Kentucky, chairman.

Expenditures in Navy Department—McMillan, Tennessee, chairman.

Expenditures in Postoffice Department—Oates, Alabama, chairman.

Expenditures in Interior Department—Turner, Georgia, chairman.

Expenditures in Department of Justice—Dunphy, New York, chairman.

Expenditures in Department of Agriculture—Edmunds, Vermont, chairman.

Expenditures on Public Buildings and Grounds—Crain, Texas, chairman; Cummings, New York; Dunn, New Jersey; Bowen, Minnesota; Moon, Michigan; Gillett, New York, Lilly, Pennsylvania.

Library—Fellows, New York, chairman.

Printing — Richardson, Tennessee, chairman.

Reform in Civil Service—Deforest, Connecticut, chairman.

Election of President and Vice-President—Fitch, New York.

Ventilation and Accoustics—Shell, South Carolina, chairman; Durborrow, Illinois; Hammond, Indiana; Graham, New York; Walker, Massachusetts; Heiner, Pennsylvania; Linton, Michigan.

Alcoholic Liquor Traffic—English, New Jersey, chairman.

Irrigation of Arid Lands—Cooper, Indiana, chairman; Lisle, Kentucky; Pascal, Texas; McGuire, California; Richardson, Michigan, Pence, Colorado; Newlands, Nevada; Sweet, Idaho; Doolittle, Washington, Hartman, Montana; Tawney, Minnesota.

Invalid Pensions—Martin, Indiana, chairman; Ryan, Missouri; Hare, Ohio; Etterick, Massachusetts; Baldwin, Minnesota; Graham, New York; McDonald, Illinois; Erdman, Pennsylvania; Fielder, New Jersey; Taylor, Tennessee; Pickler, South Dakota; Lacey, Iowa; Apsley, Massachusetts; Meikeljohn, Iowa; Strong, Ohio.

Pacific Railroad—Reilly, Pennsylvania, chairman.

Public Buildings and grounds—Bankhead, Alabama, chairman.

ELUDED THE LYNCHERS.

Jack Roush Accused of Betraying and Poisoning Lizzie Libby.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 21.—A dispatch to The Enquirer from Bluffton, Ind., says that Jack Roush, a prominent farmer, charged with poisoning Lizzie Libby after betraying her, narrowly escaped lynching last night, the mob being eluded. Lizzie had accused Roush of her ruin, and he was seen to throw a package into her yard which she picked up. Soon after she died in awful agony. The remains were exhumed and it was found that an eight-months-old baby had been born in the coffin. Mrs. Roush's first husband died suddenly while Roush was courting her some years ago, but suspicions were quited.

Liquor Law Declared Void.

GREENVILLE, S. C., Aug. 21.—Judge Simonton in the United States circuit court filed his decision today in the case of Langford, agent of the Richmond & Danville railroad, arrested for delivering to the consignee a keg of whisky shipped from an outside state. The court holds that the state dispensary liquor law is in conflict with the state and United States constitutions and is therefore void. The state will probably appeal.

Has Hydrophobia.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 21.—A special to the Enquirer from Urbana, Ohio, says: A case of hydrophobia is being developed here. The victim, Levi Bryant, was bitten several days ago by a bull dog at Bellefontaine. The unfortunate man is beginning to show signs of madness. He barks and growls like a dog and froths at the mouth. He was brought to this city and now has delirius paroxsysms.

Killed in a Church Panic.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 11.—Mischievous boys got under the church at New Providence and battered the floor with heavy timbers. The congregation thinking the house was falling were panic stricken and in the rush one man was killed. Jennie Maver was probably fatally injured, Mrs. Cook's legs were broken and many others were badly hurt.

One Boomer Was Killed.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Aug. 21.—A report reaches here that a conflict took place today between a party of boomers cutting hay on the strip and a detachment of United States troops, in which one boomer was killed and several injured. No particulars are obtainable.

No Agreement Reached.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 21.—A joint conference of delegates from the miners' unions of the Hocking Valley met the coal operators of that region here today. After an extended conference no agreement was reached about the acceptance of notes by the miners for labor.

Short in His Accounts.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 21.—Developments in connection with the disappearance of Will H. Perry, ex-clerk of the county court show that there is a shortage of $22,000 in his accounts. He was trustee for several estates.

World's Fair Notes.

One of the big coaches that took part in British day parade was passed into the grounds on a pass to which the name of Director General Davis had been forged. The coach was the one in which George Francis Train rode and the pass was forged by a joker.

John M. Webster of New Mexico, was officially given his seat in the national commission yesterday in place of Richard M. White, removed.

The international concert yesterday afternoon was participated in by representatives from Japan, Hindoostan, the Hawaiian islands and Central America.

Commandant and Mrs. Mills, his world's fair staff of officers and 200 West Point cadets visited the Dutch colonial room of the New York state building yesterday afternoon.

Aolia Felooh, a 15-year-old Esquiman boy, was drowned in the lagoon in the village while bathing.

The Mississippi Press association reached the city yesterday to spend a week at the fair.

The Yerkes telescope will be placed on view at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Paid admissions at the world's fair yesterday, 122,613.

GROVER IS A DANDY

Cleveland and the Chicago Platform Scored in Silver Debate.

BANKS DISTRESSING LABOR

Six Set Speeches in the House for and Against Free Coinage and Repeal of the Sherman Act.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—After the reading of the journal Mr. Powers took the floor in support of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. He referred to the Chicago platform and to the interpretation placed upon it by various democrats. The gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Sibley) had referred to the Saviour of mankind as the first democrat and had taken the utterances of the Saviour as his platform. The gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Everett) had taken Grover Cleveland as his platform and had gone around his district singing at the top of his voice "Oh, isn't he a dandy?"

Mr. Powers went on to argue that the purchasing clause of the Sherman bill was vicious in principle and dangerous in application. If free coinage were adopted the gold bugs could corner the market just as easily as they could today. It did not do merely to say that the republican party was responsible for it.

People Lack Confidence.

Mr. Hooker opposed the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause. The president spoke about restoring confidence. Where was confidence lacking? It was in the great masses of the people; it was in the money situation of the country that locked up the currency. If labor was distressed it was attributed to the action of the banks. The repeal of the Sherman law would not restore trade or commerce, nor would it relieve the wage earners. The present depression was not attributable so much to the Sherman act as to the McKinley act. He would admit that the free coinage of silver would not give absolute relief; but he contended that it would give relief to a very great extent.

The debate was then suspended to allow the speaker to announce the standing and select committees of the present congress.

Then, on motion of Mr. Bland, Saturday next was set apart for general debate of the Wilson bill instead of debate under the five minute rule.

Opposed Free Coinage.

Mr. Cooper spoke in opposition to the free coinage of silver. He would rather favor a policy which would give the country a safe, recognized, stable currency than enter upon experiments at this time. If congress repealed the purchasing clause it would not strike down nor kill silver. In his opinion it would lift up silver and make it the equal of gold. He suspected that the arguments that this course would strike down silver meant that it would strike down the silver industry and not the silver money. He then argued in support of the proposition to repeal the tax on state banks.

Mr. Alexander advocated free silver coinage and spoke for a larger currency. If some relief were not given to the country there might be trouble. But he did not think the repeal of the Sherman act nor the abolition of the tax upon state banks would give this relief.

Mr. Speery opposed free coinage and advocated the Wilson bill. He called attention to the fact that when the ratio of 16 to 1 was adopted the fight was upon the question whether the ratio should be 15½ to 1 or 16 to 1. Now the silver men did not seem to care whether the ratio should be 16 to 1 or 20.

Should Not Burden the People.

Mr. Cox argued against the pending bill and recounted the hardships to which the people of his district had been subjected since the war. Never by his voice nor his vote would there be another feather-weight placed upon their backs. He was speaking, he said, in behalf of the poor colored men of his country. The gentlemen on the other side might claim to control the negroes but at last the negroes had got to the other side.

Mr. Chickering asked if that was the reason the gentlemen spoke for them.

Mr. Cox replied that he had come to the conclusion that the negroes constituted the best part of the republican party.

Mr. Settle said that in his canvas he had opposed the free coinage of silver. The furtherest he would go was the coining of the American product. He believed the voice of the laboring class of his state is not for free coinage but simply for the increase of the circulation of the country, but he was not in favor of an increase of the currency that did not increase with sound and good money. (Applause). He was in favor of bimetalism. He was not in favor of striking down silver, but he stood unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver in the absence of an international agreement. He would record his vote against the amendments of the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. Bland) and would vote for the Wilson bill. (Applause).

The house then at 5 o'clock took a recess until 8 o'clock.

Evening Debate.

In the evening session Mr. McLauren addressed the house in opposition to the Wilson and in favor of the free coinage of silver. Silver by the Sherman act had been stabbed with the dagger of Brutus. The situation had come to pass when the people could stand it no longer. (Applause.)

The republican party, he said, had been swept out of power, but the breeze which had swept it out of power would belong to the cyclone which would sweep the country if the democrats were unfaithful to the pledges of the platform upon which they had been elected.

Mr. McDonald said that he was in favor of the free coinage of gold and silver at any ratio that might be acceptable. He would then remove from both their legal tender quality. But the government should have the privilege of paying every dollar it owed in coin. That was the only method of restoring the parity of the two metals.

Mr. Bartlett said that with the message of the president he was in thorough accord. He represented a farming constituency, a toiling constituency, a laboring constituency, a honking constituency and all demanded that the purchasing clause will be unqualifiedly repealed. Without international agreement there could be but one standard and he was in favor of that standard and today that standard was gold.

Mr. Stockdale argued that the Sherman bill had little to do with the present stagnation of business, but that it was attributable primarily to the tariff. He liked the east, but the people of the south would not forsake their own interests in order to benefit the east or the west. In 1897 the democrats would come here with a democrat president, a democrat house and a democrat senate, and it would take the free coinage of silver home with it. (Applause.)

The house then at 11:40 adjourned.

MANTLE'S CASE WENT OVER.

Senator Morrill Discussed Silver. California Exposition Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—In the senate today Mr. Chandler offered a resolution which was referred to the committee on privileges and elections, declaring that there was no lawful election of a United States senator in Kansas by the joint assembly which met on January 25, 1893, and that John Martin is not entitled to a seat as senator.

Mr. Stewart offered a resolution which was agreed to, calling on the secretary of the treasury for a statement as to the silver bullion purchased in July, 1893, with the prices, and as to the silver bullion offered for sale in the same month with the prices asked.

The finance committee bill reported last Friday. He first, however, asked and obtained indefinite leave of discontinuing the purchase of silver bullion was then taken up so as to afford Mr. Morrill an opportunity of addressing the senate in favor of the bill. At the close of Mr. Morrill's speech, which occupied a little over an hour in its delivery, Mr. Voorhees presented the letter addressed to him by the secretary of the treasury, showing the probable cost of coining of silver at a changed ratio, and had it read by the clerk, saying that he deemed it his duty to lay it before the senate and the country.

Mr. Vance, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, suggested that the vote on the Lee Mantle case, which was to be taken at 5 p. m. today, should go over until the same hour tomorrow, but as Mr. Voorhees expressed a desire to address the senate tomorrow on the bill to discontinue the purchase of silver bullion, it was agreed that the vote on the Lee-Mantle case should be taken at 5 o'clock on Wednesday.

At the request of Mr. Voorhees the bill reported by him from the finance committee in aid of the California midwinter international exposition was taken up, and Mr. White of California stated the objects and purposes of the bill. It simply permitted, he said, the removal of dutiable goods and of European workmen from Chicago to San Francisco. No money was asked from the government. He had two telegrams, one from the mayor of San Francisco and one from Mr. De Young, director general of the exposition, stating that the work would begin with the passage of the bill and would give employment to thousands of laborers. The bill was passed.

The Lee Mantle case, involving the right of the governor of a state to appoint a senator in case the legislature has failed to elect one, was taken up, and Mr. Vance argued against the right of appointment in such cases.

Mr. George also argued against the right of governors to appoint senators to fill vacancies occurring by the expiration of a previous term, such right being confined by the constitution to vacancies "happening by resignation or otherwise."

At the close of Mr. George's speech the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business and at 4:10 adjourned.

TALK OF ADJOURNING.

Extra Session May Come to an End Next Month.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—An impression is growing about the capitol that the present extraordinary session of congress may come to an end about the middle of September. This appears to be based upon confidence in the possibilitp of a compromise being entered into within that period upon the financial question. Nearly all important legislation accomplished in recent years has been the result of compromise and the outcome of conference committees. Those persons who hold to the opinion that adjournment is possible next month say that Senator Vest's proposition to provide for free coinage of silver at a ratio of 20 to 1 will be passed by the senate and ultimately will become a part of the bill for the unconditional repeal which, it is expected, will be passed by the house. The likelihood of a veto by President Cleveland of such a measure has been discounted by the believers in this reported early adjournment. They argue that it would be impossible to rally a two-thirds vote in either house to pass it over his veto and that nothing could be accomplished, so far as the financial situation is concerned, by congress remaining in session after such a veto was received. The more experienced watchers of political events place no confidence in these early adjournment theories.

CONGRESSMAN INJURED.

Representative Shell Knocked From a Cable Car Last Evening.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The cable line here claimed its third victim from among the members of congress tonight. A few months ago Representative Hooker of Mississippi was thrown from a cable car and injured so seriously that he was confined to a hospital for many weeks. About ten days ago Representative Oates of Alabama was similarly injured, and is still suffering from concussion of the brain. Tonight Representative George W. Shell of South Carolina was knocked down and trundled along beneath the fenders of a cable car for some distance. He was badly cut about the head, and suffers with concussion of the chest. He was removed to his suite at the Metropolitan.

At 9:30 tonight Mr. Shell was resting comfortably and his physician is hopeful of his speedy recovery.

Peffer's Currency Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—In the senate this morning numerous bills which had been introduced and were pending in the last congress were reintroduced and referred to committees. A substitute for the national bank currency bill was offered by Senator Peffer, proposing the issue of $250,000,000 of treasury notes, to be deposited in the treasury and to be available as cash.

Indian Funds Tied Up.

CAMOW, I. T., Aug. 21.—Treasurer M. C. Curtain of the Choctaw nation has made an assignment, tying up nearly a million of lease district money recently received from the government. His bond is only $30,000 and there are many hints of dark developments.

LAY A CORNER STONE

Ottawa County Court House Exercises in Grand Haven.

WHAT THE BOX CONTAINED.

W. N. Angel Delivered the Oration and the Corner Stone Was Laid by Hon. Dwight Cutler.

GRAND HAVEN, Aug. 21.—The corner stone of the Ottawa county court house was laid this afternoon with imposing ceremonies. Seldom has the city seen a larger crowd and it was a red letter day in the history of the snug harbor city. The exercises began at 2 o'clock and the vast assembly was called to order by Mayor H. Bloecker president of the day. Prayer was offered by the Rev. L. M. S. Smith at the conclusion of which music was rendered by the glee club. The orator of the day W. N. Angel was then introduced who delivered a valuable historical address upon Ottawa county and a history of public buildings and courts.

The corner stone was then laid by the Hon. Dwight Cutler. The metallic box placed in the corner stone contained the following:

The Bible.

"Ottawa County" part of Michigan Pioneer Collection, vol. 9, 1886.

Photograph of the "old school house," the first built in the county.

Photograph of the present court house and progress made at this date of new one.

Copy of each newspaper published in Ottawa county.

Hope college catalogue.

Akeley institute catalogue.

Historical summary of settlement, growth and status, in 1893, of Ottawa county, prepared by committee.

Printed program of today's exercises in laying corner stone.

After the corner stone had been put in place the glee club rendered a selection and benediction was pronounced by the chaplain of the day. The court house, when finished, will be one of the finest in Michigan.

GAME WARDEN INDIGNANT.

Hampton Charges Conspiracy Among Game Law Breakers.

PETOSKEY, Mich., Aug. 21.—State Game Warden Hampton is very indignant at the arrest and imprisonment of his deputy, Charles F. Kennedy, by Au Train authorities. Kennedy is charged with dropping a prosecution for a consideration. Mr. Hampton says he has a confidential letter written by Kennedy's accuser, A. P. Huskins, to a friend, in which a "put-up job" to compass Kennedy's arrest is outlined. He believes that law-breakers and terrorists are at the bottom of the whole thing. He left today for Au Train, announcing that he was going to prosecute Huskins for violating the deer law and for perjury as well. He is also going to back Kennedy up in a suit for false imprisonment. Huskins is said to be in Bay City or Saginaw.

Fought Over a Corpse.

Concord, Mich., Aug. 21.—Two undertakers here are at odds. It's all about the corpse of a township charge, Henry Leason. Both the latter and his wife were under a guardian when Mr. Leason died. Mrs. Leason gave orders for Undertaker Knickerbocker to bury her dead.

James Hungerford, the only other village undertaker, had the priority by right of possession as he was sitting up with the man when his spirit passed from earth.

A single-handed game of conversation immediately ensued between these two undertakers, ending, it is said, in a clinch with honors even. Between rounds Undertaker Hungerford buried the corpses.

Killed by a Falling Stone.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Aug. 21.—A scaffold on the new M. E. church gave way this morning under the weight of a large stone, which was being carried upon it by eight men. Amos Healy, a Finn, was struck by a falling stone and died within an hour. The others injured are Ernest Webb of Owen Sound, two ribs broken; N. Matson, scalp torn nearly off; M. Meehan, severely bruised.

Michigan Postmasters.

Miss Ida E. Donohue at Lennon, vice M. O. McFarland, I. D. Petton at Chestonia, Antrim county, vice J. R. Childs, resigned; L. D. Boucher, at Rockwood, Wayne county, vice William Milliman, removed; H. C. Harrington, at Medina; S. M. Gilbert, at Munson, Lenawee county; A. J. Gambell, vice Henry Perry, resigned.

Funeral of Rosenberg.

REED CITY, Mich., Aug. 21.—The funeral of Burt A. Rosenberg was held Sunday at 2:30 p. m., at the congregational church conducted by the Rev. F. E. York, assisted by the Reed City Tent K. O. T. M., of Stearns, Baldwin, Hersey and Big Rapids. It was the largest funeral ever held in Reed City.

One Meeting Killed It.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Aug. 21.—George Kyle and E. A. Perkins, the organizers of the Ancient Essenic order, were in this city before they went to Port Huron. Over fifty citizens paid $5 initiation fees. The lodge held one meeting and then died. Meanwhile the two organizers disappeared.

Tramps Arrested.

OWOSSO, Mich., Aug. 21.—A gang of five tramps that has infested the city the past few days was arrested yesterday afternoon. Clothing stolen from Wicking & Storrer's store was found in their possession, together with a set of burglar's tools.

Big Blaze in Reed City.

REED CITY, Mich., Aug. 21.—Fire last night practically destroyed the Reed City bottling works. Loss, $2,000; insurance, $1,000. At 3 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the same building and it was quickly subdued.

Boat Capsized.

DECATUR, Mich., Aug. 21.—Albert E. Anton was drowned last night in the Lake of the Woods by the capsizing of a sailboat.

State News in Brief.

In Wayne county there are 239 women farmers, and in the whole state 8,707, with an ownership of 670,439 acres. The value of the land is estimated at $43,500,000, and the earnings of the women aggregate $4,354,500.

The Rev. A. Dunskin, who recently resigned the pastorate of the Saginaw Grace Presbyterian church, will retire from the ministry on account of his health and will engage in the real estate business.

Prof. H. B. Patton of the Mining school, in Houghton, has tendered his resignation and accepted the professorship of geology and mineralogy in the school of mines at Golden, Colorado.

A little St. Ignace girl, 5 years of age, swallowed a single stramonium seed, and it kept a doctor busy for five hours to keep the death angel out of the house.

Seven saw mills at Cheboygan are running night and day cutting Canadian logs. One mill just started in on a contract to cut 3,000,000 feet.

A Three Oaks girl of 22 years, visiting her sister at Niles, attempted to commit suicide by drinking boiled linseed oil. A stomach pump saved her.

West Branch, Ogemaw county has had several incendiary fires of late, and a movement is on foot to employ a night watchman.

The Michigan fish commission has decided to establish a hatchery for black bass at Stony Creek, the first in the country.

The eighth annual harvest festival of the Catholic society of the township of Sheridan, will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 6.

The Big Rapids district camp meetings of the M. E. church, now in session, is the largest and most successful in its history.

B. F. Adams, a Marcellus veteran is in training for the walking match to be held at Indianapolis G. A. R. reunion.

The recent forest fires have destroyed miles of fencing along the C. & W. M. between Grand Haven and Holland.

Saline has a franchise on tap for any company that will construct an electric railroad from Adrian to Ann Arbor.

The St. Clair Tunnel company is considering the advisability of adopting electric transit through the tunnel.

All the buildings razed by the cyclone at Rea this spring have been rebuilt and a new brick church in addition.

Henry M. Smith and Clark Blauvelt of Algonac, were arrested near Flint for catching minnows with a seine.

Alcona county people want a railroad to open up their wood and agricultural lands, and one is projected.

A 20-months-old child of Myron Goodacre of Liberty was drowned in a tub of water last Sunday.

The corpse of a babe has been found tied to a submerged log in the Black river near Bangor.

The August meeting of the South Jackson Farmers' club will be held next Saturday.

A Union City farmer thrashed forty-six and one-half bushels of wheat from one acre.

The Michigan Christian association closed a four days' session at Dowagiac Sunday.

The grocers of the Bay Cities have formed a mutual protective association.

The present game laws make it unlawful to kill squirrel until September 1.

A skeleton, with a gun lying beside it, has been found in a swamp at Delton.

Grasshoppers have eaten 100 acres of oats of Frank Loudon of Blackman.

Wool buyers in Coldwater have purchased 132,000 pounds this season.

Insurance companies have so far paid $20,750 to the Ewen fire losers.

George L. Yapel will be the Labor day orator at Battle Creek.

At Ogden wheat averaged thirty-three bushels to an acre.

A Pompeii farmer sold his wheat for 34 cents a bushel.

Battle Creek is to have a lodge of colored oddfellows.

Otsego milkmen have electric bells and headlights.

There are 806 convicts in Jackson prison.

Otsego potato crop promises to be light.

A hoop mill is to be built in Mesick.

Wayland wants a hotel.

SCHLESINGER SECURITIES SOLD.

Notes for $34,000 Brought $2,061 at Auction.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 21.—Some of the socalled Schlesinger securities were offered at public auction at the court house this morning. The sale was made for Mrs. Ellen R. Coleman, wife of John C. Coleman, who held notes and collateral of an interesting description for money loaned to Schlesinger in June last. The security consisted of first mortgage bonds of the Buffalo Mining company, interest bearing coupons of the same company and guaranty slips of Corrigan, Ives & Co., guaranteeing prompt payment of the bonds and coupons, a note of the Wisconsin Furnace company, certificates of deposit in the South Side Savings bank and the Commercial bank and a certificate of stock in the Commercial bank. The amount borrowed was $34,000. At the sale the securities brought $2,061.

Awards in Fine Arts.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—The awards made by the fine arts committee of jurors for sculpture in the art palace were announced today. The number of medals and diplomas awarded was eighty-seven out of 1,000 pieces of sculpture examined. Following are the successful American artists: John Donoghus, Charles Grafly, Henry H. Kitson, Thomas Ball, Robert Bringhurst, Herbert Adams, C. E. Dalin, C. E. Niehaus, John Rogers, Emil H. Wuerts, Wellington Ruckstuhl, J. J. Boyle and Epward Memyss.

Received Half Million Gold.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—Armour & Co. this morning received $500,000 in gold and the yellow metal is now in the vaults of half a dozen Chicago banks. The money came in from New York early this morning. This is the first shipment of gold from Europe yet made by Armour & Co., but another $500,000 will be brought over in a few weeks.

Attica Bank to Resume.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The Citizens' National bank of Attica, Indiana, which suspended payment on August 12, having complied with the conditions imposed by the comptroller of the currency and the capital stock being unimpaired, has been permitted to reopen its doors for business.

Banks Resume Business.

DENVER, Aug. 21.—The Central National bank at Pueblo and the Greely National bank at Greely opened for business today. The Union National at Greely will probably open next Monday.

IS A SLEEK RASCAL

E. M. Donaldson Wrecked Several Banks and Skipped.

FORGERY IS ALSO CHARGED.

He Organized a Chain of Eleven Banks and Got Away with $600,000 of People's Money.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 21.—Kansas has produced a young Napoleon of finance who ranks well up with Ives in the person of E. M. Donaldson, banker and speculator of Marion. He was president of the First National bank of Marion, which was closed by a special examiner last week. Developments today show that Donaldson has fled the country and is probably in Mexico a defaulter to the amount of at least $600,000. He is believed to have most of this money with him. The shortage at the Marion bank is only $23,000. The bulk of Donaldson's ill gotten gains has come from eastern capitalists. Donaldson was a school teacher at Marion, but during the real estate boom from 1886 to 1888 he branched out in real estate and made considerable money. In 1887 he organized a chain of banks in Kansas, but they all went to the wall, save the Marion institution. When the bottom dropped out the bank, he removed to Iowa and in 1888 organized the Union Trust company. Its stockholders were eastern capitalists who had been holders of stock in the Kansas concerns, and had it transferred, and Iowa people who were roped in by the showing made. The main object was to loan money to cattlemen. Donaldson established a chain of eleven banks at different towns in Iowa. He was president of each, and was the sole western head of the trust company.

Skipped With $600,000.

Assignee Doty was here today and says that in all the banks and the trust company not a dollar's worth of assets has been found. He says Donaldson got away with at least $600,000.

Donaldson opened an office here last November and until June was engaged in getting rid of the assets of the Iowa concerns. He also raised tens of thousands of dollars in the east on paper purporting to be secured by herds of cattle, which never existed. It is also charged that he forged notes, and on this charge a warrant has been issued and an officer has been put on his trail. Donaldson left Marion the day the bank examiner put in an appearance and is supposed to be in Mexico.

Examiner Latimer has found much evidence of crooked transactions on the part of Donaldson. One of his favorite practices was to obtain notes for considerable amounts from persons who had absolutely no property. He would pay them a few dollars for signing the notes, cash them at the bank and put the money in his pocket. Donaldson is only 38 years old.

GIVEN A BLACK EYE.

Charges Against Chief Ramsay Are Without Foundation.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 21.—The sensational charges against Grand Chief Ramsay of the Brotherhood of Railway Telegraphers, which were preferred by the lodge at Omaha, have been given a black eye by the directors of the brotherhood. M. T. Pierson of this city, director and one of the grand officers of the organization, said tonight in an interview that no action had been taken or would be taken on the charges for the reason that the same allegations against Grand Chief Ramsay were thoroughly investigated by a special committee of seven at the recent convention at Toronto and found without foundation.

Disabled at Sea.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Captain Lewis of the Inman line steamer Chester, which arrived this morning from Southampton, reported that on Aug. 18, in lattitude 45.21, longitude 32.17, he spoke to the American line steamer Illinois, bound for Liverpool from Philadelphia, and that her engines were stopped. The delayed steamer signalled that her machinery could be set right in a short time and that all were well on board.

Mining Stopped by Strikers.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 21.—Matters were at a standstill in the North Leavenworth shaft today. Fifty negroes who arrived Saturday to work in the north shaft were threatened and some left for home. Bloodshed is looked for as it is asserted that many of the strikers are armed. The tender of the shaft, under threats of destruction to his home, refused to turn a wheel.

Lynched by a Mob.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 21.—The body of John Wilson, a notorious colored ex-convict, was found hanging to a tree seven miles from the city this morning. Wilson is said to have criminally assaulted the little daughter of John E. Hart, a farmer, on Sunday. Evidences of a struggle were found where the body hung, and it is believed that a mob executed the negro.

India's Single Standard.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—In the house of commons today the Rt. Hon. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, said that the government had found nothing in the course of events in India that would induce it to interfere with the single-money standard.

Trying to Burn the Town.

DENISON, Texas, Aug. 21.—Five incendiary fires occurred within a week, and last night the firebugs attempted to burn the town, as several fires were started at the same time. Tonight a mass meeting is being held to arrange for the capture of the miscreants.

Superintendent Went Wrong.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Aug. 21.—Charges of immoral conduct were today filed against William J. Griffin, county superintendent of schools, alleging improper relations with unnamed women. Griffin says it is a conspiracy to ruin him.

Run Down and Sunk.

DULUTH, Aug. 21.—The steam launch Ellida was run down in the harbor late last night, by the steamer Saxonia, and sunk. Lewis Winje, 21 years of age, was drowned. Judge Winje escaped.