

The Princeton Union.

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Crazy-Horse Surrenders.

The Indian chief Crazy-Horse, and his band of 600 warriors formally surrendered to Gen. Crook, at Camp Robinson, on the 25th. All the principal men having assembled inside the agency stockade, an interval of silence ensued while the Indians arranged the order of precedence in speaking, and the counsel was then opened by Crazy-Horse, who is notably a man of few words. Seating himself on the ground in front of the General, he spoke in a low voice as follows: "You sent tobacco to my camp to invite me to come in. When the tobacco reached me I started, and kept on moving until I reached here. Ever since my arrival here my face has been turned toward the fort and my heart has been happy. In coming this way I picked out the place where I wish to live hereafter, and I put a stake in the ground to mark the spot. There is plenty of game in that country. All these relatives of mine that are here approve my choice of place, and I would like them all to go back there with me and stay there together."

A Fata Launch.

On the morning of the 22nd, the Saratoga, a large iron steamship which was to be launched at Roach's shipyard Chester, Pa. started from its blocking sooner than was expected killing and wounding many. About forty men were under the Saratoga when she went off. An order was given for them to come out, but was not heard. The scene during the time the ship was going off was heart-rending, the men being seen struggling to escape while the huge blocks, pulled by the ship, crushed them to jelly. No assistance could possibly be rendered by those who were standing by. Instead of cheers, as usually greets a launch, a wall of anguish went up and shrieks of pain rent the air. As soon as possible the dead and wounded were carried to the yard office and physicians summoned. About 1,900 men are employed at the yard, and the friends of nearly all of them rushed to enquire for them. It was found after investigation that seven were killed outright, and many others injured.

The Methodists Call on the President.

A deputation of the United Methodist and Methodist Protestant churches in session at Baltimore, has had audience with the President. Rev. Alexander Clark, D. D., of Petersburg, chairman, addressed the President and spoke of the happy reunion in Baltimore, and the era of peace and reconciliation. He said that more than 10,000 people represented by the deputation were interested in the policy of brotherhood, protection and good will now apparent in the movements of the administration. The President, in response, referring to the desirability of fellowship in all the walks of life and duty, spoke at length of other branches of the church in former years, of the recent coming together of divided sects, and of the moral power of union in the church, and of the news from Baltimore and the visit of the committee had impressed him deeply, and he was happy to receive such messages from the people.

Organizing a New Party.

According to previous arrangement a secret meeting was held in Washington on the 24th for the purpose of organizing a national party. About 150 persons from different States were present. Those from the North expressed themselves strongly against the course of the President and his Cabinet, alleging that they retained in office men who are opposed to the principles of the Republican party, to the exclusion of its tried and true adherents. The representatives from the South declared that the President had discarded the friends in the States which elected him, and given the offices to the enemies of the party. Resolutions were adopted organizing the meeting into a national joint body. Permanent officers were elected, with power to institute branches throughout the country, with headquarters at Washington.

Assassination in Louisiana.

The New Orleans Republican gives the following account of the assassination of James Laws, colored, of East Feliciana: Mr. Dule, of East Feliciana, has reached New Orleans, and brought with him the coffin that was placed at his door Saturday and a bunch of Winchester rifle cartridges which were placed with it. He also relates that the crowd of bulldozers, after threatening him, went on with the information that they would return soon and put their threats into execution. They proceeded to Jackson and rode up to the house of John Laws, colored, and found him seated on his gallery with his mother. They said, "Hallo, Laws, have you got back?" He rose and answered them, and was instantly shot dead. This was on Saturday night.

Decorating Soldiers' Graves.

At a meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic of Baltimore, Gen. Tyler presiding, the decoration of graves of Confederates on memorial day was brought up, and the following resolution adopted: Resolved, That while the Grand Army of the Republic accords to all its members the sacred right of their opinions, yet as an organization it cannot be a party to anything political or tending thereto, and under its rules and regulations as members we cannot as a body decorate the graves of any others but Union dead on memorial day. Nevertheless we will respect the action of any members individually decorating the graves of Confederates dead.

Mississippi Cannot Protect Her Citizens.

Gov. Stowe, of Mississippi, in relation to the Kemper county massacre, states that he has done all in his power to bring the guilty ones to trial by requesting Judge Hamon, the Circuit Judge, to call an extra session of his court for that purpose, and that under the laws of the State the executive has no power to do in the matter. He had gone to DeKalb as soon as he had heard of the riot, but when he arrived the rioters had dispersed, and nothing was left for him to do except to go and see Judge Hamon

and ask the judicial officers to take steps to bring them to trial. The Governor thought it exceedingly doubtful if any jury in Kemper county would convict the rioters, all of whom were well known, and resided there.

The Architect to Blame.

The coroner's jury at Rockford Ill., after 13 days' work, rendered a verdict in the court house case which is fully sustained by public opinion there. They find that Henry L. Gay, the architect, through neglect to provide for the great amount of weight called for to complete the building according to his plans, is guilty of the death of the deceased; that the Board of supervisors failed to use necessary caution in examining the plans and specifications, and acted unwisely in not employing a competent architect to superintend the construction.

An Insane Freak.

As an engine belonging to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road was standing on the track on Washington avenue Philadelphia, during the absence of both engineer and fireman, an unknown man jumped on the engine, and started it at full speed towards the river. The front two freight cars which were attached to the engine struck the bumper at Washington street wharf with such force that the engine was thrown from the track and the cars ran into the river. The stranger, who was evidently insane, was pitched into the water by the shock and drowned.

Bank Officers Punished.

In the United States Court at Hartford, Conn., Judge Shipman pronounced sentence on James L. Chapman, Cashier, and John C. Tracy, President of the Farmers and Mechanics' National Bank, who had pleaded guilty to deceiving the Comptroller of the Currency, and to perjury and embezzlement, by which the bank lost \$598,000. Tracy was sentenced to the Hartford State Prison for six years and six months at hard labor, and Chapman to the Connecticut State Prison, at hard labor, for five years, and a nominal fine of one dollar.

Brutal Lynching.

On Sunday night a party of disguised men went to the jail at Blandville, Ky., and with drawn pistols demanded and received the keys. They then seized the negro, Levi Pile, who attempted to outrun and murder Mrs. C. R. Pile, last week, tied a rope around his neck, tied him to a mule and dragged him away to the woods. Nothing further is known except that his dead body was found hanging to a tree with several bullet holes in it, and the clothing burned off. At last accounts the body was still hanging.

The Northwestern Railroad.

The forthcoming annual report of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad company for the year 1876 shows that gross earnings were \$12,467,542; operating expenses \$6,473,813; taxes \$304,714; other expenses including interest, rental, sinking fund, United States revenue claims and capital stock, making a total of \$3,509,668, and making net earnings for the stock \$2,173,345. Percentage of operating expenses to earnings 519.3 against 507.9 the preceding year.

Another Account of the Laws Murder.

The New Orleans Picayune learns from a resident of East Feliciana that Laws' mother testified before the coroner's jury that the assassin of Laws was a negro. It is stated that suspicion rests on a friend or paramour of Laws' wife. A suit for divorce of Laws from his wife has been pending for several weeks, on the ground of adultery, and letters from the wife acknowledging her guilt having fallen into the hands of her husband, it is supposed she instigated the murder.

Cheap Fares to New York.

William H. Vanderbilt having telegraphed from Europe instructing the New York Central and Lake Shore to reduce passenger rates from Chicago to New York from \$23 to \$15, the other trunk roads will make the same reduction. At the same time Vanderbilt telegraphed to his own roads, he informed the officials of the Michigan Central of the change. The latter said they would at once reduce their price to \$15.

Bound to Have Some Hot Springs.

The President has issued an order preserving the Pagosa Hot Springs, and one square mile of land surrounding them, in Colorado, as permanent public property. These springs are considered valuable for medical purposes, and this action is taken with a view to preventing future difficulties concerning them, such have caused trouble in the case of the Arkansas Hot Springs.

Reducing Salaries.

The board of directors of the Penn. R. R. Co. have decided to make a reduction of ten per cent in the salaries of all employees, beginning at the President and continuing downward through all grades of the various departments. An exception is made in the case of laborers and trackmen, who now receive less than \$1 per day.

Insurance Company's Estimate.

The Residence Fire Insurance Company organized in 1873 by the leading business men of Cleveland, Ohio, with a cash capital of \$200,000, has decided to retire from business, and on the 19th re-insured all the outstanding risks composed entirely of dwellings, in the Scottish Commercial insurance company, of Glasgow Scotland.

The United States at the Paris Exposition.

The Secretary of State, by direction of the President, has now under consideration what measures shall be recommended in the Cabinet to form the basis of a plan of representation of the United States government and people at the Paris Exposition in 1878. It is expected that \$300,000 will be necessary to make a creditable display.

An Appointment Declined.

On Monday last Secretary Sherman tendered the appointment of Solicitor of the Treasury to ex-Gov. Chamberlain at the instance of the President, who also urged its acceptance. The Governor declined, however, on account of professional engagements regarded more advantageous professionally and pecuniarily.

A Minister Convicted.

John C. Simpson, of Oregon county, Mo., has been convicted in the United States Court at St. Louis, of illicit distilling, the jury finding him guilty on all five counts of the indictment. Sentence deferred by the court. Simpson is 50 years old, was county judge for two years, and has been a Baptist minister for twenty years.

Political Gossip.

The Graphic has a dispatch from Washington to the effect that the postponement of the extra session of Congress was due to the discovery of a conspiracy on the part of Congressmen of both parties, headed by David Dudley Field, to introduce a resolution declaring Samuel J. Tilden the honest President-elect, and inviting him to take his seat in the White House.

Tornado in Indiana.

The most severe storm for years visited Marion, Ind., on Sunday. Houses were unroofed, trees uprooted, and fences destroyed. A brick church 9 miles north of Marion was demolished, and at the time it was filled with people attending Sunday service. The roof was uplifted and the walls fell in, burying the inmates. The scene that followed was terrible. One young man was killed and ten or fifteen seriously injured.

Devens Appoints Simms.

Simms, the fugitive slave who was captured by General Devens when the latter was United States Marshal at Boston, during Fillmore's administration, and under the fugitive slave law turned over to the authorities at Savannah, Ga., has been appointed messenger in Gen. Devens's department.

A Windy Time in Washington.

A severe wind, rain and hail storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over Washington Sunday, doing considerable damage in the northwestern section. Houses were unroofed, fences, trees and telegraph poles blown down, and carriages and wagons overturned and demolished.

Suicide for Love.

Louise Bostleman, a young lady nineteen years old, of highly respectable and well-to-do parents, committed suicide at St. Louis by throwing herself into a well forty feet deep. Her parents' opposition to her marriage with a young man for whom she had a strong affection was the cause.

A Town Burned.

A special from Norfolk, Va., says the town of Cresswell, N. C., was totally destroyed by fire Friday night last. All the United States mails in the post office were consumed. There was but little insurance held in the town by property holders, and the greatest distress prevails.

Gen. Grant Abroad.

It is announced from Liverpool that Gen. Fairchild, United States consul there, is absent on leave, and that Gen. Badeau, Consul General at London, is going to Liverpool to receive ex-President Grant. The Mayor of Liverpool has ordered hospitals.

Wants to Advertise.

The Postmaster General desires newspapers wishing to advertise in his department to send to the chief clerk, W. H. Knapp, the amount of their circulation, regular rates per square, and how much discount will be allowed.

Resigned.

Edward F. Beale, who arrived at his home a few days ago tendered his resignation as United States Minister to Austria, to take effect upon appointment of his successor.

Latest Markets.

MILWAUKEE.
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1, \$1.03; No. 2, \$1.03; No. 3, \$1.03; No. 4, \$1.03; No. 5, \$1.03; No. 6, \$1.03; No. 7, \$1.03; No. 8, \$1.03; No. 9, \$1.03; No. 10, \$1.03.
CHICAGO.
GRAIN—Wheat, \$1.05 seller June; \$1.14 1/2 July. Corn, 45 1/2 c seller June; 48 1/2 c seller July. Oats, 38 1/2 c cash; 39 c seller June; \$13.62 1/2 at 13.65 seller July.

Life Insurance in Ancient Jerusalem.

One day, just after King Solomon had written a column of solid nonpareil wise and moral proverbs, he took his eldest son by the elbow, led him down the back stairs of the palace, through the back yard, past the woodshed, out into the alley, backed him up behind Ahitopel's wood pile, looked warily around to see that no one was listening, and whispered into the young man's ear: "My son, a little office in a spread-eagle life insurance company is better than a cartload of preferred stock in the Ophir mines." And then the monarch threw his head on one side, drew in his chin, shut one eye, and gazed at his offspring in silence. Three years afterward, when the Great Hebraic Consolidated Stormy Jordan Life Assurance Company, of which that intelligent young Prince was President, went into bankruptcy, the young man was able to let his father (who was a little short at the time) have 275,000 shekels for 90 days on his simple note of hand—Burlington Hawkeye.

Universalist Conventions.

The Minnesota Universalist Sunday School and State Conventions will hold their annual sessions in Rochester on the 12th, 13th and 14th of June. The new church edifice recently erected by the Rochester parish will be formally dedicated on the evening of the 13th. Rev. Dr. Ryder of Chicago preaching the dedicatory sermon. The Wisconsin Universalist convention will hold its annual session at Columbus on the 8th, 9th, and 10th of June next.

Jumbles.—Take four eggs, three cupfuls sugar, a very little nutmeg, one teaspoonful baking soda, one cupful butter; stir in the flour until it will roll; cut in rounds with a hole in the center. Will keep good two or three weeks.

Minnesota News Items.

CHIPPEWA.

Which has a population of 3,000 of which Montevideo, the county seat, has 806. Three church organizations, a large and thriving Temperance society, a first-class school and an empty jail, "speak volumes for Montevideo." The Valley Ventilator is the name of a handsome seven-column newspaper just established at Montevideo by C. W. Wheaton.

WABASHAW.

The grocery store of C. E. Frost, in Lake City, was entered by burglars on Tuesday night. The safe was broken open and some sixty dollars in silver and bills, and a large number of valuable papers taken. Ten dollars in silver and a five dollar bill were found on the floor near the safe; also a number of hammers, chisels, etc. No clue to the perpetrators. The Y. M. C. A. of Lake City has a fine reading room, which will hereafter be kept open daily. The new Catholic church edifice in Lake City is to be an imposing structure. It will be 53x120 in size; the first or basement story will be of stone, the second of brick. The tower will be 16 feet square on ground, will be built of brick 35 feet, and of wood 100 feet higher, to the cross by which it will be surmounted. The corner stone will be laid July 4th; the brick work will be completed by September 1st, and the entire structure by the first of December.

MOWER.

S. Swenningson has been appointed postmaster at Adams. A Presbyterian church was organized at Taopi last week. The prospects for a grasshopper crop are not so great as has been anticipated.

OTTOWOOD.

The Windom Reporter says there is evidently a better feeling among the farmers than we have noticed for some time. They seem to have comparatively no fear of damage from hoppers that hatch here. Many places where in the fall the eggs were very numerous scarcely any hoppers are hatching, and many of those are said to be weakly and lacking in vitality. In Blue Earth county they are said to be of a "measly" character—thick in spots and in other places scarcely any. So far as we can learn the same applies to most of the infested region, and a better spirit seems to prevail, and a general belief exists that something can be raised.

STEELE.

The county commissioners are hunting up a site for the proposed new jail. The prospects for a large wheat crop in the county never looked better. A lodge of Knights of Honor has been organized in Owatonna. Sam Aldrich forged a note in Rochester last week, sought refuge in Owatonna, his former residence, and now languishes in jail in that city.

Owatonna Congregationalists have purchased an \$800 church-bell. Building operations are lively. The Review has been designated as the official city paper for the ensuing year. Charles H. Randall has been appointed Chief Engineer of the fire department, vice M. L. Strong resigned.

FREERSON.

On Sunday afternoon last, the stable of Ole I. Ellingson, living a few miles south of Albert Lea, took fire, and the wind blowing hard, enveloped the building in flames before even an animal could be released from their stalls. Four work horses, together with harness and in fact everything connected with the stable, was consumed by the devouring element. The District Convention of Good Templars will be held at Albert Lea the 5th and 6th of June. John Farrell of Geneva, recently killed nine grey wolves, for which he drew a bounty offered by the State of \$27.

RICHE.

The frame of the Methodist Church in Northfield was raised on Friday. On Tuesday Mr. Gregg, of Northfield, suffered a \$600 loss by the burning of his barn and contents insured for \$400. Elias Stacey lost a valuable horse on Saturday. It was valued at \$1,000.

OLMSTED.

Jessie, the little daughter of H. A. Eckhardt, of Rochester, ate parsnips of the second year's growth, which she found in the yard, and died the next day. James Jones, of Kalmar, lost his pig and barn, together with cow, calf and pig, by fire a few days ago. Rochester voted "no license" under the State law, and now an agreed case has been made to test the constitutionality of the law.

LE SUEUR.

A young man offered a span of horses for sale at Le Sueur last week under circumstances so suspicious that it led to his arrest whereupon he confessed that he stole them from a German near Madella. The annual meeting of the Le Sueur County Soldiers' Union will be held in Le Sueur May 30th and 31st. The Methodists will erect a fine new church at Le Sueur this summer.

The "little red parasite" has made his appearance among the grasshoppers. M. J. Severance of Mankato, has been engaged to deliver the oration on Decoration Day.

DAKOTA.

A barn belonging to James Keatley, of Douglas, was burned Thursday, together with a large quantity of grain, farming utensils, etc. Loss, \$1,500. Insured for \$500. On Tuesday afternoon Mr. Densmore, one of the proprietors of the farming mill and sawmilling factory at Hastings, was working at a circular saw, which was "geared" to make contact with the saw which forced it with the velocity of shot into his face, fracturing both jaws, knocking out teeth and splinters of bone, and lacerating and laying open a fearful gash at the side of his face. His physicians think he will recover, but his improvement will be slow and painful. Crop prospects are promising.

JACKSON.

F. E. Benson is the patentee of a hopper-dozer for which great merit is claimed. It was tried at Spirit Lake the other day and in 2 hours caused 700 hoppers enough to make forty bushels when full grown. It is simple in construction and can be made for four or five dollars. Farm rights are sold for \$5. W. Withers, of Middleton, met with a severe loss last week by the burning of his barn and a quantity of hay. The town of Silver Lake has voted a bonus to aid in building the Martin County Railroad, on which work will soon be commenced. Simon Avery has invented a somnifer, which marks, drops and covers his corn, and rolls his land at the same time.

Official prairie burning commenced on Monday, 21st.

ISANTI.

A county agricultural society is about to be organized. Farmers are rejoicing over the late opportune rains. A couple who were married at Stanfield last week passed their first night in the woods to avoid a charivari.

ST. LOUIS.

Duluth has adopted a wise economy in the management of its municipal affairs. Last year the cost of maintaining its fire department was over \$1,500. This year it is estimated that it will not exceed \$500. A man was arrested in Duluth Tuesday for stealing a ten-cent silver button. A large number of immigrants pass through Duluth en route for Manitoba. A company of practical lumbermen from Wisconsin are about to erect a \$16,000 saw-mill at Knife Falls on the St. Louis river.

FILLMORE.

Lyman Case, for twenty years a resident of the county, died near Chatfield on Monday. Chatfield will celebrate the 4th of July. The people of Chatfield are enthusiastically in favor of a railroad. Many new buildings have been commenced this spring.

RUSSIA'S WAR WITH TURKEY.

The following is the official account of the battle of Ardahan, telegraphed by General Mitkof to Grand Duke Michael. "The outworks of Ardahan, its fortification, situated sixty guns, immense stores of provisions and ammunition, and the camp formerly occupied by fourteen battalions of Turks, lie at the feet of the Caucasus. On May 17th the admirable fire of our artillery between three and 6 o'clock in the afternoon made a breach of the walls. At 6 o'clock the Erwan, Tiflis and Baker regiments and the sappers advanced to the assault. The enemy could not withstand the onslaught, and fled, leaving a great number of dead. At nine o'clock our troops traversed the whole town and fortifications. The troops are full of enthusiasm. Our loss is believed to be one officer and 50 soldiers killed, 4 officers and 180 soldiers wounded. I cannot find sufficient words of praise for the courage and coolness of our troops made by officers." The fall of Ardahan is a great advantage to the Russians, for besides opening a line of communication with Okhaltzik, it will enable the Russian forces to operate against Ardahan towards Kars, or to take part in the combined operations against Erzeroum.

The London Daily Telegraph's Ristchuk dispatch, dated Monday, has the following: "Great preparations are being made by the Russians for an attempt to pass the river between Rahova and Nikopolis. They have brought down by rail to the bank pontoon bridges and a small steamer, and are erecting large fortifications at Islatz and Turnu Magurele. A continual concentration of troops in the direction of Simliza is observable. The Turks are fully prepared to resist the attempt. The council of ministers at Constantinople Sunday, determined to send all reinforcements still arriving in Constantinople to Batoum and Erzeroum. The authorities at Constantinople seem to overlook the fact that these troops, in making their way to Kars or Erzeroum, would have to break the Russian division barring the way at the Schurukon; indeed the advance of the Russians against Batoum seems to have been undertaken with the aim of locking up thirty-four battalions of Turks and preventing them or any other reinforcements from reaching the Tschurukon line to Erzeroum or other threatened points.

The London Times' Bucharest correspondent telegraphs as follows: "Grand Duke Nicholas has been stopping here for some days, and it is asserted that he, during that time has remarked that he intended to enter Constantinople, to make the Turks feel that they are crushed, although he does not intend to retain the city." A Berlin dispatch says it is pretty universally believed at St. Petersburg that the Russian government would not object to Constantinople and the Straits being placed under the protection of England, provided Russia is allowed to protect Roumania, Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro and annex the Vilayet of Erzeroum. A Vienna dispatch reports that the Turkish troops which fled from Ardahan have been defeated in a mountain pass near Kars.

According to a dispatch from an English military commissioner with the Turks in Asia, Mukhtar Pasha has been utterly unable to hold the mountain passes between Kars and Erzeroum. The commissioner adds that the Turks are obliged to retreat without giving battle, and attribute the rapid advance of the Russians to the total want of precautions on the part of the Turks. He fears Erzeroum will not be able to hold out for any time. Russia will probably put off attempts to cross the Danube in force till the middle of June. A Vienna special says it is stated that Abdul Kerim Pasha, after garrisoning fortresses, could only place at the utmost 75,000 men in the field.

The London Times' Bucharest correspondent says: "Present indications strengthen the conclusion that no important events will occur on the Danube until the whole front line is in position on the bank of the river. A strong corps will be formed, an army of eight composed of the Roumanian army, a division or two of Russians. This force will move up the Turkish side of the Timok and turn the flank of the Balkan line by a movement on Sofia and Philippopolis. Such flank attack would not violate the promise not to enter Servian territory, and would unquestionably bring a corps of 3,000 Servians to assist it. A Russian corps crossing below Widin Garrison and leave the Timok valley unopposed, with a friendly country on its right from which to draw supplies. The Russian army in Asia, which took Ardahan, is now evidently imperilled.

Cross Husbands and Scolding Wives.

"Domestic infelicity," which newspaper reporters nowadays credit with playing such an important part in life's drama, is often the result of lingering or chronic disease. What husband or wife can be cheerful, smiling, and pleasant, when constantly suffering from the tortures of some chronic disease? Perhaps the husband's life becomes torpid, and he experiences bitter, disagreeable taste, or nausea, has chilly sensations alternately with great heat and dryness of the surface of his body, pain in his sides, shoulders, or back, eyes and legs tinged with yellow, feels dull, indisposed, and dizzy. Through his sufferings he becomes gloomy, despondent, and exceedingly irritable in temper. Instead of resorting to so reliable a remedy as a few small doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets, and following up their action with the use of Golden Medical Discovery, to work the bilious system out of the system, and purify the blood; if he play the part of a peevish and pound foolish man, he will attempt to economize by foisting the small cost of these medicines. Continuing to suffer, his nervous system becomes impaired, and he is fretful and peevish; a self-subject to become embroiled in "domestic infelicity." Or the good wife may, from her too laborious duties or family cares, become subject to such chronic affections as are peculiarly incident to her sex, and being racked in blood and strength, suffering from headache, nervousness, headache, internal fever, and enduring pains too numerous to mention, she may become peevish and fretful—anything but genial and helpful. In this deplorable condition of ill health, should she act wisely and employ Dr. Pierce's favorite prescription, it will in due time by its cordial, tonic, and nerve properties, restore her health, and transform her from the peevish, fretful, scolding irritable temperamental wife, to a happy, cheerful wife. Laying aside her peevishness, and seriously, husbands and wives, you will find the Family Medicines above mentioned reliable and potent remedies. For full particulars of their properties and uses, see Pierce's Memorandum Book, which is given away by all druggists.

The name Cashmere Bouquet, as applied to Toilet Soaps and Perfumery, is registered and patented as a trade-mark by Colgate & Co., New York. Purchasers however need hardly to be warned against infringements; the genuine article is so universally esteemed as to have made the name Cashmere Bouquet and Colgate & Co., nearly synonymous.

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