NOW A CARDINAL

THE BERRETTA CONFERRED UPON THE PAPAL DELEGATE.

The Ceremonies Take Place in the Cathedral at Baltimore in the Presence of a Large Number of Catholic Dignitaries — Cardinal Gibbons Presides and Archbishop Kain Delivers the Sermon.

Baltimore, Jan. 7.—The berretta was conferred upon Cardinal Satolli yesterday in the cathedral in the presence of representatives of Pope Leo and Catholic dignitaries from all part of the country.

The initial step in the ceremonies of the day took place in the palace of the cardinal, shortly after 9 o'clock in the morning, when Mgr. Sbarretti presented his credentials to Cardinal Gibbons. The credentials, which came from the holy see, authorizes Mgr. Sbarretti to act as the ablegate of the pope, deputize Cardinal Gibbons to confer the berretta, and announce to Mgr. Satolli his elevation to the cardinalate. They were also accompanied by the berretta, which from that moment was in the custody of Cardinal Gibbons.

Cardinal Gibbons, in receiving the documents and the berretta,responded briefly, expressing his high appreciation of the honor conferred upon him, and congratulating Mgr. Sbarretti upon the manner in which he had performed his duties in this country.

While this scene was in progress within the palace, the procession was forming in front of Calvert hall, a block away. At 10 o'clock it was ready to start. First came the processional cross bearer with the crucifix raised high in the air, and flanked on either side by a boy in cassock and surplice. Following him were a long line of students form the various Catholic college, after which came seminarians from St. Mary's, then priests, then the Francescan monks in their garb of brown. Following these came the members of the faculty of the Catholic university in Washington, in long robes of black,lined with many colored silks, their heads adorned with the shovelboard hat of the scholar. After these came half a hundred bishops and a score or more of archbishops,the purple and gold of

Their Rich Vestments

glistening in the cold, clear air, their immense trains being held up by boys, also in rich and brilliant vestments. In this formation they marched through the cathedral to Charles street, and passed the palace of the cardinal, where they were joined by his eminence, who took his place last in the line. Upon his head he wore the red berretta, an exact duplicate of the one which he was soon to confer upon the man who will, for some time at least, share his honors in this country. Upon his shoulders hung the beautiful cloak of cardinal silk and ermine, with half a dozen train bearers, clad in cardinal velvet and gilt braid, following in his wake. In this order they swept along up Mulberry street to the cathedral again, where they filed into the venerable old pile through the main entrance-way. Mgr. Satolli was not in the procession, but as the head of it reached the altar, he, accompanied by Mgr. Sbarretti, Marquis Sacrapanti, the member of the noble guard who brought the cardinalate insignia here, and the priests who had been deputized to assist him in the coming ceremony, entered the cathedral from a rear door leading fro mthe palace, and advanced to the front of the altar. The students and seminarians followed to the right and to the left as they passed in front of the high altar, finding seats on either side. The others in the procession advanced within the sanctuary and took the places reserved for them. As the procession wended its way down the center aisle, the organ, a full orchestra, and a chorus of fifty voices, rendered

A Triumphal March.

When Cardinal Gibbons reached the altar he bowed low to Mgr. Satolli, who returned the salutation, and each, accompanied by his assistant priest and deacons of honor, sought the throne upon which he was to rest during the greater part of the ceremony. That of Cardinal Gibbons was on the Gospel, or left side of the altar; that of Satolli upon the Epistle, or right side.

When the two persons most prominent in the ceremonies of the day had taken their places, Marquis Sacripanti, clad in the scarlet, gold and white uniform of the noble guard, wearing high top boots, and sword and helmet on, advanced from his post near the center of the altar and deposited the cardinalitial documents and the berretta. Then he crossed the altar and stood in front of the throne occupied by Satolli, lifted his helmet, and, falling back, took up a position to the right of Satolli. On the same side stood Eugene Kelly of New York, and on the opposite side of Satolli's throne stood Mr. Charles Astor Bristead, also of New York, chamberlains to the pope. Both were clad in the regulation evening dress.

As soon as all the principal actors in the spectacle had assumed their positions, Dr. Rocker, of the University at Washington, advanced, and, in Latin, read the documents to Satolli and Gibbons from the pope. The reading of the papal briefs having been finished, Mgr. Sbarretti advanced to a point in front of Cardinal Gibbons' throne and delivered an address in Latin.

Cardinal Gibbons Speaks.

When Mgr. Sbarretti had finished speaking, Cardinal Gibbons responded briefly in Latin, and then spoke in English.

The vast audience became all attention as it neared the most interesting point in the ceremony, that of actually conferring the berretta. Cardinal Gibbons descended from his throne and advanced to the front of the altar. Behind him came his attendants, Father Magnion bearing the berretta. As Cardinal Gibbons reached the altar and turned to face the audience, Satolli arose, and, escorted by Sacripanti and Chamberlains Kelly and Bristead, walked with brisk step toward Cardinal Gibbons. Upon reaching the illustrious prelate, he knelt and bowed his head. Cardinal Gibbons took the berretta from the silver salver on which it rested, and, slowly unfolding it, held it high up so that the audience could see it. Then stooping, and with what seemed to be a softly murmured prayer, he placed it upon the head of the new cardinal. Cardinal Satolli rose, and, for the first time in its history, there were two cardinals upon American soil.

Advancing to the front of the altar, Cardinal Satolli then delivered an address.

Upon finishing his address, the newly made cardinal, who, up to this time, had worn the robes of an archbishop, retired to the inner sanctuary, and in a few minutes returned clad in the gorgeous apparel of a cardinal. He was seen in these but a few moments, however, as he was almost immediately robed in the white and gold vestments of the mass, which he was to celebrate.

Sermon of Mgr. Kain.

Assisted by his priests and deacons, he proceeded with this amid the very breathless attention of the vast audience. When the gospel was reached, a moveable pulpit was pushed to the center of the auditorium, and Archbishop Kain of St. Louis, ascending it, delivered the sermon.

At the close of the mass, Cardinal Gibbons rose and said that he had the interesting announcement to make that the pope had cabled his congratulations and that he had authorized the speaker to pronounce the apostolic benediction upon all those present.

At his request, Dr. Rooker read the cablegram, which Cardinal Gibbons said he wished particularly to say was spontaneous and not evoked by any suggestion from this side of the Atlantic. It was as follows:

"To His Eminence, Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop of Baltimore: The extraordinary splendor accompanying the conferring of the berretta upon Cardinal Satolli, gratifies the holy father beyond measure, and he asks your eminence to express his satisfaction. Furthermore, as a token of his deep appreciation he empowers your eminence to impart to all present at the ceremony the apostolic benediction."

The cardinal pronounced the benediction, and the ceremony was ended.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Wheat—January, 57 1-2c; May, 60c; July, 60 3-8c. Corn—January, 25 3-4c; May, 28 1-4c; September, 30 1-4c. Oats—January, 17c; May, 19 1-4c. Pork—January, $9; May, $9.37. Lard—January, $5.37; May, $5.67. Ribs—January, $4.35; May, $4.67.

Minneapolis, Jan. 7.—January wheat closed at 55 1-2c; May opened at 56a 56 1-8c; highest, 56 3-8a56 1-2c; lowest, 56c; close, 56 1-8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 56 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 55 1-2c; No. 2 Northern. 54 1-4c.

Milwaukee, Jan. 7.—Flour is firemr. Wheat firm and higher; No. 2 spring, 58 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 59 1-4c; May, 60 1-8c. Corn weaker; No. 3 white, 25 1-2c. Oats firmer; No. 2 white, 18a 18 3-4c; No. 3 white, 25 1-2c. Barley firm; No. 2, 32 1-2c; sample, 23a33c. Rye firm and scarce. Provisions are steady.

Saint Paul, Jan. 7.—Receipts, 600 hogs, 60 cattle. Hogs—Higher and active; quality good. Representative sales—25 hogs, averaging 187 lbs, at $3.50; 63 hogs, averaging 284 lbs, at $3.55. Cattle—Strong and active; good demand for butcher cattle and stockers, but very few on the market; everything sold higher. Representative sales—8 cows, averaging 1,007 lbs, at $2.35; 5 stockers, averaging 736 lbs, at $2.65; 2 feeders, averaging 965 lbs, at $3. Sheep—In good demand.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Hogs—Market is active and generally 5c higher; light, $3.60a3.80; mixed, $3.55a3.80; rough, $3.50a3.55. Cattle—Market quiet, but steady and unchanged.

IMMURED AND DISBARRED.

Enforcement League Attorney Root's Punishment.

Valley City, N. D., Jan. 7.—In the contempt case against Herbert Root, attorney for the state enforcement league, Judge Rose sentenced the defendant to thirty days in jail and fined him $200. He also disbarred Root from practicing in his district. No time was allowed for appeal, and Root was placed in jail. The new codes allow appeals in contempt proceedings, and the case will be carried to the supreme court. The case has attracted unusual attention over the state, and in view of the varying decisions of the supreme court of a number of states the result will be closely watched. Root got himself disliked because of the zeal he displayed in his efforts to close up the blind pigs. It is said the prohibition element will attempt to vindicate Root by electing him to the legislature and defeat Rose in his candidacy for re-election to the judgeship.

Wrangle Over Water Works.

Huron, S. D., Jan. 7.—The city marshal is now in possession of the water works. Mayor Myers to-day ordered him to remove the locks from the old city well and pump and put on locks belonging to the city. The custodian of the plant for the Huron Water Works company refused to give up the keys, and the locks were removed by force, and the city now has possession. The council will meet to-night to take action on the matter.

Thinly Clad but Safe.

Pipestone, Minn., Jan. 7.—The residence of John Crotty in Jasper,a small town in the southwestern part of this county, was burned last night. The inmates were forced to leave the house in their night clothes to save their lives. The thermometer stood at 20 deg. below zero at the time.

Buried in a Mine.

Victor, Col., Jan. 7.—A terrible accident occurred at the Anna Lee mine of the Portland company on Battle mountain. Nine men were caught in a big cave in and are in all probability dead.

Belmont-Vanderbilt.

New York, Jan. 7.—The World says Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt and Oliver Belmont are to be married on Wednesday, Jan. 8. This at least is the date believed by their acquaintances to have been selected for the marriage.

Rescue by Firemen.

Altoona, Pa., Jan. 7.—The Central hotel of this city was destroyed by fire early this morning. Many of the guests were taken out by the firemen. One fireman was killed by a falling wall.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Proceedings in the Senate and House of Representatives.

Washington, Jan. 1. — The committees of the senate passed into the control of the Republicans. The changes in the special complexion of the committees was effected by the adoption of a resolution organizing the committees as agreed to by the Republican and Democratic steering committees. The Populists, with the exception of Mr. Kyle of South Dakota, declined to vote, and the Republicans having a plurality of the senate, were thus enabled to adopt the resolution by a vote of 30 to 28. Mr. Kyle voted with the Democrats against the reorganization. A two hours' debate followed the adoption of the resolution, the purpose of which was mainly political. The Democrats, under the leadership of Senator Gorman, ably seconded by Senator Harris, attempted to show that the reorganization was effected by an alliance between the Populists and Republicans, contending that the silence of the latter by making possible the reorganization, indicated acquiescence. He also insisted that the Republican assumption of control, saddled them with responsibility for legislation. The Populists, led by Senator Allen (Neb.) and Senator Butler (N. C.) denied that they were in any fashion responsible for the result. The Republicans, under the leadership of Senator Mitchell, and assisted by Senators Hoar, Allison and Chandler, combatted the argument of the Democrats by asserting most emphatically that the Populists had even refused to make any suggestions as to their committee assignments, and had, as a matter of fact, been left by the reorganization in the position to which they had been assigned the Democratic control of the senate. The Republicans strongly protested also against being held responsible for legislation.

Before the reorganization Henry Cabot Lodge, the senator from Massachusetts who has made a brilliant reputation as an historical biographer, delivered an address on the Monroe doctrine.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The senate held a two hours' session, in which a speech by Mr. Mitchell on the restoration of the McKinley duties on wool was listened to and a resolution was passed for the investigation by the committee on naval affairs of the prices paid by the government for ship armor. The resolution contained a broad intimation that officers of the government were interested in armor plate processes,and Senator Chandler, the author of the resolution, said the facts that had come to his knowledge warranted him in assuming the responsibility for inaugurating the inquiry. The most important feature of the session, perhaps, was a resolution offered by Mr. Sherman for the restoration of the gold reserve,which thereafter should be held sacred for the redemption of greenbacks and treasury notes, the former to be reissued only in exchange for gold coin and bullion. Mr. Elkins asked for the immediate consideration of a resolution apropos of the anticipated bond issue, declaring it to be the sense of the senate that no bonds of the United States should be sold at private sale or by private contract, but should be disposed of by advertising to the highest bidder. Mr. Hill of New York objected. Mr. Nelson (Rep., Minn.) made his first speech in the senate, advocating higher duties for present financial troubles.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The senate had a stirring debate, the bond question being the theme. Mr. Sherman's speech, which had been anticipated with much interest for some time, initiated the financial discussion. The veteran senator was in good voice and his speech was closely followed. This, however, was merely a prelude to an unexpected financial controversy, vigorous and personal in character. Mr. Elkins of West Virginia sought to secure an immediate vote on his resolution directing that all bond issues be advertised, and the bonds offered to the public. Mr. Hill attempted to have the resolution referred to committee, but on a roll call, the vote was overwhelmingly in favor of proceeding with the question. Only 6 negative votes were cast, namely, Chilton, Caffery, Hill, Mitchell (Wis.), Murphy and Brice. Mr. Hill spoke vigorously against the resolution. He asserted that Mr. Sherman, when secretary of the treasury, had made bond contracts with New York syndicates, similar to the one now assailed. This brought on a sharp personal debate, in which Mr. Hill, Mr. Sherman, Mr. Hoar, Mr. Teller and others participated. At 5:30 the senate agreed to adjourn, although the motion carried by a bare majority of one. During the day Mr. Morrill, from the finance committee, reported that the tariff and bond bills would be ready on Tuesday, to which day the senate adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The session of the house to-day was exceeding brief. Mr. Broderick (Rep., Kan.) preferred a request for unanimous consent for the swearing in of Clarence F. Allen, to represent the new state of Utah. He explained that Mr. Allen's election was regular and there was no contest, but, as the governor and other state officers did not assume their offices under the president's proclamation until to-day, their signatures to Mr. Allen's credentials, of course, had not been made. Mr. Crisp (Dem., Ga.) did not question the facts as stated, but thought Mr. Allen should not be sworn in until a report had been made upon the case by a committee. The matter was referred to the judiciary committee, with leave to report at any time.

On Mr. Hitt's motion, a resolution was adopted appointing Hon. W. L. Wilson on the board of regents of the Smithsonian institution.

Republicans Will Caucus.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Republican senators will hold a caucus to-morrow to consider the tariff bill now pending in the finance committee.

Dies of Burns.

Granite Falls, Minn., Jan. 8.—Mrs. Peterson, who was so badly burned Saturday night, is dead.

The Hyam brothers were again brought up in the Toronto police court to-day on a charge of conspiracy to murder Martha Wells.

MINNESOTA'S MONEY.

State Treasurer Koerner Issues His Annual Report.

State Treasurer Koerner issued his regular monthly report yesterday, being for December, and showing the condition of the state's finances at the close of the year. The state has on deposit or in hand, $939,028.23, which sum is credited to the following funds:

Balances in treasury at close of business—	
Revenue fund	$84,598 45
Soldiers' relief fund	28,719 64
Funding tax fund	122,465 97
Permanent school fund	256,530 73
General school fund	147,777 43
Permanent university fund	69,460 25
General university fund	32,090 94
Internal improvement fund	9,831 18
Internal improvement land fund	30,068 92
Internal improvement land fund interest	3,704 17
State institutions fund	45,326 46
School text book fund	47,546 49
Swamp land fund	7,629 30
Reform school fund	5,457 56
Grain inspection fund	47,820 74
Totals	$939,028 23
Deposited as follows:	
St. Paul—	
In Merchants' National bank	$62,086 24
In Bank of Minnesota	61,257 99
In National German-American bank	17,011 23
In Germania bank	35,716 39
In St. Paul National bank	16,065 71
In Scandinavian-American bank	12,810 55
In Union bank	24,760 97
In Commercial bank	35,188 88
In Capital bank	15,443 19
In Bank of North St. Paul	5,949 48
In Northern Exchange bank	10,165 03
In State bank	5,490 60
Minneapolis—	
In Bank of Minneapolis	5,170 01
In Security Bank of Minnesota	10,923 49
In State bank (suspended)	70,445 76
In Swedish-American National bank	13,115 05
In Northern Trust company	10,614 34
In Washington bank	6,649 67
In First National bank	15,030 62
In Union National bank	25,525 20
In Metropolitan bank	17,158 45
In Columbia National bank	5,232 05
In Bank of New England (suspended)	6,208 35
In Irish-American bank	3,229 31
In Farmers and Merchants State bank (suspended)	22,219 98
In St. Anthony Falls bank	6,813 11
In American Exchange bank (suspended)	18,052 61
In German-American bank	11,784 29
In Scandia bank	10,004 02
In City bank	19,150 02
In Flour City National bank	10,729 13
In National Bank of Commerce	13,760 75
Elsewhere—	
In First State Bank of Ada	2,654 81
In Anoka National bank, Anoka	2,711 71
In State Bank of Anoka	1,872 83
In Citizens' Bank of Appleton	3,918 52
In First National Bank of Appleton	3,130 74
In Austin National bank, Austin	2,293 26
In Citizens' National bank, Austin	5,927 70
In First National bank, Breckenridge	3,915 80
In Renville County bank, Bird Island	2,073 93
In First National bank, Brainerd	3,106 77
In Merchants' National bank, Crookston	3,192 69
In Scandia-American bank, Crookston	2,605 26
In Bank of Canby	3,423 96
In Bank of Dassel	1,263 44
In State Bank of Duluth (suspended)	29,364 99
In Commercial bank, Duluth	2,587 34
In Marine National bank, Duluth	7,605 88
In Security bank, Duluth	15,631 36
In Bank of Elbow Lake	1,714 24
In Security bank, Faribault	4,549 16
In Martin County bank, Fairmount	5,161 28
In First National, Fairmount	3,996 65
In Citizens' National bank, Fergus Falls	3,573 21
In Big Stone County bank, Graceville	1,920 51
In Granite Falls bank, Granite Falls	2,501 05
In Yellow Medicine County bank, Granite Falls	3,824 73
In First National bank, Glencoe	4,454 68
In Bank of Hutchinson	1,544 60
In State Bank of Jackson	3,178 33
In Citizens' State bank, Kenyon	2,716 26
In First National bank, Little Falls	7,230 27
In First National bank, Luverne	3,290 27
In Security bank, Luverne	3,688 00
In Bank of Litchfield	10,017 29
In Meeker County bank, Litchfield	5,693 58
In Bank of Long Prairie	2,178 82
In Farmers' State bank, Madison	2,035 50
In National Citizens' bank, Mankato	8,763 74
In First National bank, Mankato	5,233 25
In First National bank, Marshall	1,694 22
In Citizens' State bank, Montevideo	6,419 20
In First National bank Moorhead	4,037 77
In First National bank, Morris	4,739 41
In Brown County bank, New Ulm	5,321 95
In Bank of Norwood	1,544 10
In First National bank, Owatonna	4,354 69
In State Bank of Olivia	2,531 35
In Pipestone County bank, Pipestone	3,040 13
In First National bank, Pipestone	3,064 41
In Citizens' State Bank of Princeton	3,351 68
In Citizens' Bank of Redwood Falls	4,143 18
In Redwood County bank, Redwood Falls	3,059 47
In Renville State bank, Renville	2,025 70
In Security bank, Renville	2,766 17
In Merchants' National bank, St. Cloud	8,258 87
In German-American National bank, St Cloud	4,420 56
In First National bank, St. James	2,260 70
In Bank of Sleepy Eye	2,069 26
In First National bank, Sauk Center	4,394 17
In Citizens' State bank, Waseca	1,992 26
In First State bank, Wheaton	1,015 86
In Bank of Willmar	7,265 65
In Kandiyohi County bank, Willmar	5,018 95
In Cottonwood County bank, Windom	2,838 34
In Bank of Windom, Windom	2,414 90
In German-American bank, Winona	6,565 77
In Second National bank, Winona	7,738 33
In Bank of Worthington	2,606 06
In First State bank, Zumbrota	1,988 62
In State Bank of Lakefield	3,282 60
In First National bank, Wadena	2,708 16
In National Bank of Commerce, Duluth	12,288 12
In American Exchange bank, Duluth	13,592 58
Cash in vault	4,840 43
Total	$939,028 23

The State Bank Examiner Exhibits the Bank Statements.

M. D. Kenyon, state superintendent of banks, has issued the following report showing the condition of state and national banks in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth at the close of business, December 13:

Resources—	St. Paul.	Minneapolis.	Duluth.
Loans and discounts	$6,304,883 21	$8,036,189 03	$2,065,196 80
Overdrafts	28,030 11	21,722 22	25,576 89
United States bonds on hand		1,000 00	
Other stocks and bonds	410,089 32	179,880 05	696,720 41
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	1,039,015 94	1,440,290 96	176,458 40
Due from other banks	1,185,194 00	327,532 26	9,146 01
Other real estate	143,110 00	85,530 03	36,374 30
Bills exchange	51,511 56	16,283 66	1,093 63
Taxes paid		78,045 88	7,898 01
Checks and cash items	64,125 66	324,340 07	37,387 71
Exchanges for clearing house	92,035 44	1,044,700 48	178,007 71
Cash on hand	754,516 49	40,056 55	
Other resources	40,056 55		
Total resources	$9,490,500 98	$11,689,861 26	$3,276,260 30
Liabilities—			
Capital stock paid in	$2,050,000 00	$2,420,000 00	$350,000 00
Surplus fund	165,717 41	340,722 02	140,000 00
Other undivided profits	416,131 55	474,261 15	219,870 61
Dividends unpaid	45 00	232 65	10 00
Due to depositors	5,812,457 29	7,023,080 29	1,913,380 93
Due to other banks	657,725 11	1,276,874 05	278,139 08
Notes and bills discounted	7,205 73	140,317 32	76,177 01
Bills payable	4,550 00	9,014	
Other liabilities	75,377 80	10,412 78	691 16
Total liabilities	$9,490,500 98	$11,689,861 26	$3,276,260 30

Bicycler Saves a Train.

An instance where a wheelman has been able to avert a serious railroad accident is reported from Barcelona, Spain. On the road to Lerida the highway runs along the track for quite a distance, and a bicyclist who was out touring, noticed how the two last cars of a freight train broke loose on a steep grade, and began to run back with ominous rapidity. He hurried in the same direction along the road, and with great presence of mind, he announced the fact to the engineer of a train standing on the track, who at once started back to avoid getting the full force of the two cars; thus, what might have been a great disaster, was averted; still, the force of the collision was so great that one of the two freight cars was demolished and the front of the engine partly dismantled. Except for a severe shaking-up, no one was hurt on the train.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Thursday, Jan. 2.

J. R. Shipp, a well known young merchant at Moore's Prairie, about four miles south of Cokato, is dead.

A Gilmer was arrested at Cokato and brought before Judge Hammerstein, charged with carnal assault on the body of little Lucy Caffery. The affair has stirred up the feeling of the people very much against Gilmer, who was in trouble not long ago on another offense.

At Mankato Judge Caldwell has issued an order at the request of Assignee Richards, directing E. C. Burdick company to make a disclosure Friday of what property it was possessed of and what disposition it made of it. Liens to the amount of $22,000 have been filed on buildings erected by the company this season.

C. Combs, one of the oldest settlers in Pipestone county, died at his home in Pipestone. Mr. Combs was past seventy years of age, and up to within a few days of his death was well and hearty. He came to this county in 1877.

The Southern Minnesota Poultry association will hold an extensive exhibit in Winona from Jan. 13 to 18. A large store has been rented for accommodations. Over 100 fancy owls will be sent here by La Crosse breeders, and every indication at present points to a success, as fine prizes are offered.

Friday, Jan. 3.

The building of J. H. Stephan at New Prague was destroyed by fire and himself cremated. How the fire originated is a mystery.

The child of Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Bonn of Montevideo died from scarlet fever. It is feared that the disease may become epidemic.

Owing to the refusal of the Glenwood council to issue a license to druggists Glenwood, with a population of over 2,000, is without a drug store.

Mr. Morrow of Hayward has accepted the position of secretary and treasurer of the Glenwood Manufacturing company.

At a meeting of the county commissioners of Le Sueur county the contract for building the new court house at Le Sueur Center was awarded to Gartner & Dolan at $38,000.

G. A. Titus, the father of M.E.Titus, cashier of the Citizens' State bank of Montevideo, is dead. Deceased was seventy-six years of age, and had been a resident of this place for several years.

C. Combs, a highly respected citizen, a pioneer settler and a charter member of Hope Lodge, I. O. O. F., died at Pipestone of a complicated brain disease. Funeral services will be conducted by the Odd Fellows, of which society he has been a member for forty-nine years.

Saturday, Jan. 4.

Burglars opened the safe of Lyman Bros. at Excelsior, took $24 in money and also stole a large quantity of flour. No trace of the thieves.

The new Norden hall was formally opened at Fergus Falls, with a banquet, which was attended by 135 people.

The village of Winsted dedicated their new town hall and Hon. W. H. Eustis of Minneapolis delivered the oration.

A man named Bergman lost an eye and another man, whose name could not be learned, had a hand shattered by the explosion of a shotgun at Glencoe.

Fire started in F. W. Walker's barber shop at Two Harbors, but by the heroic work of the fire department the building was saved with a slight damage to furniture. A strong wind was blowing and had the fire not been put under control the whole town would have been swept out of existence.

A. C. Mathews, doing business several years at Lake Benton as a private banker, made an assignment. His brother-in-law, Jens Olmem, is named as assignee. The papers were forwarded from Sioux City, where he went some days ago. Liabilities and assets not known.

Gov. Clough has reappointed the following officials: M. D. Kenyon, public examiner, term three years; Ira B. Mills, member of the railroad and warehouse commission, term three years; J. G. Pyle, director of the Minnesota institute for defectives, term five years; W. O. Werner of Minneapolis, member of the board of managers of the Minnesota state training school, term five years; H. S. Griswold of Fillmore county, member of the state reformatory board, term six years; J. S. O'Brien of Stillwater, member of the state board of prison managers, term five years.

Sunday, Jan. 5.

A barn belonging to S. A. Fizell, in the northwestern part of Brownsdale, was burned. The origin of the firse is unknown and it was not discovered until the animals were cremated.

Hubert Meyer of the Assumption, was thrown from Denny Orlay's wagon at Norwood and got both arms broken. Careless driving caused the accident.

The case of E. C. Burdick & Co., large contractors and builders, who recently assigned, was tried before Judge Caldwell at Mankato, the creditors demanding an accounting as to where $60,000 are which the company have collected this fall and winter on building contracts in the city. Attorney C. J. Rockwood of Minneapolis aupeared for the company. The liabilities of the company are large, and the creditors demanded a statement of assets, which were given fully by Burdick, president of the company.

Andrew Anderson, a Norwegian, single and sixty years old, hanged himself at Fergus Falls. He lived a hermit's life and had no relatives there.

John Prokop, insane, fatally cut his father, Michael Prokop. They are farmers living a few miles from Winona. The father saw the son going to have a fit and gave him whisky, making him furious. He attacked Michael, and the father received several cuts in the abdomen. The daughter, who interfered, was badly cut in the right hip and leg ,and her clothes torn off. The son will be sent to the asylum.

Sixty-two thousand dollars has been expended in Plainview for improvements in 1895. Twenty thousand dollars worth of residences were erected and a number of business blocks. The new water system, costing $15,000, will be in operation early next week. Only a little work remains to be done on the storage tank, which is in place on the eighty-foot tower.

Monday, Jan. 6.

A serious conflagration occurred at Blooming Prairie. Fire started in the Alliance Cash store, and at one time it appeared as if the business part of the town would be wiped out.

The Le Sueur city water works bonds were sold at a premium of $250 to S. A. Bright of Westfield, N. Y. They are 5 per cent, 20-year bonds for $20,000.

Much satisfaction is felt at Le Sueur over the artesian well that is now flowing over 600 gallons per minute and steadilly increasing. There is some talk of trying to run the electric plant with a turbine wheel, as there is a fall of nearly forty feet.

N. S. Goodrich, dealer in general merchandise at Blooming prairie, has assigned his interests to Warren C. Holmes of Austin for the benefit of his creditors. Poor collections following rather large purchases is the cause.

The residence of John Crotty in Jasper, a small town in the southwestern part of Pipestone county, was burned. The inmates were forced to leave the building in their night clothes to save their lives. The thermometer stood at 20 degress below zero at the time.

Mrs. Andrew Smith who, while in charge of her son, at Anoka, was waiting to be taken to Fergus Falls and made her escape, started to walk to Minneapolis. Word received states she is with her brother, D. L. Fife, and her hands and feet are frozen. She will remain there for the present.

Kittel Bergan, one of Renville county's pioneers, met a sudden death. While attempting to cross the railroad track he was struck by a west-bound passenger train. The engine's pilot badly mutilated his body and broke his limbs. He leaves a widow and four grown-up children, among them Dr. Bergan of Sacred Heart.

Tuesday, Jan. 7.

George Carew died at Sibley, aged seventy. He leaves a wife and two daughters. Mr. Carew was for fifteen years the owner and publisher of the Sibley Gazette.

The residence of L. N. Maxfield, a contractor and builder of Delano, was burned to the ground while Mr. Maxfield was attending church. The building was almost new and was valued at $1,200. The contents were partly saved. Insurance on both. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Eckerman Bros., general implement dealers at Sibley ,lost their building and most of their stock by fire. Loss, about $8,000; insurance, $1,500, in the German of Freeport. A two-story frame building alongside the Eckerman building burned, and half a dozen other buildings suffered damage. Total loss, about $5,000.

A young man named McManus from Nobles county, Minnesota, rendered desperate by his inability to overcome the liquor habit, attempted to shoot himself at Sibley, but was saved by Mr. Faragher ,whose finger caught the hammer as McManus pulled the trigger. He was taken to his home by a friend.

The parsonage of the Swedish Mission church at the west end of town, was burned at Rush City. The church adjoining caught fire, but was saved by the fire department. The family in the parsonage and the contents of the house were safely removed. Loss, $1,000 to $1,500, covered by insurance of only $400, in the Milwaukee Mechanics. The fire was caused by a defective flue in the kitchen.

Wednesday, Jan. 8.

Diphtheria is epidemic in the town of Krain, Stearns county, and thus far fourteen deaths are reported. The authorities are adopting all known precautions to check the disease, and the schools of the town have been closed.

Charles Rieske, a German farmer living in Cottonwood county, six miles south of Sanborn, was killed by his team running away. He was forty-eight years of age and leaves a wife and fourteen children.

George Weston Wood, M. D., who was formerly a state senator from Rice county ,died at his home in Faribault. The funeral will be under the auspices of the Masonic lodge of which he has long been an active member.

The newly-elected officers of the Claremont Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Dodge Center are: President, W. M. Hubbard; secretary, A. E. Beckwith; treasurer, E. J. Shaw; directors, Karl E. Bullis, John Angus, H. C. Hydecker.

George D. Ingraham, a freight conductor on the Northwestern road, met with an accident at Owatonna, which will probably result fatally. He was on top of a car when the train was crossing a bridge, and was either jarred off or fell off. He fell to the bottom of the ravine under the bridge, about thirty feet, striking on the frozen ground, injuring his skull. He was picked up bleeding and was given medical aid.

A special committee of the Winona city council reported that the city treasurer had received city interest money for the past twenty years. This was done with the knowledge and tacit consent of the city officials and tax payers, as treasurers' salaries were small and the bonds required large. This committee recommended that no action be taken by the council. The report was adopted by a vote of 4 to 2, and the committee discharged. The messag eof Mayor Youmans, some time ago, recommended that the council take steps to recover this money. There is a rumor that the grand jury will investigate this matter next week.

Joseph Wilson, an employe of Joseph Mason, agricultural machinery, of St. Peter, while returning from the country, was instantly killed by the afternoon train from St. Paul, at Ottawa crossing, two miles north of St. Peter.

At Hastings, the jury in the case of Mrs. Mary Reidy vs. William Cherry, an action to recover $5,000 damages for seduction, returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $25. The plaintiff and her daughter reside at Dennison, Ohio, and the defendant, uncle of the latter, lives at Eureka, Dakota county.