ASSESSED $100

New Hampshire Postmasters Testify in the Gallinger Hearing.

One of Them Had a Circular Inviting Him to Make a Contribution,

Which the Commission Received and Placed on File---Chandler's Threat.

CONCORD, N. H., July 13.—The hearing in connection with charges of violating civil service laws against Jacob H. Gallinger, preferred by Former Governor Charles A. Busiel, continues. Only two witnesses responded to the invitation of the commissioners to be present. They were postmasters Henry Robinson of Concord, and H. A. Spaulding of Nashua. Their testimony was to the effect that campaign circulars asking for assessments for campaign purposes had been sent out as alleged in the charges.

Postmaster Robinson stated that he received one of the assessment circulars. He produced the circular and gave it to the commissioners, who filed it away. This incident caused considerable surprise.

Mr. Robinson then said that he had mentioned the fact of receiving the circular to Senator Chandler, and upon the advice of that gentleman had sealed it up and he had shown it to no one until this time. He was asked to contribute $100, he said, and he wrote to the civil service commission, asking them as to his ability to contribute under the law. He was informed that he could not contribute. Copies of the correspondence between Mr. Robinson and the commission were introduced as part of the evidence, and Mr. Robinson closed his testimony by stating that he did not contribute.

Postmaster Spaulding was chairman of the Republican state committee in 1896. He stated that he received one of the circulars on which the charges in this case are based, but that he did not contribute.

CHANDLER GIVES WARNING.

Will Tell What He Knows Unless Interested Parties Testify.

CONCORD, N. H., July 13.—A big political sensation is promised here. Representatives of the United States civil service bureau began a sitting during the day for the purpose of investigating charges preferred against Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of Concord by Former Republican Governor Charles L. Busiel of Laconia, alleging violation of the civil service laws during the last campaign in this state. The specific charge is that Senator Gallinger, as chairman of the Republican state committee, distributed circulars appealing to Republican officeholders for contributions to the campaign funds.

Civil Service Commissioner J. V. Narlow and Mark S. Brewer are in charge of the investigation. Senator William E. Chandler was among those present, as a party interested, though whether as a prosecutor or defendant is somewhat uncertain in view of the charges and counter-charges made.

Few Witnesses on Hand.

As the commissioners have not authority to summon witnesses they could do no more than request the presence of those whom they desired to testify. The only witnesses at hand when the session opened were Postmaster Knox of Manchester, National Bank Examiner Carroll of Warner and T. Gilliford, who was assistant secretary of the Republican state committee during the campaign.

This investigation is held to allow the commissioners to examine the evidence and to decide whether it warrants the further prosecution of the case. If they decide it does the United States authorities of the department of justice will be called in.

The principal feature of the session was a long statement by Senator Chandler, in which he gives the history of his connection with the case and announces that unless federal officials who were called upon to contribute come forward and tell their story he will do the talking.

Talked Over Campaign Plans.

ST. PAUL, July 13.—A meeting of the Republican state central committee was held at party headquarters here. Every member of the committee had been asked to attend and nearly all were present. The meeting was to decide upon the lines to be followed in the campaign of 1900. Chairman Steele presided.

Paymaster General Carey Retires.

WASHINGTON, July 13. — Brigadier General Asa B. Carey, paymaster general of the army, has been retired, having reached the age of 64. He is succeeded as paymaster general by General Alfred E. Bates, recently military attache of the United States embassy at London.

Captain Woodruff Died of Fever.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The adjutant general received a dispatch from Colonel Comba at Boniago, near Santiago, announcing the death of Captain T. M. Woodruff, adjutant of the Fifth infantry. He died of yellow fever. Captain Woodruff was a West Point graduate appointed from the district of Columbia.

Salisbury Opposed the Measure.

LONDON, July 13.—The house of lords passed the second reading of the bill requiring shopkeepers to provide seats for their assistants by a vote of 73 in favor to 28 opposed. The Marquis of Salisbury spoke and voted against the measure.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY TALK.

Congressman Hull Opposed to Giving Up a Foot of Territory.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 13.—Congressmen Payne, Steel, Hull, Dalzell and Heatwole, who have arrived here from Alaska, are very much impressed with their trip.

Congressman Payne, who is a member of the joint high commission, refused to discuss the boundary question or the proposed modus vivendi. He anticipates no trouble over a settlement of the dispute.

Congressman Steel said: "We are too big to ever go to war over the Alaskan boundary. The subject will in time shape itself and become settled."

Congressman Hull is against giving up a foot of Northern territory and does not hesitate to say that it would certainly result in great commercial loss were a port given Great Britain on Lynn canal. It would affect in a way the whole country and coast.

Our Rights of Possession.

"We have nothing to concede to Great Britain in the way of territory," said Congressman Hull. "It is not claimed we have acquired something that does not belong to us and that was owned by the crown. We have nothing to do with that boundary. We stand simply upon the rights of possession acquired by the Russian purchase. There has been no demarkation of boundary. England never questioned the boundary from 1825 to 1865, when Seward purchased the country from Russia for the United States.

"We will not go beyond the original treaty by which we acquired all the rights of Russia and therefore we will accept nothing less than the territory accorded us under that treaty."

After spending a few days on Puget sound the congressional party will return east.

OSCAR IS PLEASED.

Congratulations to Emperor William and President Loubet.

MALMO, Sweden, July 13.—King Oscar, when apprised of Emperor William's visit to the French training ship Iphigenie, at Bergen, Norway, July 8, and of the exchange of telegrams between the emperor and President Loubet, sent a letter to his majesty expressing the great joy he experienced that "this first step towards a friendly rapproachment between the two most important states in Europe in respect to culture should have occurred on territory of the united kingdoms of Sweden and Norway," and expressed the hope "that it would lead to a complete understanding between the two countries, upon whom the peace of the world mainly depends."

King Oscar sent similar congratulations to President Loubet, through the legation of Sweden and Norway at Paris.

TALK OF A BIG CROP.

Indications Very Promising Throughout the Northwest.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 13.—Special dispatches to The Journal from the Northwest indicate a promising outlook for spring wheat in the three spring wheat states—Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. A condition for July 10 cannot always be relied on, however, for a measure of the harvest. The present prospect is full of promise, and without check from unfavorable weather developments a large yield will follow, 200,000,000 bushels or more, with the probability that in any event the yield will not fall below 150,000,000.

IN BRYAN'S INTEREST.

Milwaukee Democrats Confer Behind Closed Doors.

MILWAUKEE, July 13.—About 40 prominent Democrats of Milwaukee county held a meeting and organized a branch of the Wisconsin Bryan league. The meeting was held behind closed doors. After the gathering dispersed it was announced that work would be carried on in the interest of William J. Bryan and that the delegates from this section would be in favor of the indorsement of Bryan and the Chicago platform at the next national convention. It was also stated that no antagonism whatever existed between National Committeeman Edward C. Wall and the local Democrats.

Buchanan to Resign.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A dispatch to The Herald from Buenos Ayres says: Mr. W. I. Buchanan, United States minister, has sailed for Montevideo, where he will remain two days. He will go then to Rio Janeiro and embark there on the steamer Buffin for New York. It is stated that Minister Buchanan intends to resign his position and start a banking house with a branch office in Argentina. Mr. Buchanan has signed the commercial treaty between Argentina and the United States.

Desperado Hatfield Surrenders.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 13.—Elias Hatfield, the noted desperado and son of "Devil Anse" Hatfield, leader of the Hatfield-McCoy feud, has surrendered to Governor Atkinson of West Virginia. Hatfield shot Sheriff Ellis a week ago and has been holding off a posse in the Kentucky mountains.

Forty Cents a Day for Sick Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The orders issued last summer that allowed 60 cents a day per man for soldiers undergoing hospital treatment have been revoked and an order issued allowing 40 cents per day per man out of the appropriation for the subsistence of the army.

Georgia Legislator Assassinated.

LA CROSSE, Ga., July 13.—Hon. Henry Singletery, representing this county in the lower house, was assassinated while going from his store to his home near by. There is no clue to the perpetrators or their motives.

Cruiser Chicago at Cape Town.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The cruiser Chicago has arrived at Cape Town. Admiral Howison has remained inland and is now at Johannesberg, whence he will go to Cape Town to join the cruiser.

TO SEIZE PORTS

German and British Warships Stated to Be En Route to Guatemala,

Where They Will Make a Demonstration in Relation to Bonds.

If Ports Are Held For Some Time a Porotectorate May Be Needed.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—The Picayune prints the following:

News of the gravest import from Guatemala was brought to this city by the passengers on the Snider steamer Breakwater, which touched at four or five of the leading Central American ports before putting in here late Monday night. The reports seem to be authentic in the main and come from sources that are of the highest order.

"Just before sailing on the steamer for New Orleans," said one of the passengers, "I was informed by several persons that England and Germany were about to make a naval demonstration on the two leading ports of the Republic of Guatemala. I learned that a large amount of the government debt in the form of bonds issued by the government of Guatemala, is held by English and German interests. These bonds have been practically repudiated, at least the bonds have sunk to nothing, and the German and English holders have protested vigorously to their governments.

"Four warships are said to have been ordered to Guatemalan waters, two German and two English. One of each flag will proceed to Puerto Barrios and one of each nation will be sent to San Jose de Guatemala, which is on the Pacific side of the republic.

"The point that most interests the United States is that if this seizure of the custom houses should result in a long holding of those ports, in order that the amounts could be collected, it would be necessary for a protectorate to be established over the republic of Guatemala, while this was going on. In that case, the natural course of affairs would be to turn to either Mexico or the United States for that protectorate. The first proposition would hardly be probable, because of the bad feeling existing between Guatemala and the republic of Mexico over the boundary dispute."

Look For Annexation Some Day.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Martin Roberts, financial representative of the government of Guatemala, is in the city trying to sell a railroad that has been built in that little republic by American capital. He says that his republic, with most of the other republics making up the Central American states, look forward to the day when they will be a part of the United States.

TRAIN HELD UP.

Robbers Dynamite a Colorado Southern Express Safe—Passengers Unmolested.

TRINIDAD, Colo., July 13.—Southbound passenger train No. 1, on the Colorado Southern railway, was robbed by four men five miles south of Folsom, N. M.

The hold up occurred at 10:30 p. m., at the same point at which the passenger train was held up last September.

After the train had been brought to a standstill and the crew had been intimidated by guns, the robbers used dynamite with good effect, blowing open the sides of the express car. Officers declare nothing was secured by the robbers.

There were but few passengers on the train, and they were not molested. As soon as the robbers had searched the express car they mounted horses which were hitched nearby, and firing a few shots to alarm the trainmen and passengers, fled without any attempt to go through the mail car. Parties here, who claim to know, say that there was a large amount of money in the express safe, as well as valuable express matter.

Trade With Brazil Decreased.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Contrary to common belief, the trade between the United States and Brazil last year showed a falling off, both in exports and imports. The figures quoted in a report to the state department by United States show that while the exports to Brazil decreased $500,000 in the past year, the imports fell off no less than $12,000,000.

Olympia at Suez.

SUEZ, July 13.—Admiral Dewey, on his arrival here on board the Olympia, said he was in very good health. He appeared to be in excellent condition, which was also the case with his officers and men. Most of them have suffered from malarial fever, but have now quite recovered. The Olympia has been quarantined, no direct communication with the shore being allowed.

Fortune For John Lynch.

WATERLOO, Ia., July 13.—It is discovered that John Lynch of this city is the heir of William Lynch, the centenarian of Kenosha, Wis., who died leaving an estate valued at over $50,000. With one sister he shares the father's fortune. The sister is Mrs. Sarah Hannan, who lived with her father, and was made executrix of his will.

Released Quarantined Passengers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.—The passengers who arrived here from the Orient on the steamship Nippon Maru and who were quarantined on account of the death of some passengers who were supposed to have bubonic plague have been released from quarantine after a confinement of 14 days.

APPOINTED BY OTIS.

Northwestern Volunteers Who Will Stay in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The president has confirmed and commissioned the officers recommended by General Otis for the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh volunteer regiments now being organized in the Philippines. Among the appointees are the following Northwestern boys:

To be colonel, Lieutenant Colonel Robert B. Wallace, First Montana.

To be major, Lieutenant John Q. A. Braden, First South Dakota.

To be captains, Lieutenant Charles W. Meade, First Montana; Lieutenant Charles French, First Montana; Captain Harry A. Hegeman, First South Dakota; Captain Warren Ickes, Fifty-first Iowa; Second Lieutenant Carl L. Stone, Thirteenth Minnesota; Second Lieutenant James F. Croft, First Montana; Lieutenant William B. Hanna, First Montana.

To be first lieutenants, Lieutenant Will H. Point, Fifty-first Iowa; Second Lieutenant Fred S. Smith, First North Dakota; Second Lieutenant Ernest Murphy, First Montana.

TO TELL THEIR STORY.

Chairman Grant and Smeltermen's Offices Will Be Called Upon to Testify.

DENVER, July 13.—Chairman James B. Grant of the operating committee of the American Smelting and Refining company, and the officers of the Smeltermen's union, which he has refused to recognize, will be summoned before the subcommittee of the National Industrial commission, which meets here to investigate mining conditions in the West, and will be required to testify in open session in regard to the relation of capital to labor in the smelters which are now closed on account of the differences between the managers and the workmen, arising under the eight hour law. The committee will hold daily sessions in Denver, probably for a week. They will then go to Salt Lake City and after the session there is concluded will proceed to Wardner, Ida., to inquire into the labor troubles there.

MARRIAGE BROKER LOSES.

Chicago Judge Decides Against Courtship by a Third Party.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Negotiating a marriage by a third party for a consideration was declared by Judge Shepard of the appeal court to be "void at law and in equity, as being opposed to morality and public policy."

The case at issue was the appeal of B. H. Hellem from the judgment of the superior court, by which he was denied the right to recover on a contract executed in 1896. By the contract Benjamin W. Anderson was to pay Hellem $2,500 on the marriage of the former to Mrs. Sarah Hughes.

POSSIBLY IN OCTOBER.

President's Northwestern Trip Likely Not to Be Made Until Fall.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The president has decided to postpone his trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis until October, if Mrs. McKinley's health will not permit him to go earlier, and he does not desire to go without her. In October, he has made a positive engagement to attend the Chicago celebration, and if his St. Paul Minneapolis trip is postponed until that time, he will extend his journey from Chicago to the Twin Cities.

Taylor Men in Control.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 13.—The Republican state central committee met during the evening. Congressman Vincent Loreing of London, Ky., was selected as temporary chairman of the convention and K. J. Hampton of Winchester as secretary. Both are strong Taylor men. It is understood that Judge Denny of Lexington, another Taylor man, will be permanent chairman.

Wanted in North Dakota.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 13.—In the United States district court Judge Hanaford discharged from custody S. A. Sylvester, who is wanted in North Dakota for embezzlement. The state supreme court ordered him returned to North Dakota, but this decision was disregarded by Judge Hanaford, who holds that the federal court has jurisdiction over extradition cases.

Advanced Prices Fifteen Per Cent.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Manufacturers of drill and seeder implements met here and decided to make an advance of 15 per cent on the prices of seeders and drills. This action was taken, it is said, on account of the large advance that has been made in iron and steel.

Police Reports Exaggerated.

PARIS, July 13.—It is believed the police reports regarding the royalist plots are exaggerated. Comte Boni de Castellane, Paul de Roulede and James Guerin, the deputy, all deny the statements of the police concerning them.

Alabama Miners Go Out.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 13.—Five hundred coal miners at the Mildale mines and the mines of the Standard Coal company at Brookwood, went on strike during the day. They claim the mines are not paying the wage schedule agreed upon at the convention of July 1.

Stave and Heading Mills Burn.

THORPE, Wis., July 13.—The Cirkel Manufacturing company's stave and heading mills have been destroyed by fire. The dry kiln and the warehouse and shed filled with stock were saved. Loss estimated at $7,000; no insurance.

Dixon Whips Tommy White.

DENVER, July 13.—George Dixon, featherweight champion of the world, was given the decision over Tommy White at the end of a 20-round bout before the Olympic club. Dixon led the fighting from the start to the finish.

Floated on a Rising Tide.

WOODSHOLL, Mass., July 13.—The steamer Horatio Hall, which went ashore in a fog, floated on the rising tide and resumed her passage eastward, apparently uninjured.

NOT THIS YEAR

Secretary Alger Makes a Statement Concerning Reports of His Resignation.

Has No Present Intention of Quitting the Cabinet, But May Do So

If Health or Business Make It Imperative---A Challenge to Critics.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Scretary Alger has made to a representative of the Associated Press his first personal statement concerning the reports that he is about to resign from the cabinet. When asked as to the truth of the rumors, the secretary said:

"What do you mean, exactly?"

"I mean to ask whether or not the stories that you are to retire from the cabinet in the near future are true?"

"There is nothing in these reports but air," replied the secretary. "I shall not retire this year, certainly, and cannot say as to the future. My private business and the state of my health will govern my future course.

"These constant assaults and repeated baseless reports are, of course, very annoying to me and extremely distressing to my family, but I have never retired under fire yet, and do not propose to do so now. Nothing that I have ever heard of or known of has been so cruel as these attacks upon me. If my critics can point to one thing in my official career that I have done that I ought not to have done, or that I have not done that I should have done, I shall be very glad to surrender my present official duties."

STRICT QUARANTINE.

General Wood Takes Measures to Stamp Out Yellow Fever.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 13.—General Leonard Wood, in command of the Department of Santiago, has issued General Order No. 34, establishing absolute quarantine. All officers of the government and employes are forbidden to enter the city, with the exception of those belonging to the department.

Major Carr and Surgeons Mendez and Nunez are detailed to take charge of the fever patients in the city, which is placed under strict regulations. Other officers will have charge of the yellow fever hospital on the island. The mayor is directed to close all American hotels and saloons, to forbid other liquor dealers to sell intoxicants to Americans and to arrest all intoxicated Americans or loiterers in saloons. The principal hotels and saloons are designated by name.

The pack trains have been ordered to establish camps outside the city, and all the troops will be moved to Songo, except one company at Morro castle.

The headquarters of all the departments have been moved to Crysto, and the railroad and steamship lines are forbidden to bring Americans into the city. No ships are permitted to touch at the wharves.

The strictest regulations have been established for protection from fever of the company of soldiers at Morro castle Supplies are to be left at a road depot and will be taken to the soldiers by teams from the camp. No travelers will be permitted to leave here without having undergone five days detention in camp.

General Wood proposes to adopt heroic measures to stamp out the fever.

EDUCATORS ARE BUSY.

National Convention Gets Down to Work in Earnest.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 13.—The National Educational convention has settled down to steady, hard work, 11 departments holding sessions in the afternoon, in addition to general sessions both in the afternoon and evening. Mrs. Helen Greenfell, state superintendent of public instruction of Colorado, read a paper in the general session bearing the suggestive title of "Quo Vadimus," which bore upon relations existing, and which ought to exist, between the school and the home.

Hon. L. Harvey, superintendent of public instruction of Wisconsin, in dealing with "Fundamentals in Teaching," struck a respondent note in outlining how far the individual freedom of the teacher is bounded by the organization of the school curriculum.

Columbian Catholic School.

MADISON, Wis., July 13.—Archbishop Martinelli, apostolic delegate to the United States, will celebrate pontifical mass here a week from next Sunday. The occasion of his coming is the Columbian Catholic summer school, just beginning its fifth annual session here. It is expected Archbishop Ireland will stop here on his way home for a few days.

St. Cloud Man Missing.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 13.—Mrs. George Reed of St. Cloud has asked the police to look for her husband, whom, she says, she has not seen since Saturday afternoon. She says he had with him $3,000 in cash and she fears he fell in with thieves.

School Cyclone Cellar.

SPRING VALLEY, Wis., July 13.—At the annual school meeting in the village of Olivet, five miles from here, a sum of money was voted to make a cyclone cellar for the school. This is the first school cyclone cellar so far in the state.

Taunton Elevator Burns.

MINNEOTA, Minn., July 13.—The Marshall Milling company's 25,000 bushel elevator, with about 1,000 bushels of wheat, burned at Taunton, a small town six miles west of here.

WILL NOT DOWN.

Municipal Ownership of Detroit Street Railways Gets a New Start.

DETROIT, Mich., July 13.—Municipal ownership of Detroit street railways took a great fresh start last night in spite of the recent adverse decision of the Michigan supreme court annulling the appointment of the street railway commissioners and in spite of various other kinds of opposition. After about five hours of fiercest argument and desperate filibustering the common council, by a vote of 19 to 14, passed the so-called security franchise ordinance. The ordinance prescribes the terms under which the street railways are to be operated by their present owners in the event of their reversion through the municipal corporation, organized by the late commissioners in behalf of the city, failing to meet the payments according to terms of purchase.

Governor Pingree Hopeful.

Mayor Maybury will veto the ordinance, but Governor Pingree and the other promoters of the municipal ownership plan appear to be fairly confident of securing the four more votes necessary to pass the ordinance over the mayor's veto. The veto will be presented next Tuesday night.

If the security ordinance finally passes a working ordinance under which the "Detroit Municipal railway" corporation will operate the roads will also be passed. In the event of passage of both ordinances the Municipal company will doubtless have to pass through injunction proceedings before 3-cent fares and city (through corporation) ownership is accomplished.

BENEFIT TO UPLANDS.

Texas Flood Will Not Affect the Size of the Cotton Crop.

AUSTIN, Tex., July 13.—The Cotton Exchange in this city has completed the work of carefully tabulating the losses on the cotton crop attendant upon the Brazos river flood. They find the loss in the Brazos bottoms will represent 200,000 bales of cotton, valued at $5,000,000. They also find that the heavy rain which produced the flood and ruined the crops in the bottoms have benefitted cotton grown on the upper lands proportionately so that by far the best crop harvested in years will be produced from the uplands this season and they predict that the floods will have had little effect on the cotton yield of Texas.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

The steamship New York for Europe took out 522,000 ounces of silver.

Cardinal Teodolfo Mertel, vice chancellor of the Holy Roman church, is dead.

Lightning caused the destruction of half the business portion of Frewsburg, near Jamestown, N. Y.

Rumors are current in Wall street that the Goulds are about to consolidate their Southwestern railway properties.

James G. Batterson, Jr., vice president of the New England Granite works, confirms the report that a combination of various Eastern quarries is under way.

LATEST MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Grain.

DULUTH, July 12.

WHEAT—Cash No. 1 hard 76c; No. 1 Northern, 73¼c; No. 2 Northern, 68¾c; No. 3, 66¼c. To Arrive—No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 Northern, 73¾c; July, 73¾c; September, 72⅞c; December, 73½c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 12.

WHEAT—In Store—No. 1 Northern, 71c; September, 70⅝@70½c; December, 71⅞c. On Track—No. 1 hard, 72¾c; No. 1 Northern, 71¾c; No. 2 Northern, 70½c.

Sioux City Live Stock.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., July 12.

HOGS—Market 5@10c higher. Range of prices, $3.92½@4.00.

CATTLE—Market fully steady.

Sales ranged at $4.50@5.00 for beeves; $2.50@4.00 for cows, bulls and mixed; $3.50@4.35 for stockers and feeders; $3.50@4.50 for calves and yearlings.

Receipts: Hogs, 2,800; cattle, 300.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, July 12.

HOGS—Market 5@10c higher than yesterday; quality only fair. Range of prices, $3.60@4.00.

CATTLE—Butcher cattle steady and not many here. Good demand for stock cattle. Common dull.

Sales ranged at $2.50@4.00 for cows; 4.00@5.00 for steers; $2.75@3.05 for bulls; $5.00@5.50 for calves; $3.50@4.35 for stockers; $2.65@3.65 for heifers.

SHEEP—Market 25c lower than yesterday. Only good sheep and lambs are wanted.

Sales ranged at $3.00@4.25 for sheep; $500@5.25 for lambs.

Receipts: Cattle, 500; calves, 200; hogs 1,200; sheep, 400.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, July 12.

HOGS—Market fully 5@10c higher, all selling.

Sales ranged at $4.10@4.25 for mixed and butchers; $4.20@4.25 for good heavy; $4.05@4.15 for rough heavy; $4.00@4.25 for light.

CATTLE—Market weak.

Sales ranged at $4.60@5.85 for beeves; $2.00@4.90 for cows and heifers; $4.00@5.15 for Texas steers; $3.70@4.85 for stockers and feeders.

SHEEP—Market steady.

Sales ranged at $3.50@5.40 for sheep; $4.25@6.90 for lambs.

Receipts: Hogs, 28,000; cattle, 18,000; sheep, 15,000.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, July 12.

CLOSING PRICES.

WHEAT—July, 72¾c; September 73⅞; December, 75⅝@75¾c; May, 77½c.

CORN—July, 34⅜c; September, 34⅝@34½c; December, 33⅜@33c½; May, 34⅞@35c.

OATS—July, 24c; September, 20⅝c; December, 20⅝c; May, 22⅝c.

PORK—July, $9.07½; September, $9.20@9.22½; October, $9.27½.

POULTRY—Dressed, chickens, 9@9½c; turkeys, 8c.

BUTTER—Creameries, 13½@17½; dairies, 11@15½c.

EGGS—Fresh, 12½c.