

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY	
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.	
GOING SOUTH	GOING NORTH
6:00 a.m. Duluth	5:45 p.m. Brook Park
8:35 a.m. " " "	8:20 p.m. " " "
9:04 a.m. " " "	8:56 p.m. " " "
9:31 a.m. " " "	9:23 p.m. " " "
10:10 a.m. " " "	10:02 p.m. " " "
10:22 a.m. " " "	10:14 p.m. " " "
10:35 a.m. " " "	10:27 p.m. " " "
10:41 a.m. " " "	10:33 p.m. " " "
10:56 a.m. " " "	10:48 p.m. " " "
11:15 a.m. " " "	11:06 p.m. " " "
11:40 a.m. " " "	11:31 p.m. " " "
12:05 a.m. " " "	11:56 p.m. " " "
12:45 p.m. " " "	12:35 p.m. " " "
1:15 p.m. " " "	3:15 p.m. " " "
(f) Stop on signal.	
ST. CLOUD TRAINS.	
GOING WEST	GOING EAST
10:18 a.m. " " "	5:45 p.m. " " "
10:23 a.m. " " "	5:54 p.m. " " "
11:20 a.m. " " "	6:30 p.m. " " "
WAY FREIGHT.	
GOING SOUTH	GOING NORTH
Tue. and Sat. Mon. Wed. and Fri.	
10:45 a.m. " " "	5:30 p.m. " " "
12:30 p.m. " " "	1:40 p.m. " " "
2:45 p.m. " " "	11:35 a.m. " " "
5:00 p.m. " " "	10:00 a.m. " " "

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East Side—Oscar J. Anderson, " " " "	
Greenbush—H. G. Row, " " " "	
Hayland—Alfred F. Johnson, " " " "	
Ile Harbor—O. S. Swenson, " " " "	
Milaca—P. F. Golden, " " " "	
Milo—R. N. Atkinson, " " " "	
Onamia—Alfred J. Wenden, " " " "	
Page—August Anderson, " " " "	
Princeton—Otto Henschel, " " " "	
Robbins—E. E. Dinwiddie, " " " "	
South Harbor—Thas. Freer, " " " "	
VILLAGE RECORDERS.	
Ira G. Stanley, " " " "	
Robert Vaaler, " " " "	
F. T. P. Neumann, " " " "	
NEIGHBORING TOWNS.	
Baldwin—H. B. Mattson, " " " "	
Blue Hill—M. B. Mattson, " " " "	
Spencer Brook—O. W. Blomquist, " " " "	
Wyanet—P. A. Milam, " " " "	
Livonia—C. W. Parker, " " " "	
Santiago—W. W. Groundy, " " " "	
Daibo—M. P. Mattson, " " " "	

PRINCETON Grain and Produce Market.

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	4.98
Wheat, No. 2 Northern	4.88
Oats	.38
Flax	1.07
Rye	.49
Feed barley	.49
Beans, hard picked	1.75
Wild hay	6.00

Princeton Roller Mills and Elevator.

Wheat, No. 1 Northern (old)	.97
Wheat, No. 2 Northern (old)	.94
Corn	.50
Oats	.38@40
RETAIL.	
Vestal, per sack	43.05
Flour, (100 per cent) per sack	2.95
Flour, per sack	2.55
Rye flour	2.85
Whole wheat (10 lb. sack)	.30
Ground feed, per cwt.	1.30
Coarse meal, per cwt.	1.25
Middlings, per cwt.	1.25
Shorts, per cwt.	1.10
Bran, per cwt.	1.05

FRATERNAL LODGE NO. 92, A. F. & A. M.

Regular communications, 2d and 4th Wednesday of each month.
T. L. ARMSTRONG, W. M.
C. A. CALEY, Sec'y.

PRINCETON LODGE NO. 93, K. of P.

Regular meetings every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.
R. E. JONES, C. C.
T. F. SCHREIN, K. R. & S.
HENRY AVERY, Master of Finance.

PRINCETON LODGE NO. 208, I. O. O. F.

Regular meetings every Monday evening at 8:00 o'clock.
FRANK GOULDING, N. G.
ROBT. H. KING, Rec. Sec.

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Twenty years in the well business. Can give perfect satisfaction. If you want a good well call on or address
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The Power of a Good Road.

It is an unexplained feature of civilization that people strive for results usually along lines of most rather than least resistance. In the matter of building up a state's population, as an example, force of argument as to resources is employed, statistics are bunched in meaningless totals and even climate is made the subject of exhortation. The response to this kind of appeal is disappointing; it fails in demonstration. The object lesson the eye would dwell upon is missing in all this sort of presentation. The power of a good road as an immigration influence has been overlooked. A good road compels settlement and the state that pushes the building of good roads will increase in population more rapidly than the state in which little or no attention is given to highway conditions.

The state of Washington is making notable progress in building good roads. It is youthful as a commonwealth, but it was fortunate in securing as a foremost citizen Samuel Hill, a North Carolinian, who found his first western home in Minneapolis, only to move on with the westward march. Mr. Hill has made good roads a study of years. He has aroused interest in Washington, and good roads will be a strong factor for growth in that state within a few years.

The good roads movement is spreading by sections over the country. The pioneer work Mr. Hill did in Minnesota has brought a result finally in appropriation. The east has accomplished much along this line, and even the south, greatly in need of roads, is taking up the work. There is no influence for the upbuilding of a state that can equal good roads. There is enough appreciation of the artistic in all of us to compel admiration for a good road district if we fail to grasp its economic importance. We have the desire instinctively to live adjacent to a good highway, rather than alongside a mud trail that will be impassable when it is important to reach a market.

The community or state that engages most earnestly in the building of good roads will realize full reward in the money return that will come to the producer and business man alike. It is second only to the railroad as an agency for growth—and is scarcely utilized.—Commercial West.

Reserves and Confidence.

The deposits in the commercial banks and banking institutions of the country aggregate about \$10,000,000,000. The total amount of actual money in all of the banking institutions of the country is only about \$1,000,000,000.

What is it that supports the \$10,000,000,000 of deposits? Is it the \$1,000,000,000 of money or is it the \$9,000,000,000 of confidence? What happens to the \$10,000,000,000 of deposits when confidence disappears? Is the \$1,000,000,000 of money sufficient in such a time to support the \$10,000,000,000 of deposits? Reverse the proposition, would \$9,000,000,000 of confidence be able to support the \$10,000,000,000 of deposits if the banks didn't have \$1,000,000,000 of money?

Would it be possible to readjust our present system of deposit currency by making some distinction between check deposits and money deposits? Would it be possible to establish the rule that depositors, while having power to check against their deposits to the limit, should be restricted to, say, 10 or 20 per cent of withdrawals in actual cash? These are questions naturally suggested by the crisis through which we are passing.—Wall Street Journal.

New Use for Flax Straw.

Interest in the invention of Benjamin C. Mudge of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology will be taken by the farmers of the northwest. This device, which has been patented, will transform flax straw into white linen fiber within a period of twelve hours and the purchasers of the patent announce that they will purchase flax straw in Minnesota and other parts of the northwest. It has been a practice to burn flax straw, although crude attempts have from time to time been made to develop a fibre industry. If farmers can sell their flax straw instead of burning it means considerable money in their pockets.

He Fought at Gettysburg.

David Parker of Fayette, N. Y., who lost a foot at Gettysburg, writes: "Electric Bitters have done me more good than any medicine I ever took. For several years I had stomach trouble and paid out much money for medicine to little purpose, until I began taking Electric Bitters. I would not take \$500 for what they have done for me." Grand tonic for the aged and for female weaknesses. Great alterative and body builder; sure cure for lame back and weak kidneys. Guaranteed by C. A. Jack, druggist, 50c.

What It Means.

When a young woman tells a clerk in a shoe store that she is not prepared to try on shoes it means she has a hole in her stocking.—Atchison Globe.

Blames the Muckrakers.

That unwise followers of President Roosevelt have enlarged upon his ideas and, losing sight of the beneficial part of his politics, have been reckless in their utterances, was given by Leslie M. Shaw, former secretary of the treasury and a possible candidate for president in 1908, as one of the reasons for limitation of public confidence in financial affairs in an address before the National Business League of America at Chicago.

The present conditions are the logical result of extravagant living and general speculation in land, stocks, and bonds, he said. Yet he declared there is more conservatism in investments during the last seven years. Another reason, Mr. Shaw said, is the too general popularity of disparaging talk concerning business methods. A few shameful disclosures have been held up as a fair illustration of general rather than exceptional conditions.

"Let it be misunderstood," he said, "I want to make it clear that in my judgment this country will never outgrow the lift toward civic and business righteousness resulting from the policy of strict enforcement of law which has characterized the administration of President Roosevelt. I am equally certain it will take some years to outgrow the evil effects resulting from agitation, reckless legislation and ill-considered prosecutions by those who have been unable to appreciate the president's purposes and have therefore sought popularity by imitating the weakest rather than the strongest side of his administration."

Oldest House of Its Kind in Northwest.

The oldest hide, fur and wool house in the northwest is that of Bergman & Company of St. Paul.

This firm began business in a small way in 1867, and which has gradually grown, until they are now the largest house in this line in the northwest.

On account of the enormous increase of their business it was necessary to secure new quarters and last year they erected in St. Paul the largest, most modern, and best equipped building for their line of business in the United States. They have private trackage upon which five cars can be loaded or unloaded at the same time, and the building has a capacity of fifteen million pounds and is so constructed that they can handle goods promptly and at the smallest expense, thus giving shippers prompt cash returns and the highest market prices.

When shipping your hides, wool and fur remember this firm if you want top market prices and immediate cash returns.

Market letter and shipping tags with full instructions for shipment will be sent on request.

Statistics Tell of Monopoly.

A census bulletin on the meat packing industry shows that in the fifteen years from 1890 to 1905 the number of packing establishments decreased from 1,376 to 929. In the same time the number employed in the business increased from 44,812 to 74,134; the cost of materials and the value of the products nearly doubled and the capital invested became exactly twice as great, reaching \$237,714,690.

That quite clearly tells the story of monopoly. If anything more is needed, it is told in the fact that, while Illinois has less than eight per cent of the establishments, these represent over a third of the capital invested and nearly thirty-five per cent of the product.

There can be no doubt that if the statistics were brought to date the past two years would still further show the complete control of the great industry in a few hands, so that a small group of men can and do absolutely dictate the price to be paid for cattle and what the people shall pay for the meat they eat.—Duluth News-Tribune.

A Chemical Mystery.

Some years since a meteor that fell in Mexico attracted attention from scientists all over the world because there was some reason for thinking that it might be a fragment of a lost comet. A scientific investigation proves that golden grain belt beer is rich in nutrition and nerve food and a pure, wholesome drink that said digestion. Order of your nearest dealer or be supplied by Sjöblom Bros., wholesale dealers, Princeton.

Good Way to Prolong Distress.

People who desire to prolong financial and industrial distress, blocking the wheels of trade and throwing working men out of employ, can take no better way to accomplish their end than by hoarding their money and neglecting to pay their bills. Money is the common drudge of trade. It is of no use when it lies idle. Keep it moving.—Philadelphia Record.

Appendicitis

Is due in a large measure to abuse of the bowels, by employing drastic purgatives. To avoid all danger, use only Dr. King's New Life Pills, the safe, gentle cleansers and invigorators. Guaranteed to cure headache, biliousness, malaria and jaundice, at Jack's drug store. 25c.

State News.

It is said that two young men of Duluth have invented a wireless telephone over which a message was transmitted a distance of eight miles.

The body of Mrs. Emily Chase, who disappeared from her cabin near Yola in June, has been found near Tamarack swamp, about a mile from her home.

A disastrous fire swept the country six miles east of Warren last week. A strip three miles wide and ten miles long was burned. Many farmers lost hay and machinery, but no dwellings were destroyed.

Several of the union boilermakers who went to Moline from Brainerd have returned, some because they did not like the climate, and others, it is said, to hire more men to send to the Rock Island road.

The output of Minnesota canning factories for 1907 shows a decrease compared with last year because only fifteen canneries ran this season, against twenty-three last year. The output of 1907 was 4,842,450 cans of all sizes, and last year 6,932,100, a decrease of 1,549,650.

A new rule of the state board of health, to go into effect January 1, does away with the quarantine on smallpox cases, a sign indicating that such a disease exists at a place being considered sufficient warning. The state board of health takes the attitude that the only safe and sure means of eliminating the disease is vaccination.

The gate receipts at games in which the Minnesota football team was engaged and the amounts paid the opposing teams this season were as follows: Ames game, total receipts, 1,520.75; amount paid to the Ames team, \$600. Nebraska game, total receipts, \$5,584; amount paid to Nebraska, \$2,792. Chicago game, total receipts, \$25,828.25; amount paid to Chicago, \$12,914.42. Carlisle game, total receipts, about \$16,000; amount paid to Carlisle, about \$7,000.

The first instance on record in the Red River valley where a crop of potatoes was raised by reseeded occurred at Crookston this fall when Harry Wyand dug a fine crop of tubers from an extended patch which he did not dig last fall. Last fall a year ago it was very wet and Mr. Wyand only dug what he needed and left the rest in the ground. He was thunderstruck to find the potato plants. They came up thick and made a better crop than the ones he planted in another patch.

Last week the state supreme court handed down a decision which is of interest to owners of automobiles. The case, which went to the supreme court from Mower county, is that of Anna Mahoney against J. Miles Maxwell. The plaintiff recovered \$700 damages in the trial court because of injuries sustained while attempting to pass an automobile. The automobile was stopped in the road as required by law, but the engine was allowed to run which scared the plaintiff's horse. The lower court held that the engine should have been stopped. The defendant appealed, and the supreme court now grants a new trial.

(Advertisement.)

A PRINCETON CASE.

Many More Like It in Princeton.

The following case is but one of many similar occurring daily in Princeton. It is an easy matter to verify its correctness. Surely you cannot ask for better proof than such conclusive evidence.

Mrs. Louis Plumondore, Princeton, Minn., says: "I first began to suffer from kidney complaint a few years ago. At that time my back became weak and lame. Other symptoms soon followed and I never knew when sharp, shooting pains would start in the small of my back and radiate throughout my body. My head ached a great deal and dizzy spells were almost constant. The secretions from my kidneys began to pass too freely and were attended with great pain. I became so bad that I consulted a doctor and was told that I was suffering from inflammation of the kidneys and bladder. He gave me medicine and I used it carefully but did not obtain any relief. At last my husband brought home a box of Doan's Kidney Pills from the Home Drug Store and I had only taken them a short time before I was aware that I had found the remedy my system required. I feel that it would be very selfish for me to withhold the knowledge I have of such an excellent remedy as Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A Journey to Kingdom Come.

"The only thing I can recommend in your case," said the surgeon, "is a long journey."

"Well, if it has to be, doc," the patient groaned, "get out your whittling tools and go ahead with the operation."—Chicago Record Herald.

Live Stock Bought.

Farmers and others are respectfully informed that I am buying cattle, hogs, sheep, etc., and paying the highest market prices therefor.
Henry Erickson, Princeton.

ONLY NECESSARY TO TREAT THE STOMACH

Claim of Central Figure in Recent Controversy Is Novel.

The new theory advanced by L. T. Cooper relative to the human stomach has attracted such widespread attention that the public in cities visited by the young man has been joined by many physicians in a discussion of his beliefs and medicines.

Mr. Cooper says that human health is dependent almost entirely upon the stomach. He says that no disease can be conquered without first alleviating all stomach disorders. He further says that most men and women of this generation are half-sick, owing to degenerate stomachs. And, lastly, he claims that his New Discovery medicine will rejuvenate the human stomach in 90 days.

Cooper has been traveling from one city to another, conducting in each what he calls a campaign of education. For the past year he has met the public in the larger cities of the country, and his success has been phenomenal. Thousands of people have flocked to his headquarters wherever he has gone, and the sale of his medicine has been beyond anything of the kind ever before witnessed.

Possibly the most interesting feature of the attention this young man has attracted is what his army of followers, whom he has converted to his beliefs through his medicines, have to say on the subject. The following statements are from two well known residents of Chicago and Boston, respectively, and the enthusiasm of these is characteristic of Cooper's admirers generally.

Mrs. H. B. Mack, of 3201 State street, Chicago, says: "I have been suffering for 12 years from a combination of stomach troubles, catarrh and constipation. I had a gnawing pain in the pit of my stomach, a sort

of a dull pain that I could not quite understand. Then there was a dull headache, and my mind seemed to be wandering continually. I could not eat, and what little solid food I did eat I could not retain on my stomach. I tried every remedy I could think of, and also tried out a number of patent medicines, but without any apparent result. It was through one of my friends that I heard of Cooper's preparation, and I immediately decided to try some of it. It is two weeks since I took my first dose of it, and I feel like a new woman. The headache seems to have disappeared, and the pain in my stomach along with it. The medicine is worth its weight in gold, and I want to thank Mr. Cooper for what he has done for me."

Mr. Edwin F. Morse, of 20 Oakley street, Dorchester, a suburb of Boston, says: "For three years I had not a well day. My stomach was in frightful shape; the mere thought of food would nauseate me, and I really had a horror of anything to eat. All solid food would cause me extreme indigestion, bloating and gas on my stomach, and nothing tasted right. Some time ago I got some of this Cooper's medicines, about which there is so much talk. I actually feel as well and strong as a boy ever since the first bottle. Every sign of stomach trouble has disappeared, and I have a hearty appetite and eat three square meals; every thing seems to taste good. Anyone who knows what chronic indigestion is can appreciate what this means to me. I consider this the most remarkable medicine I ever heard of."

We sell Mr. Cooper's medicines, and find them to be all he claims.

—M. M. Colburn, Home Drug Store.

Store Burglarized Near Cambridge.

Cambridge, Minn., Nov. 25.—(Special.)—The general store of Fred Hanson at Stanley, an inland town five miles from here, was burglarized last Saturday morning, the burglars getting away with about \$500 worth of goods in the form of cutlery, jewelry, shoes and clothing.

The thieves gained entrance through the back door of the store by whittling a hole large enough to stick a hand through and turn the key, which was left on the inside. No trace has as yet been found of the burglars. Mr. Hanson has notified the Minneapolis police to look out for anyone trying to dispose of the stolen property. This same store was burglarized in a similar manner about three months ago, when the till was rifled, but this time the till was empty.

(First Pub. Nov. 14)

Order of Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL COLSON.
State of Minnesota, County of Milne Lacs, In Probate Court.
In the matter of the estate of Samuel Colson, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Sylvester Kipp, praying that this court determine the descent of certain land described therein as belonging to the above named decedent in his life time, who died more than five years prior to the date hereof.
It is ordered that said petition be heard, and that all persons interested in the estate of the above named decedent be and appear before this court on the 14th day of December, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate court rooms in the court house at Princeton in said county, and there, or as soon thereafter as said matter can be heard, show cause, if any there be, why said petition should not be granted.
Let notice of said hearing be given by the publication of this order in the Princeton Union according to law.
Dated November 13, 1907.
L. S. BRIGGS,
(Probate Seal) Judge of Probate.
CHARLES KEITH,
Attorney for Petitioner.

(First Pub. Nov. 21)

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

ESTATE OF MARY HEALY.
State of Minnesota, County of Milne Lacs, In Probate Court.
In the matter of the estate of Mary Healy, deceased.
The state of Minnesota to all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent:
The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for the distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled.
Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the court house, in the village of Princeton in the county of Milne Lacs, State of Minnesota, on the sixteenth day of December, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.
Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 19th day of November, 1907.
L. S. BRIGGS,
(Court Seal) Probate Judge.
E. L. McMILLAN,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Princeton, Minn.

(First Pub. Nov. 21)

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

ESTATE OF DAVID H. HURT.
State of Minnesota, County of Milne Lacs, In Probate Court.
In the matter of the estate of David H. Hurt, deceased.
The state of Minnesota to all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent:
The petition of Martha S. Hurt having been filed in this court, representing that David H. Hurt, then a resident of the county of McLean, state of Illinois, died intestate on the 10th day of October, 1907; and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Robert H. King; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition:
Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the court house, in the village of Princeton in the county of Milne Lacs, State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of December, 1907, at 2 o'clock p. m., why said petition should not be granted.
Witness, the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 18th day of November, 1907.
L. S. BRIGGS,
(Court Seal) Probate Judge.
J. A. ROSS,
Attorney for Petitioner.

(First Pub. Nov. 14)

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.

County of Milne Lacs.

District Court, Seventh Judicial District.

Orrin Kipp, Plaintiff

vs.

Martha J. Robbins and David H. Robbins her husband, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein.

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District Court, at the Village of Princeton, County of Milne Lacs and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the Village of Princeton in the County of Milne Lacs, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said