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carries a full line of fancy groceries at the lowest prices. Be sure to get his prices before buying elsewhere. He can save you money on either dry goods or groceries. Some every day prices:

- Cream Cheese, per lb. - - - 16c
  - Standard Tomatoes, per can - - 10c
  - Olives, per pt. - - - - 20c
  - Monticello Peas, per can - - - 8c
  - Sweet Corn, per can - - - 8c and 10c
  - Red Cross Starch, per lb. - - - 7c
  - Laundry Soap, 7 bars for - - - 25c
- We Still Give 5 Percent off on Dry Goods for Cash. We sell:
- Beaver Dam LL Sheeting for - - - 7c
  - Common Calico for - - - 6c and 7c
  - Ginghams for - - - - 7c to 12c

# SHOES

The tan shoe is going to be worn more than any other color, so now is the time to get your tan shoes. Do not wait until they are all picked over but come in now. The tan shoes are going fast so do not wait. Come in now and buy.

**Solomon Long**

Ads in The Union Bring Results.

## Cement Building Blocks

I have purchased the plant and business of J. D. Tann and am now prepared to fill all orders for

**Cement Building Blocks, and Construct Sewers of Tiling.**

Contracts also Taken for All Kinds of Ditching Work. Call or write

**LOUIS WICEN, - Princeton**

## Job Printing and Job Printing

THERE are two kinds of Job Printing—that which is neat and artistic and that which possesses neither of these qualities. The Princeton Union makes it a point to turn out none but the former kind, and the Union finds this easy because it has the type, machinery and skilled labor with which to accomplish it.

**Nothing Looks Worse Than Botched Job Printing.**

It is a drawback to the business of a merchant or anyone else who uses it. Botched Job Printing suggests loose methods. Then why not use the kind printed by the Union? It costs you no more and gives the public a good impression of your business. The Princeton Union is prepared to execute every description of

**Commercial and Fancy Printing**

at short notice and nominal prices. If you are in need of letterheads, noteheads, billheads, statements, cards, posters, programs, wedding invitations or any other work in the printing line, an order for the same placed with the Union will insure its being produced in an attractive and up-to-date style.

**The PRINCETON UNION**  
Princeton, Minnesota.

## NEWS OF SCANDINAVIA

Recent Occurrences of Interest in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

### GUSTAF AND HAAKON MAY MEET

Plan Is to Bring Them Together While Both Are on a Visit to London.

#### SWEDEN.

Stockholm.

When King Gustaf goes to London in November, it is just barely possible that a meeting between him and King Haakon may take place. King Edward is said to have arranged this matter very quietly and believes that a meeting between the two monarchs will do much to further cement the rather strained friendship between Sweden and Norway. As this will be the first time that the two kings have met since they assumed their respective reins of government, there is much interest attached to it. The English king will do everything in his power to bring about a friendly visit between the two kings.

It seems that the Swedish government persists in giving its minister special instructions to investigate the question of repatriation, and to make suggestions as to how the movement may be begun and stimulated. But despite the increasing opportunities that are presented in the old countries nowadays, and despite their need for active, energetic men, there is very little chance of persuading even a small percentage of the Swedish-Americans to return to their motherland. They are too well rooted it seems and too well satisfied with their conditions in America.

The Duchess of Sodermanland, accompanied by her ladies-in-waiting made the journey from Stenhammar the other day to inspect the hospital at Flen. She expressed herself as being exceedingly well pleased with the way matters were running in the hospital and left a substantial sum of money to the management in charge of the institution. The duchess is a generous giver and is much interested in charity work all over the country.

In Sweden they believe in giving prisoners the least possible chance to escape. The managers of the prisons of the country have decided that the dishes from which the prisoners eat shall be numbered so that a certain prisoner can be made to use the same dishes during his stay at a certain establishment. The aim of the innovation is to prevent convicts from communicating with each other by means of marking the dishes.

The English minister at Stockholm received from the vice king of India, Lord Minto, a telegram that news had been received there that Sven Hedin, the famous Asiatic explorer, had safely reached Rukyok and set out for Labdakh, which place he expected to reach in September. There has been much anxiety lately regarding the safety of Hedin and many people had for a time given him up as lost.

The following item is significant because it is rather clear spoken: "A Norwegian newspaper repeated a rumor that Prince Erik of Sweden had been traveling in western Norway as a tourist last summer. To this statement a Swedish paper answered that since 1905 no royal person in Sweden had put his foot on Norwegian soil and if they do come, the paper adds, it will not be as tourists."

Editor George Lundstrom, who last month celebrated his seventieth birthday, was on that occasion the recipient of a number of telegrams from all parts of the country and from many of his friends in foreign countries. He has for many years been one of Stockholm's leading newspaper editors and has been very popular and successful in his work.

The months of July and August were unusually dry this year in Sweden. The Upsala university meteorological institute shows that the total rainfall was 48.2 millimeters. The average rainfall for the last seventy years has been 68.1, making this year's record over 19 millimeters less than the average.

A Russian society has been started within the last few days in Stockholm. It will be known as the "Russian Emigration society" and the chief aim of the organization will be to encourage Russian immigration to Sweden. It starts out with twenty members and will have bi-monthly meetings.

The income from the last big meeting held by the Swedish agricultural society at Eslof amounted to not less than 51,400 crowns, of which 45,000 crowns were for admissions, the expenses of the convention were large, but the income as is noticed will more than cover them.

Professor Robert H. Farland, representing the United States geological institute, is at present in Sweden for the purpose of making a thorough study of Sweden's peat industry. He will remain in Sweden for a number of months and will visit many sections of the country.

It is learned that during the recent visit of the president of France three of the torpedo boats were damaged in manuevering in Stockholm harbor. It was not thought to be serious at the time, but more careful investigations showed the damages to be very considerable.

Rumors state that Premier Stolypin of Russia will in the near future pay

a visit to Sweden. He is expected to arrive in Stockholm during the latter part of this month.

The state railways continue to prosper. The receipts were considerably larger per day in June of this year than last year.

#### NORWAY

Christiania.

Says an exchange, regarding the much talked of Scandinavian-American steamship line:

"It is several weeks since a cablegram was sent throughout the world, stating that the organization of a Scandinavian-American steamship line was progressing successfully. A more careful study of the situation reveals the fact that this movement is meeting with such a general and determined opposition in Sweden and Norway that the promoters may have to abandon the plan. The movement was started by Copenhagen capitalists who are interested in the United Steamship company. The Swedes and Norwegians feel that if the proposed Scandinavian line were established it would be controlled by the Danes, and Sweden and Norway would become mere feeders to a Danish concern. The movement has not only met with opposition, it has aroused the Swedish and Norwegian shipowners to the realization of the fact that the United Steamship company is already doing so much business in the northern peninsula that it would be worth while for them to make an extra effort to regain some of that trade. Therefore, instead of supporting the Danish promoters, hundreds of energetic Swedish and Norwegian shippers are comparing notes and devising plans for a separate Swedish-American line and a separate Norwegian-American line. A realization of this plan would result in three independent steamship lines between Scandinavia and America. To avoid a destructive competition between the three it is proposed to co-operate to a certain extent. The main feature of the co-operation would be to have the steamers of the different lines run alternately so as to divide the mail and express traffic. One of the strongest arguments against a united line is that old steamers would be bought in Germany and England, painted and given Swedish and Norwegian names, and finally used as a means of crippling the existing lines in Sweden and Norway and preventing those countries from establishing lines to America. The Norwegians feel that they are able to support a line of their own, and as to competition they point to an experience which they had a few years ago. A German line commenced to slash the rates to continental Europe in regular Standard Oil fashion in order to throttle the much weaker Norwegian lines. The Norwegian shipowners explained the situation to the Norwegian exporters and told them that if they took advantage of the German rates the Norwegian lines would have to go out of business. With a few exceptions the Norwegian exporters paid the usual rates to the Norwegian lines, which were thus saved, and the efforts of the Germans to destroy the Norwegian lines resulted in a complete failure. As to Sweden there is no doubt but that the large and very important export trade would support a well equipped and well managed steamship line to America."

The Norwegian government proposes to keep pretty good control of its king, if we are to judge by some of the recent changes of the constitution. The Norwegian constitution provides that the king's oath upon ascending the throne should close with the words, "So help me God and this sacred word." The storthing has changed these words to read instead: "So help me God Almighty and All-knowing." Other amendments to the constitution provide that the king shall lose his crown if he stays outside of the country for more than six months at one time, and that he shall accept no other crown unless the storthing permits him to do so by a two-thirds majority.

Queen Alexandra of England, and Princess Victoria are expected to spend about three weeks in Christiania in the near future as guests of Queen Maud. This will be the second time that the British queen will pay a visit to Norway this summer.

Consul Thames contemplates the erection of a large hotel near Svorikmo, which is the end of the new electric line, which was completed to that point some time ago.

#### DENMARK.

Copenhagen.

The celebrated Wagner tenor at the Royal Opera, in Copenhagen, M. Cornelius, who on several occasions has appeared at the music fests in Bayreuth, has been engaged by the Metropolitan Opera company in New York, with an annual salary of 65,000 crowns a year.

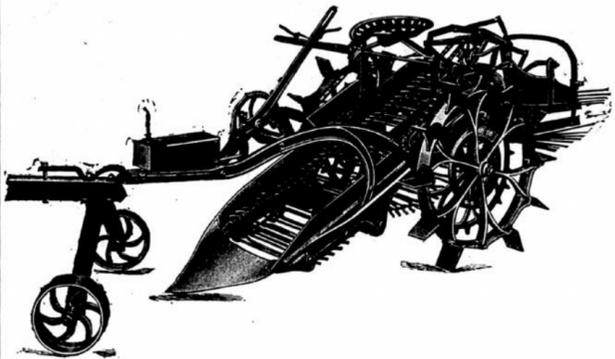
Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia college, who has just completed a lecture course at Copenhagen university, was a week ago last Saturday given an audience by King Frederik and was later on entertained at luncheon in the royal palace.

The Danish minister in Washington, Constantine Brun, who spent the summer in Copenhagen, has been appointed to succeed F. de Bille, who resigned from the Danish post in London owing to old age.

King George, of Greece, is at present the guest of the Danish king and queen at the royal palace. A number of dinners and entertainments are being given in his honor.

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