

# MAY WITHDRAW ALL PRIVILEGES

## Allies Bring Pressure to Bear on Greece.

### ACTION HITS COAL SUPPLY

Reports Regarding Fighting in the Balkans Are Confusing—Artillery Activity on the Western Front Indicates One Side or the Other Is Planning an Offensive Movement.

London, Nov. 24.—Instead of declaring a general blockade of the Greek ports the allies have, according to a statement issued by the British foreign office, withdrawn, or threatened to withdraw, the special privileges which Greek commerce has enjoyed since the outbreak of the war.

What these special privileges are is not specifically stated, but as an example Greece has been allowed to draw her supplies of coal from Welsh collieries. To do this Greek merchants required special permits, as the export of coal from the British Isles is allowed only under a special license.

There are many other commodities, the export of which is permitted only to certain countries. Invariably when orders have been issued against the export of such commodities Greece has been among the countries excepted. Now, unless she concedes the demands made by the allies for assurances for the safety of their troops in the Balkans, Greece will be struck off the list of countries which have these privileges.

While this less vigorous attitude on the part of the allied governments has caused some dissatisfaction in quarters where strong measures are advocated it has eased the situation and the belief now prevails that Greece, having been impressed by Lord Kitchener's visit and the threat to her commerce, will concede the demands.

#### Balkan Reports Confusing.

Of the fighting in the Balkans the reports are more confusing than ever. The German accounts still claim progress for the Austro-German and Bulgarian troops and recount the capture of thousands of prisoners and many guns from the Serbians. But from the towns mentioned their advance appears very slow.

It may be, as reported from Italian sources, that the campaign is waiting on a change in the disposition of the armies, so that the Germans may be the first to enter Monastir. This would avoid the trouble likely to arise through Greek objection to Bulgarian occupation of the city, which is so near their border.

Dispatches from Athens, however, state that the delay is due to the fact that the Serbians have defeated the Bulgarians, who were advancing on the town, and that the Serbians have recaptured their front on the Velez-Prelip line. Perhaps the reason for the slowness of the invaders' progress arises from difficulties of transport.

In the west artillery is still active, and the arrival of clear, cool weather may make possible an offensive movement by one side or the other. The Germans are reported to have brought large reinforcements to Flanders, but whether for offensive or defensive purposes time alone will tell.

### KITCHENER SAYS ARMY IS GROWING RAPIDLY.

Paris, Nov. 24.—Earl Kitchener, the British secretary for war, in conversation with Greek officials, in his recent visit to Athens, is reported to have declared that England will have by next March 4,000,000 soldiers under arms and will be in a position to arm and provision 6,000,000 Russians and that consequently it would show great stupidity to think the war would end otherwise than in complete defeat for Germany.

### JOHN REDMOND CONFIDENT

#### Declares Germany Is Beaten on Western Front.

London, Nov. 24.—"So far as the western front is concerned Germany is beaten," said John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist party, just returned from a visit to the army in France, addressing a recruiting meeting.

"Every day, every hour, she is getting weaker. For every shell she throws at us we throw five.

"There are no pessimists among our men fighting there. From the commander-in-chief down through all the ranks of the army there is a feeling of absolute confidence as to the results of the war."  
Mr. Redmond visited the Belgian lines and saw King Albert.  
"I told him," said the Irish leader, "that Ireland was determined to stand by the independence of Belgium at any cost. Come weal or woe Ireland would have no peace that does not bring about the rehabilitation of Belgium."

### THEODORE BURTON.

Nebraskans Start Him in the Presidential Race.



Photo by American Press Association.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 24.—Thirty-six Republican voters of the state filed a petition with the secretary of state asking that the name of former Senator Theodore Burton of Ohio be placed on the Nebraska primary ballot as a candidate for the Republican nomination for president.

### WITNESSES ACCUSE GERMAN ATTACHE

New York, Nov. 24.—According to witnesses who testified in the federal court here Captain K. Boy-Ed, German naval attaché, with headquarters at the German embassy in Washington, played a leading role in the alleged conspiracy of several Hamburg-American line officials to deceive and defraud the United States by sending neutral relief ships with coal and other supplies to German men-of-war in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans at the beginning of the European war.

One of the witnesses swore that Captain Boy-Ed personally directed the expenditure of approximately \$750,000 which, unsolicited and unexpected, had been deposited to the witness' credit in a New York banking house early in September, 1914.

Of this money, the witness testified, \$350,000 was telegraphed to the Nevada National bank at San Francisco in one lump sum; \$213,000 was paid, in several amounts, to the North German Lloyd steamship line here.

About \$75,000 was paid to the Hamburg-American line here and by cable money order in Hamburg and some of the remainder was still on hand. All of these disbursements, this witness asserted, were made by order of Captain Boy-Ed.

### COCHIN AGAIN AT ATHENS

#### French Minister to Have Another Conference With Greek King.

Athens, Nov. 24.—Another conference has been arranged between King Constantine and Denys Cochin, special French emissary in Greece.  
Cochin has personally looked over the military situation at Saloniki, conferred with the Serb war minister, and is armed with fresh arguments which he hopes will convince King Constantine he cannot resist the allies' demands.

It has been made clear to the Greek government again that the entente powers do not insist upon armed aid from Greece in their Balkan campaign, but that they require assurances of a hands off policy by the Greeks no matter how the Balkan fighting may develop.

### DISCUSS THE ANCONA CASE

#### Italian Foreign Minister Confers With Ambassador Page.

Rome, Nov. 24.—The Ancona case supposedly was the topic of a long conference between Foreign Minister Sonnino and American Ambassador Page.

All information the Italian government had gathered concerning the disaster was understood to have been placed at the American ambassador's disposal. No statement has been given out, but public opinion inclines more and more to hold Germany accountable for the sinking of the liner, although the submarine which fired the torpedo flew the Austrian flag.

### IS AUTHORIZED BY BRITISH

#### America May Send Certain Goods to Countries of Allies.

Boston, Nov. 24.—Shipment of wool, yarns, tops and wool waste to Russia, France, Italy and Japan from this country has been authorized by the British board of trade in a communication to the Textile alliance, incorporated, of this city.

The stipulation is made that goods be consigned to the respective governments and that shipments be sent by way of Great Britain or its colonies.

# LANSING HOPES TO SETTLE CASE

## Negotiating With Germany on Lusitania Issue.

### BERLIN WANTS ARBITRATION

#### American Officials Are Optimistic, Believing Germany Ultimately Will Come Into Their Way of Viewing the Situation.

Washington, Nov. 24.—A series of conferences between Secretary Lansing and Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador, has failed thus far to bring the United States and Germany near an early settlement of the issues which grew out of the sinking of the Lusitania, with a loss of more than 100 American lives.

It is said by persons in a position to know that the points of view of the two governments still are widely different.

In German circles the belief is expressed that a satisfactory agreement cannot be reached without arbitration. Officials of the state department are more optimistic, however, the opinion seeming to prevail that ultimately Germany will come into the American way of viewing the situation.

Secretary Lansing and Count von Bernstorff have an agreement not to talk about the subject of their last conference. It is taken for granted in official circles, however, that the Lusitania case was one of the matters discussed.

It is stated on good authority that no offer has been made to indemnify the families of Americans lost in the disaster.

It had been reported the German government offered to pay an indemnity of \$5,000 for each life lost, but it is stated that neither this figure or any other has been named in the conferences.

#### Regrets Loss of American Lives.

The German government is said to take the position that to agree to pay indemnity would be an admission of wrongdoing and that, while in a humanitarian sense it deeply regrets the loss of any American lives; the Lusitania was torpedoed in reprisal for the establishment of the British blockade order, which the United States itself holds to be illegal.

Germany, however, is willing and anxious to take the whole matter of indemnity to The Hague for arbitration, even though it is known that high German officials believe the award would be in favor of the United States, regarding the structure of the tribunal as one likely to favor neutrals.

As for future assurances regarding the safety of American citizens traveling at sea it is considered by Germany the assurances given in the settlement of the Arabic incident fully covers the situation.

The point of view of the United States government is that the German government must disavow the sinking of the Lusitania and indemnify the families of American citizens lost in the disaster.

### GERMANY IS RUSHING SUPPLIES TO TURKEY

Bucharest, Nov. 24.—Huge quantities of military supplies from Germany are now pouring through Bulgaria for the Turks.

Thus far, according to advices from the Bulgar town of Rostchuk, 1,400 carloads of munitions, artillery and hospital necessaries have been landed at Bulgarian Danube ports for transshipment by rail to Constantinople. Included in one shipment were two 42-centimeter guns for the Ottoman defense of the Gallipoli peninsula.

All traffic thus far has been by rail from Germany to Orslava, Hungary, then by boat down the Danube to Northern Bulgarian railway centers and thence by train to the southward. No German statement has been made concerning the condition in which the Orient railway was left by the Serbs, but the delay in reopening it suggests that it must be badly wrecked.

### HUNDRED PERSONS PERISH

#### Drowned When Bridge Over Sicilian River Goes Out.

Rome, Nov. 24.—One hundred persons were drowned by the washing away of a bridge over the Salso river near Licata, Sicily.

#### More Foreign Gold Arrives.

New York, Nov. 24.—Two shipments of gold valued at \$15,750,000, which arrived here on board the steamers Lapland and St. Paul, have been landed. The Lapland brought \$7,000,000, while the St. Paul carried \$8,750,000 in gold specie and \$4,900,000 in bullion. Most of the gold was consigned to New York banking houses to pay for war munitions ordered by the British government.

### WRESTLING WITH ENGLISH.

Joyous Course in Conversation in a Brazilian Handbook.

Occasionally are heard expressions of discouragement—that the South Americans do not respond warmly enough to our efforts to win their confidence. Let the doubting peruse the pages of a booklet published in the city of Para, a copy of which has been received by a merchant dealing with Brazilian firms.

"English For the Mass" is the title of it, translated by the author. Apparently the "mass" in Brazil, whoever it may be, need not be very fastidious in the matter of spelling, for the first ten or twelve pages, devoted entirely to columns of words, would not earn a very high percentage in a primary school examination.

"Conversations for the Daily" is the heading of the first round of this battle with English syntax. Then follows a sample of a "conversacion" that should take place between two Americans meeting each other out walking.

"Good morning sir, is it not the day fine?"

"Very pleasantly, thank you, and how are you?"

"Very goodly, with your permission, sir. Are you walking?"

"Yes, sir, for the health. Will you break some fast with me?"

"Gracious, yes. Shall we go to the coffee?"

"With pleasantness, sir. Let us eat meat and bread."

And so each lesson progresses until the mass is supposed to be so advanced as to be able to enjoy a more scholarly essay on "The American Sellsman."

"The American Sellsman," writes the author, "is typically of an energy which is to admire in the warmth of tropics. Of a youthfulness generally, he breathes lively and walks sprightly, searching the customer loyally for the firm his."

"To all he greets smiles, and one is to admire his frank. He is fresh of the cold northerly. Yet under the breast of the American sellsman beats the heart warmth, therefore let us give greeting smiles with two hands open to him crying 'welcome to Brazil, Mister!'"

Need the United States business man be discouraged with such a greeting awaiting his commercial representatives when they sail south to capture the South American trade?—New York Sun.

### SORROW.

This seems to me a great truth, in any exile or chaos whatsoever—that sorrow was not given us for sorrow's sake, but always and infallibly as a lesson to us from which we are to learn somewhat and which the somewhat once learned ceases to be sorrow.—Carlyle.

### STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF SOO STATE BANK OF WAHCON

at the close of business on November 10th, 1915. Date of call by superintendent, Nov. 10, 1915. Date of report by bank, Nov. 20, 1915.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$68,138.58
Overdrafts	108.11
Due from banks	\$4,074.56
Cash on hand	2,242.16
Total cash assets	6,316.72
Checks and Cash Items	328.75
Undivided profits net	1,411.16
TOTAL	\$81,892.16

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	\$15,000.00
Surplus Fund	230.00
Undivided profits, net	1,411.30
Deposits subject to check	\$34,752.52
Total immediate liabilities	34,752.52
Time certificates	30,498.34
Total deposits	65,250.86
TOTAL	\$81,892.16

Amount reserve on hand, \$36,317.32  
Amount of reserve required by the STATE OF MINNESOTA—County of Mille Lacs, ss  
W. Charles Keith, President, and Frank P. Morneau, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

CHARLES KEITH, President.  
FRANK P. MORNEAU, Cashier.  
CORRECT ATTEST: (Two) Directors,  
J. A. ALLEN,  
S. S. PETERSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of November, 1915.  
FRED C. KEITH,  
Notary Public, Mille Lacs County, Minnesota.  
My commission expires Oct. 13th, 1922.

### NOTICE.

Persons holding county warrants numbered as follows:

County	Revenue
5954	6040 6035 6182 6185 6302 6344 6425
5824	6113 6125 6174 6258 6303 6345 6426
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
5984	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
5985	5769 6152 6171 5908 5792 6349 6430
5989	6086 6151 6190 6215 6215 6225 6431
5988	6119 6154 6217 6298 6306 6382 6432
5789	5770 6155 6220 6277 6219 6407 6435
5810	6123 6156 6183 6278 6209 6406 6431
6025	6122 6147 6204 6283 6211 6215 6433
5785	6126 6157 6257 6280 6319 6260 6434
5796	6134 6108 6262 6281 6320 6369 6436
6014	6083 6142 6207 6286 6321 6374 6437
6027	6142 6026 6205 6283 6322 6371 6030
6028	6121 6140 6206 6284 6323 6372 6438
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6020	6144 6021 6286 6322 6374 6440
6043	6130 5784 6227 6287 6326 6376 6441
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442
6045	6129 6147 6207 6286 6321 6374 6443
6046	6143 6166 6218 6290 6329 6229 6444
6107	6138 6137 6265 6291 6330 6230 6445
6041	6124 6135 6207 6285 6324 6373 6439
6042	6126 6149 6203 6246 6281 6316 6427
6043	6118 6023 6189 6184 6305 6347 6428
6044	6022 6161 6221 6288 6327 6414 6442