POETRY.

FROM THE BALTIMORE MONUMENT.

Messrs. Editors: The following lines have been sleeping in my port folio for some time. They were suggested on reading an account of young Lamar, who is said to have gone stark mad after his rescue from the wreck of the Pulaski. You can make what use of them you please.

THE MANIAC BOY.

BY J. H. HEWITT.

The boy stood on the floating raft,
While round him loom'd the sea and sky;
The mellow moonbeams gently quaff'd
The tears that trickled from his eye.
The mournful breezes sighed along,
And lifted up his glossy hair;
He shudder'd at the dirge-like song,
That sailed upon the wings of air!

The silent stars looked down upon
The bosom of the fretful deep;
He counted them—and one by one
They seem'd to vanish or to sleep.
Up the green depths, with jaws spread wide,
The fish of prey like light'ning dart—
He looks with horror—while the tide
Of life rolls backward to his heart.

His father—mother—where are they!
Their phantoms seem to pass along;
They beckon him to come away
And join with them the heavenly throng.
That sad boy! how he looked aghast,
How wildly flash'd his blood-shot eye,
When on the billows that roll'd past,
The ghastly dead came floating by!

Then darted up the hungry shark,
While groan'd the spirits of the dead,
The dolphins chased the meteor spark
That tinged the wavelets white and red.
Come to the deep—the sea-nymphs sang,
Come to the deep—
Come to the deep—
Come—come,—

On the [illegible]
His foot was flo[illegible]e,
But, oh! he shrunk [illegible]
His heart strings [illegible]ng.
A hot hand rested on [illegible]
The dying shriek ran[illegible]
Alone he stood among [illegible]
Bereft of all his so[illegible]r.

Wild with excess of [illegible]ief—his brain
Became estranged—his eyes grew dim;
He lived—but ne'er to smile again,—
Now what are friends and home to him!

MISCELLANEOUS.

FROM THE MONUMENT.

EDUCATION.—[CONCLUDED.]

Education is the chief support of our American constitution, and its exalted privileges, and when we may be asked for our standing army,—our national guards, we may point with pride to our district schools, which stand likel little mental towers, in almost every section of our country; and in these, we hope before many years shall pass away, the 'common mind' shall be formed, and men raised up adorned, withevery virtue that can ennoble mankind. The mighty bulwark of united hearts which may then be formed, no power on earth can destroy. We say, we hope that this may be the case before many years may pass away. It is not the case now, as extensively as it should be, and that it may be more fully accomplished, the common schools, which have been of great service, must be multiplied by hundreds and by thousands. We would that our countrymen were awakened to the importance of this subject, and that our legislative councils would cease their party bickerings, at least, long enough to consider upon some enactments that would further the designs of education. That legislative deliberation, and legislative action, are required in the performance of this great work, requires not to be proved; it is a conviction that must pass upon every mind—and why it is that our national and state councils have been so backward in the business, we are at a loss to determine: certainly they cannot have the effrontery to tell the people, that the work of the parties to which they are attached demands all their time and all their talent. Should they do so, their successors should be hunted up immediately.

Government, at the present time, might take such measures as would, without the shadow of a doubt, ensure entire success in the establishing of schools thick through all the land, and in forming a system of education, which could not fail of being successful in the accomplishment of the great object.

The example set before the world by the French government, in sending a competent agent to examine the system adopted by the Prussian government, is worthy of all imitation. The report of that agent has been published in France, and translated into our own language and circulated in our country. Our statesmen have had the opportunity of examining it, and reducing its suggestions to practice.

Our system of education, if we have any, which may be a very doubtful matter, is lamentably defective, and every state in the union should send out one agent or more, for the purpose of collecting information, which should be thoroughly done, though they should be obliged to travel over the civilized world to effect it. A council of such agents after they had obtained the necessary knowledge, might produce a system, which would do honor to the American character.

But it is not governments alone, that have to do with the subject of education. As individuals, every man in the United States, aye, and every woman, and more especially parents, are directly concerned in the vast enterprise—else why those academies and schools that are supported by individual liberality, and those which have been established, and are carried on by little communities associated for the purpose! Indeed, so palpable is this truth, that were a man to declare himself opposed to the establishment of schools, and the education of children, he would be frowned upon as a detested misanthrope, and not a few would shun his society altogether.

We regard ourselves and are looked upon by the world as a nation of patriots; we boast of the proud title, and no doubt among despotic nations the name of American patriot is a theme for admiration and eulogy, and how can we sustain with credit the character we have obtained, unless we become as distinguished for mental acquirements, as we are for our free and independent principles! This is a matter that appeals to a man's patriotism, and if he possess but a spark of the fire that warmed the hearts of his forefathers, he dare not refuse his aid in the spread of education.

How an American parent can neglect or refuse to have his child as well educated as his means will allow, is an almost insolvable problem. The fact is, the individual, with the experience that every one who has passed the years of his minority must possess, and in view of the rise and fall of the sea of circumstance which his child must inevitably encounter, who can be so reckless in regard to the reputation of his family as to permit the offspring of his own body to grow to maturity uninformed, uneducated, does not deserve to have his name associated with any thing American; and if any thing upon earth should disfranchise him entirely, and take from him his right to participate in the institutions of his country, it should be his neglect of his children. Think not that the sentence we pronounce against him is severe. It is not severe. It is mercy, when placed beside the exceeding punishment which he inflicts upon beings who are "bone of his bone, and flesh of his flesh," in sending them forth to wrestle unprepared, with the everchanging bustle of a selfish world.

We were once engaged in a few moments conversation with a man, who, in reply to an interrogatory in reference to the education of his children, remarked that he did not think it worth while to give them much learning, he said he had no doubt but that they would be able to work their way thro' the world as he had done.

"And how have you worked your way?" was our next question.

"Bad enough," was the reply.

"Then, we returned," "it is your desire that your children should work their way through the world bad enough."

"Well," said he, "I never th[illegible] I must confess that it does not [illegible] if recollecting himself, he [illegible] said, "[illegible] of mankind, [illegible], such parents, were fo[illegible] do more than justice to such ch[illegible] the father, so regardless of its [illegible] privilege that a freeman may [illegible] power of almost every pare[illegible] this matter to afford his children a good [illegible]lish education, which will be a little capital [illegible] which the [illegible] business, and push th[illegible]nes through with credit.

American father[illegible] call upon [illegible] to this matter, [illegible]member th[illegible] who reglects to [illegible] to the utmo[illegible] to procure for [illegible] an education [illegible] his country[illegible] God, and we[illegible] ishment [illegible] out, his name w[illegible] from th[illegible] human history.

The [illegible] has been frequently a[illegible] swered in various ways, "How should [illegible] educated!"

May we be allowed to give a reply, if so, we will say that, in our opinion, parents ought to have their boys taught as far as their means will allow, and they should have their girls taught as far as their boys. We have no idea of apportioning one part of the human mind, to higher honors than another. Let all share alike. If boys read Greek why should not girls? They can certainly make as good use of it. Ask not what benefit it may be to a young lady that she can read French and translate Latin, for the same enquiry may be turned upon the boy. And talk not of the superior minds of men, tell us not of their more powerful capabilities, it is all fudge. And to prove it so, let any man who has sons and daughters, have both taught in the same branches of education, and he will soon perceive which has the strongest mind—the most powerful capabilities. The reason why girls do not exhibit the same amount of school-learning as the boys, is because they are not allowed the same opportunities: an opprobrious barbarism has deprived them of a portion of their rights, and they are compelled to submit. It is high time this doctrine were erased from the American mind, and the females of our land exalted to the station they were born to occupy. There is, perhaps, more inconsistency in the treatment which women receive in this country, than among any other civilized nation upon the globe. Here, woman must be man's angel or his slave; he worships at her feet, or he makes her worship at his. In thousand of instances she is either pampered into false notions of life, or compelled to drag out a miserable existence in the degradation to which she is reduced; and in either case she is unfortunate, too often unhappy.

Will the argument here be brought up, in order to overthrow our position, that there are and ever have been a greater number of men who have distinguished themselves in mental attainments, than of women who have shone forth in intellect. The answer is at hand: woman has ever been treated as the weaker vessel as regards the mind, as well as the most delicate in body, and from time immemorial has her place been assigned her, from which that worst of tyrants, CUSTOM, has commanded her not to depart; and for centuries she has bowed obedient to the mandate, and supported a dignified inferiority. Some indeed have been too strong to be held in seclusion—they have defied the arbitrary requisitions of custom, and rushed like comets among the stars, shining with a brilliancy that might throw the brightest in the shade.

We would say to the American patriot, educate your boys, educate your girls; and let the only distinction you make among them be, the deduction of the time in which the girls, if you are so disposed, may be engaged in learning music and other refinements, which may very seldom be of use to boys—rub out the blot from our national escutcheony, which our injustice to woman has made, and give her the opportunity to brighten that escutcheony with the rich polish which her capabilities can produce.

WONDERFUL PUMP.—It is said there is a pump on Long Island possessing the surprising power of converting one quart of milk into three pints! We don't believe a word of it.—*Hornet.*—We do believe it.

HARD TIMES.—The young ladies down east complain that the gentlemen are so poor there that they can't even pay their addresses.

UNDERBIDDING.—A Frenchman assured one of our friends, that his countrymen never buy an article at the seller's first price. "For instance," said he. "one of them came into my store the other day, and priced a pair of silver buckles, I asked seven dollars. 'Eleven! I give you nine.' 'Seven is the price, sir, not eleven.' 'Seven! I give you five.'"

A Mr. Williams, lately turned out of the station of Postmaster at Dresden, Tennessee, complains bitterly. The Federalists profess to be indifferent with regard to obtaining office, but their shrieks and screams when they happen to lose one, contradict their profession.—*Lou. Advertiser.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST or mislaid the following land certificates [illegible] the South East Quarter of Section 28, T. 3, R. 1, West.

SHERWOOD LOW.

August 18, 1838.--3 4t

D. C. LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED.

WE have received the Agency of Landreth's Garden seeds, consisting of a general assortment, for sale wholesale and retail by

BOOTH & CHRISTIAN.
Sole Agents. Memphis, Tenn,

January 27, 1838.—n3-yr.

JOHN G. TOMPKIN,

SURGEON, AND MEDICAL DENTIST.

HAS NOW permanently located in Holly Springs, and offers his professional services to the Public.

☞ Office, back of B. J. Malone's Drug Store.

July 21, 1838.—2—19—1y.

NOTICE.

ALL th[illegible] indebted to the firm of Kyle, Elder & C[illegible] requested to come forward and close t[illegible]ts by note, as they are desirous [illegible]. Their books are now kept [illegible] new store, east side of the [illegible]orth of the Union House.

KYLE ELDER & CO.

[illegible]ails, Bagging &c.

[illegible]00 [illegible]
123 Piece[illegible]
23 Bbls [illegible]
100 Boxes S[illegible]

Received per Steamb[illegible] L. Roboson, and for sale by H. [illegible]ORGAN & Co.
Memphis Tenn. April 21, 1838.

Doctor A. [illegible]ester

PHYSICIAN, SU[illegible]ON, &c.

OFFICE—The Counting R[illegible] B. J. Malone's New Drug Store.

Mississipi [illegible]

[illegible]PENCE HALL begs leave to [illegible] his friends [illegible] he has [illegible]ken the above [illegible]stuated at the corner of Main and [illegible]eets, Memphis Tenn., which at great [illegible] has thoroughly repaired and handsome[illegible]p, where he is ready to receive and en[illegible]sitors and boarders, with the best the [illegible] can afford. His best exertions will be [illegible]romote [illegible] comfort and convenience o[illegible] [illegible] his [illegible]h their patronage.

[illegible]son,

ATTORNE[illegible] L[illegible]S, MISS.

WILL [illegible] the [illegible]ll, Lafayette, [illegible]soto, P[illegible] Yalobusha counties [illegible] the F[illegible]on.—Business co[illegible]ded to w[illegible]ect their [illegible] attention. Feb. 4—1y.

Kan[illegible]alt:

600 BARRELS Kanah[illegible]ALT, in store, and for sale by

H. S. MORGAN & CO
Memphis Tenn. April 21, 1838.

Stone Ware.

1600 [illegible] Stone Ware well assorted just received and for sale low by.

WM. CATO.

July 14-18-tf.

[illegible]NES GREER. A. J. DARGAN.

GREER & DARGAN

ATTORNIES AT LAW.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of the law, will attend all the courts of the eighth judicial district, the Circuit Court of Yallo Busha county, and the chancery court, court of errors and appeals, and Federal court at Jackson.

Office in Center street, a few doors north of the public square, Holly Springs, Miss.

☞ Business entrusted to their care will receive prompt attention. aug. 5

VARNEY & PARCE STORE.

Gold and Silver Smithing, &c.

JOHN STERLING respectfully informs his friends and acquaintances, and the public in general, that he has, since the late fire in Holly Springs, rebuilt and finished off, in handsome style, a new and convenient shop, one door east of the north-east corner of the public square, at the sign of the golden watch, where he offers for sale the most extensive assortment of new Fancy and useful articles, of all descriptions to be found in the place.—Many of these articles, as regards quality, pattern, &c., can be found no where else, and the prices at which they are offered, are so unprecedentedly low they cannot fail to give satisfaction.

Among them will be found, a handsome assortment of

Diamond Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Ring &c. &c. &c.

Also, Watch-guards, Keys, Chains and Seals; musical instruments, Perfume Boxes, Ladies' Work Boxes, Mantle Ornaments Gold and Silver Watches, of all kinds; Penknives, Razors, Combs; Silver and common table and tea-spoons, together with many other articles not here mentioned.

In addition to the above, he has also on hand, a splendid assortment of articles suitable for self-defence.

Watch and Clock Repairing.

He would here state that, having recently employed an experienced workman, the public may rest assured, that all kinds of repairing in his line will be done on the shortest notice, and warranted for the term of twelve months. He has now on hand, a good assortment of main springs, chrystals and every utensil necessary for the repair of all kinds of Silversmithing.

Holly Springs, June 16.--n14--tf.

WHITE LEAD:

200 KEGS No. 1. White Lead, just to hand and for sale low for cash, at the wholesale Drug Store of BOOTH & CHRISTIAN.
Memphis Tenn. April 21, 1838

BANK OF M'EWEN, KING & CO.
Holly Springs, 12th June, 1838.

THE undersigned, commissioners to whom has been entrusted for settlement, the business of this institution, take this means of notifying those who may be indebted to it, that they need not expect a renewal of their notes, as they are determined to redeem the issues of this institution, and close its business as speedily as possible. The subscribers hope that no longer indulgence, nor further renewals will be [illegible]ed or asked for, but that payments will be [illegible]lly made in every instance, by those indeb[illegible] the institution, in order that it [illegible] its engagements promptly

A. C. M'EWEN,
JNO. R. WILSON } Com's.
R. H. PATTILLO.

f.n14—tf.

THE GOOD SAMARITAN.

LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.—We have the pleasure of informing our friends, that we have just received a further supply of Moffat's celebrated Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters. For sale, wholesale and retail, at our Wholesale Drug and Chemical Ware-house, Memphis.
May 19, 1838. BOOTH & CHRISTIAN.

WANTED TO HIRE.

ANY person having a negro woman, that is a good cook can hire her on good terms till the first of January, if immediate application is made at this office. July 28.

Cotton gin Manufactory.

NO PERFORMANCE, NO PAY!

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and customers, that he is permanently located in the town of Wyatt, where he still continues to carry on the Gin Manufactory and repairing business, to all its various branches. He manufactures no other Gins only that of the very best English polished cast steel plates; he also fronts his ribs where the saws pass through, with hardened polished cast-steel, that is moveable at any time, which resists the friction or wearing of them, at least ten to one, to that of iron. Persons wishing to purchase a first rate gin, would do well to give him a call, and examine for themselves. He is determined to make no gins that will not be a credit to the business of gin making.

For further information, he refers to former purchasers, to wit:

GREEN D. BOLLS, COL. J. P. JONES, JAMES & JOSHUA BROWN, } La Fayette county.
J. BROCKNER, E. F. McGEEHEE, JOHN BELL, } Pontotoc county.
GARLAND ANDERSON, SAM D. & JASON WILSON, } Marshall county.
MILES McGEEHEE, COLLIN ANDREWS, } Panola county.
ROSS M. BEADFORD, } Yallobusha county.
W. COPAGE,

N. B. If any person purchases a gin of him, and it does not fully come up to the expectations of the purchaser, he is at the liberty of returning it and purchasing another of any other Gin maker in the west at his expense. Any person who may favor him with an order for a Gin, it will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

JO W. BROOKS.

WYATT, MI., June24, 1838.—2—15—3m

BOOTH & CRISTIAN are now receiving a supply of fresh DRUGS, MEDICINES, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Putty Fancy articles, German French and English Chemicals, Pefumery, Surgical Instruments, &c.; all of which has been purchased on the best terms; and they are well assured that they can give as good bargains at this time as any house in the Western or Southern country.

[illegible]ts, druggists, planters, physi[illegible] would do well to give them a call [illegible]ing elsewhere, as they are well as[illegible] [illegible] be pleased with their prices, &c.

BOOTH & CHRISTIAN.

April 20, 1838.

Produce and Groceries at Wholesale and Retai.

WILLIAM CATO, respectfully informs the citizens of Holly Springs and Marshall County, that he is now receiving, in part, his stock of Produce and Groceries, and will in a short time have a large and general assortment, and intends to keep constantly on hand, most of the leading articles usually kept in his line—which he feels assured he can sell for cash, at prices that will be satisfactory to all who may wish to purchase.

Persons from the adjoining Counties East and South of Marshall, wishing to purchase small stocks, may find it to their advantage to give him a call.

Planters are particularly requested to favor him with a call before they buy elsewhere, at Jos. Mosby's old stand East of the Square, two doors North of Messrs. Hatchel & Norfleet's Cabinet Shop.

Holly Springs, Miss., April 18, 1838

Western Bank Note Company.

AT CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE undersigned having established themselves in Cincinnati, for the purpose of executing BANK NOTE ENGRAVING AND PRINTING, respectfully solicit from the Banking institutions in the West, a share of their patronage.

Having been engaged for the last year in making new Dies, Vignettes, &c. they are now enabled to furnish Notes in a very superior style, and on short notice.

☞ Bank Note paper of the best quality will always be kept on hand.

WOODRUFF & MASON.
Office 3d st., adjoining the New Banks.

Nov. 25—n51-tf.

DRUG STORE.

NEW FIRM.

DOCTORS TONCRAY, & DOUTHIT will continue the Druggist business at the stand formerly occupied by Toncray & McClung, and have on hand a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Perfumery, French Chemicals, &c. &c.; and expect to receive in a few days an additional stock, making their assortment complete. We invite country merchants and physicians to give us a call, believing they will be satisfied with the prices and qualities of the articles, all of which will be sold low for cash, or on the usual time to punctual customers.

Dr Douthit will keep his office in the Drug Store where he will continue the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics as heretofore, and solicits the patronage of his friends and the public generally.

N. B.—We expect in a few days to receive a large supply of window glass 8 by 10, 10 by 12, and 12 by 14; linseed oil; white lead, &c.

July 14—tf

Carriage Making.

W. C. ALLEN and W. J. CLARK have formed a co-partnership to carry on the above business, under the firm of ALLEN & CLARK, and will give their prompt and undivided attention to the Carriage and Wagon making business, in all its variety, and hope, by their prompt attention to the various departments of their business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Their shop is on Centre street, south of the Public Square, where they will be found at all times, ready to give attention in their line of business.

Holly Springs, Missp., Jan. 11, 1838. n1-tf.

Blacksmithing.

H. & J. DELAP will carry on the business of Blacksmithing, in its various branches; and will give particular attention to ironing Carriages and Wagons complete, including the making of Steel Springs, &c. Horse shoeing will be done in of superior style. Their shop is on the south side of the Public square, and on the same lot with that of Messrs. Allen & Clark

Holly Springs, Miss., Jan. 11, 1 n1-t

Notice.

THE undersigned having, on the 13th day of July 1838, qualified as executor of Albert Peel, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said deceased's estate, to present them properly authenticated, within the term prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred.—Those indebted to said estate will make payment to me, as early as practicable. I can generally be found at the late residence of the deceased, or at Holly Springs. Wm. B. FANT, Ex.

July 21—19—tf.

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day entered into copartnership, under the name and style of Alexander and Porterfield, and have taken the store house formerly occupied by Messrs Dill, Baugh and Co.

We are now receiving and opening a large and general stock of staple and fancy goods, hardware Boots and Shoes; hats; China, Glass and Queensware. They hope by strict attention to business, to share a portion of public patronage.

JNO. M. ALEXANDER,
JNO. PORTERFIELD.

Holly Springs, June 7—19-3t.

Notice.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber on the 12th day of August last, my negro boy—about 26 years of age, about six feet high, very stoutly built, and very likely, it is supposed that the said boy carried off a grey horse, thin in order and a pair of saddle bags. The boy has too fingers that grows together on his left hand—the owner lives 10 miles below Coffeeville, where he will give $50 to any person that will deliver him on his plantation.

D. B. LINDSEY.

August 18, 1838—3 tf

WATERFORD

FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE 1st Session of Mrs. Jenkins School, will close on Friday the 31st inst., by a public examination of the students, the public are respectfully invited to attend.

The 2nd Session will commence on the 24 of September next, all the branches of the useful and useful English education are taught, such as Spelling, Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Rhetoric, Astronomy and Botany—Painting and needle work.

The above branches will be taught at the customary prices of the country.

This academy is situated in the town of Waterford 8 1-2 miles south of Holly Springs, in a fine agreeable and healthy neighborhood.

The strong expression of approbation and the patronage which Mrs. Jenkins has heretofore received entitle her to public confidence.

Boarding can be had at good private houses at very moderate prices.

JOHN W. PHIFER,
W. C. ALLEN,
G. W. SHUMAKER,
D. S. HOBBS,
M. W. MOORE,
Trustees.

August 18, 1838.—3 tf.

South-Wetern Journal.

THE extensive and growing interest of this Southwest, its moral and social improvement, and its increasing literary and scientific demands, have awakened attention to the fact that in this large and important portion of our country there is no journal or paper exclusively devoted to literature and science, advocating the doctrines of no party.

Feeling the necessity of such a paper, the Jefferson College and Washington [illegible] have commenced the publication of a periodical entitled "The South-Western Journal," to be devoted to literature and science, and all subjects interesting to the general reader.

It is published semi-monthly, in the city of Natchez, and contains sixteen small quarto pages, similar in form to the Penny Magazine, on fine paper, and is protected by a good envelope, so that it may be conveyed to any distance without injury.

It will be remembered that we have no work in the Southwest similar to this; and every one who feels a pride in any enterprise calculated to enhance the social and moral character of our country, should come forward and assist in this worthy enterprise.

Pecuniary emolument constitutes no part of the object of this publication. It is not intended to benefit any individual or the Lyceum in a pecuniary point of view. The sole object is to advance knowledge and diffuse a taste for the refined enjoyments of literature and science.

Nothing is now wanting to the accomplishment of the wishes of the Lyceum but the patronage of the community; and it is expected that this patronage will be promptly and cheerfully extended.

All communications in reference to the periodical should be addressed, post paid, to Professor J. A. Van Hoesen, the Secretary of the Lyceum, Natchez, Miss. The subscription price is $5 00, in all cases in advance.

The first number of this paper is dated December 15, 1837, and it will be continued semi-monthly from that date.

G. V. [illegible] FORBES,
S. S. B. THATCH,
C. G. FORSHEIM,
S. C. MERWIN,
J. A. VAN HOESEN,
Ex. Committee Jefferson College and Washington Lyceum.

TERMS.

The "South-Western Journal" is printed on two sheets, making sixteen pages to each number, the postage on which, for one hundred miles or less is two cents—over one hundred miles three cents. By a decision of the Postmaster General, the cover is viewed as a wrapper, and subject to no postage.

A VALUABLE FAMILY RESIDENCE

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, in the north-west part of Holly Springs, a desirable Family residence, well improved and handsomely situated, high and healthy, and convenient to good water, about one 1-4 of a mile from the public square, on the Memphis road, in which he will give a good bargain. NEEDHAM KENERDA.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase the above property, will please call at B. F. Williamsons Hotel.

Holly Springs, August 11, 1838.—2-tf

ALLAN, ASHER & CO.

COMMISSION Merchants, New Orleans, tender their service to the Planters and Merchants of North Mississippi Refer to

Oct. 7. H. S. MORGAN, & Co., Memphis

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of LaFayette county, on the 5th of February last, on the estate of Robert Moore deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them for payment, duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, to the undersigned, or they will be forever barred. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

ROBERT WHITEWELL,
Adm'r. of the estate of Robt. Moore, dec

August 6, 1838.—2-6w [Printers fee $7]

A MALE AND FEMALE TEACHER WANTED.

RICHLAND ACADEMY, at Somerville, is now open, and in readiness to be occupied with a School.

It is situated in a beautiful, fertile, and healthy country, 20 miles east from Carrollton, and 12 miles south-east of Middleton. A large, fine and commodious two story building has been erected, 46 by 26 feet, with three apartments, sufficiently large for the accommodation of one hundred pupils. A liberal salary would be given for Male and Female Teachers, well qualified and who wish to make a business of teaching.

A gentleman with a family would be preferred. Such an one might find an eligible situation at Shongalo.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
JAMES W. ESKRIDGE, Clerk.

Shongalo, Mi. July 27, 1838—2-6w.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
Marshall County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Byrd Hill, hath obtained an attachment against the estate of Allen R. Lane, for the sum of Fourteen Hundred and ten dollars—which attachment is now pending before the Circuit Court, of Marshall county, Mississippi, and that unless the defendant shall appear, and give special bail and plead, on or before the next term of our said Court to be held the first Monday of September next, judgment will be entered, and the estate attached sold.

JAMES C. ALDERSON, Clk. C. C. M. C.

August 11, 1838—2- w [printers fee $5]

Sperm Oil.

10 CASKS Winter Sperm oil just to hand and for sale low, by

Jan. 27, 1838.—n3. BOOT & CHRISTIAN.

500 BOXES assorted sizes WINDOW GLASS, direct from the Factories, and for sale low, at our Chemical Warehouse, opposite Jolnson's Hotel. BOOTH & CHRISTIAN,
Wholesale Druggists, Memphis, Tenn.

Jan. 27, 1838—n3-ty.

JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THIS OFFICE.

Look at This!

ALL those indebted to me for Robert [illegible] notes, are respectfully solicited to call [illegible] settle their accounts, as I am [illegible] keep on a supply unless the people will [illegible] want and pay up their old scores, and [illegible] up as they go. I will make [illegible] until the first of Sept[illegible] [illegible] —those that do not pay by that time [illegible] [illegible] to take their bread of [illegible]

R. J. HOLBROOK.

HEAD QUARTERS.

2nd Brigade, 2nd Division, M. M.
Holly Springs, July 2d, 1838

THE Commissioned officers of the 2nd Brigade, 2nd Division, Mississippi Militia, are hereby notified to meet at Holly Springs, at the usual place of general inspection, on the first Monday in October next, viz:—The 51st Regiment, on the first Monday in October, the 52d on the first day of October, the 53d in the county of Panola, on Monday the 8th day of October; the 54th at Oxford, Lafayette county, on Monday the 15th day of October; the 55th Regiment at the county seat of Tallahatchie county, on Saturday the 20th day of October; the 56th Regiment at the county seat of Coahoma county, on Monday the 22d day of October.

By order of the Brigade General.

E. L. GUY,
Aug 18—3t[illegible] E. S. BELLAMY, Brigade Inspector.

Last Notice.

I Wish to leave Holly Springs for a few weeks. I have money, and obliged to pay it. Those are indebted to me for subscription, will oblige me by a call. Mr. Levi Rice is authorized to receive, if there is any thing due for subscription, I cannot expect any other but the accounts in the hands of collectors.

R. J. HOLBROOK.

Holly Springs, August 11, 1838.—1 tf.

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale the west half of a section which he resides, containing One Thousand Acres, situated in one of the best neighborhoods in Marshall county, with excellent spring water, and a large portion of rich bottom lands will an excellent upland, upon the whole one of the best cotton farms in the Mississippi nation. There are two hundred and fifty acres land under state and cultivation, [illegible] fifty of which is in a high state of cultivation, the further description of the land, reference is made to B. C. Harley and Roger Barton at Holly Springs or Maj. John Y. Bayless at Tallahatchie. The land signed can be found at his residence, or at his store in Tallahatchie at all times.

COLBERT MOORE.

August 29, 1838—2tf

N. B. I will sell with the land three thousand bushels of corn on accomodating terms.

I WILL Sell at wholesale a well selected stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye stuffs, which may be purchased with a small advance on cost complete, on accommodating terms, if application is made either for cash or on time.

S. T. TONCRAY

June 22, 1838.—tf

NOTICE.

THE partnership of Booth & Christian was dissolved on the 5th April last. The business of the firm will be settled close by Wyatt Christian, who is authorized to collect and pay the debts of the concern and will do the same of the firm in liquidation.

The business in future will be conducted on his own by Joseph Booth, for Wyatt Christian, who has left Memphis.

May 11, 1838.

Lost.

ON the 15th inst., on the road leading from Holly Springs to La Grange, one joint of a chain connect with two small brass keys. Any person finding it and leaving it at Williamson's road, shall be liberally rewarded.

Holly Springs, July 28th 1838.

Dr.'s Marshall & Reid.

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, and offer their services to the citizens of Holly Springs and vicinity. They have permanently located themselves at this place, and will bestow strict attention on all cases entrusted to them. Office, the one formerly occupied by Dr. Reid. April 28—tf

Law Notice.

PARRY W. HUMPHREYS, & ALFRED H. POWELL, will practice attend to the practice of their profession in Marshall, and the adjoining Counties, in the Supreme Court of Chancery, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts, at Jackson.

Office in Holly Springs, Miss. Jan. 18—n1tf

Holly Springs, August 15th, 1838.

Whereas my wife Nancy Ann Moore, has left my house and lodging without any just provocation or cause. This will inform the public at large, that I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her from this date.

JOHN MOORE.

aug. 14.—3 tt

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between and JAMES MCCLUNG of Holly Springs Miss. and Dr. S. T. TONCRAY of Memphis Tenn., in the Drug business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due by said firm will be settled and paid by said Toncray, and all notes and accounts due the aforesaid firm must be paid to said Toncray, who is also authorized to close the business. All those indebted are earnestly requested to call and pay, and those whose accounts are not yet due, will please call and settle by note payable at the maturity of their accounts.

JAMES MCCLUNG
S. T. TONCRAY

Holly Springs, June 22, 1838.—tf

Copartnership.

THE subscribers having associated themselves together for the transaction of a general agency and commission business, under the firm of Anderson & Walker, tender their services to their friends and the public generally. They will occupy the house on Mississippi Row, lately occupied by Walker & Atkinson.

NAT. ANDERSON,
A. WALKER.

Memphis, June 16.—n14—6m.

T. S. Henderson & Alexander M. Henderson.

LATE of Chapel Hill, North Carolina, under the firm of T. S. HENDERSON & BROTHER, are engaged in the

Dry Goods Business, Memphis,

and occupy the house next door below H. S. Morgan & Co. Their friends and all others trading to Memphis are respectfully invited to call.

In addition, they have employed the services of Jas. Lawrence, Esq., to attend particularly to the

Storage and Forwarding of Cotton,

have excellent ware-houses—and all who may send their cotton to our care may rest assured that in no instance shall it be exposed to the weather. It shall be so placed in the ware-house that the owners of the cotton in storage can at any time see its condition.

Memphis, Aug. 21, 1838.—n16 1st det.

☞ The editors Somerville Reporter, Lafayette Eagle and Holly Springs Republican will publish the above until the 1st of December, and forward their accounts to this office for collection.