

THE SAINTLY CITY.

St Paul Melange—The Occurrence of the Past Week in the Capital of Minnesota.

Newsy Newslets.

Meals at all hours at the new Delmonico No. 84 E 5th street.

Mr. A. Glenn left this week to spend the summer at Lake Elmo, Minn.

Instruction on the piano given by W. A. Weir 434 St. Anthony Ave. Terms reasonable.

First class rooms and meals may be obtained at Mrs. Lottie Roache's No. 41 E. Sixth street.

For Sale—A brand new silver valve Lyon & Healy cornet. Apply at the office of THE APPEAL.

Mrs. F. L. McGhee will today move from her present residence on Edmonds street to No. 153 Martin.

Items of news for THE APPEAL may be left at Columbus Waldon's barber shop No. 106 East Fifth street.

Miss Maggie Fog left last Sunday evening for an extended visit to her former home, Nashville, Tenn.

There are some choice furnished rooms for rent at Mrs. Emma Glover, corner of Sixth and Robert streets.

St. Phillips Society will hold its next meeting Wednesday evening June 25 at the residence of Mrs. W. H. Davis.

A good way to get a start in the world is to open an account with the St. Paul Savings Bank cor. Fifth and Jackson.

Mrs. Mary Mink has moved from No. 88 E. Sixth street to the Herzog Flats, S. W. Cor. St. Peter and Fourth streets.

Are you among those who have not paid their subscriptions to THE APPEAL? The office is at 76 East Fifth street. Call Miss Nellie Banks of Kansas City who has arrived in the city to spend the summer as a guest of Mrs. J. C. Berry.

Shirts 10 cents each. Collars and cuffs 70 cents per dozen at State Steam Laundry, 222 W. 7th street. Telephone 1002-2.

Any one wishing to take a partnership in a flourishing restaurant will please call at the office of THE APPEAL and learn particulars.

Miss Alice Ora Crawford who graduated from Central Tennessee College, Nashville, May, 29th, is in the city visiting her parents.

Mrs. J. N. Caldwell, of Palmyra, N. Y. wife of the famous bass singer of the Fisk Jubilee Singers, is in the city the guest of Mrs. W. Ridgeway.

Be sure to cut out the ballot printed in this issue, write the name of your favorite preacher on it and send it to THE APPEAL office, 325 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

St. Peter Claver Church on last Sunday elected Messrs N. Gillard, S. E. Hardy and John Talbert as delegates to the Catholic convention to be held shortly at Cincinnati.

The most famous of all burlesques, Rice's beautiful "Evangeline" will be given at the Newmarket tomorrow and Monday nights. Only two performances. Don't miss them.

Visitors to this city will find it to their advantage to obtain accommodations at the "Little Ryan," corner of Sixth and Robert, Mrs. Emma Glover, proprietor. Terms very reasonable.

St. Peter Claver's Catholic church, Market street opposite Rice Park. Mass at 10:30 a. m. Sundays. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Instructions at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Father Harrison, Pastor.

The Merchants Hotel has been run for some time with white bell boys. On last Friday a change was made and colored men substituted with Mr. Charles Wilson, formerly of the Ryan, as head bell man.

There were 172 pupils promoted from the ward schools to the High School at the close of the public schools last week. Among these there are three colored children viz: Viola Berry, Gertrude Jones and Edward Buck.

Mrs. J. W. Mason has sold her St. Anthony Hill property at the price of \$1,500 and has a six-room house on Thomas street for rent. She expects to leave for Tacoma, Wash., where she will join her husband, as soon as she gets her business settled up.

The Flak Jubilee Singers gave a concert at Woodland Baptist church Thursday night which was well received by a large audience. The principal solos were by Miss Ada M. Taylor, Mrs. Maggie Porter Cole, Mr. J. N. Caldwell and Mr. C. W. Payne. The choruses were especially fine.

If the readers of THE APPEAL, who have not already done so, will take the trouble to read carefully and thoroughly every word from the top of the first column, on the second page, down to the date line, they will in all probability learn more about newspapers in general, and THE APPEAL in particular, than they knew before.

Messrs. Abe Porter, W. E. Burke, John and James Churr, a quartet of comedians of Chicago, known as the "Banjo Kings" are in the city at Hotel de Mink. They are traveling with Dr. L. Turner the great Shaker doctor and give nightly concerts in the little triangular square at 6th and St. Peter. They make lots of music and lots of fun and draw big crowds.

It is not generally known but it is never-the-less a fact, just one month ago today Mr. Foster Byrd stole a march on his friends and took unto himself a better-half. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's brother Mr. James Cole in Chicago, where she had come from Knoxville, Tenn., to meet her affianced. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left for St. Paul and are domiciled at 194 Eaton ave. West St. Paul.

Rev. J. M. Henderson left Monday evening for Richmond, Ind., in obedience to a telegram from Bishop J. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—A year ago two Davison (Mich.) men went to court over an \$18 item. The case was finally decided by the Supreme Court, and the costs were an even \$600.

—While two fine coach horses were being led at each other, in their stable in Springfield, Ill., recently, one of the animals bit its companion's tongue entirely off, maiming it so badly that it had to be killed.

—An extraordinary number of fires have occurred within the past few years in institutions committed to the care of nuns. It is supposed that women are less careful, or less competent in their inspection as to the danger of fire, than men.

—The homes of rich Mexicans are said to be palaces, and the grounds around them are gardens. There is an oriental splendor about them that is not found in the United States. They are an epitome about every thing and a retinue of servants that is bewildering.

—Some missionaries in Africa are greatly troubled by the fact that the natives are not at all eager to adopt the dress of white men. Not even the converts are willing to wear the amount of clothing which, according to missionary ideas, is essential to respectability.

—Amateur magicians complain that they are no longer in demand. There is a general tendency to frown on some of the young performers nowadays, and the craze that set in some time ago over this particular form of household amusement has quite disappeared.

—An immense squid or devil fish, which was recently stranded upon Achill island, off the west coast of Mayo, Ire., had arms which measured thirty feet in length, and the body and short arms sixty feet in circumference. Some of the short arms were four feet in circumference.

—The largest load ever hauled over the Sierra Nevada Mountains by one team consisted of 50,000 pounds of merchandise, 10,000 pounds of barley for feed, 450 pounds of hay, three bales, and 100 pounds of bran, three sacks. This immense load was safely delivered on time at Auburn, Nev., the other day.

—Among some papers there is a "tailor-well" paper mill, there was lately found an order allowing one Stephens Stillwell to carry cloth and trimmings for a suit of clothes from New York to Brooklyn. The order is signed by the "Superintendent," and dated "New York, Oct. 7, 1782—'about thirty days before the British evacuated New York."

—One of the smaller country towns of Maine that has been recently changed by time is Fayette, in Kennebec county. Fifty-seven years ago, according to the Augusta Journal, at Fayette Corner there were three churches, four stores, two hotels, a post-office, and nearly thirty dwellings. Now only one church, the Baptist, remains, and the stores and hotels have burned or fallen down.

—A native convert to Christianity in Equatorial Africa recently asked a missionary the following question: "Which is more contrary to Christ's commandments, to go about naked according to the custom of our ancestors, or to go in debt for garments which make us hot and unhappy?" The answer of the missionary is not given, but probably it was in the line of a wise compromise—if compromises are ever wise.

—A common sea urchin, which without its shell weighed a fraction less than half an ounce, required, when pulled according to its plane of adhesion, a force exceeding sixty-two pounds to remove it from its grip upon the local rock, or upward of nineteen hundred and eighty-four times its own dead weight.

The force required to open an oyster appears to be about the same as that required to open a shell. The weight of the shell-less creature.

—The photographing of caves or other chambers underground, where a portable camera can be easily installed, offers no particular difficulty, and it is comparatively simple matter to obtain curious and interesting views under such circumstances, illuminating the bowels of the earth by burning magnesium tape, which gives a brilliant light, by means of which surrounding objects can be photographed.

—"Josiah," said Mr. Chugwater to the head of the family, "I believe you Johnny is turning over a new leaf and is going to be a better boy. He asked me a little while ago if he could take the family Bible up to his room for an hour or two."

At the same time a boy of Johnny's size went to enter a cigar store in the vicinity. He opened a big book and lay it on the counter. "Do you sell this entry?" he demanded, addressing the proprietor in thunder tones. "You said I wasn't sixteen. Look at this: 'John, born May 5, 1874.' Gimme me five boxes of cigarettes and be quick about it, blame your gizzard!"—Chicago Tribune.

—A friend and admirer of Keely, the motor man, has this to say about the mysterious alleged invention: "It costs nothing more, after the machinery is made, than the vibratory motion of a pulse which associates it with the polar stream. The twanging of a tuning fork, the agitation of a tuning fork, as associated with the resonating condition of the sympathetic transmitter, is all that is necessary to induce the connective link and to produce this costless motive power. As long as the transmitter is in sympathy with the polar stream, the action of the sympathetic instrument or engine continues."—N. Y. Tribune.

—The first culprit brought before Humourist Peck, the new mayor of Milwaukee, was a fourteen-year-old boy. "What's the charge?" asked the mayor. "Malicious mischief, yer Honor," replied the officer. "The prisoner went into a store, poured oil into the molasses barrel, upset the cracker boxes, soaped the steps, emptied sand into the sugar, piled a dozen tin cans over the door, which fell on the head of Sockheimer, the proprietor, and committed other deprecations." "Is this true, boy?" asked the mayor, in a severe tone. "Yer Honor," whimpered the lad. "I was only imitating Peck's Bad Boy, who made people laugh, and I didn't know it was wicked, sir."—Norristown Herald.

Not All 'em Bed of Roses. A man who writes for a newspaper is of few years and lots of grief, says an exchange. He riseth in the morning and knoweth not what a day may bring forth. If he telleth all the news he runneth a great risk of having a tin ear put on him, and if he telleth not the news the people say he is a. g., and there is no joy in it. The crafty man cajoled him into giving him a fifty-cent puff for a five-cent cigar, and found no joy in it when he fails to flatter their freckle-faced broods. And all his ways are ways of woe, and his days are full of sorrow. The life insurance man tracketh snares for him, and on the whole he hath a degree of a time.—German town (Pa.) Telegraph.

The largest corpse ever conveyed to a grave in Missouri was, perhaps, that of the Colored woman known as Big Jude, buried last week at New Madrid. The coffin was 36 inches broad, 6 feet long, and 36 inches deep. It required the strength of sixteen pall-bearers to place her in the wagon, made for the occasion and lower her into the grave.

If you are in want of a good heating stove at a moderate price go to Benedict 7 Corners.

GRANDPA LICKSHINGLE.

An Interesting Experience With a Man of Letters.

"When I was in the newspaper business at East Brady, Pa., said Grandfather Lickshingle, "I had an odd experience which I thought you might wish to make a note of."

The reporter said the paper was very much crowded these days, but Grandfather went on.

"I was sitting in the office one day, when a tall, raw-boned, rugged-looking old man came in. He wanted to trade a load of wood for some job work, but he had been trading job work and subscriptions for wood for the past six months and had all we wanted. I struck him for the job on a cash basis, and he began to talk.

"He said he wanted a card about eight by twelve inches with the inscription printed on it:

THE FATHER OF CHILDREN.

"He knew more about the wood business than he did about printing and was afraid that thirty-four children were too many to get on such a small card. He would have the card made larger, but he wanted it to hang across his breast when he had his picture taken. He was getting tolerably well along in years, and some of his neighbors thought it would be a good thing if he would have his picture taken with this card on his breast, to leave as a proud legacy to his children and his children's children.

"I saw there was at least a good item for me in this incident," continued Grandfather, "and I encouraged the old man to talk. I asked him if he was the original J. C. K. He said he had that honor. His name was J. C. Kirkwood, and he was, in fact, as he wished printed on the card, the father of thirty-four children. I asked him if he had thought the matter over carefully, and if he was ready to go on record to that effect. He said he had given the matter thought and was ready to be placed on record.

"We agreed on the price, after some dickering, and Mr. Kirkwood went out to see his wood while the card was being printed. He came back at the appointed time, got his card, paid for it, and proceeded to the photograph gallery. In half an hour he came with a tintype in his hand, and the maddest man, I think, in the county. The letters on the card were reversed in the picture, and the inscription read backward.

"Mr. Kirkwood had got a tintype instead of a photograph, for economy reasons, and a tintype being a negative picture the letters were, of course, reversed, and the effect was not what the old man had expected. He accused me of having palmed off a lot of 'left-handed type' on him, and declared if he did not print him a card in right-handed type he would clean out our bunko print-shop in what he designated as a 'holy second.'

"I explained the situation to him as best I could," concluded Grandfather, "and after much difficulty convinced him that the fault was in the picture and not in the printing. But rather than spend money on another picture he concluded to keep the tintype; and that is why the Kirkwood family living near East Brady has an interesting family record which reads backward."

SCHOOL BOOKS.

A Subject of General Interest to Parents and Others Having Children to Educate.

The four leading school book publishing houses of the country which have heretofore been known under the following styles and titles, viz: Van Antwerp, Bragg & Co., Cincinnati; Ivison, Blakeman & Co., New York; A. S. Barnes & Co., New York; D. Appleton & Co., New York, after a full and careful consideration of all the circumstances, have decided to form an incorporated company for the prosecution of the school book business. They realize that the time has come when means must be devised for reducing the cost of school books to the people and for enabling the patrons of the schools to purchase their supplies of books direct from the publishers at net prices wherever they desire so to do. They have felt that the future of their business is seriously threatened by the popular prejudice which has been created by the exorbitant prices charged for school books by the local retailer. They have been too many profits made off of school books, and in retaining their business into this new school company they do so for the purpose and with the determination to establish closer relations with the actual purchasers of the books and give them the benefit of the lowest possible prices. To accomplish this new departure in the manner of furnishing school books at reduced prices, a greater economy in manufacturing the books and in conducting the business must be practiced, and this is the object for which the firms above named in forming the new company. Under this new organization one plant and one force of clerks and agents will do the business which has heretofore required several expensive establishments. The saving of expense in this direction will be evident to any one, and beside this saving will be a material advantage secured by the fact that it will be able to get better terms in purchasing the paper, printers' ink and other material used in the manufacture of the books.

It has been stated by the competitors and opponents of this new company that as soon as it gets control of the trade in a State it will at once increase the price of books. The falsity of this charge can not be better proven than by the willingness of the new company to give guaranty with satisfactory bond in any reasonable amount, contracting as follows:

First, that there will be no increase in prices for five, ten or even twenty years if desired; and second, that if at any time the new company's prices shall be reduced to a lower figure, that reduced price will at once become the established price until all contracts. To those who are informed as to the matter it is well known that the majority of the school books now in use in the schools throughout the country are published by the four houses which have formed the new company. It is the earnest desire of the company to have these books continued in use in the schools, and it will aim to make it for the interest of the public to use them.

By a generous policy the new company expects to increase its business and to secure the widest possible sale for its books, realizing that the only way in which this can be accomplished is by furnishing the books to the people direct and at lower prices than school books have ever been bought.

WORKING TO ADVANTAGE.

Labor Can Be Lightened by Mixing It With Brains.

Every man can do the higher grades of mental labor, and the hard mental tasks of the world must be performed by somebody.

Men and women whose lot has been cast among the hard manual laborers of the world should be lightened by their tasks can be immeasurably lightened by mixing them with thought. Study out new and easier methods of performing the old tasks. Plan, contrive and experiment. Thought applied to labor makes your work an art. It leads, too, to more expeditious methods.

Forty years ago, every farmer raked his hay with a small hand-rake, poking it together much as he drew up the soil with a hoe around a hill of potatoes. Some one, who mixed brains with his work, got a tangle in his head that the hay could be gathered together easier with a large rake dragged behind the worker on the ground. Hence a bigger rake was suggested, which performed the work nearly four times as fast as the old method. It did the work so easily that the rake was called a "Joater."

Soon it was suggested to somebody, who mixed brains with his work and made an art of labor, that if a man could drag a big rake to advantage, a horse could drag a bigger one. In this way the first horse rake was invented. A man walked behind and managed the rake, and a boy rode and guided the horse.

But there was still further opportunity for the man who mixed brains with his work to lighten his task, and consequently make his work still more pleasant. Why not dispense with the boy, he reasoned, and why should I have this laborious trouble of walking around behind the horse and turning over the rake? I will put this thing on wheels, fasten a seat astride the wheels, and ride about my field and take my ease, and, at the same time, rake my hay.

It was in this way that the modern horse-rake was evolved. In the same manner all great inventions have been brought about by men who mix brains with their work.—Yankee Blade

But She Said No. "When I was in the Legislature three years ago I had gained for me five thousand dollars," said a man.

"I can beat that; a single word once would have netted me half a million!" "Half a million?" "Just so. But she said 'no' instead of 'yes,' you see."—Philadelphia Times.

Improved Passenger Service.

Under the new time schedule of the North-Western Line, C. St. P. M. & O. Ry., all passenger trains of this line make the trip between St. Paul and Chicago in less than 14 hours.

The Pullman and Wagner Vestibule Limited, leaving St. Paul at 7:30 p. m., makes the trip to Chicago in 12 hours and from Chicago to St. Paul in 13 hours and 25 minutes.

The Daylight Express leaving St. Paul at 7:45 a. m. makes the trip to Chicago in 13 hours and 55 minutes and from Chicago to St. Paul in 14 hours and 15 minutes.

This is the only line running its trains in less than 14 hours between St. Paul and Chicago, and while this is so, quick trains do not have to stop at high rates of speed to make their time as other lines because this line is shorter than any other line.

In addition to these facts, this is the only line by which coaches, Niagara Falls and Chicago with all fast line trains from Chicago to the East and South in the morning and at night.

NOTE.—Fares by this line are always as low as by any other.

For Map of this line address, T. W. TEASDALE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

It is death to any person in Siam to mention the King's name. This is a custom that many other tribes rigidly adhere to.

WHERE TO SEND THE SUMMER.

If Undecided, Perhaps This Will Help You.

Where to go, what to do, how to do it, and the expense involved—questions agitating so many households contemporary with the advent of Summer—are all answered satisfactorily in the pages of the handsome volume entitled "Where to Go for the Summer," just issued by the Passenger Department of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad.

The book is profusely illustrated, contains several valuable maps, and the information is presented in a concise, yet readable manner. It contains an extensive list of Summer hotels and boarding houses along the Hudson, along the Catskills, in the Adirondack Mountains, at Saratoga, Lake George, Niagara Falls and other famous resorts.

Copies of the book may be obtained free upon application to W. E. Jerome, General Western Agent, No. 97 Clark St., Chicago, or will be mailed post-paid upon receipt of price in stamps, or by order of H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

The strained relations between milkmen and milk inspectors have never been entirely bridged over.—N. O. Picayune.

Fortune Seeking Emigrants.

Many a poor family that seeks the Western wilds in the hope of winning a fortune, is prosecuted by the insidious foe of the emigrant and frontiersman—chills and fever—by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. So often it does not occur to the emigrant that the combined influence of a malarious atmosphere and miasm-tainted water, that protectured by the pioneer, the miner or the tourist provided with it, may safely encounter the danger.

Without steadiness of character in social life there can be no true friendship.

There will be a local Chautauque at Brighton Beach, near Lake Riley, at Litchfield, Minn., during the week beginning June 25. An excellent programme of exercises has been arranged, and there will be no charge of admission, and the Great Northern Railway gives excursion rates. Brighton Beach is one of Minnesota's prettiest resorts.

Always discount what a man says when mid. About temper sent will do.—Smith, Gray & Co's Monthly.

Six Novels Free, will be sent by Cragin & Co., Philada., Pa., to any one in the U. S. or Canada, postage paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins' Electric Soap per box. Send list of novels on circulars around each bar.

A CORRESPONDENT desires to make it known that the compensation for fiction is a storied earn.—Washington Post.

It will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact.—The Item.

MANY of our cases are but a morbid way of looking at our privileges.

J. C. SIMPSON, Marquette, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

The error of a moment may be the sorrow of a whole life.

Do not purgify nor weaken the bowels, but act specially on the liver and bile. A perfect liver corrector. Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Never think that you make yourself great by making others less.

No Opium in Piso's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

ONLY a word yet who can tell the power for weak ones.

MAHER & GROSS.

MAHER & GROSS, whose advertisement appears in this paper, is a perfectly reliable firm, and the reader can feel sure that every representation made by them will be carried out to the letter. The Chicago Inter-Ocean says:

"In calling attention to the new advertisement of Messrs. Maher & Gross, of Toledo, O., we are not recommending a new firm to our readers, but one that is well and favorably known already. Country merchants have in conversation with us repeatedly alluded to the knives and other hardware specialties advertised by Maher & Gross, and the testimony as to the quality of the goods and the treatment received has been always most favorable."

GOOD fortune seldom comes pure and single, unattended by some trouble or unexpected circumstance.

NO SPECIFIC for local skin troubles equals Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

Our acts make or mar us; we are the children of our own deeds.

SYRUP OF FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. A reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

EVIL AIR

From bad sewerage or undrained swamps deranges the liver and undermines the system, creates blood diseases and eruptions, preceded by headache, biliousness and constipation which can most effectually be cured by the use of the genuine

DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

PRICE, 25 CENTS. Sold by all druggists, and prepared only by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburg, Pa. Get the genuine; counterfeits are made in St. Louis.

NEW COUNTRY!

The "Big" Railway opens up large tracts of land in Wisconsin and Michigan. For particulars apply to the Passenger Department of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad.

BEECHAM'S PILLS ON A WEAK STOMACH.

25 Cents a Box. OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

MOTHERS' FRIEND

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY IF USED BEFORE CONFINEMENT.

BOOK TO "MOTHERS" MAILED FREE. BRADFIELD'S REGULATORY CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PATENTS!

Invent something and make your FORTUNE! A 40-page PAMPHLET FREE. BOOK OF INSTRUCTIONS FREE. Address W. T. FITZGERALD, WASHINGTON, D. C.

AT WHOLESALE PRICES TO CONSUMERS.

The MAHER & GROSS cutlery is hand-forged from razor steel, every blade tested and warranted. We want your order for the following: Straight razor, cut-throat razor, pen-knives, pocket-knives, safety razors, and all the latest styles of cutlery. Write for free list.

MAHER & GROSS, 55 Street, Toledo, Ohio.

PISO'S CURE FOR THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE.

CONSUMPTION

"I wept when I was born and every day shows why said 'House-keeper'—who didn't use SAPOLIO."

Sapolio is a solid cake of scouring soap used for all cleaning purposes.

"Ah! Ah!" Oried the housewife, "The Secret I know, no DIRT can resist SAPOLIO."

"Oh! Oh!" Oried the DIRT, "At length I must go, I cannot withstand SAPOLIO."

BILE BEANS

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Bile Beans, Liver Complaint, take the safe and certain remedy, SMITH'S BILE BEANS.

Use the SMALL SIZE (40 little beans to the box). They are the most convenient; suit all ages. Price of either size, 25 cents per bottle.

KISSING for 17, 70: Photo-styria, 40 cents (coppers or stamps).

Makers of "Bile Beans"—St. Louis, Mo.

A Noted Divine Says:

"I have been using TOTT'S PILLS for Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach and Constipation, with which I have long been afflicted."

Tutt's Pills

ARE A SPECIAL BLESSING. I never read anything to do me so much good. I recommend them to all as the best medicine in existence."

Rev. F. H. OSGOOD, New York.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

PATENTED AUG. 16, 1887, IMPROVED JULY 30, 1889. DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT CURES RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, BRUISES, SCALDS, BURNS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE SPINAL COLUMN, LAMENESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHOEA, COLIC, CONSTIPATION, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

THIS IS THE ROLL

on which is wound The Braid that is known the world around.

"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."

THRESHERS' ENGINES SAW MILLS CLOVER HULLERS

BORE WELLS! MAKE MONEY!

DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

NEW COUNTRY!

BEECHAM'S PILLS ON A WEAK STOMACH.

MOTHERS' FRIEND