



# THE APPEAL

A National Afro-American Newspaper

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AMERICA VS. INDIA. Dr. George A. Dorsey, who is traveling in India, writes: "America says all India is full of holy men, stammering gospels in strange tongues, shaken and consumed in the fires of their own zeal, dreamers, babblers, visionaries."

And India replies: "The west is chaos; mountebanks and methodists, criminals, gamblers and graduates, populists and poets; whites, blacks and red skins—Christians, Unitarians and atheists; shams and delusions; reckless of life, impatient, restless, worried, mad, and everybody talking through his hat and nose."

A COUNTRY WITHOUT COLOR LINE. According to the Brazilian Year Book for 1910, the territory of Brazil is vaster than any other country except China, the United States and Canada.

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VILE CAUCASIANS. Two men and a woman, all members of the "superior" race of Washington, D. C. were recently sentenced to short terms in the penitentiary for attempting to extort \$5,000, by means of the "badger game," from a rich brewer, who had been lured to the woman's apartments, and had been photographed while with her.

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Civilization didn't come from the East, he says, backing up what Prof. Sergi of the University of Rome and his followers have declared from time to time. "We found out things for ourselves and Africa supplied the rest of our knowledge."

And once more, we advise all white negroes in Louisiana, or anywhere else in the South to change their residence and leave their pedigree behind. There is such a case now in Baltimore, where the doctors can't tell whether a girl is white or black. Let them have an X-ray process goes on, the conundrum will cease to concern them, when is a Caucasian not a Caucasian?

When is a Caucasian Not a Caucasian? (From the New York Independent.) This is a conundrum which is no joke. It is a very serious matter with many of the first Creole families of Louisiana. To us outside, it looks on it as absurdly amusing, as the antics of those who make fools of themselves always are, no matter how serious to the participants.

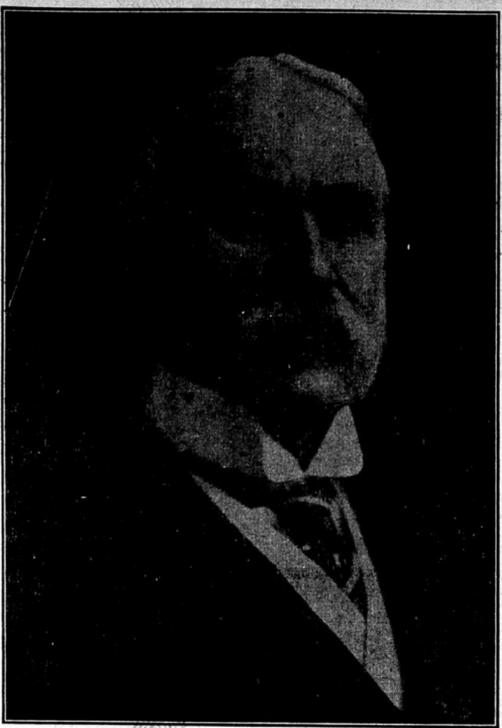
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SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY MACVEAGH. Who Urged Civic Beauty for Washington in Address Before American Federation of Arts.

The artistic development of Washington was strongly advocated by Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, in an address made before the opening session of the second annual convention of the American Federation of Arts in Washington.

Congress, said Secretary MacVeagh, is a good friend of the National Capital and interested in its improvement. He suggested that the highest endeavor of art advocates interested in Washington should be along the line of educating Congress as to the most artistic methods.

What the United States Treasury has done for art in America was referred to by Mr. MacVeagh. He said that the share of the Treasury in the art development of the nation in its designs for customs houses, federal courts, post offices and other public buildings is a permanent labor, and a tremendous influence. He promised his aid in the interest of the highest type of architecture for public structures as long as he has a voice in their construction. He urged that the members of the convention work in Congress to get the money for creditable public buildings. He believed their influence could be made powerful.

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"The Afro-American is always bettered by living among white people, and neither he nor the white man is bettered by the establishment of Negro colonies. The best interests of the Afro-American are advanced by the constant example of the white people's thrift and manner of living, and not by the example of other Negroes in large colonies."

"It is not a special mark of distinction that my neighbors, all white, have made me an officer of their village. But I would be less than human if I did not appreciate their kindness. I am glad, however, if the establishing of my little home shows in any way what a colored man may do."

"I came to the country to live because I wanted to remove my children from the unfavorable conditions of crowded tenement life and the vicious idlers of my race."

"I came here with the idea of not being a discord in the social and political life of the new community, intending to be a good neighbor, doing all that a good citizen should do to advance the best interests of the community, supporting always the best man for office, regardless of politics. That they have elected me to office is perhaps due to the fact that others have been too busy to do the work. That I accepted was because I desired to be of service to my neighbors and repay them for the courtesies they have shown me. The improvement association is composed of practically the whole body of taxpayers."

The short sighted Afro-American, who insist upon segregating themselves could do a great deal by getting a little information about the success of Mr. Stratton. THE APPEAL has always contended that the best way to settle the so-called race problem is for one or two Afro-American families to settle in white communities. The benefits of a Negro colony are outweighed by its many disadvantages.

Gov. Cruce of Oklahoma boasts of the fact that he married an Indian woman. That is all right according to his code, but his state has many "jim crow" laws which not only forbid the marriage of whites and Afro-Americans but ordain that the Afro-Americans shall be denied ordinary civil rights. It would be better if the Governor could boast that his state was a firm believer in the brotherhood of man and the Golden Rule and put its precepts into practice.

Dr. W. Ward Platt, of Philadelphia, is very anxious to convert the Asiatic people living on the Pacific coast to Christianity. Judging by newspaper reports, it would seem that the Caucasians themselves need to be converted to true Christianity. The Asiatics are behaving themselves, making money, educating their children and conducting themselves with more propriety than the white heathen, who endeavor to oppress them.

Prof. Jacques Faetlovich has come to America with the special object of interesting Jews here in providing educational facilities. The falashes are the "Black Jews of Abyssinia," an interesting people who for more than two thousand years have practiced modified Jewish rites and ceremonies, basing their methods of worship and celebration on those in vogue in the time of the Kings of Israel.

The so-called governments in the Southern states, can not last. They are founded on injustice, prejudice and hate. If the Afro-American is worthy of his civil rights he will contend for them and no power on earth can stay his progress.

It seems that the recent spectacular lynching of an Afro-American in the opera house at Livermore, Ky., was too much for bloody Kentucky. Eighteen citizens have been indicted, and three of the indictments charge murder.

The object of the congress is "to discuss in the light of modern knowledge and modern conscience the general relations subsisting between the peoples of the West and those of the East, between the so-called white and the so-called colored peoples, with a view to encouraging between them a fuller understanding, the most friendly feelings, and a heartier co-operation."

The congress will be truly an assemblage of all the races of the world, and it is noteworthy that each race is represented by a paper from a distinguished member of the people concerned. The honorary general secretary is Gustav Spiller, 63 South Hull Park northwest.

Tuskegee Commencement. Tuskegee, Alabama, May 1. The annual commencement exercises of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute will begin on Sunday, May 21st, with the delivery of the commencement sermon, by Bishop John C. Kilgo, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. These exercises

promise to eclipse, in point of attendance and interest, that of any previous commencement at the institution.

The seventeenth anniversary exercises of the Phelps Hall Bible Training School will be held Monday, May 22nd, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in the Institute Chapel.

One of the most interesting events of commencement week is that of the Trinity Church Boston Prize Contest, which takes place on Tuesday, May 23rd, in the Institute Chapel at 7:30 p. m.

The special commencement day exercises on Thursday, May 25th, will begin at 10:30 a. m., after drill by the entire battalion, and a second session in the afternoon at 2:00 p. m.; concluding with the delivery of the annual commencement address by Judge Robert H. Terrell, of the Municipal Court of the District of Columbia.

Among the graduates on the program will be Julius Freeman, of Wilson, N. C., and Aclie Jones, of Thomasville, Ga., the valedictorian and salutatorian, who will speak on industrial, as well as on academic, subjects.

There will also be a panoramic display of the trades, illustrating the work as actually carried on in the different shops and divisions of the school.

The various divisions of the school will be in operation during the week and on May twenty-fifth. Visitors and friends of the institution will have ample opportunity to inspect the work of the students.

Special arrangements have been made for the accommodation of all visitors, and probably a great many people will take advantage of this opportunity to visit the institution.

Open, round trip, reduced railroad rates can be secured to reach Tuskegee during commencement. For the convenience of visitors attending this occasion, a special train will be operated from Montgomery to Tuskegee and return, and also from Opelika and intermediate points to Tuskegee, on May 25th.

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Virginia Normal Collegiate Institute, PETERSBURG, VA. Departments—Normal and Collegiate; Special attention to Vocal and Instrumental Music, Theoretical Agriculture, Sewing and Cooking. Healthy Location, heated by steam. Highest standard of instruction. Board, tuition, light and heat, \$50. For catalog and particulars write to President Virginia Normal College, Petersburg, Va.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE. REV. W. P. THIRKIELD, LL. D., 1867 1908 Robert Reburn, M. D., Dean W. C. McNeill, M. D., Secretary

THE Forty-first Annual Session will begin October 1, 1908, and continue eight months. FOUR YEARS' GRADED COURSE IN MEDICINE. THREE YEARS' GRADED COURSE IN DENTAL SURGERY. OPTIONAL FIVE YEAR COURSE IN PHARMACY. FULL COURSE OF STUDY COMPLETED. The New Freedmen's Hospital, which adjoins the Medical College, just completed at a cost of \$500,000, offers unexcelled clinical facilities. The Third Session of the Post-Graduate School and Polyclinic will begin May 1, 1909, and continue six weeks for Medical Course and four weeks for Dental Course. For further information, write to W. C. McNeill, M. D., Secretary 639 Florida Avenue, Washington, D. C.

TUSKEGEE Normal and Industrial Institute, TUSKEGEE ALABAMA. (INCORPORATED) Organized July 4, 1881, by the State Legislature as The Tuskegee State Normal School. Exempt from taxation. BOOKER T. WASHINGTON, Principal. WARREN LOGAN, Treasurer.

LOCATION In the Black Belt of Alabama where the blacks outnumber the whites three to one. ENROLLMENT AND FACULTY Enrollment last year 1,253; males, 882; females, 371. Average attendance, 1,050. Instructors, 28.

COURSE OF STUDY English education combined with industrial training; 28 industries in constant operation. VALUE OF PROPERTY Property consisting of 227 acres of land. Buildings almost wholly built with student labor, is valued at \$350,000, and no mortgage.

NEEDS \$50 annually for the education of each student; (\$200 enables one to finish the course); \$2,000 creates permanent scholarship. Students pay their own board in cash and labor. Money in any amount for current expenses and building.

Besides the work done by graduates as class room and industrial leaders, thousands are reached through the Tuskegee Negro Conference.

Tuskegee is 40 miles east of Montgomery and 50 miles west of Atlanta on the Western Railway of Alabama.

Tuskegee is a quiet, beautiful old town. It is an ideal place for study. It is at all times mild and agreeable. It is the place for an excellent year or two.

TILLOTSON COLLEGE AUSTIN, TEXAS. The Oldest and Best School in Texas for Colored Students. Faculty mostly graduates of well known colleges in the north. Reputation unsurpassed. Manual training a part of the regular course. Music a special feature of the school. Special advantages for earnest students.

EVERY COLLEGE TRADES SCHOOL ALLIQUENNY, PA. A Practical, Literary and Industrial Trades School for Afro-American Boys and Girls. Unusual advantages for Girls and a separate building. Address: Joseph D. Mahoney, Principal, Allegheny, Pa.

New England CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC BOSTON, MASS. All the advantages of the finest and most completely equipped conservatory, including the world's largest and most complete collection of Art and Science and association with the masters in the Profession are offered students at the New England Conservatory of Music. Through work in all departments of music. Courses can be arranged in Elocution and Oratory. GEORGE W. CHADWICK, Musical Director. All particulars and year book will be sent on application.

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SCOTIA SEMINARY CONCORD, N. C. This well known school, established for the higher education of girls will open for the next term October 1. Every effort will be made to provide for the comfort, health and thorough instruction of students. Expenses for board, light fuel, washing, \$45. for term of eight months. Address: Rev. D. J. Satterfield, D. D., Concord, N. C.

SAMUEL HUSTON COLLEGE. A CHRISTIAN SCHOOL. Able and experienced Faculty. Progress in all departments best Methods of instruction. Health of Students carefully looked after. Students taught to do manual labor as well as think. For catalog and other information, write to the President, H. S. Lovingsgood, Austin, Texas.

SHARROD'S Pneumatic Soles \$5.00 SHOE THE IDEAL COMFORT SHOE

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