

"THAT CHALLENGE.—He, (Mr. Dickinson) is at all times, after the adjournment of his Court in Fulton, ready to make arrangements for a discussion; and he desires that the fact should be borne in mind by each and all of the backers of the Standard, and all its masked Editors."

"The END OF SUBMISSIONISM.—The 'sliding scale' of submissionism—the tendency of making arguments which now are urged in favor of making a point of resistance at the next step of aggression, and then the next step and so on, indefinitely—and the opinions of many who now deprecate resistance, are all illustrated by the following article from the Montgomery Advertiser, which we publish without note or comment:

SERIOUS DEVELOPMENTS.—We noticed some days ago a statement made by the West Alabamian, (Pickens county,) that Sam'l T. Porter, editor of the Pickens Republican, a Fillmore submission sheet, had 'openly asserted that he would not advocate a dissolution of the Union, if Congress were ever to abolish slavery in the States.' To this the Republican replies that the West Alabamian was incorrect in his version of what he, the Republican man—had said. To this the West Alabamian of the 9th ult. gives the proof of his charge by the following certificate—the signers being from both the political parties:

"The undersigned distinctly state that about three weeks ago they heard Mr. Samuel T. Porter, editor of the Pickens Republican, assert on the piazza of Mustin's Hotel, that he would not be in favor of a dissolution of the Union, if Congress were ever to abolish slavery in the States."

As we stated before, the Pickens editor is not alone in his opinions. There are editors, we believe, not very far from this city, who would oppose dissolution, even if slavery were abolished in the States.

A gentleman in our office yesterday offered to make a bet that William H. Seward would be the next President of the United States. It is proper to premise that the offer was made by one of our most substantial citizens, and a strong Union Whig. We confess, that, coming from such a source, and uttered in a peculiar emphatic manner, the proposition somewhat startled us.

Our friend backed up his prediction, by asserting that Seward could carry to-day, in a Presidential contest, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Vermont, Ohio and possibly New Hampshire; and these States, he thinks, are enough to throw the election in the House, and when come to that, he believes that the friends of Mr. Seward, either by fair means or foul would manage to carry the day.

We fancy that we can see a smile of incredulity playing upon the countenances of our Silver Gray friends as they contemplate the above paragraph. But it is a wise maxim in war, never to underestimate the strength of your enemy. Seward is ten times the fox and twenty times the politician, that ever Van Buren was, and has a better chance for the Presidency now than the "Embarbuck Magician" had two years before his election.

It is not only a cunning politician, who knows how and when to throw out sweet morsels of promise to each the favor of the people; but he possesses a Cardinal Richelieu in Thurlow Weed, and a powerful ally in Cardinal Hughes, to aid him in any Jesuitical plot necessary to the accomplishment of his ambitious schemes. The Press, also, or the State of New York, so far at least as "the rural districts" are concerned, is already subordinated to his purpose, and closely affiliated to the "central organ" at Albany.

In New England, the Boston Atlas, for many years the leading journal of the Whig party has gone over to the "woolly heads" horse-foot and tumbler after it. The Burlington Free Press, and the Vermont Watchman, are intensively "woolly," and are said to be in the pay of the Sewardites.

The Portland Advertiser is assuming the same complexion; and there is scarcely a standard bearer left among the old whig editors of New England, who fights under the broad banner of Union, upon the broad platform of the Constitution.

The New Bedford Mercury, a paper of some importance in the Old Colony, the organ of the Grinnels and other millionaires of Bristol county, comes out violently against the Fugitive Slave Law, and in view of the coming contest, holds the following language:

"The Whigs of this State will never be brought to advocate or defend, or tolerate the Fugitive Slave Law, or will they ever aid in procuring the re-nomination of the President who has been the champion of the law. Whoever else may be the choice of the North for the Whig Presidential candidate, it will not be Millard Fillmore, nor his Secretary of State."

These indications should not be unheeded by the sentinels on the watch-towers of the Republic. It is time to sound the alarm to the sleepers within the citadel. Our enemies are already in the field; and the next cry will be:—The Philistines are upon us."

The Van Buren wing of the Democratic party stands ready to go over to the Sewardites for a "consideration"; say an Attorney Generalship for Butler, and a mission to St. James for Prince John; while the Bentonians of the South-west are marching up a motley regiment to join the invading hosts of the North. Friends of the Union! look to your armor! The battle of Waterloo is yet to be fought.

Somebody, having been much troubled to learn the keys of the Piano Forte, proposed the following lines as alleviation of the labor:

How to learn the Piano keys in a quarter of an hour. All the G's and A keys Are between the black three's; And 'tween the two's are all the D's, Then on the right side of the three's Will be found the B's and C's; But on the left side of the three's Are all the F's and all the G's.

We learn by a friend, that Alexander Graham, Esq., of Marion, Ala., died at his residence a few days since. We record this event with deep regret. Mr. Graham has been for many years a resident of Marion, and in the discharge of his various duties has proved himself a gentleman and a Christian. He was a man of rare intellectual gifts, which were cultivated in a high degree. As a scholar, a writer and a speaker, he has left behind him in the State few equals and less superiors. At the time of his death he was Principal of the "Marion Female Seminary," and his loss to that institution will be very difficult to supply. Within the circle of his acquaintances, and that was large, he was universally loved, and will be universally mourned.—Mobile Advertiser.

From the Washington Union. THE THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS. A friend has been kind enough to furnish us with the following list of members thus far elected to the next Congress, and their political complexion. It will be seen that the political status of each individual is given only with reference to the old party lines, without regard to the political views entertained on the slavery question. A list specifying the abolitionists and free-soilers would be desirable; but as it is manifestly impossible for us to prepare such a list at the present time, and as any attempt to do so, would necessarily end in injustice to some, we have simply given the party complexion of the members thus far chosen, without attempting to say who were abolition or free-soil democrats, or abolition or free-soil whigs. Some of those whom we have classed among the democrats entertain anti-slavery sentiments which override their democracy, and very many whom we have classed among the whigs are in a similar category.

Elections for the next Congress have been held in the following States, viz:—Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Wisconsin.

Elections are yet to be held in the following States, viz:—Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. [Connecticut voted on Monday last, since these tables were made out.]

SENATE. Wm. R. King, President of the Senate. ASBURY DICKISS Secretary.

Table with columns for State, Name, and Term Expires. Lists Senators for Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia.

Table with columns for State, Name, and Term Expires. Lists Senators for Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. DELAWARE. 1 George R. Biddle.

Table with columns for State, Name, and Term Expires. Lists Representatives for Florida, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

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RECAPITULATION. States. Democrats. Whigs. Delaware, 1, 1. Florida, 6, 1. Illinois, 2, 2. Iowa, 5, 1. Maine, 1, 5. Massachusetts, 1, 3. Michigan, 4, 2. Missouri, 1, 3. New Hampshire, 2, 2. New Jersey, 17, 17. New York, 12, 9. Ohio, 15, 9. Pennsylvania, 1, 1. Rhode Island, 7, 1. South Carolina, 1, 3. Vermont, 3, 58. Wisconsin, 79, 58.

There is a vacancy of five in Massachusetts.

Begin Right. BY AN OLD CORRESPONDENT.

The following if not new, is at least true—and is worthy of attention, at this particular time, when so many 'of 'em' are rushing incontinently into the holy lands of matrimony, to be lost 'to us' forever.

This little fable (said my uncle) may perhaps be of service to some poor devil, 'more willing than wise.'

A certain man once married a lady, whose reputation for amiability of disposition was seriously questioned, if it was not in reality seriously questioned. At the wedding, every thing went off merrily, as a matter of course; the party gay, the supper magnificent—the whole affair had been eminently successful, and all parties extremely delighted.

On retiring to his apartments, the gentleman found himself annoyed by the mewing and purring of a cat.

"What in the devil's name is that?" he exclaimed. "Oh! nothing my dear," replied the bride, "but my favorite cat, Pussita."

"Oh, do—Pussita! I hate cats!" and with this he most unceremoniously threw Pussita out of the second story window.

"Well, if you haven't got a temper!" "Yes! my dear, you'd better believe it."

"Every thing," continued my uncle, "went on well in that establishment—even to a warm dinner on Sunday."

Now it so happened that a friend of the above-mentioned gentleman, who had some months before 'committed the error' of marrying 'an angel,' took occasion to enquire of him—

"How it was, that with him everything 'went merry as the marriage bell,' while, on the contrary he (his friend) had almost given up the idea of wearing pantaloons at all."

Whereupon he related to him the story of Pussita and the second story window, "without," said my Uncle, "fully impressing upon his mind the important moral—that it was necessary to be in his eye, when he started for home, 'that told of treason.'"

"Well!" said his wife, "you've come home at last, then you have—after keeping me sitting up for you—and what's the matter with the man—you haven't been drinking have you? you look very strange."

"Not in the least, my dear—but I hate cats, lovey."

"You do—do you—well, I like 'em—that's all the difference."

Whereupon the unfortunate husband made a dash at poor old Tabby, who was quietly snoozing on the sofa, and rushed impetuously to the window.

"You have been drinking. What are you going to do monster?" "Throw her out of the window!"

"You'd better try it—I'd like to see you do it—I'd break every bone in your body—why don't you throw her out—I dare you to do it."

He put the cat softly down on the sofa, hung his hat on a peg in the entry, his manliness and his pantaloons on an easy chair, and exclaimed, "Go in, dunkey darling, and win—I didn't begin right."

"I rather think you didn't—you'd better take a fresh start—but don't try that game again, or you'll be sure to catch it; come to bed,"—and he went.

"Wrong from the beginning!" said my Uncle. [Y. Y. Spirit of the Times.]

Fair Springs, Miss. April 5, 1851. MESSAGES. Editors: In accordance with a previous appointment, a large number of the citizens of Winston County, convened at Winstonville. The house was called to order, by Thomas Holmes, being called to the chair, Capt. W. G. Hudson, Secretary, Dr. James Smyth, then stated the object of the meeting in a very comprehensive and lucid manner, characterizing the true citizen of the South. On motion of Willis Kelly, J. C. Bates M. D. was requested to address the assembly. Dr. Bates in compliance with the motion, arose and addressed the meeting in a manner, energetic, patriotic, and in an eloquent and a southern like manner, after which the following Constitution with preamble and Resolutions were adopted.

CONSTITUTION. The object of the association is the protection of Southern rights.

Every citizen of the county who believes that serious aggressions have been committed by the Federal Government and by the mother States upon the rights of the Southern States, may become a member by signing his name to these articles.

The officers of the association shall be a President two Vice Presidents, Secretary, Corresponding Secretary, Treasurer, and an Executive Committee of five members, all of whom shall, after the first election be chosen by a plurality of votes of the members present, on the first Monday of January, annually, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and shall perform the duties incumbent on their respective stations, and such other duties as they may be charged with, by resolutions of the association.

The minutes and papers of the association shall be carefully kept and filed by the Secretaries.

The funds of the association, raised by voluntary contribution, shall be kept and accounted for by the Treasurer, and disbursed under the authority of the Executive committee.

The corresponding Secretary shall forward to the central association at Jackson a list of the officers and names of all the members with their respective Post Offices, and monthly report, new admissions and resignations.

The association will hold regular meetings, on the first Saturday in every month at which some person will be appointed by the presiding officer, to deliver an address. Which was signed by Fifty-four members.

Whereas, the Congress of the United States, controlled as it was by a dominant majority, at the first session of the thirty first Congress, regardless of the constitutional rights of the Slaveholding States, and reflecting the will of a Section, whose population is hostile in feelings and opposed in principle to a long established and cherished institution of the states of the north affording an alarming evidence of the settled purpose on the part of said majority to destroy said institution and subvert the sovereign power of this and all other slaveholding States: Therefore be it—

1. Resolved, That the territories acquired by the States collectively, belong to the people of the several States, as common property.

2. Resolved, That the people of the several States, have an equal and unbridged right to migrate to those territories with every species of property recognized by the constitution of the United States.

3. Resolved, That protection, by the General Government, is due to all the property, of all the citizens of all the States, equally and alike, in said territories, and no degrading discrimination in the degree or quality of the protection afforded, should be silently tolerated.

4. Resolved, That in consideration of the repeated violations of the compromise, by the North, we regard it as the duty of the southern people to patronize the labor and industry of our own people, to maintain our own Teachers, Schools, Colleges, Churches, and other institutions.

5. Resolved, That we never support, for any office of trust, profit or honor, any man who has not taken a decided stand against those odious bills recently enacted by congress, viz: the bill for the admission of California as a State with a clause in her constitution prohibiting Slavery: The Texas dismemberment bill, and a bill to abolish the slave trade in the District of Columbia, which, if acquiesced in by the South, not only surrenders our rights guaranteed by the constitution, but paves the way for further outrages and oppressions.

6. Resolved, That we recommend to the people of Mississippi to suspend their old party issues and divisions, and unite until redress and security shall be obtained, and to know no party but the great southern party.

7. Resolved, That as southerners, we are proud of our ancestry, that we love the Union of '89, of which at present, there remains, but the shadow without the substance.

8. Resolved, That the young men of the South, in connexion with the more advanced, are earnestly requested by this association to come boldly forth and array themselves under the banner of justice and the constitution.

9. Resolved, That compromises and remonstrances, having failed to check the onward march of fanaticism, our only safety now seems to be in State action. In support of which we pledge our united and utmost endeavours.

The following was submitted by Dr. James Smyth. Resolved, That the unanimous thanks of the association be tendered Dr. Bates for a pungent, forcible and patriotic address delivered on the present occasion. The Meeting adjourned next.

THOS. HOLMES, Sen. Cl'm. W. G. HUDSON, Sec'y.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. We are authorized to announce John I. Guion as a candidate for the office of Chancellor of this State. Election in November.

We are authorized to announce Wm. H. H. Patterson as a candidate for Sheriff of Lowndes county. Election in November next. Printer's fee paid.

Office of the Secretary of State, JACKSON, April 12th, 1851. THE attention of the qualified voters of the State of Mississippi, is hereby called to the following Acts passed at the last regular session of the Legislature thereof. JO. BELL, Sec. of State.

AN ACT proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Mississippi.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, (two-thirds of each branch concurring) That the sixteenth section of the fourth article of the Constitution of the State of Mississippi, be stricken out and abrogated, and in lieu thereof, the following article shall be inserted:

"Section 16. In proceedings in said Circuit Court, there shall be no distinction between legal and equitable remedies, and an uniform course of procedure shall, in all cases, be established."

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, at least six months preceding the general election, to give notice by advertisement, in three or more newspapers printed in this State, of this act and the amendment proposed by it, to the existing Constitution of the State, and at said election, the qualified voters of the State, voting for members of the Legislature, shall also vote for or against said amendment, in manner following: The managers, or some one of them, at each and every election precinct, shall ask each voter whether he is for or against said proposed amendment, and shall explain the same to him, and shall cause the votes so given, to be recorded in a separate book, to be kept for that purpose, under the heads of Chancery Amendments, and Chancery no Amendments; and the Sheriff of each county is hereby required to furnish the managers of each precinct in the county with a copy of this act.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the Sheriffs of the several counties shall make returns of the votes taken for or against said amendment, and also, of the whole number of votes given for members of the Legislature, in their respective counties, to the Secretary of State in the same manner, and under the same rules and regulations as are prescribed by law in relation to members of Congress; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, to lay all the returns so made before the next succeeding Legislature; and if it shall appear that a majority of the qualified electors voting for members of the Legislature, shall have voted for said amendment, the alteration contained in the first section of the act shall be inserted by said Legislature in lieu of the section abrogated, as a part of the Constitution of this State.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That the Auditor of Public Accounts shall issue a warrant on the Treasury, in favor of any printer or publisher of a newspaper, employed in pursuance of the second section of this act, on the certificate of the Secretary of State, that the account of such printer or publisher is correct.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its passage. Approved, March 29th, 1851.

A RESOLUTION to amend the Constitution of the State of Mississippi. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the following article be added to the Constitution as an amendment thereto:

SECTION 1. The Legislature at regular session thereof, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, shall pass a law fixing the time of holding the election for Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Members of the Legislature, and Representatives in Congress, which law shall provide that said election shall not be held at the time when the other public officers are elected.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of State shall give public notice of the foregoing amendment, at least six months previous to the next general election, according to the provisions of the Constitution.

Sec. 3. That it shall be the duty of the several officers holding the next general election, to ask the qualified voters, as they present their tickets, whether they are for or against the amendment, and the several clerks shall make record thereof, as the answer may be, and the same shall be returned by the Secretary of State, in time and manner now prescribed by law. Approved March 9, 1850. Jackson, Miss. April 22, 1851—14-27.

ESTATES—Lowndes County, Mississippi. TAKEN up by G. Hairston, one dark brown male, 15 years old, right eye out. Appraised to \$500.

TAKEN up by R. J. Fedrick, roan Horse, 10 years old. Appraised to \$85.

TAKEN up by Samuel Person, one small roan Horse 3 feet high, white spots made by the collar. Appraised to \$30.

The State of Mississippi, Lowndes County. (Circuit Court, March 26, 1851.) BILL FOR DIVORCE.

CARTER ROANE vs. THIS day came the Complainant [8483] vs. [8483] appearing by his Solicitor, and it was ordered that the said Defendant is a non-resident of this State. It is ordered by the Court that the cause be set down for hearing on the facts charged in the Bill, at the next term of this Court, to be held on the third Monday of September, 1851; and it is further ordered that a copy of said order, be published for three months, weekly, in the Southern Standard, a newspaper published in the town of Columbus, said State.

A true copy from the Minutes. A. E. LOVE, Clerk. Wm. P. & Jno. F. Jno. Solicitors for Complainant. April 19, 1851. 12:14

The State of Mississippi, Lowndes County. (Circuit Court, March 26, 1851.) BILL FOR DIVORCE. JOHN SITTON vs. THIS day came the Plaintiff, by [8470] vs. [8470] his Solicitor, and it appearing DELILAH SITTON, to the satisfaction of the Court that the said Defendant is a non-resident of this State. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the said petition be set for hearing at the next term of this Court to be held on the third Monday of September, 1851, on the facts therein charged, and that this order be published once a week for the space of three months in the Southern Standard, a public newspaper published in this State. A true copy from the Minutes.

A. E. LOVE, Clerk. Harrison & Matthews Sol. for Complainant. April 19, 1851. 12:14

PROSPECTUS OF an original volume of Letters and Miscellanies in Prose, Rhyme and blank Verse: by a lady of the South. Said Letters and Miscellanies contain from three to four hundred pages octavo; and barring accidents in transportation to be delivered by the 1st of January, 1852.

Bound "plain and neat" one dollar per copy. (Price 25 cts. in advance.) Fine, one dollar and twenty-five cents. Extra fine, one dollar and fifty-cents. Apply at the Union Hall, Jackson, Mississippi. N. B.—The author being entirely dependent on her own exertions, incapacitated for her former avocation, and wanting alike the culinary arts, the management of a household, and the usual ability to travel in quest of subscribers; hereby offers a copy of LETTERS and MISCELLANIES "extra fine," to any person who shall forward (free of cost the names or equivalents of twenty-five subscribers, to Mrs. Louise Elenjow, Canton, Miss., between this and the first of May next; and the same to be given notice and Prospectus, a conspicuous insertion.

MASONIC—COLUMBUS LODGE No. 5. Meets at Columbus every Saturday night at 7 o'clock. Meets at Columbus every Monday night at 7 o'clock. Meets at Columbus every Friday night at 7 o'clock. Meets at Barton every Thursday night at 7 o'clock. Meets at Columbus every first and third Tuesdays of each month.

MASONIC—COLUMBUS LODGE No. 5. Meets at Columbus on the first Friday of each month at 7 o'clock, P. M. Meets at Crawfordsville, on the fourth Tuesday of each month at 7 o'clock P. M. COLUMBUS CHAPTER No. 4.—Meets on the first Monday after the first Friday of each month at 7 o'clock P. M. S. of T.—COLUMBUS DIVISION, No. 9. S. of T. The stated meetings of this Division, are held at Temperance Hall at Columbus every Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock.

A Teacher Wanted. A GENTLEMAN that is well qualified to teach the English and Latin languages, and one that can give good instruction in the French language, apply to D. A. Outlaw, Choctaw Agency, Mississippi. March 29, 1851. 9:41

New Dry Goods Store. WM. B. WEAVER, JES. S. MULLIN, ISAAC WILLIAMS. WEAVER, MULLIN & CO. (No. 25, St. Francis Street.) Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Fancy Dry Goods, MOBILE, ALABAMA. February 15, 1851. 3:41

HARRISON & MATTHEWS, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI. WILL practice law in the several counties comprising the sixth Judicial District, and the High Court of Errors and Appeals at Jackson. Columbus, Jan. 29, 1851. 1:3

GEORGE G. MOORE, Auction and Commission Merchant. (Corner of Main and Military Streets, near the Court-House.) COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI. Refer to Messrs. COZART & BILLING, P. C. Eggleston, O. H. Millican, A. H. Jordan, Columbus, Col. Geo. H. Young, W. L. C. Gardine, Waverly. January 29, 1851. 1:3

The State of Mississippi, Lowndes County. BY virtue of a Trust Deed executed to William Ezell, on 1st August, A. D. 1845, by Walter Troup, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein specified, and by virtue of an order of the District Chancery Court, held at Columbus, appointing me as trustee, I will expose for sale, at public auction, for cash, on the 10th day of May, 1851, at the Court-house of the County of Lowndes, in the town of Columbus, the following negroes to-wit:

Jesse, Edmond, Lucy, Clara, Phillis, Sarah, Margaret, Jane, Letitia, Jesse, Henry, Lewis, Billy, Gilford, Pettis, William, Nathan, Ben, Milley, George, &c. &c. Also, the South-east quarter of Section 8, with the exception of sixty-one acres of said quarter, lying on the North-east side of Cockrell & Lawrence's branch. The East 1/4 of South-west 1/4 of Section 8; and North-east 1/4 of Section 17, except 40 acres of the east end of said 1/4, and the North 1/4 of Section 15; All in Township 18, Range 16, East.

Such title as is invested in me by said Trust Deed and by the order of said District Court, will be conveyed and no other. Sale within the hours prescribed by law. W. H. D. CARRINGTON, Trustee. Columbus, March 25th, 1851. 9:21

The State of Mississippi. DISTRICT CHANCERY COURT OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, HELD AT COLUMBUS, AT RULES. ELLIAN BARTLEY, Complainant, vs. GEORGE H. FOSTER, et al, Def'ts. UPON opening of the Bill contained in this Bill contained, JOHN R. HAMPTON, et al, Def'ts, on the 22d. February, 1851, and it appearing by affidavit filed, to the satisfaction of the Court that the above named defendant, John R. Hampton, is a non-resident of the State of Mississippi, and resides beyond the limits thereof, so that the ordinary process of this Court cannot be executed upon him; it is therefore ordered, that unless the said defendant appear here before the Vice Chancellor on or before the first day of the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in the town of Columbus, on the first Monday of May next ensuing, and plead answer or demurrer to the several allegations in complainant's bill of complaint contained, the same may be taken as confessed as to said defendant, and the matters therein decreed accordingly. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in the "Southern Standard," a newspaper published in the town of Columbus, weekly for one month. A true copy from the minutes.

W. W. LESTER, CLERK. MURRAY & DANNEY, Compt's Solicitors. March 8, 1851. 6:31 Pringer's fee \$11.50.

BLAIR'S DRUG STORE. JUST received at this well known establishment a fresh supply of pure and genuine Medicines, which will be sold on as favorable terms as at any house in the South. Physicians, Planters and others, are requested to call and examine the stock, which has been selected with great care for this market. We think you will find equal (if not superior), as regards quality and variety, to any in the State; and making their purchase altogether from Importing Houses, they are enabled to sell on as good terms, as any Drug House in the South or West.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED. Dr. James W. Hopkins will attend to the prescription department—a guarantee that all will be right in that delicate and important part of the business. DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND CHEMICALS. PUTTY AND BRUSHES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS, DYE-STUFFS, AND GLASS-WARE, PERFUMERY, FINE SADDLERY, AND SUPERIOR WRITING-KNIVES. A superior article of SPERM OIL, LARD OIL, &c., always on hand.

LANDRETH'S FRESH GARDEN SEEDS—CROP 1850. PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS. Pure Old Brandy, Whisky, Holland Gin and Old Jamaica Rum—Pure Scotch Whisky—for Medical purposes—and a superior article of TEA, both Green and Black.

SUPERIOR CHEWING TOBACCO AND CIGARS. Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to the House, he hopes by strict attention and a disposition to accommodate at low prices, to merit the patronage