

We are indebted to Hon. H. C. Myers, Secretary of State, for the tabular statement of the vote for State Officers, which will be found in this issue.

To Our Senators and Representatives.

We would respectfully suggest to the Senators and Representatives from Mississippi whose constituents have been prosecuted for alleged violation of the federal election laws, the introduction of a bill as soon as Congress meets, with a title something like the following: "An act to be entitled an act to prohibit criminal prosecutions before the Courts of the United States, and to require that persons charged with offending against the laws of the United States shall be prosecuted only by presentment or bill of indictment by a grand jury."

The Port Gibson Reville suggests to the bar of Calhoun to hold a meeting and start the Tucker fund.

COL. HOOKER is a volunteer counsel for the Adams county citizens who are prosecuted on the charge of violating the election laws.

WANTED—A list of the sixty-five Democratic members of Congress who voted against the arrangements of pensions bill, an enormous swindle involving \$100,000,000, in order that we may publish them to the world, and say well done good and faithful servants.

PARTIES of Northern wealthy manufacturers are visiting the Atlanta Exposition to investigate the cotton question. The result of all these visits of Northern manufacturers will doubtless be in the near future a hegin southward of capital and brains.

THE National Grange is in session at Washington. President Woodard in his annual report, says that the Grange is in a most prosperous condition throughout the country, and is constantly increasing its influence. And he says that the Grange is doing good for them. At their best silver was demonized. The pressure of public opinion compelled its partial renunciation, but the law has not been strong enough to force the treasury department to carry it into execution when it comes to paying the principal and interest of the public debt, although the dollar for the coinage of which the silver bill provides is precisely the dollar specified in the contract between the government (the people), and the bondholder.

Another form of monopoly is the so-called "Protective Tariff," the system of levying duties ostensibly to defray the expenses of the government, but notoriously to build up monopolies by increasing the cost of every article of necessity to the consumer for the enrichment of the manufacturer. The Democratic doctrine is for a "Tariff for revenue only," the levying of taxes in the shape of duties upon imports for public, and not for private use; for carrying on the government, and enabling it to perform its legitimate functions, and not to build up private fortunes at public expense. In government where the voice of the people is suppressed by the bayonet, and they are controlled by privileged orders and hereditary rulers, a remedy for these abuses is wrought out in fire and blood; but under governments of the people, the remedy is peaceful and of easy application. It comes by the ballot, which falls—

Like swiftness on the wind, As lightning does the will of God.

The Democratic platform on the Supervision of Corporations is no impracticable abstraction as some persons would have the public believe. Let the servants of the people undertake to evade the pledge it contains, and they will hear something drop. The right of the Legislature to supervise corporations has been affirmed by the Supreme Court, and can not be questioned by anybody. But it is not proposed even by that intelligent and patriotic class of people known as Grangers that Railroads shall be required to accept unremunerative rates; much less to confiscate Railroad property. What the people will expect from the incoming Legislature is such wise and just laws as have protected the public from discrimination and overcharges in Georgia, Missouri, Alabama, Illinois, etc., and at the same time given to Railroad investments the boom they are now enjoying in those States.

A Plain Case.

The decision that the Star-Route conspirators could not be proceeded against by information filed by the District Attorney, without violating the Constitution of the United States, has a direct bearing upon the proceedings which were instituted against citizens of Mississippi charged with the grave crime of violating the federal election laws. The pretext assigned for the attempted proceeding by information against the Star-Routers was that the statute of limitation had barred a proceeding by indictment of a grand jury. In other words, that the grand jury had no power to act upon the case. Otherwise, it was not even pretended that information would have been filed. In Mississippi, no such reason could be assigned. Not only was opportunity afforded the Grand Jury to find true bills, but the utmost diligence was used by the District Attorney to present evidence against the accused, and still the jury could not discover cause for indictment. The obvious form of proceeding by information was then resorted to. Under the ruling at Washington, the proceeding was plainly unconstitutional, and ought not to have been entertained by the Court.

The Growth of Monopoly and Corporate Wealth.

In another column we have reproduced a well considered article from a New York paper, demonstrating the truth of what is stated in the above caption. We hope it will not escape the attention of the thoughtful reader, and especially the attention of those who lead opinion and mold public policy. No touch need be added to color the picture so vividly drawn by the New York Journal.

A Correction.

The Washington Republican, of the 12th, attributes the following expression to the CLARION:

"If there is bloodshed on the 8th of next November let no colored man say he was not warned in time. If you are satisfied with the present government stay home, for if a conflict should occur, you know who will be the victims—Jackson (Miss), Clarke."

We ask the Republican to correct its misstatement. The CLARION did not originate, nor publish, this "warning," or any words to that effect. The CLARION repeatedly notified the colored voters that their privilege of suffrage would be maintained by the Democratic party; and that they would neither be molested nor made afraid in its exercise; that the ballot should be free alike to white and black, and the count fair. We do not say that the foregoing language admits of the construction placed upon it under startling headlines by the Republican; but we insist that it will not put into our mouths expressions that we have not used. We may add while on the subject, that there was "bloodshed" on the 8th of November. It flowed freely from the veins of peaceable and law-abiding citizens of Lauderdale county. Five of them, without provocation, with premeditation and malice aforethought, were slain. They were white men and their slayers were negroes who went to the polls armed and by a concerted maneuver fell with deliberate precision upon their victims. As far as our enquiries have extended, was the peace broken by the Democrats; or the right of the negroes to vote interfered with. It is a little strange that the Republican has not heard of the Lauderdale massacre. Or has it refused to mention it because white men were slaughtered; and because it overturns its theory that where race troubles occur, they are the aggressors?

A Poll Tax.

We do not now hear the proposition advanced to require the payment of the poll tax as a condition of voting in Mississippi; nor do we hear propositions for either an educational or property qualification. It seems to be the recognized policy to educate the masses, so as to supersede the necessity of resorting to the extreme remedy mentioned. As for property qualification, it is so repugnant to free government that no one will have the temerity to champion it. Capacity for government is not found in kid gloves, nor railway stocks, nor bond possessions, but in virtue and intelligence.

The Erlanger Syndicate.

The Erlangers are going on to build their road (the New Orleans and Meridian) with a full knowledge of the whole situation as to supervisory legislation over railroads. We imagine that this particular Syndicate may see cause to welcome it. The obvious effect will be to largely increase their business here. With a law, framed upon the principle of a Barry bill, it is safe to say that a large amount of coal raised in the black land north of us, will be shipped here, be compressed here, and then take their direct line east as the shortest, quickest and cheapest. When lay regulates freight on cotton so that it costs only \$1 a bale from West Point against \$3 or \$4 to Mobile, large quantities will find a market here to the benefit of the Erlanger line. Nothing in the laws of commerce that controls its routes and direction can be more certain.

(No capitalists need have fear of legislative hostility to railroad enterprises in Mississippi.) On the contrary, the utmost care will be taken to deal with them kindly and at the same time with a due regard to other interests, all of which should be dealt with impartially and with a view to protection, not oppression. Georgia is the parent of Mississippi, and the latter would do well to imitate in matters of legislation the example of her illustrious parent, which is far in advance of any other Southern State in material development.

The system of taxing Railroads in Tennessee under the acts of 1875 and amendments of 1877, have been declared unconstitutional and void by the Supreme Court of the State. These acts provided that the railroads should furnish a schedule of all the property they owned. A board which meets at Nashville takes this schedule, and from this makes out the aggregate value of all real, personal and mixed property. The shares of stock are deducted from this amount, and the aggregate divided by the entire length of the road, which gave the average value per mile. This valuation, multiplied by the number of miles owned in the State, would give the amount of State taxes, and from this average per mile the clerks of courts should collect his county tax, and at the same rate the corporation should be paid. This is the purport of the laws which have been pronounced unconstitutional.

THE VOTE OF WAYNE.—An esteemed correspondent calls our attention to the vote of Wayne county, as it appears in the returns published last week. It appears that General Lowry's majority is 55. The entire Democratic ticket, with the exception of one or two best officers, were elected.

SENATOR HAMPTON, of South Carolina, is on a visit to his Washington county plantation.

Mr. G. W. Spicer, of Lexington is using refined cotton seed oil for fuel, and prefers it to kerosene.

We guess that President Arthur realizes what Byron said: "Time lasts best all things even." When he was collector of the port of New York, on the 31st of January 1879, John Sherman, then Secretary of the Treasury, served a notice on him, as follows:

"Gross abuses have continued and increased during your administration."

And in pursuance of Sherman's report, the virtuous (acting President) Hayes notified the said Arthur as follows:

"With a deep sense of my obligation under the Constitution, I regard it as my plain duty to suspend you, in order that the office may be honestly administered."

It was both-werk the government has made of the Star-Route prosecutions. Why did it delay proceedings until the danger of a bar to indictment by grand jury by operation of the statute of limitations? The lawyers must have known that criminal information is a method, but little in vogue at that, of presenting minor offences, and that under the Constitution infamous crimes can be prosecuted only upon presentment by a grand jury. It looks very much as if counsel for the prosecution tried their best not to convict the rascals, and have succeeded.

A N. Y. Star Washington correspondent thinks the Star Route thieves will never be brought to trial—that "the Republican party cannot afford to have them brought to justice in earnest. Besides, there are powerful Democrats who have been enlisted on the side of the Star Route brigands." We suppose the latter reference is to the men who endorsed the petitions of the expeditors and came in for a share when the spoils were divided. Nemesis will overtake them yet.

The entire line of the railroad from New Orleans to Meridian will be under contract to be finished by November, 1882. In a conversation with a New Orleans reporter Capt. Hardy, Vice-President of the Company, said that the road from New Orleans to Meridian, was about 190 miles in length. Twenty-five miles of trestle work were under contract, 100 miles from Meridian to Black Creek, would be placed under contract on the 21st, and the remaining sixty-five miles very soon thereafter, so that in about thirty days work on the entire road would be in progress.

A WASHINGTON despatch says that "upon the question of reorganizing the party in the South the President has advised with the ablest Stalwart leaders, and there is little doubt that a plan has already been agreed on that will be uncovered during the winter." This is the old story which has been constantly repeated ever since the virtuous Hayes sent the Trojan horse into the Southern camp with Erving Brother Key in its belly.

The Republican party began its career of repudiation by a formal repudiation of the contract making the legal tender notes convertible into 5-20 bonds at the option of the holder, and it is now at this very moment repudiating the contract between the people and the bondholders, giving to the former the right to pay the principal and interest of the bonds in gold or silver, one or both, at their option.

DR. HUNTER, in his Crystal Springs Monitor says Mr. J. S. Sexton, Chairman of the Copiah county Democratic Executive Committee, the high compliment to say that "to his untiring energy and zeal and his splendid administrative ability, we are greatly indebted for such success as the Democratic party had in the Copiah election." This is indeed praise. Dr. Hunter never wastes a word in mere fulsome compliment.

WITH real sorrow, we announce the withdrawal of Capt. S. B. Brown from the management of the Mississippi Central, at Water Valley. He was a true journalist—an honor to the calling, and we can wish his worthy successor, Mr. E. A. Garland, no better success than to attain the same honorable standing in the profession.

THE return of Col. F. A. Montgomery to the Legislature from Bolivar county, is something to be rejoiced over. He is a gentleman of talents, and a legislator of broad and conservative views. These qualities will be needed in disposing of several of the vexed questions that will come before the next Legislature.

MISSISSIPPI HAYNE has disposed of their interest in the Macon Fun to Mr. G. R. Smith, who will hereafter conduct the paper. Mr. J. J. Haynie will be the traveling correspondent and solicitor for the paper. It is a bright, new journal, and we wish it success commensurate with its merits.

LITTLE Rhode Island disfranchises over 40,000 voters by requiring a property qualification, and Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and other New England States require poll tax and educational qualifications.

STRANGE to say, the Democrats made large gains in Nebraska at the late election. The result is attributed to the influence of the Farmers' Alliance. They are anti-monopolists and the Democratic party is an anti-monopoly party.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

Table with columns for County, For Gov., For Lt. Gov., For Sec'y of State, For Treas'r, Auditor, Attorney General, Superintendent of Education, and Senate. Lists candidates and their respective vote counts for each county.

NOTE.—The above table is complete, with the exception of Sharkey County, from which the returns have not been received at the office of Secretary of State.

DR. W. A. HURR's new monthly at Winona, will be called the Rural Mississippian.

MR. E. S. WILSON, of the Walhalla Pioneer, is a candidate for Clerk of the House of Representatives.

MR. W. H. COCHRAN is a candidate for reelection to the office of Clerk of the House of Representatives.

A GREAT PEOPLE.—The total population of the United States, as finally determined by the United States census of June, 1880, is 50,155,783.

CHICAGO MESSSENGER: That Col. Lewis is eminently fitted for the Speakership, no one who has followed his career in public men, will gainsay, and we shall continue to insist that he shall be accorded that honor in preference to any other candidate.

BOONVILLE PLEADER: Hon. W. H. H. Tison, Col. A. Blair, of Lee, and Col. M. D. Inge, of Newry, newly elected Representatives to the Legislature, are men of fine ability and talents, and we would modestly suggest, that B. A. P. Seaman, Esq., the delegate from France, will be heard with success advocating the rights of his constituents. To this we must add the name of Hon. W. H. Rees, representing Alcorn and Prentiss.

COL. WM. M. INGE for Speaker.

EDWARDS CLARION: In your issue of the 16th, you make a mistake of 100 votes in the Governor's election. This is I think the worst typographical error ever without the work of the type. Gen. Lowry carried this county by 55 majority. The Sheriff, Mr. L. M. Jones, (Dem.) and Alex. Power (Rep.) were elected as well as other county officers for the Democracy. One or two best officers of the Independent ticket were elected.

WAYNE COUNTY ELECTION.

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HOLMES COUNTY ELECTION.

THE OVERFLOWING DELUGE TO CAME.

The Hour, New York, November 12.] Sidney Dillon, one of Jay Gould's partners, is about to build the costliest and most ornate private residence on the continent. It is to be erected on the corner of Fifth avenue and Seventy-sixth street, and will cover thirteen acres of ground, of which will be on Fifth avenue. The erection of this ostentatious dwelling, following so close upon the completion of the grand striking residences of the Vanderbilt family, will draw the attention of the public to the vast accumulation of wealth in a few hands in this country.

THE Accumulation of Wealth for Monopolies by Unjust Legislation.

It is to be noted that the price of rent and cost of living has increased to the very poor as hard as ever. In England a statement recently published shows that there has been an average advance of over 41 per cent. in the prices of necessaries of life, while rents are still rising, and the price of food is almost sure to advance.

It needs no prophet to foretell how this in business will some of the children of the swarms of workmen now employed in building railroads will be thrown out of employment. The wealth of the community will be found lodged in a few hands, and then will come the strain upon our institutions so vividly foretold by Macaulay.

NEWS IN GENERAL.

CLEVELAND, O.—Albert Green, a negro tramp, called to day at the residence of John Furstner, in East Rockport, seven miles west of here, and demanded something to eat. Mrs. Furstner, a stout woman of seventy, refused to give him a statement of her affairs, and he to the house of a wealthy neighbor, Green started to go, but returning, drew revolver and shot her in the right chest. He was immediately chased and captured, and is now in the Cleveland jail. The wound is not considered mortal.

ALBANY.—A dispatch to the News from Breunham says: Thos. Monroe, cigar-maker was run over and killed by the north-bound express to-day. A dispatch to the News from Spring Springs says: A. B. Pritchard, late of the firm of Pritchard & Pritchard, merchant of this place, committed suicide at Texarkana yesterday by cutting his throat.

ATLANTA.—Warren Owens, white, shot and killed Steve Young, a negro, near Millidgeville, to-day.

DOO SOOT is reported to death between two cars at Atlanta, Ga., on the 16th. The 21st Street and Valley Street cars, were involved.

THE National Old Congress reassembled at Pittsburg on the 10th inst. J. L. Barrett, of Pittsburg, was elected permanent President. Mayor Courtens, of Charleston, forwarded to ex-Gov. Baldwin, at Detroit, \$700 contributed in Charleston for the Michi., an sufferers.

A party of 19 Jews, who fled from Russia yesterday, arrived in New York. They are hardy agriculturalists, and desire to settle in Louisiana or Texas.

CHATTANOOGA.—In the municipal election Evans, Republican, was elected Mayor. The new Board stands: Democrats 7; Republicans 1.

MEMPHIS.—City of Beam & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, this city, has made assignment. Liabilities, \$178,000; assets about \$63,000.

DR. McCreary, of Louisville believed that a thoroughly acquired appetite for rum was incurable, and therefore, when he found himself possessed of one, he committed suicide.

THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Table with columns for District, Name, and Vote. Lists members of the Senate and their respective vote counts.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Table with columns for Name and Vote. Lists members of the House of Representatives and their respective vote counts.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

Christmas comes this year on Sunday. Pay your taxes before the 15th of Decr. Mr. J. G. Thigpen, of Canton, died last week.

A movement is on foot for a cotton field at Port Gibson. Judge W. M. Hancock will make Meridian his future home.

Corn is selling in Lee county for 50 and 60 cents per bushel. The North Mississippi Conference was in session at Grenada last week.

Gen. S. Ashley, of Copiah county died on the 12th inst., in the 61st year of his age. A prominent delegate to the Synod at Vicksburg.

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Mr. Luther Manship conducts the columns of McComb City news notes for the Summit Times.

The Cattilian Springs property (Holmes county) has been bought by Mr. W. C. Red for \$2,800.

The children of Yazoo City have the privilege of the public schools ten months in the year.

David McRae, colored, was run over by the South bound express, near Summit, and instantly killed.

Several farmers of Lee county are trying their property in the Tape for sale, with the view of moving, to Texas or Arkansas.

The camp of the Corps of Engineers, G. C. & R. R. is between Carrollton & Greenwood for the present.

Major W. T. Walhalla is engaged on his history of the Mississippi Coast, which he hopes to complete during the winter.

On preliminary examination of Col. James R. Powell, in Washington county, charged with the killing of Joe Robinson, he was discharged without bail, the evidence showing the killing to have been justifiable.

G. W. Wiley, former Chancery Clerk of Union county, has been arrested on the charge of burning the office of Messrs. Young & Dalton, in which the Chancery records were kept since the destruction of the Court House.

Patrons of public schools are reminded that the first Saturday in December is the time fixed by law for the election of trustees. Failure on the part of patrons to act in this matter will render it necessary for the county superintendent of education to appoint said trustees.