

New Goods.

Bacon & McKnight

Have just received and opened a large supply of Merchandise, consisting of

Calicoes, Domestic, FANCY GOODS, HARDWARE, Cutlery, Crockery, Saddlery, &c. &c.

Farmers can be accommodated in the articles of Hoes, Axes, Trace Chains, Hames Horse Collars, &c. They respectfully invite their friends and customers to call and examine their stock.

March 10.

5-tf

Meadville Hotel.

THIS very large, commodious and convenient house has been lately fitted up for, and is now open to accommodate travellers, and others, who may call. The things appertaining to the TABLE will be of the best; got up in the best style; the BAR will be at all times stored with a variety of the best liquors—in a word, nothing will be wanting on the part of the undersigned, to render comfort to all who may favor him with their patronage.—The STABLES belonging to the Meadville Hotel, are commodious, and the enclosures good—plenty of provender provided, and good care taken of horses. A share of the public patronage is solicited, and we believe will be given, and merited by

SMITH BOYD.

April 14.

10-tf

Liberty Hotel.

THIS old and well known stand, formerly kept by Mr. Whitney, has been re-purchased by him and Mr. Anderson, in future it will be kept by them, under the direction of the former, who will devote his undivided attention to it, rendering it in all respects, what it should be,—a comfortable retreat for all. His experience in a public line is well known—it enables him to say without fear of disappointment, to all, you will be as comfortably entertained in the Liberty Hotel as you can be any where. Horses will be carefully attended to. We have commodious stables where we can accommodate droves and others who may call, with every thing in that line—plenty of provender. As for our table, beds and other things appertaining to the Hotel, we say they are good, but do not take our word for it, come and try and judge for yourselves.

And then, our LIQUORS too, try and you'll swear,

Their better you've not met with any where; We have CIDER, delicious CIDER, here, Rich to the taste, and as the amber, clear; WINE too we have, of all the better sort, MADEIRA, CLARET, TENERIFFE, and PORT.

We've high proof SPIRITS, GIN and BRANDY rich; And WHISKEY, old MONONGAHELA and PEACH.

Of those men need not speak, for we defy them To tell how good they are before they try them.

The undersigned have also lately purchased the stand known as M'Dowell's Tavern, in adding this spacious house, yard, stables, &c., to their other accommodations, they can say their means are more ample than any before ever could boast of in Liberty, for the reception of customers and the public, owing to this arrangement, they are able also to accommodate many boarders, in addition to the number they are now accommodating. They say to the public, we solicit your patronage.

M. M. WHITNEY, J. C. ANDERSON.

Feb. 10, 1838—1-tf

Rooms to Rent.

THE undersigned will rent on reasonable terms, a number of rooms, one of which is suitable for a store room, some for family rooms and several for lodging and other purposes. Persons wishing to see them and to ascertain the terms, &c., can do so by calling on Whitney or Anderson, at the Liberty Hotel.

M. M. WHITNEY, J. C. ANDERSON.

Feb. 24, 1838—3-tf

Mitchell & Stockman,

DRY GOOD AND HARDWARE

Merchants;

Commerce Street, fronting Cotton Square, Natchez.

Stockman & Carson,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

Cotton Brokers,

AND

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS;

Corner of Commerce and Franklin streets, directly facing Cotton Square, Natchez. They have a commodious yard and shed for the reception and storage of Cotton.

Feb. 10, 1838—1-tf

PROSPECTUS

of The Weekly Picayune.

IN consequence of the popularity which our daily paper has gained in all sections of the country, and the numerous demands we are receiving from all quarters for a weekly journal, we have determined on starting one of that description, to be entitled "THE WEEKLY PICAYUNE."

To adopt the same figurative style used in our first prospectus, we have fitted out the "Picayune" for more distant voyages, and freighted her with all sorts of notions in the shape of readables; and if the same success attend her which she has met with while coasting nearer home, we shall doubtless receive rich returns.

To prepare our little craft for the more extended sea on which she is destined to move, we have put on her many additions and improvements. Some of her old timbers have been taken out and replaced by new—she has a greater measurement fore and aft, a greater length of beam, and her sheets have been materially enlarged.

Notwithstanding the increased size, the public may rest assured that the "Picayune" will be enabled to work in shoal water with the same facility as heretofore, and form channels of communication which it would be folly for the dull heavy vessels at present sailing this port to navigate.

Commission merchants and others having freight in the shape of advertisements to ship for the country trade, would do well to send them on board our clipper, as she is up for every city in the U. S., and all intermediate landings.

We reiterate to these finical pirates who cruise under the black flag—who oppose slavery because they are themselves the slaves of ignorance and superstition—who pretend to rub clean the upper decks of their neighbors with a holy stone—we say, look out for breakers.

To Hotel keepers we recommend our paper; in every engagement her commander will be first to lead on the boarders!

To the heads of families the trim appearance of our craft will be an object of interest. Most married folks have experienced the effects of light sparring.

We shall endeavor to make those smugglers, the Bachelors, heave to—show them the advantages of the proper "companion-way," recommending a double state-room, with births, &c.

We shall send our boat aboard Theatricals and other amusements; those pretty pleasure-boats, which make our passage over the lake of life so delightful. Dancing we shall especially encourage; as we conceive that the safety of a vessel often depends upon keeping both pumps going.

On first launching the "Picayune" we promised to carry a press of sail in case we were warranted by a sale from the press. Through all the storm which have raged since she first sailed she has borne up under full sails, without ever being taken aback, and is now ranked A. I. at all the insurance and other offices of the city.—Our policy still holds good, and we never intend it shall run out.

Dropping our figure, and returning to plain language, we will now add that we intend to make the Picayune a vehicle of fun, wit, humor and sentiment, and a little of every thing that's going on. It shall be our delight to crack jokes, to tell stories in our own way, to ridicule folly, to correct the manners of the age by exciting laughter against them. In this, however, we shall endeavor to avoid that licentiousness which vainly seeks to benefit the public by wounding the feelings of individuals.

A portion of our paper will be occupied with comprehensive notices of all passing events—giving the pith of the news of the day, without burdensome details.

We eschew partisan politics; yet we shall continue to express our opinions impartially on all public measures. Follies in government as well as in social life are open to ridicule; and when the humor seizes us, we shall not spare them, on whichever party the censure may fall.

All local occurrences of general interest shall be promptly noticed, so that our distant readers may see at a glance the miniature world which is congregated in the emporium.

With this expose of our intentions, and determined to endeavor with unremitting industry to fulfil them, we look with confidence for a continuance of that patronage which has hitherto been so cordially extended to us.

The "Weekly Picayune" will be published every Monday morning, at \$5.00 per annum, payable in all cases in advance; and will contain four additional columns, embracing all the news of the week, with whatever of interest transpires on Sunday.

Those persons at a distance who will procure four subscribers, and send us a 20 dollar bill, shall be entitled to one copy gratis.

New Orleans, Feb. 26, 1838.

Fresh Groceries.

THE subscribers have just received and opened, and are now offering to the public, a new supply of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS,

Confectionaries, &c.

At their old and well known establishment, next door to the Liberty Hotel, where customers can be supplied on as reasonable terms as at any similar establishment in the place.

M. M. WHITNEY, J. C. ANDERSON.

March 10.

5-tf

Hart, Labatt & Co.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRY GOOD

MERCHANTS;

No. 37, Chartres street, next door to Custom House street,

NEW-ORLEANS.

Feb. 24, 1838—3-tf

Mississippi Hotel,

STATE STREET, NATCHEZ.

A CARD.

THERE is an impression abroad, it appears, that my house is not in a condition to entertain customers. Probably the loss of a part of my house by the late fire, has caused this mistake. My loss was considerable; but I can still accommodate as many as any public house in the city. Gentlemen travelling with their families, will find good rooms in a retired part of the House.

WILLIAM PARKER.

Natchez, Jan. 5, 1838—1-tf

Natchez Female

ACADEMY.

THIS Institution, under the superintendence of W. H. BRUNER and LADY, has been in operation since June last; and on account of the liberal patronage which is now extended to it, we are encouraged to believe that we will be enabled to give as thorough a course of education as can be obtained in any of the Northern cities.

We deem it entirely unnecessary to enumerate, as is the custom, the whole course of study to be pursued in the institution; for it is our intention to give a thorough and polished education to all who are entrusted to our care a sufficient length of time.

We will also accommodate in our own family a limited number of young ladies,—who will receive every attention and comfort incident to board.

Terms of Tuition per Quarter.

Those learning to read, \$ 9 00
" " English branches, 20 00
" " French, 15 00
" " Ornamental work, 10 00
" " Piano, 30 00
" " Guitar, 25 00

The Latin and Greek will be taught if requested.

Natchez, Dec. 23, 1838—1-tf

Large Maps of

MISSISSIPPI AND ALABAMA,

SHOWING the public and Indian lands, Indian Reservations, Land Districts, Townships, Streams, &c., engraved for the government surveys and plats in the General Land Office, Washington City; by E. GILMAN, Draughtsman in the General Land Office.

F. TAYLOR, Bookseller, Washington City, has published (and secured the copyright according to law,) the above maps, which will be found infinitely more complete and accurate than any heretofore published. They are published on separate sheets, each containing nearly six square feet, and will be found useful and valuable to those interested in the lands of either state, as they show every item of information which is in the possession of the land offices, relative to water courses, township lines, Indian lands and reservations, land districts, &c., and will be found perfectly accurate and precise in these points.—They can be sent by mail to any part of the United States, subject only to single letter postage. Price two dollars, or three copies of either will be sent by mail for five dollars. A liberal discount will be made to travelling agents, or to any who buy to sell again.

Editors of Newspapers, any where, who will give the above advertisement (including this notice) one or two insertions, shall receive by return mail a copy of each map, if they will send a copy of the paper containing it to the advertiser.

Aug. 17, 1837. 7-

PROSPECTUS

OF A PAPER TO BE ENTITLED THE

Piney Woods Planter,

And Amite Union Literary Reflector.

Devoted to Literature, Politics, Science, Agriculture, Education, General Intelligence, &c. &c.

THE success that has attended almost every effort of a literary, liberal, and useful tendency in this community, has led to preparations for publishing a paper in Liberty, Amite county, to be as far as the publishers are able, adapted to the wants and interests of the people.

The detailed—the faithful history of the past, as reflected by human nature, is the telescope through which we purpose to view the future; there fore it is our intention, and will be our duty—and as such, our pleasure also, to furnish such authentic historical articles as will be a source of profitable and pleasing information to the readers of the Planter. All we know, or can know of the mysterious future, is and must be derived from the past. The same or similar causes produce the same or similar effects: as human nature is still the same, the past will be our data. History, when we consult its pages, tells us that there are but two great political parties of the world—those that are for a government of the people, and those who wish a government over the people: a government of the many, and a government of the few,—freedom or bondage.

Man's capacity for self-government had been doubted until the experiment in America was fairly, severely tried. The batteries of disappointed and restless ambition; the most powerful agitators, both of men and nations, were directed against those who labored for its success. Washington's administration had opposition—Jefferson was called a knave and fool, and his administration denounced as weak and worse than weak; subversive of liberty and the rights of man. By whom? By those who were for a government over the people,—minority rule, or disappointed ambitionists, who, like Cataline, would sacrifice their country to the love of power.—With these facts before us, can it be reasonably expected that the present administration should pass without opposition?

Many have said that the late, as well as the present administration, would not answer; most of whom have neither time nor inclination to investigate the truth of this—being engaged in hunting proof to show that they were right in making the prediction.

Until the inventive powers of the human mind shall contrive some way by which every aspirant to office can have the one he wants, opposition may be expected. Union and education, rendered effective by a free press in America, have enabled the people as a nation, to not only crush foreign tyranny, but to support themselves against internal factions, not less inimical to their peace and prosperity. Union gave harmony to feeling; response to sentiment; and sameness to action. Education gave the right direction to the combined energies, and taught the people to know and value their rights—the blessings of popular government. The press was the conductor by which an equilibrium was produced and maintained through all the parts.

These being our views respecting the past, the inquiry naturally presents itself. How are we to transmit to posterity, or even secure to ourselves, the rights and privileges we enjoy? This, we think, can be effected only by continuing in general to pursue past policy, rejecting the new and as we believe dangerous speculations of visionary theories and political infidels.

This paper will act in concert with the democracy of the republic. In doing so, the publishers will have necessarily to differ in opinion with those who oppose it. This they will do fearlessly, yet candidly; expecting that liberality and candor they are willing to allow to others.

A primary object of the Planter is to furnish to the friends and supporters of the present administration and others, a paper in which they can see reflected without distortion or inversion the passing real scenes of life; embracing the most interesting topics of the day.

With a view to render the PLANTER worthy of patronage, and interesting to all classes, we will select from the stores of human knowledge that only which is useful and ornamental; details of the historian—the results of the experimentalist—and the effusions of the novelist and poet. Facts will be stated, and calculations on probabilities made, so that the events of yesterday may become the subjects of reflection to day, and the lever of to-morrow.

TERMS.

The PINEY WOODS PLANTER and AMITE UNION LITERARY REFLECTOR will be published weekly on a super-royal sheet, printed on fine paper, and delivered to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS per annum in advance, or SIX DOLLARS at the expiration of the year. All payments made in the first three months will be considered as in advance.

JOHN TOTHILL, A. H. HALL, Publishers and Editors

Liberty, Feb. 10, 1838.

PROSPECTUS

FOR THE

South Western Journal,

A MAGAZINE OF

SCIENCE, LITERATURE AND MISCELLANY.

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY

By the Jefferson College and Washington Lyceum.

The extensive and growing interest of the South-West, its moral and social improvement, and its increasing literary and scientific demands, have awakened attention to the fact that in this highly important portion of our country there is no journal or paper so exclusively devoted to literature and science, advocating the doctrine of no party.

Feeling the necessity of such a paper, the Jefferson College and Washington Lyceum have commenced the publication of a periodical entitled "THE SOUTH-WESTERN JOURNAL," to be devoted to literature and science, and all subjects interesting to the general reader.

It is published semi-monthly, in the city of Natchez, and contains sixteen small quarto pages, similar in form to the "Penury Magazine," and is protected by a good envelope, so that it may be conveyed to any distance without injury.

It will be remembered that we have no work in the South-West similar to this; and every one who feels a pride in any enterprise calculated to enhance the social and moral character of our country, should come forward and assist in this worthy enterprise.

Pecuniary emoluments constitutes no part of the object of this publication. It is not intended to benefit any individual or the Lyceum in a pecuniary point of view. The sole object is to advance knowledge and diffuse a taste for the refined enjoyments of Literature and Science.

Nothing is now wanting to the accomplishment of the wishes of the Lyceum by the patronage of the community; and it is expected that this patronage will be promptly and cheerfully extended.

All communications in reference to the periodical should be addressed, post paid, to Professor J. A. VAN HOESEN, the Sec. of the Lyceum, Natchez, Mi. The subscription price \$5, in all cases in advance.

The first number of this paper is dated Dec. 15, 1837, and it will be continued semi-monthly from that date.

G. V. H. FORBES,

J. S. B. THATCHER,

C. G. EORSHEY,

S. C. MERWIN,

J. A. VAN HOESEN.

Executive Committee of the Jefferson College and Washington Lyceum.

PROSPECTUS OF

The Macon Times,

And Noxubee General Advertiser.

The subscriber proposes publishing in the town of Macon, Noxubee county, Mi., a weekly paper with the above title, to be devoted to politics and general intelligence.

THE rapid influx of emigration, increasing business, growing wealth, and political character of Noxubee county, seems to demand the establishment of a democratic press. The result of the late elections prove the county to be decidedly democratic in political faith, and the impetus which the establishment of a corresponding organ would lend to the success of the party, as well as to the general growth and prosperity of the town and county in which it is located, all are ready to acknowledge.

The policy of the great democratic party, as maintained by Jefferson and exemplified in the administration of Jackson, experience has proved to be the only course by which the United States

can hope to prosper; and so long as the present Chief Magistrate of the nation shall prove true to the principles of those Apostles of Democracy—the doctrines contained in his inaugural address—and to the sentiments expressed in all other documents which have yet appeared bearing his signature, he shall receive our unqualified support. The Whig party are now making a mighty struggle to gain the ascendancy, and in their destructive march are trying to ride roughshod over the heads of government, regardless of the means they use to gain their unhallowed ends. We shall ever be on the alert to detect and expose their covert designs, and shall oppose the new-fangled doctrines of the opposition in every shape in which they may make their advances.

We are opposed to either a National or a Treasury Bank, and concur in the recommendation of President Van Buren in his Message to the called session of Congress, for a separation of the government from all banking institutions whatever—believing that the collection, safe-keeping, and disbursement of the revenue can be safely done in the constitutional currency thro' government officers appointed for the purpose. In short, we shall exert all our energies to advance the democratic cause, the peculiar tenets of which are too well known to require repetition; it is opposed to every infringement upon equal rights—to partial legislation—to all corporations, monopolies, and monied institutions allied to the aristocracy of wealth in opposition to the democracy of numbers, and having in their nature a tendency to make the rich richer and the poor poorer.

The contracted and narrow-minded policy which looks with envy on the prosperity of every thing beyond its immediate neighborhood, we cannot recognize. Although Noxubee and the new counties will receive our more particular attention, an eye will be had to the welfare of the whole State.

Aside from politics, the TIMES shall contain such a variety of local and foreign news, commercial and literary intelligence, humorous miscellany, anecdotes, &c., as cannot fail to make it an interesting journal to all. Newspapers will be received from every State in the Union, and from all the principle cities—which, with other facilities for the earliest and best variety of news will enable us to lay before our subscribers one of the most valuable weekly sheets issued from the southern press. Agriculture will receive particular attention; the state of the Cotton market, and all items of intelligence that may prove acceptable to the planter shall be diligently gathered for his use.

Democracy of Noxubee: You are now called upon to come forward and lend a helping hand to the undertaking, and to test the sincerity of your professions in something stronger than words. Although in a large majority you have as yet made but a feeble effort to establish a press—the mightiest acquisition to any cause—this that of your opponents is teeming with and sending abroad in every direction its base fabrications, deceiving and corrupting the people.—And will you stand idly by without one effort to counteract its influence? Can you see our republic government sneered at, insulted, and its institutions trampled upon, without the spirit to resent? Now is the time to establish Mississippi in the grounds she has taken, and make her permanently a democratic State. But this cannot be done without exertion. Come forward then, one and all—and not only come yourselves, but bring the names of your friends along with you to be enrolled among the list of subscribers; and as you prize the success of the holy cause in which you are engaged, let the efforts which you may now make to establish at your county seat a democratic press bear testimony. With these remarks on the necessity of your prompt support to insure success, the publisher dismisses the subject, and rests for time to prove who are and who are not the real friends of democracy and equal rights.

TERMS.

The MACON TIMES and NOXUBEE GENERAL ADVERTISER will be printed on handsome paper, with new type, and furnished to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS per annum in advance, or SIX DOLLARS at the end of the year.

All Postmasters are authorized to act as Agents. A new JOB OFFICE to be attached to the concern will enable us to accommodate our friends in that line of printing.

F. B. EMERSON.

Strayed or Stolen

FROM the Mills of the undersigned, formerly known as Lucas' mill, on the 8th inst, a

BAY MARE,



about 15 1/2 hands high, six years old this spring, four white feet, blaze face, and a nip off of her right ear. Any person who will take up said mare and return her to the subscriber shall be suitably rewarded.

MARGARET BEYGOOD.

May 12.

14-tf

PROSPECTUS

For publishing in the town of Kosciusco, Attala county, Miss., a weekly newspaper, to be entitled the

Spirit of Kosciusko,

BY WILLIAM EMMETT SMITH & CO.

Where Liberty dwells there is my country.

IN presenting this Prospectus before the public, the publishers have only to say, that the rapid growth of the town and improvement of the country in which it is to be published, requires the establishment of a Press; and that their design is to endeavor to make it subservient to the great objects for which public Journals should be established—the diffusion of intelligence and information among the people, and a vehicle in which opinions and sentiments may be freely interchanged in whatever relates to the morals, manners, and political rights of the people. As far as its Editorial character is concerned, it will advocate the sentiments and the political principles for which the individual, whose name it bears, was so distinguished, and resist with reason and argument, as he did with his sword, the oppressions of TYRANNY AND DESPOTISM, let them come in what shape or character, or from whatever source they may.

TERMS.

The publication will be made on a Super Royal sheet at Five Dollars per annum, payable in advance, or Six Dollars at the expiration of the year. No subscription will be received for a shorter period than six months. Advertisements will be inserted at the customary prices throughout the state.

Kosciusko, Mi., June 2, 1838.