

Below we give a list as far as ascertained of the dead, wounded, &c. It cannot be reckoned an accurate and full statement, owing to the haste in which it was obtained; but those put down as killed are certainly dead and perhaps others. We will publish a correct list, &c., next week.

**Killed.**—James Whitsett, son of Dr. S. Whitsett, two children of D. Rosser, one daughter of J. Snider, one son of R. Coffman, Mrs. Plummer, a son of Mr. Kerwin, Mrs. Robinson, wife of D. Robinson, and his father, one son of J. A. Williamson, Baughn and child, Wm. Eubanks, one son of Rev. Mr. Boswell, Henry Allen, son of Mrs. Allen, two negroes belonging to Dr. Parnell, four negroes belonging to S. Caldwell, two or three belonging to J. Balfour.

**Wounded.**—A Daughter of D. Rosser, a son of H. Coffman, a son of J. H. Williamson, two children of Dr. Gill, a son of J. Melton, Mrs. Baughn, two sons of Wm. Lake; Joseph, a son of B. Williams, Jr. a son of Dr. Edmund, a child of the late Dr. Payne, a child of Mr. Eubanks, Mrs. Land, lady of T. S. Land, Esq., J. M. Sample, Marion, son of A. S. Brown, Richard Armstrong, Mrs. Nelson, John Mitchell, Jas. Holder.

[For the Kosciusko Chronicle.]

### May Day.

Bright and beautiful May! We hail thee as the herald of young summer—the messenger of beauty and love—who but has felt the thrilling touch of joy enter his soul, on beholding nature decked in her holiday robes smiling with an inviting glance upon all around, as if to say, come enjoy with me pure and innocent mirth. Such were the reflections of my mind when I witnessed the youthful sports and innocent gambols of the fairy queens of our county on the first day of May.

Previous to the day, a place had been prepared in circular form, beneath the luxuriant foliage of one of our lovely forest trees, a short distance from the Academy. About the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., the line of march was formed at the Academy, superintended by Mrs. McCary, consisting of the Young Ladies of her school, and others of the village, and the adjoining country. A more lovely sight I have never witnessed—from the prattling little girl with gleesome look, to the maturity of womanhood—all were there, alike joyful, decked in smiles as bright, brilliant, and lovely as the day itself.

Flora seemed to have showered down her choicest gifts upon her fair votaries, and each looked like a fairy Queen.—And even the old forest tree, beneath whose shade they reclined from the mild rays of the sun, seemed to smile in joyous surprise at being decked with choice flowers in such profusion. Taste was there displayed—but by far the loveliest flowers there were the "last best gift to man,"—one in y see and feel the influence of such a scene, but to describe it is impossible. Mirth—wit—gladness—harmony and contentment, for this one day were triumphant over the ills of life. Every preparation had been made (not forgetting the good things of this life) for enjoyment, and the effort was completely successful.

There was no particular Queen of the day selected; however, turn your eye in what direction you might, there was one ready made by Nature, at whose feet you would wish to fall and offer up the homage of a faithful heart. It is impossible to particularize, all were beautiful—all were happy. Nor was I less charmed with the graceful dignity, smiling faces and brilliant charms of the Matrons who graced the festival, with smiling approbation. Even if I am a Bachelor, (Cupid help me,) I must be permitted to admire charms, grace, and elegance, wherever I meet them, and my glove is in the ring against all who may say aught against the beauty of Attala, both Matrons and Daughters.—About the hour of four o'clock in the evening, each one returned to their homes, conscious (I presume) of having spent the day happy.

I cannot close without remarking that nothing affords me more pleasure than to witness mutual confidence and affection between Tutor and Pupil, such as appeared on this occasion, and it is not upon such occasions alone, that one may witness it, for at all times the affection displayed by Mrs. Mc. towards her pupils, and the confiding esteem she receives in return, has always been source of gratification to her numerous friends. I wish that all the institutions of the country were governed by similar rules. Long may she enjoy the fruits of her labor.

The day was closed as it began, with joy and gladness, and I saw not a face, during the day, that expressed any other feeling. And may they all live to enjoy many others of equal felicity, such at least is the wish of

W. H. B.

### Public Meeting.

At an adjourned meeting of the citizens of Attala county, held at the Court House, in the town of Kosciusko, on Saturday, the 16th day of May inst., for the purpose of making arrangements to raise a volunteer corps, to hold itself in readiness to go to the seat of war as soon as a requisition shall be made upon the Governor of this State, John G. Gilliland was called to the Chair, and Sherman Durham appointed Secretary.

Upton Miller and John G. Gilliland addressed the meeting in behalf of the object for which it had assembled, after which an opportunity was given for persons to volunteer to hold themselves in readiness to obey a requisition from the Governor, whereupon the following persons came forward and enrolled their names, to wit:

W. M. Cottrell, Upton Miller, R. H. Logan, J. A. Cottrell, J. N. Harris, Amos Tims, Matthew Henry, M. A. Clark, J. W. Jackson, J. G. Gilliland, R. B. Webb, Bias Logan, J. T. Sweat, Wilson Sanders, John Craft, Harman Johnson, Mitchell Gatlin, Samuel Tubb, B. F. Ruff, Sherman Durham, Joseph Smith, W. H. Harvey and Revenah Ross.

Upton Miller then offered the following preamble and resolution, viz:

Whereas, It is believed that this meeting is not generally known throughout the county, therefore

Resolved, That the Colonel Commandant in this county, be requested by this meeting, to call out the regiment forthwith for the purpose of raising volunteers for the United States service.

Which was adopted, when

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet again on Saturday, 23d inst., at the Court House.

J. G. GILLILAND, Chairman.  
SHELMAN DURHAM, Secretary.

### NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. Probate Court of Leake County, Mississippi, on the 10th day of May, 1846, on the Estate of Oliver Harper, deceased, therefore all persons holding claims against said Estate will present them duly authenticated within the time prescribed by Law, or they will be forever barred and those who are owing said Estate will come forward and make immediate payment.

CATHARINE HARPER, Adm'x.  
Carthage, May 21, 1846. 20:6w

### Taken Up.

BY W. B. Cator, about eight miles northwest of Kosciusko, a gray horse, about 12 years old, about 15 hands high, with a large wind-gall on the left hind hock no marks or brands perceptible; appraised at twenty-five dollars. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the Law directs.

LEMEUL BOWERS, Ranger.  
May 21, 1846. 20w3

### SHERMAN'S COUGH LOZENGES.

ARE the safest, most sure and effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c., &c. The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction. Several thousand boxes have been sold within the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those laboring under the most distressing colds and coughs. They do not check and dry up the cough, but render it easy, promote expectation, and remove the tickling or irritating cause. They are made from a combination of the most valuable expectorant, or cough medicines, and are undoubtedly superior to everything in use for those complaints. Hundreds upon hundreds of certificates have been offered of their wonderful virtues, from those who have been saved from an untimely grave, and restored to perfect health, by using them.

**SHERMAN'S WORM LOZENGES.**  
PROVED in more than 400,000 cases to be infallible; the only certain worm-destruing medicine ever discovered. Many diseases arise from worms and occasionally long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often afflicted with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them.

For sale by  
CHRONICLE OFFICE, Kosciusko.  
May 21, 1846. 20m5

### TAILORING.

H. Shoafe having permanently located himself in the town of Kosciusko, announces to his friends, and the public generally, that he is prepared to receive and execute any work in his line of business, upon the shortest notice. He takes, and will be in receipt of, the latest Philadelphia fashions; and will guarantee general satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage, which will be most thankfully received.

### CHARGES.

Cloth Coat fine	\$10 00
do do plain	8 00
Jeans coat	5 50
Merino coat fine	6 00
do do plain	5 00
Cotonade or Linen coat	3 00
Cloth or Satinet pants	3 00
Jeans pants fine	2 75
do do plain	2 25
Vest fine	3 00
do plain	2 25

Shop in front part of the Printing Office.  
Kosciusko, Jan'y 24, 1846. 4:6m

### DR. GORDON'S

VEGETABLE ANTI-BILIOUS FAMILY PILLS.  
For the cure of Bilious Fever, Yellow Fever, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Inflammation, Nausea and Putrid Fever, Pain in the Head, St. de Back and Stomach, Inflammation of the Brain, Stomach, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Throat and Chest; Dropsy, Serpigo, Syphilis, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Cholera, Dyspepsia, Hysterics, Low Spirits, &c.

DR. GORDON'S PILLS are truly the sick man's friend. No Traveller or Family should be without them. Their timely administration will prevent much pain and suffering, and save many valuable lives.

These Pills were compounded by Dr. Gordon after years of study and careful observation upon the nature of the different medicines, and the effect which they produce upon different constitutions in various forms of disease. They have been extensively used by some of our most eminent Physicians, and by many private families for several years; and such has been the satisfaction which they have given, that it is firmly believed that the vegetable kingdom does not furnish any materials for a purgative medicine, which surpasses for general use, those of which these Pills are composed. They do not contain Calomel, Mercury or any mineral preparation; but are composed entirely of concentrated vegetable extracts, carefully prepared and so combined as to be Certain, Safe, and Easy in their operation—should it be otherwise, the stomach and bowels contain foul and acrid bilious matter—showing great necessity for purgative medicine.

These Pills do not require particular attention to diet or drink; and may be taken at all times when most convenient without the fear of increased liability to take cold.

It is asserted by many that Fevers, and in fact all diseases, are caused by an impure state of the Blood. The impurities which usually pass off by the bowels and various other outlets, being retained in the blood, renders it unfit for the nourishment and support of the different parts of the body. This produces disease—and that part of the system which is weakest is most easily affected.

The Bowels being the principal channel through which a great portion of the impurities of the system are discharged, it is evident that whatever acts beneficially on them must be conducive to health. And as the Bowels are the most delicate, and in fact, almost the only way by which a general impression can be made upon the system, it is perfectly reasonable to suppose, that nearly all diseases will be cured, or at least, much benefited by a judicious use of purgative medicines. If a physician is called to a patient, what is the first thing done? He prescribes a dose or two of purgative medicines; and then, after a day or two, if the patient is no better, he gives him another dose of purgative medicine, and so on; doing some other little things—but the main reliance for a cure is upon the effect produced by purgative medicines.—Therefore if you are sick, day or night, but take a few doses of Dr. Gordon's Vegetable Family Pills, and be again restored to health.

For sale by  
CHRONICLE OFFICE, Kosciusko.  
J. M. THOMPSON, do  
CLARK & MADORY, do  
M. R. IRVING, French Camp.  
And on enquiry will be found in all the towns and villages in the State. Enquire for Gordon's Family Pills.  
May 21, 1846. 20m6

### THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

ATTALA COUNTY.  
Rebecca Myres, } Attachment for  
vs. } \$385.  
Washington Wainright. }

Returnable to Circuit Court, March term, 1846  
ORDERED by said Court, that notice be published, that unless the Defendant in the above stated attachment shall appear, give special bail and plead in said attachment, on or before the first day of the term of the Circuit Court, to be holden in and for said County, at the Court House thereof, on the 2d Monday of September next, judgment will be rendered against him, and against the garnishee summoned in said cause.

W. M. B. THOMPSON, Clerk.  
April 29, 1846. 17:4w

### DR. J. A. NASH

WOULD most respectfully inform the citizens of Attala and the adjoining counties, that he has just received from Cincinnati, Ohio, and will continue to receive, as they are demanded, fresh and genuine Botanic Medicines, many Compounds and mixtures of purely Botanic Medicines that have never before been offered for sale in this country; and for cash will sell to families genuine Medicines cheaper than any Botanic Medicines previously sold in this country, and for a small fee will give out such directions with the medicines as to enable families to manage all ordinary sickness without the calling of a Physician. He will keep constantly on hand cathartic anti-bilious and quinine pills, aloe, tonic, cordial for diarrhea, compound syrup of sarsaparilla, hepatic liquid, No. 6 emetic tinctures, female bitters, &c. &c.

In confirmation of the efficacy of the above Medicines, when rightly and timely administered, he would remark, that he has administered the above Medicines to upwards of two hundred patients within the last twelve months, without the loss of but one single patient, where he attended from first to last.

It affords me pleasure unspeakable to console myself with the idea that the success that has attended my former practice bespeaks a glorious and successful future for  
J. A. NASH.  
Kosciusko, April 16, 1846. 15:2m

### Job Work.

EXECUTED at this Office with neatness and despatch.

### DR. TYLER'S

VEGETABLE FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.  
THE GREAT REMEDY.

A certain, safe and effectual cure for Ague and Fever, in all its varied forms. Also, an excellent Tonic in Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Neuralgia, Nervous and other diseases which arise from a weak and debilitated condition of the system.

The success of these pills in curing in a few hours, where all other remedies have failed, and that too, in cases of twelve and eighteen months' standing, warrants the assertion that, if taken according to the directions, they are a certain cure. A long list of certificates in proof of their infallibility might be added, but those upon the directions are deemed sufficient. Try them and be convinced that they are the most effectual and most certain, and the very best remedy ever offered to the public, to insure a permanent and lasting cure.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 12, 1845.

Having for several years past suffered under repeated attacks of chills and fever, especially during the fall and spring months, I was induced to try various remedies, but nothing seemed to be effectual, until I tried Dr. Tyler's ague and fever pills, which stopped the chills before I had taken half the box. This was over a year since, and I have remained perfectly free from any symptoms of a return to this most loathsome disease.

GEO. M. WAIT.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 15, 1845.

Dr. G. K. Tyler:—Dear sir: It is with great pleasure that I announce to you a perfect restoration of my health by the use of your invaluable pills. I had been suffering from Chills and Fever for eighteen or twenty months, during which time I took five bottles of Rowland's Tonic Mixture, Dr. Sherman's Fever and Ague Lozenges, Dr. Love's Vegetable Elixir, Keener's Powders, Bark, Quinine, Thompson Medicines, Arsenic, Herbs, and in fact almost all the popular remedies I could hear of; and yet received no lasting benefit. The chills were stopped by Quinine and other things, but after a few days or weeks they would return again as bad or worse than before. Towards the last, the chills came only every third day, and these were followed by fever of such severity as to affect my reason, and it was found necessary for some one to watch with me until the paroxysm passed off. At last I procured a box of your pills, and only took four of them; this so completely stopped the chills, that I have never had a return of them up to this time, (nearly two years,) and near a year of this time was passed in the same place where I first caught the disease.

That my case is not one cured by chance, is proven from the fact that four pills out of the same box cured Capt. Reuben Banks, so effectually that he has never had the disease since, whereas before he often suffered from it. Two other persons were also cured by the contents of this same box, and they neither of them have had a return of it, although they both reside where they are exposed every season.

I know several others who have been cured by your pills, but it is unnecessary to detail their cases. The best certificate of their efficacy in Chills and Fever, will be a few doses, and if they are as beneficial to others as they have been to me, they may be truly called a public blessing.

I am with much respect, your obedient servant, HENRY BRISCOE.

For sale by  
CHRONICLE OFFICE, Kosciusko.  
CLARK & MADORY, do  
JOHN M. THOMPSON, do  
M. R. IRVING, French Camp.  
And on enquiry, may be found in all the towns and villages in the State.  
May 14, 1846. 19:6m.

### NOTICE

Respecting the re-opening for private entry of lands in certain districts in the States of Mississippi and Alabama, included within the limits of the Choctaw cession under the treaty concluded at Dancing Rabbit Creek, in September, eighteen hundred and thirty.

THE Lands within the limits of the Choctaw cession of September, 1830, which were withdrawn from private entry (under the act of 22d June, 1838) pursuant to public notice issued from this office by order of the President on the 23d July, 1838, to await definite action on the Indian claims arising under the said treaty, will again be made subject to private entry, at the undermentioned land offices, as follows, to wit:

At Columbus, in Mississippi, on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of June next.  
At Augusta, in Mississippi, on Monday, the eighth day of June next.  
At Jackson, in Mississippi, on Monday, the first day of June next.  
At Grenada, in Mississippi, on Monday, the eighteenth day of May next.  
At Demopolis, in Alabama, on Monday, the first day of June next.  
At Tuscaloosa, in Alabama, on Monday, the first day of June next.

### To Pre-Emptors.

Every person claiming the right of pre-emption to any of the lands withheld from private entry, as aforesaid, who has heretofore filed the declaratory notice required by law, and who has been prevented from making payment by reason of such withdrawal of the lands from private entry, is hereby notified to furnish the requisite proof of his or her right to complete payment for the same at the proper district land office aforesaid, without delay, lest the same should be disposed of as other public lands.

Given at the General Land Office, this fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1846.  
19:6w JAS. SHIELDS, Commissioner.

### Wanted

A Journeyman Boot and Shoe maker. For particulars enquire of  
W. D. ROY.  
Kosciusko, May 7, 1846.

### JOHN G. GILLILAND,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

KOSCIUSKO, MI.

Office—at Huntington's office.  
April 23, 1846. 16m3\*

### Valuable Books for Sale.

JUST received from Dr. ALVA CURTIS, Professor of Theory and Practice, and Materia Medica, of the Botanic Medical College at Cincinnati, Ohio, a lot of his Medical Lectures on Practice and Materia Medica, neat and well bound, which are for sale at my office for \$7, per copy. Persons wishing to purchase this valuable and rare work, will do well to call soon or they may not get it.  
J. A. NASH.  
April 23, 1846. 16-tf

### PETERS PILLS.

IF there was ever a medicine that merited the public praise for the good it has done in relieving the sick and the distressed, it certainly must be Peters' Vegetable Pills: it would take a volume to contain all the complimentary evidence in their favor. Those who have once tried these pills know how to appreciate their good qualities. To those who know nothing of their excellence as a medicine the proprietor would submit the following letters and certificates:—

### TESTIMONIALS OF CURES.

Had there been but space sufficient, the proprietor might insert hundreds of letters under this head, but as it is, he can only find room for a few of the shortest.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1838.

Sir—I take much pleasure in bearing testimony to the efficacy of your pills in removing bile from the stomach, and in all complaints emanating from that source. Yours, respectfully, GEO. HULL, M. D.

Dear Sir—I have made a frequent use of your pills in the incipient stage of Bilious Fevers and obstinate constipation of the bowels, also in the enlargement of the Spleen, Chronic Diseases of the Liver, Headache, General Debility, and in all cases have found them to be very effective.  
J. D. BOYD, M. D.

McKENNERS CO., Va., Feb. 7, 1837.

Having used Dr. Peters' Pills in my practice for the last twelve months, I take pleasure in giving my testimony of their good effects in cases of Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Bilious Fevers, and other diseases, produced by inactivity of the liver.

They are a peculiarly mild, yet efficient purgative medicine, and produce little, if any, griping or nausea. I have prescribed them with much success in sick headaches and slight bilious fevers.

Extract of a letter by Dr. Joseph Williams, of Burlington, Vt., July 10, 1837.  
"I cordially recommend Peters' Pills as a mildly effective and in no case dangerous family medicine. They are peculiarly influential in costiveness and all the usual diseases of the digestive organs."

For sale by  
CHRONICLE OFFICE, Kosciusko.  
CLARK & MADORY, do  
JOHN M. THOMPSON, do  
M. R. IRVING, French Camp.  
And on enquiry, may be found in all the towns and villages in the State.  
May 14, 1846. 19:6m.

### NOTICE.

RESPECTING the re-opening, for private entry, of lands in that portion of the Choctaw cession of 1830, included in the Grenada district, in the State of Mississippi.

The lands in the Grenada (north western) district in the State of Mississippi, lying in the limits of the Choctaw cession of September, 1830, which were withdrawn from private entry pursuant to public notice issued from this office by order of the President, on the 23d July, 1838, to await definite action on the Indian claims, arising under the said treaty, will again be made subject to private entry at the land office aforesaid on and after the eighteenth day of May next.

Notion of the base line and east of the Choctaw meridian:  
Townships twenty and twenty-four, of Range one.  
Townships twenty to twenty-four inclusive, of Range two.  
Townships twenty to twenty-five inclusive, of Ranges three, four, five and six.  
Townships twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two, of Range seven.

Notion of the base line and west of the Choctaw meridian:  
Townships twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two, of Range one.  
Townships twenty-two and twenty-six, of Range two.  
Townships twenty-five and twenty-six, and fractional townships twenty-eight and twenty-nine, of Range five.  
Townships twenty-three and twenty-four, and fractional townships twenty-six, twenty-seven and twenty-eight, of Range six.  
Townships twenty-two and twenty-three, and fractional townships twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, of Range seven.  
The part of fractional township twenty-two, situated north of the old Choctaw boundary line, and fractional townships twenty-three and twenty-four, of Range eight.

### To Pre-Emptors.

Every person claiming the right of pre-emption to any of the lands withheld from private entry as aforesaid, who has heretofore filed in due time the declaratory notice required by law, and who has been prevented from making payment by reason of such withdrawal of the lands, is hereby notified to furnish the necessary proof of his right, and to complete payment for the same, at the Land Office at GRENADA, without delay, otherwise the same may be disposed of as other public lands.

Given at the General Land Office, this eleventh day of March, A. D. 1846.  
JAS. SHIELDS, Commissioner.  
April 23. 16-tf