THE BOON'S LICK TIMES,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
BENSON & GREEN.

TERMS.

Two Dollars in advance, or Three Dollars at the end of the year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar per square, of twelve lines or less, or the first insertion, and Fifty Cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Where the insertion of an advertisement is ordered, without the number of insertions being specified, it will be inserted, (at the discretion of the publishers) until forbid, and charged accordingly.

All advertisements from strangers, as well as all orders for job-work, must be accompanied with the cash, or a reference to some responsible and convenient acquaintance.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS.

N. B. Coates, Huntsville.

Boonville Foundry.

THE subscribers having commenced the above business in the city of Boonville, are now prepared to manufacture

Steam and Fire Engines, Mill Machinery, Lard Oil, Tobacco and Hemp Screws, Brass and Copper Work, Carding and Threshing Machines, Wheat Fans, Blacksmiths' Bellows,

With every variety of Iron Casting usually made at such establishments. They will take in exchange old Iron, Brass or Copper, and pledge themselves that their work shall be well done, and at as low prices as they can be obtained in St. Louis. E. GIPE & Co.

Boonville, June 7th, 1845. 13—1y

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Hats and Caps at Wholesale.

WM. H. McKINSTRY, 23 *Market Street*, is just receiving his fall stock of Hats and Caps for the wholesale trade. His assortment will consist of the following varieties:

HATS.

Fashionable Nutria, Fashionable Moleskin;
do Russia; do best F. silk;
do plain; do angola;
do coney; do cass. brim do;
do cassimere; Low crown Russia;
do pearl cassimere; do plated;
do blue do do coney;
Low crown plain; do Ashland blue, &c.; medium shape Russia, good quality; square crown blue cassimere; round crown blue cassimere; men's and boys' wool sporting do; black and drab wool.

CAPS.

Muskrat Caps—Sup. Spanish shape, silk trimmed;
do Medium quality, Spanish shape;
do Low priced, cotton lined;
do Half loop do;
do Canada otter style;
do Round crown silk lined;
do Round crown, fur band;
do Opera shaped;
do Very low priced, &c.
Fur Seal Caps—Canada style, very superior;
do Hat shape; navy; round crown, fur band;
do Round crown, Spanish, medium quality;
do Low priced, &c.
Otter Caps—Super sea otter; No. 1 Canada do;
do Medium and common;
Nutria and Mock Fitch—Various shapes and qualities;
Cloth Caps—*Men's* low priced scollop;
do do super do;
do do fine seal and otter rings;
do do fitch ring; muskrat band;
do do low priced do;
do do super silk lined; "Ole Bull" Polish ring;
do do plain black cloth; fine fur trimmed Polish ring,
do do super blue and black, navy pattern;
do do glazed top, fur ring, Ashburton;
do do Prince Albert, &c.
do *Boys'* fur trimmed, glazed top fur ring;
do do octagon shape, fine fancy band;
do do Pickwick style, fancy spring;
do do navy pattern; common plain;
Velveteen Caps—*Men's* fur ring, plain common;
do do glazed top, fur trimmed;
do do fitch do;
do *Boys'* plain velvet, octagon shape;
do do fancy bands; turbans;
Plush Caps—super black; gray do; medium black;
do maroon colored, very superior;
Glazed Caps—Super glazed, curtain backs;
do double front do; leather do;
do medium and common qualities;
do oil silk, (St. Louis manufacture,) &c.

The above articles will be sold as low as the same qualities can be purchased at any other establishment in the city. Having on hand any quantity *large sizes*, ranging from 7¼ to 7⅞, the purchaser can select just such sizes of either *Hats* or *Caps* as will fill out his assortment.

All hats sold will be put in good saleable order before packing, which will be an advantage of 20 per cent. to the purchaser.

Merchants will find it to their interest to give the above stock an examination on their arrival in the city. [St. Louis, September 27th, 1845.

Barron & Rothwell,

No. 10 and 12 Vine Street, St. Louis, Mo.,

OFFER for sale on the most favorable terms, a very large stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, &c., received per late arrivals, and now opening, to which they respectfully invite the attention of purchasers. Their stock consists in part of the following articles, viz: Sulph quinine, ext. bark, oil black pepper, Eng. blue pill, American and English calomel, corrosive sublimate and red precipitate, powdered ipecac and rhei jalap, Peruvian bark, gum aloes, oil peppermint, powdered bayberry, tart. and sup. carb. soda, African cayenne, pow'd; American do. do., jujube paste, oxalic acid, fresh ergot, pow'd cantharides, Eng. calc'd magnesia, do. do. carb. do., pow'd and gum gamboge, epsom salts, gum opium, gum myrrh, &c., &c.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Spts. turpentine, linseed oil, copal and japan varnish, whiting, Ven. red and Span. brown, rose pink, chrome green and yellow, Paris green, extra quality; drop black, yellow ochre, lamp black, Prussian blue, American vermillion, Chinese do, red lead and litharge, white lead, ass'd paint brushes, sash tools, &c., varnish, white wash and dusting brushes, shoe and scrubbing do., C. H. pencils, &c., &c.

DYE-STUFFS.

Prime ombre madder, prime soft indigo, dye woods, cochineal, alum and copperas, a large stock of Glassware, together with every thing else in the Drug line, to which the attention of purchasers is respectfully solicited.

St. Louis, September 13th, 1845. 27—tf

LATE arrivals of Hardware, received by the subscribers, make their stock the most complete in town, and for sale extremely low by
BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

LOOKING Glass plates for sale low by
BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

OIL CLOTHS, for tables, bureaus, stands, wash stands, &c., just received and for sale by BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, September 27th, 1845.

BLANKETS—A good assortment just received and for sale low by *BREMERMANN & CUNO.*
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

BOON'S LICK TIMES.

"ERROR CEASES TO BE DANGEROUS, WHEN REASON IS LEFT FREE TO COMBAT IT."—Jefferson.

Vol. 6. FAYETTE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1845. No. 37.

NATURE AND SCIENCE.

"And the leaves of the trees were for the healing of the nations."—Rev. 22d: 3d.

Medical Notice.

Important and Unequalled Discoveries.

DR. JAMES M. MARTIEN'S APPROVED FAMILY MEDICINES.

UNTIRING RESEARCH, travel and labor, combined to the advantages afforded by an extensive and diversified practice have enabled Dr. J. M. MARTIEN to make various highly important discoveries in the healing art.

In offering his preparations to the human family, Dr. Martien fearlessly hazards the assertion, that they are not only unsurpassed, but *not equalled*, either for their curative properties, or for mildness, safety and certainty in their operations, by any other preparations compounded for similar purposes, now before the public.

Dr. James M. Martien's Invincible Pills, for the cure of Fever and Ague and all other Fevers, have not in a single instance failed to accomplish a perfect cure when the directions have been strictly followed. This medicine has in various violent and desperate cases, effected radical cures, after the patients had been abandoned and their condition pronounced hopeless, by medical gentlemen of high professional character.

Dr. Martien's Anti-Bilious Vegetable Universal Life Pills.—This medicine will certainly remove all impurities of the blood, and is an effectual remedy in many of the complaints which afflict the human system, and for the various painful and vexatious diseases incident to the female sex, no preparations now known to the public are equal to these pills. As a cathartic, they are entirely safe, always efficacious, and operate with unusual mildness: they also act as a cosmetic, and render the complexion clear, rich and fair.

Dr. Martien's *Anti-Dyspeptic and Anti-Consumptive Pills.*—These pills are principally prepared of Indian remedies, and operate almost like a charm. For dyspepsia, consumption, chronic cough, pain in the breast, spitting blood and complaints of the bowels, generally, this medicine is a certain cure when taken according to the accompanying directions. For many of the complaints with which children are afflicted, it is truly efficacious and without a rival.

Dr. Martien's never failing Worm Destroying Medicine.—This preparation now ranks among the most important discoveries of this, or any other age, for expelling worms.—*It never fails.*—Parents who are anxious to preserve the lives of their innocent offspring should always keep the invaluable Medicine in their families.

☞See Dr. James M. Martien's pamphlet, entitled the "Family Physician." This edition, left with all agents for gratuitous distribution.

☞All the above Medicines are to be had wholesale and retail at the Drug and Book-Store of Dr. WM. R. SNELSON, Fayette, and at the store of GEO. KNOX, Rocheport. Responsible persons in every neighborhood in the counties of Boone and Howard, are requested to call and receive the above medicines on deposite, for the convenience of the afflicted in their respective neighborhoods.

A few of the certificates among thousands of which Dr. Martien is constantly receiving, expressive of their grateful acknowledgments, will occasionally be inserted.

CERTIFICATES.

Certificate of Mrs. Nancy Hawkins.

Dr. James M. Martien—Sir:—A duty which I owe to the public as well as to yourself, impels me to advise you of the great benefits that have resulted, within my immediate knowledge, from the use of your Medicines. Those unacquainted with you, or with your long experience and unsurpassed skill as a practising physician, might readily be inclined to believe, that you are attempting a base imposition upon the unsuspecting and credulous. But it must be admitted, and the afflicted who have used your Medicines are certainly under the conviction, that you have approximated perfection in the healing art. I have, myself, administered your FEVER PILLS, when life was almost gone, and every hope had been abandoned by gentlemen well skilled in your profession, *and I have never known the medicine to fail.* I was present, myself, in nine cases of obstinate fever, in all of which your Fever Pills were used. The rapid recovery of the patients, *in every instance*, occasioned surprise and astonishment in those who were acquainted with their condition. I have also used your Universal Life Pills, and frequently administered them to others, and am persuaded that as a *universal medicine*, they are unequalled. In fact, suffering humanity is largely indebted to you, and at no very remote period, the many blessings you have been instrumental in imparting to the afflicted, will meet with the grateful acknowledgments of a grateful people.

NANCY HAWKINS.

St. Louis County, Mo., April, 1843.

Certificate of Mrs. Margaret Main.

Mrs. MAIN has received from the University of Edinburgh a diploma, as an *Accoucheuse*, and her services in that capacity, as also in that of nurse or doctor, are held in great requisition.

I have accurately observed the operation of Dr. James M. Martien's medicines, and take great pleasure in recommending them to all mothers and heads of families, as being superior to any which I have met during a long practical experience, both in Europe and in this country, among females and children.

MARGARET MAIN.

Jefferson City, Jan. 3, 1842.

St. Louis, Mo., June 7th, 1843.

Dr. James M. Martien: Sir:—I deem it a duty which I owe to you as well as to the thousands and tens of thousands of the sufferers of the human race, to bear testimony, and to put that testimony upon record, of the great and unequalled blessings that have been imparted to others, by the use of your Anti-Bilious Universal Life Pills. I have known them to relieve suppression of the Menses of one or two years standing, after repeated efforts of the most eminent and skilful of your profession had failed to produce any favorable result, and the sufferer rapidly hastening to an untimely grave, while yet in the bloom of youth. After the use of two boxes of your Life Pills, every thing was restored to its proper organization—Health, Beauty, the Physical Powers, and the Life of the female. As a mother who has seen much and many afflictions incident to her sex, I cannot too strongly recommend your medicines to all mothers and heads of families, believing, as I do, that they are among the greatest earthly blessings we possess and knowing, from experience, that they are universal in their application. And let me assure you, that it is my sincere wish, that the giver of all good gifts, may, when your cup shall be full, recompense you for the manifold blessings you have been instrumental in conferring upon suffering humanity.

SARAH CLARK.

august 16th, 1845. 23—4y

STONE-WARE.—A heavy lot of Stone-ware, superior article of all sorts and sizes, wholesale and retail, at Boonville prices, by
BALLANTINE & OUTCALT.
Rocheport, March 29th, 1845.

Union Academy.

THE undersigned is permanently established as a Teacher of Children and Youth, at Union Academy, about three and a half miles west of Fayette. He is a graduate, and has had nearly five years' experience in teaching; more than three of which, he has spent in the house which he now occupies; always giving special attention to the best means of developing and instructing the youthful mind.

While this school is designed to furnish a thorough Classical and Mathematical course of instruction, constant effort will be made to impart a minute and accurate knowledge of the elementary branches, such as Arithmetic, English, Latin and Greek Grammars, and other studies preparatory to a liberal course—as experience has proved, that while pursuing these, the intellectual character is mainly formed. Every pupil is required to make a thorough and rigid analysis of each book as he proceeds; to state in his own words his view of the subject in hand, that his misapprehensions may be corrected, and thus to discipline and strengthen his own mind.

It will be the constant aim of the Instructor to prepare his pupils for the practical duties of life, not only by teaching them to think for themselves on all subjects, but by introducing frequent exercises, drawn from the various business transactions of the world.

Young gentlemen wishing to qualify themselves for teaching, will receive instruction with special reference to that object.

The location of this Institution offers peculiar advantages. Situated in a most healthy neighborhood, removed from the corrupting influences of town, and village, and surrounded by highly respectable families, with whom board may be obtained, this school must insure the moral, as well as the intellectual advancement of its pupils.

TERMS—For the elementary branches: Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, &c., per session, of five and a half months, $5 00

For the higher branches: including Latin, Greek, French, the various branches of Mathematics, &c., &c. $15 00

Boarding, including washing, fuel, and lights, can be obtained at $1 25 to $1 50 per week.

Two or three boarders would be received by the Teacher. WM. T. DAVIS.

Sept. 20th, 1845. 28—1y

TANNER'S TOOLS just received and for sale low by *BREMERMANN & CUNO.*
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

CHILDREN'S woolen and worsted hose, every size, by *BREMERMANN & CUNO.*
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

BROADCLOTHS—Beaver do., Pilot do., Mackinaw do., Cassimeres and a large lot of stuffs for pants, just received and for sale low by
BREMERNANN & CUNO.
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

HAND AND CORN MILLS and Coffee Mills for sale low by *BREMERMANN & CUNO.*
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

BEDDING by the bale or pound by
BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, September 27th, 1845.

SUGAR COFFEE AND COTTON YARN, received and for sale by HICKMAN & ALLEN.
Fayette, October 4th, 1845.

TOBACCO.—Superior Aromatic Oronoco Tobacco, a new and choice article, for chewing, received and for sale by JOEL PREWITT.
Fayette, June 7th, 1845.

New Firm! New Goods!!

THE undersigned are now receiving, direct from the eastern cities, a large, beautiful and well selected stock of Goods, purchased with great care by an experienced person, and adapted to the approaching season. Our stock embraces a general assortment, such as is usually found in a Western Store, and we think have inducements to offer in quality, variety of styles and lowness of price, more than ordinary. We respectfully ask our friends and the public generally, to call and give our stock an examination before purchasing—in which will be found

Cloths, Sattinetts and Janes,
Cassimeres, Tweeds and Vestings, of every variety of patterns and colours,
Cashmere De Cosse, Rep do.
Alpacas, Romelias and Mouslin De Lanes,
A beautiful stock of printed Calicoes,
Striped, cross barred and plain Jacconetts,
Swiss, Tarleton and book Muslins,
Cambric, Thule and Bobbinett,
Ladies' French Kid Gloves,
Woolen, Silk and Pic Nic do.
Silk, Lamb's Wool and Cotton Hose,

Also—Hardware, Cutlery and Queensware. A general stock of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, at very low prices. Call and examine for yourselves. *BARTHOLOW & THAYER.*
Fayette, October 4th, 1845.

COMBS of every description very low by
BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

CHINA and Glass-ware, just received and for sale at reduced prices by
BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

PLANES of every description just received and for sale lower than they were ever sold for in this place, by *BREMERMANN & CUNO.*
Boonville, October 4th, 1845.

Bargains in Fact!!

THE subscribers flatter themselves that they have given substantial and satisfactory proofs of their establishment being the

Cheapest Store in Boonville!

which reputation they are at all hazards determined to sustain. In testimony of which they now offer a large and fresh stock of

Fall and Winter Dry Goods!

at such rates, as to defy competition at wholesale or retail. Purchasers are invited to examine and judge for themselves. The stock consists in part of the following articles, which are peculiarly worthy of notice, viz:

A large and rich assortment of ladies Fall and Winter wear,
Cashmere de cosse, Fig'd Saxonies,
Parisiennes, black and fig'd Alpaca,
Bombazen, Merinos,
Black Satin and Silk,
A great variety of Chintz prints and Calico,
Zephir and Worsted Mitts,
Cravats, Ties and Caps for ladies and children,
Superior fine plain and ribbed Cashmere hose,
Embroidered Tibet Shawls,
Polka do.
Shaded do.
Woolen do.
Nett do.
Superior fine Merino Flannel.

Gimps, &c., &c., together with a large variety of other articles too numerous to mention; all of them will be sold for cash or produce by
BREMERMANN & CUNO.
Boonville, September 27th, 1845.

Literature for 1846.

THE SOUTHERN LITERARY MESENGER, is a monthly periodical, devoted to every description of Literature and the Fine Arts. It has been established more than eleven years, during which time it has stood at the Head of American Periodicals. It is published in the neatest style, and contains a great variety of interesting and instructive reading;—differing widely from a majority of our Publication, in the solidity of its contents. Novels, Tales, Poems, Travels, Essays, Critiques, Reviews, Historical and Biographical Sketches, Papers on the Army, Navy, General Politics and other National Interests adorn its pages.

To the *South* and *West* it confidently appeals for support. Whilst it is *distinctly* the friend of the South and West, it is not *sectional*, having always circulated quite widely in the North and East and having imparted a *Higher National Character* to the Periodical Literature of the United States. Its motto is *"In the Union for the Union! In the South for the South!"* But the South and West should especially cherish it, as it is the only Literary Journal, of long and high standing, within all their wide borders, and has vindicated and promoted their rights and interests. During another year, it will seek to extend its usefulness and fame, and solicits the increased patronage of the public; and also invoke the aid of its present patrons in extending its circulation.

Its contributors are numerous—embracing professional and Amateur writers of the first distinction. To the present efficient corps, new writers will be added, and neither trouble nor expense will be spared, to make the work eminently worthy of patronage.

The *Twelfth Volume* of the Messenger, Number CXXXIV, will commence on the 1st of January, 1846. Each number contains 64 Super Royal Octavo Pages. It makes during the year a large and elegant volume.

Reduction of Postage.—In order to reduce the Postage as much as possible, the Messenger will be published on lighter paper; but of *the best quality*. Subscribers are invited to send in their orders, on the following

LIBERAL TERMS.

Single copy, $5 per annum.
Club of two, 9 or $4 50 per copy.
Club of five, 20 or 4 per copy.
Club of ten, 35 or 3 50 per copy.

The Messenger for Nothing.—Whoever will procure us 4 new subscribers and send $20, shall receive the Messenger gratis, or $4 in money, and in the same proportion for a larger number of subscribers.

B. B. MINOR, Editor and Proprietor.
Richmond, Virginia.

Switzler & Smith,

FAYETTE, MO.

RESPECTFULLY call the especial attention of their friends to their unusually extensive, and superior stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Men's and Boy's coarse Boots,
Do. do. do. Kip do.
Fine and medium calf do.
Do. Napoleon do.
Waterproof do. do.
Boy's and Men's coarse Brogans,
Do. do. Kip do.
Ladies' French kid slippers,
Do. Imt. do. do.
Do. Calf and Kip Boots and Gaiters,
Do. do. low shoes,

Misses and children's shoes, and all other articles in this line, a large part of which, are of extra quality and such workmanship as justify the highest recommendation. Gentlemen purchasing their family supplies for the winter, are particularly invited to examine this stock before purchasing, as we will sell at such prices as cannot be otherwise than satisfactory.

Fayette, October 4th, 1845.

WANTED—Wheat, Beeswax, Lard, Flaxseed, Jeans, Linseys, Socks, Feathers, &c.
Fayette, Oct. 18th, 1845. LAW & BYNUM.

CLOTHS—A splendid assortment, worthy the attention of those in need of coats, sold cheap at the People's Store. LAW & BYNUM.
Fayette, October 18th, 1845.

FLANNELS—25 pieces white, Red, Yellow, and spotted Flannels.
Fayette, Oct. 18th, 1845. LAW & BYNUM.

SATTINETTS & JEANS—20 pieces, all colors and qualities, at LAW & BYNUM'S.
Fayette, Oct. 18th, 1845.

Cash for Hemp.

The subscribers wish to purchase a quantity of HEMP, for which they will pay the highest market price in Cash, Goods, or take it in payment of accounts. J. D. PERRY & Do.
Fayette, October 18th, 1845.

NAILS.—Every size just received and for sale by JOEL PREWITT.
Fayette, June 7th, 1845.

MANUFACTURERS' DEPOT.

Boots, Shoes and Hats,

No. 56 Main Street, St. Louis.

RICHARDS & LAURIE, having opened a Wholesale Warehouse for the sale of BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS, respectfully call the attention of City and Country Merchants to the largest and most complete assortment ever offered in the city of St. Louis. Being agents for many of the most extensive manufacturers, and doing exclusively a commission business, they are prepared to sell as low as can be bought at the east, and *twenty-five per cent. lower* than can be purchased of any other house in the western country.

No. 56 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS.
St. Louis, October 25th, 1845. 33—4t

Cash for Wheat.

The subscribers wish to purchase a quantity of WHEAT, for which they will pay the highest market price in Cash, Goods, or take it in payment of accounts. J. D. PERRY & Co.
Fayette, October 18th, 1845.

Dissolution.

The business which has been carried on under the firm of "Lyons, Steinfield & Co." is by mutual consent dissolved, and hereafter will be conducted under the firm of Lyons & Steinfield.

ALEX. LYONS,
JOHN STEINFIELD,
M. KORAH.

Boonville, November 15th, 1845.

P. S. All those who are indebted to the old firm will please come forward as soon as possible and settle up; and all those who have claims against said firm will present them to the new firm of *LYONS & STEINFIELD.*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JUST received, by the Steamer Huntsville, a large lot of all kinds of Boots and Shoes, which will be sold at astonishing low prices.
LYONS & STEINFIELD.
Boonville, November 15th, 1845.

In the fourth volume of the memoirs of Thomas Jefferson, page 413, the following letter to Thomas Jefferson Smith will be found:

Monticello, February 21, 1825

This letter will to you be as one from the dead. The writer will be in the grave before you can weigh its counsels. Your affectionate and excellent father has requested that I would address you something on the course of life you have to run; and I, too, as a namesake, feel an interest in that course. Adore God. Reverence and cherish your parents. Love your neighbor as yourself, and your country, more than yourself. Be just. Be true. Murmur not at the ways of Providence. So shall the life into which you have entered be the portal to one of eternal and ineffable bliss. And if to the dead it is permitted to care for the things of this world, every action of your life will be under my regard. Farwell.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

A white Woman among the Winnebago Indians.—There is now among the Winnebagoes, near Fort Atchinson, a white woman, supposed to be about seventy years old who knows nothing of her parentage, and who has conformed to all the manners and habits of the Indians. She was recognized by John Haney, Esq., now living at Prairie du Chein, and who also thought he saw in her wrinkled and care worn countenance the kindred lineaments of an old friend—*Philip Daldridge.* In answer to an inquiry, Mr. H. writes as follows:

"Philip Daldridge is the name of the man who lost the three children—one of which I suppose to be the old white woman now with the Winnebagoes. From my recollections of the features of Mr. D., and the striking resemblance of this woman, I have litile doubt of her being one of the children. Her apparent age, and the fact of her having no recollection of her captivity, answer the case of his children, who were taken when very young. They were captured on the waters of the Monongahela river, in Virginia, near sixty years ago. Mr. D. lived in Washington county, Pennsylvanin, for a number of years; he then emigrated to the State of Indiana, some thirty years ago, where he died. His children, I suppose, are some of them still living in the State of Indiana. Mr. Daldridge was an intimate friend of my father, and being a man of marked features, I still retain a distinct recollection of his personal appearance, and that of his family. The first time I saw this woman I was struck with her resemblance to the Daldridge family. I had intended to have written to some of the family, but have neglected it."

The outline of the history of the capture abovementioned, is something as follows, if our recollection of the story is not at fault. Daldridge was returning to his home, from a short absence, but just in season to see his dwelling in flames, and his wife and children in the act of being hurried off by the hostile Indians. He was almost upon them before he was aware of his danger, and his wife motioned him to flee for his life. He had entered the little field that surrounded his dwelling, and a high fence interposed between him and the forest. Several Indians sprang toward him to secure him, but being a very athletic man, he leaped the fence like a deer and outstripped his pursuers. But he was ever after a lonely and disconsolate man, and spent much of his after life in endeavors to regain his lost family. For this purpose he visited, after the peace, most of the Indian tribes in the Mississippi valley, also Canada, and to ascertain the truth of some report, in fruitless hope, he visited Scotland. Daldridge recovered some portion of his family, and, we believe, ascertained where others died, but of one or two of his children, he never had any tidings. It is highly probable that the personage above referred to as being with the Winnebago Indians was one of them.—Our kindhearted friend, Mr. H., conversed with her of her situation, and tried to wean her from her present mode of life. At first a different ambition seemed to lighten up her eye, and she would often visit his family clad in a cleaner blanket and with more gaudy moccasin than was her want before; but she informed him, finally, that she knew of no other kindred or people by the ties of attachment except those with whom she had always sojourned, and she wished to lie down with them in her final rest. She is remarkable among the Indians for her temperance and for her disregard of many of their superstitious rites.

The N. York News of Monday, 20th, says:

A most singular movement is apparent in the late advices from England, and indicative of the progress of events. It is the *conversion of canals into railways.* The Earl of Powis heads the movement, and a meeting of the proprietors of the Ellsmere and Chester Canal, who have formed a confederacy with the Birmingham and Liverpool, the Shrewsbury and Montgomershire, and other canal interests in the north, for the conversion of their canal posessions into railways, in conjunction with the promoters of the Worcester, Shrewsbury, and Crew, and Shrewsbury and Trent Valley Union Lines, so as to furnish a complete system of railways to the district west of the Grand Junction, between Chester on the North and Worcester on the south, was held at Chester, when the proprietors confirmed the arrangements made by the committee for carrying out the proposed conversions of the several water ways into railways, by means of a company to be called the Shropshire Union and Canal. This is proof positive of the supplanting of Canals by railways.

MIRABEAU'S EULOGY ON FRANKLIN.

The following are the terms in which the Demosthenes of the French Revolution spoke of our venerated Franklin:

On the morning after the intelligence of the death of Franklin reached Paris, when the Assembly was convened, Mirabeau rose and spoke as follows:

"Franklin is dead! The genius that freed America, and poured a flood of light over Europe, has returned to the bosom of the Divinity. The sage whom two worlds claim as their own, the man for whom the history of sciences and the history of empires contend with each other, held, without doubt, a high rank in the human race. Too long have the political cabinets taken formal note of the death of those who were great, only in the funeral panegyrics. Too long has the etiquette of courts prescribed hypocritical mourning. Nations should wear mourning for their benefactors. The representatives of nations should commend to their homage none but the heroes of humanity. The Congress has ordered throghout the United States a mourning for one month for the death of Franklin; and at this moment America is paying this tribute of veneration and gratitude to one of the fathers of her constitution. Antiquity would have raised altars to the mighty genius who, to the advantage of mankind—compassing in his mind the heavens and the earth—was able to restrain alike thunderbolts and tyrants. Europe, enlightened free, owes at least a token of remembrance and regret to one of the greatest men who has ever been engaged in philosophy and liberty. I propose that it be decreed, that the National Assembly, during three days, shall wear mourning for Benjamin Franklin."

MISSOURI MINERAL PRODUCTION.

Newark, Ohio, Oct. 15, 1845.

Messrs. Gales & Seaton:—In the National intelligencer of the 11th instant, you copy an article on the subject of Copper in Missouri. I have been engaged for the last four years in investigating the mineral wealth of that State, and from my observation I believe it to be one of the most important mineral regions on the globe. Its ores are not only rich, but I believe inexhaustible.—Extensive mines of copper ore are at this moment in process of development.

I am now engaged with a company in working a mine in Madison county, 35 miles from the Mississippi, the ores from which yield, by the analysis of Mr. Chilton, of New York, 64 1-2 per cent. of pure copper. Silver is combined with it, but the per centage has not been deternimed. Cabolt is also in combination, in some specimens very rich. Of course the quality of the ore varies in different parts of the mine.

We have sunk a shaft about 75 feet deep, and find a vein of the black sulpuret, the same as that analyzed by Professor Chilton, some 10 feet deep, 3 feet wide on the top and 7 feet at the bottom. Below it lies the red and yellow sulphuret in large crystals.

We hope, when our facilities for mining are complete, to be able to raise ten tons of ore a day which, at the price offered us by Revere Copper Company of Boston, will average about $150 per ton. We have at this time considerable ore *in transitu* to that city.

It is strange that the mineral wealth of this country has been so long overlooked, and that a country so abundant in its mineral resources should not long ago have attracted more particular notice from the scientific. All the American geologists flocked last summer to Lake Superior, and the world is full of their extravagant reports whilst a region more accessible, affording greater facilities for mining, with ores equal, to say the least, in quality and quantity too; in a fine climate, where the means of subsistence are abundant and laborers on the ground; whence the mineral products can be more cheaply shipped to the market, and, what is more and better, where the discoverer of the mine may become the owner in fact, has been entirely overlooked. How is this? Is it because "distance lends enchantment to the view."

No Territory or State in the Union is deserving of a more careful geological survey than Missouri, and yet from the inertness of her counsels she is probably the last that will make one. Her minerals are not only more abundant but more varied than those of any equal territory on the earth. In my cabinet I have specimens of her copper, iron, lead, zinc, tin, cobalt, silver, nickel, temgsten.

I expect to visit that State in a few weeks and to devote a part of the winter in exploring the country, and may have occasion to ask a small portion of the National Intelligencer to make public the result of my labors.

Yours, truly, ISRAEL DILLE.

THE OREGON TRADE.

The Cincinnati Chronicle says: "The last intelligence informs us that there are now two packets running between Oregon city and Honohulu, one of the Sandwich islands. One of these is an American packet, and the other belongs to the Hudson Bay Company. This fact is the initial of one of the greatest commercial revolutions which the world has seen. Look at the map. Fix your points at Liverpool, Boston, St. Louis, Oregon city, and Canton. Then calculate the freight and time required by a bale of goods transported around Cape Horn to Canton. Then take the same bale of goods by steam-car from Boston to Oregon city, and then by steam-packet from Oregon to Canton! If the goods go from England, by Cape Horn, it will save ten thousand miles to take them across the American continent. If they go *from* the United States, there is a saving of *two-thirds* the whole distance! That the trade of the U. States will take that course, provided the communication is by steam, no one can doubt. It is vain to talk about the Panama route, if you can go by steam to Oregon."