

were permitted to be present at the execution. Mrs. Brown had four hours with her husband the preceding day, and was escorted back in the evening by the military to Harper's Ferry, where she awaited his remains. A despatch to the New York Herald of the 29th says: "All applications for passes for civilians to attend within the military lines are refused by the Governor, on the ground that it would conflict with the military programme. He said that no civilian could, under any circumstances, be admitted within the military lines, the outer one of which will be nearly a mile from the scaffold. Not a word of what Brown may utter, if he should say anything, will, therefore, be audible to the men forming even the line next to the gallows. Gov. Wise stated the cause of the exclusion of all persons other than the military, to be that in the event of an attempted rescue, an order to fire upon the prisoner will be given, and that those within the lines, especially those sufficiently near the gallows to hear what the prisoner may say, would inevitably share his fate." Every thing attending Brown's execution showed the continual apprehension of something. On the morning of execution the military assembled at nine o'clock, and were posted on the field leading to the execution, and also at various points as laid down in general orders. Everything was conducted under the strictest discipline, as if the town was in a state of siege. Mounted scouts were stationed in the woods to the left of the scaffold, and picket guards stationed outwards towards Shenandoah Mountains in the rear. The military on the field formed two hollow squares. Within the inner one was the scaffold, and between the inner line and outer lines the citizens were admitted, no one being allowed outside of the lines, except the mounted guards. At eleven o'clock the prisoner was brought out of the jail, accompanied by Sheriff Campbell and assistants, and Captain Avis, the jailor, when a small wagon containing a white pine coffin was driven up, upon which Brown took his seat. Six companies of Infantry and Rifles, and one of Horse, and General and staff, numbering twenty-five officers, headed the procession, and moved towards the place of execution. Brown was accompanied by no minister, desiring no religious ceremonies either in the jail or on the scaffold. He looked calmly around on the people, fully possessed; mounted the scaffold with firm step, his arms pinioned by the Sheriff, bid farewell to Capt. Avis and Sheriff Campbell, and at half-past eleven the trap of the scaffold was pulled away, and with a few slight struggles, John Brown yielded up his spirit. An overflowing meeting was held at National Hall, Philadelphia, the morning of the execution, to pray for Brown. Numerous letters were read by Rev. Mr. Furness. Addresses were also delivered by Lucretia Mott, Miss Mary Grew and others.

The State Department has been officially advised that war had been declared by Spain against Morocco, and the blockade of the ports of the latter country is announced.

There was a rumor of the death of Kit Carson, but on the authority of Judge Waite, direct from New Mexico, the mountaineer's demise was contradicted.

The Washington correspondent of the eastern Associated-Press, of the 29th ult., says: "The large reduction in the estimates of the Quarter-master's Department, as contrasted with those of last year, is attributed to the fact that the increased facilities for obtaining supplies in Utah relatively lessen the expense of transportation from the States. Besides, it is supposed that next Spring the army at Camp Floyd will either be largely reduced or removed. The information which from time to time has been received here shows that the only effect of the forces remaining there in inactivity is to financially benefit the Mormons."

G. G. Poindexter, Esq., one of the editors of the Nashville Union and America was killed recently by Allen A. Hall, Esq., editor of the Daily News of that city. They were both men of talent and respectability, but had been unguarded in their criticisms upon each other. They were both prepared for the street encounter, which ended in the shooting of Poindexter.

A Miss Sarah Hubbard, of Cleveland, Ohio, made several desperate efforts to rid the world of a type—Richard Moore, whom she accused of traducing her character. The lady was also a compositor, and had worked in the same establishment with Dick. She fired several times, but was fortunately unsuccessful in her attacks. Moore disclaims ever having said a word against her, and alleges that she had been villainously counselled in the matter. Sarah was good girl. So should be all virtuous women. Fools and calumniators should keep silence.

The Hon. Charles Sumner has returned from the continent of Europe, and is expected to take his place in the Senate during the present sitting of Congress; his health is much improved.

Judge Douglas is also in much better health.

The St. Louis Evening Bulletin announces, on the authority of the editor of The Arcadia Prospect, the organ of Missouri mining interests, intelligence of the discovery in South-East Missouri of a vein of hornblende rock, which it is believed will yield \$10,000 worth of gold to the ton. Full particulars were promised at an early day.

Washington Irving died at Irvington on the 27th November.

CERTAIN MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—The N. Y. Herald of the 19th ult., alluding to the passage through that city of the Delegate from Arizona, says: "He has some fine specimens of the mineral wealth of the new Territory, which cannot fail to make a profound impression upon certain members of Congress." None dispute that the Herald is posted at Washington. One would think in reading the above allusion to a "profound impression" made "upon certain members of Congress" by "mineral wealth," that he had some knowledge of the Utah Army contracts, and how they were got up. If we thought the Herald required them, we could furnish a "kink" or two.

THE DELEGATE FROM UTAH.—We had the pleasure yesterday of meeting Captain W. H. Hooper, the lately elected Delegate from Utah Territory, now on his way to the Federal Capital. Captain Hooper, some twelve or fifteen years since, was one of the most energetic and popular steamboat commanders on the Western waters. He will be well recollected by many of our steamboat builders, whom he patronized on several occasions; and especially by a goodly portion of our old business men, as a thorough-going member of their class, possessing high integrity of character, reliable in all his engagements, united with an indomitable will and go-ahead-iveness of character well calculated to insure success in all his enterprises. We are sure that he will be well received at Washington. Captain Hooper is a native of the eastern shore of Maryland, and has been a citizen of Utah for some ten years.—[E.]

The ship Josiah Quincy, lost on her voyage from Leghorn to Boston, had on board quite a valuable collection of works of art, belonging to Bostonians who have recently visited Italy.

The present Congress is expected to be highly interesting over the nigger question.

WHAT BROWN REALLY INTENDED AT HARPER'S FERRY.—Of the multifarious motives and plans ascribed to John Brown for his "insurrectionary" movement at Harper's Ferry, we have not yet read anything that has had so much consistency with facts as the following from a correspondent of the N. Y. "Tribune." He says: "I have not heard of anybody who, whatever crimes he may have attributed to Brown, has doubted his word. Here is his own account of his purpose at Harper's Ferry: He had calculated upon, and fully expected to accomplish, a rescue of a great number of slaves. To maintain a warlike position in Virginia for any definite period, was not his object. The idea of his seizing the Armory for the sake of the weapons it contained, he will not admit. He says he had far better weapons of his own. His occupying it at all was a variation from his original determination. He had decided to take Col. Washington and the other prisoners to the Harper's Ferry Bridge, and there to establish a commanding position, from which he could insist upon exchanges of slaves for his prisoners. In case he should have been dislodged, he would have retreated in haste to the mountains, with the intricacies of which he had made himself so much more familiar than the inhabitants themselves, that he believed he could defy all attempts to apprehend him. He had supposed that, after a few days of successful evasion, he would be joined by hundreds of slaves anxious to escape, by whose aid he could have perfected arrangements for an enormous rescue. This, as I understand it, was his real plan. The reason of the change was, he avers, that as the night of the rising was very severely cold, he suddenly concluded to have the prisoners taken to the Armory, where they would not be exposed to the weather, anticipating no trouble in moving off with them, in case he could not be able to effect the exchange with negroes before the general alarm should spread. Disappointed in this hope he had only to fight to the end. Some one the other day asked Brown the reason why he did not go further south to make this attempt. He answered that there were strong objections on the score of humanity—meaning, as was afterward explained, that the ferocity of the slaves further south could not have been checked, and that a great massacre would have been the result.

The obsequies in honor of the late Hon. David C. Broderick took place in New York, on Sunday the 20th. But for a heavy rain on the preceding Sunday it would then have taken place. The "unco' golly" were uncommonly zealous in opposition thereto and intimidating extensively fire and brimstone for the desecration of the Sabbath by such processions. "The Pharisees" were getting it largely from the Herald. The procession passed through the principal streets to the chapel of the University, where the great mass listened to the funeral oration delivered by John M. Dwinelle of Rochester. Harry Howard, chief engineer of the fire department, acted as grand marshal, and with his boys preserved order on the line of procession, which was very large and interesting.

MILITARY.—Aug. 14, 1859.—Brevet Brigadier-General Albert S. Johnston, Colonel 3d Cavalry, commanding department of Utah, having received information that a band of northern Indians had robbed and murdered a party of emigrants on the California road, detached 2d Lieutenant Ebenezer Gay, 2d Dragoons, in command of Company "G," 2d Dragoons, from Camp Floyd, to take such steps as circumstances might require. The latter learning, near Box Elder, that the Indians were not distant, resolved to attack them. After a rapid march of two hours, with forty-two Dragoons, Lieutenant Gay surprised the encampment of the Indians, and charged upon the main body, killing and wounding several. The number of the Indians is estimated from one hundred and fifty to two hundred warriors, of whom some twenty were killed; twenty horses were captured, nearly half being American horses; four men severely, and two slightly wounded; and nine horses wounded. Lieut. Gay commends Lieut. Geo. Ryan, 7th Infantry, for his valuable services on the occasion, and Assistant-Surgeon John Moore, medical department, for his immediate and kind attention to the wounded. [How stories magnify in their eastern flight. The multiplying echoes of a thousand miles may often make a hero, while closer communion might leave him, living or dead, "Unknewt, unconfid and unknown."—Eds.]

FOREIGN NEWS.

MEXICO.

Advices from the City of Mexico to the 17th ult., have been received. The Constitutionalists lost at Queretaro twenty-one cannon and a large number of prisoners, including Generals Alvarez, Tapia, and an American officer. The latter was shot against the remonstrance of the British Minister. A battle had occurred at Tudanango, in which four hundred men were killed and half the town burned. The liberals were victorious. It was reported that a compromise had been proposed between Juarez, Robles and Miramon, Juarez to be a provisional President at Mexico, and the Constitution of 1857 to be restored, and the laws confiscating the church property to be annulled. Advices from Brownsville state that Cortinas had hung three Americans, in revenge for the hanging of his officers at Brownsville.

BRITISH ISLES.

The steamer Great Eastern arrived at Southampton, for the winter, on the 4th Nov. Her run to that port was still more satisfactory than any of her previous trial trips. A new steamer had been ordered by the Cunard company, to be 600 tons larger than the Persia. The verdict of the Coroner's jury on the melancholy loss of the Royal Charter was, "purely the result of accident."

Great activity prevails at Woolwich Arsenal in the preparation of material for the coast defences, and for the expedition against China. The fortifications at Dover are to be extended forthwith, and several batteries are to be reconstructed.

A splendid new screw three-decker of 121 guns, was launched at Portsmouth on the 12th, in presence of the Queen and royal family. She is called the Victoria, and was christened by the Prince Frederick William of Prussia.

The London "Times" in an editorial on the relations of England and France, entertains no doubt that a feeling of hostility to England, more bitter than has existed in France since 1815, now prevails, and it charges the French Government with encouraging this feeling. The English Government have promulgated its plan for creating the proposed reserve forces of naval volunteers. The enrollment of the 30,000 men authorized by Parliament commences on Jan. 1. Attractive inducements are offered to volunteers. A serious mutiny had taken place on board the ship-of-the-line Princess Royal, at Portsmouth. Over 100 men were taken prisoners and placed in irons.

The "Morning Star" says that there is a plot on foot which contemplates a crime of no smaller magnitude than the plunging of England and France into war.

The London "Post" denounces the article in the "Times" as a wicked and wanton alarm, specially designed to put the blood of the nation up. It adds: "We may some day find ourselves at war with France, but not in consequence of a sudden and unexpected invasion."

FRANCE.

It is said that the French Government has resolved on establishing a naval station in the Red Sea. The cholera appeared among the French troops engaged in the expedition against Morocco. Several distinguished officers have died, including Col. Lafont, commanding the Engineers. The ravages exceeded 50 per day, and the total deaths have been 1500. The Government had demanded a credit of thirty millions of francs to be devoted to the Chinese expedition.

The "Moniteur" publishes the report of Admiral de Genouilly on a fight of the 7th September with the Cochinchinese, in which the enemy suffered severe loss. The report says: "We have put the enemy to flight and destroyed their forts and artillery. Our loss amounts to ten men killed and forty wounded."

ITALY.

The State of Italy tends to revolution. Napoleon presses heavily upon the King of Sardinia to carry out his (Napoleon's) understanding with the Emperor of Austria at Villafranca, and the King is as heavily and dangerously pressed in the opposite direction by the leaders of the people. It was reported that Garibaldi at a recent interview with the King declared that Italy was betrayed, and that he would head a revolution. The King, of course, is said to have protested against such a proceeding. The Regency of Central Italy was offered to Prince Carignan, but from motives of policy he had to decline the honor.

Married:

By Bishop E. D. Wooley, in the First Ward, on Wednesday evening last, Mr. WASHINGTON B. ROGERS to Miss SARAH JANE THOMAS (late of Wales). [Millennial Star, please copy.]

Died:

At his residence, in East Earl township, Lancaster County, Pa., on Tuesday, October 30th, PETER RANCK, aged 82 years, 1 month and 12 days. [We copy the above from the Lancaster Examiner and Herald, and publish it because we understand that the son and numerous friends of the deceased are citizens of Utah.—Eds.]

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKEN UP.

ONE red STEER, with some white spots, branded W. Shirliff on right horn, an illegible brand on right hip.

WILLIAM MCGHIE, Mill Creek Ward.

Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society.

HEREBY give notice that there will be an Election of one President and six Directors to form the board of the Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society, for the ensuing year, in the Social Hall, in Great Salt Lake City, on Saturday, January 13, 1860, at 1 p.m. A punctual attendance of the members of said Society is requested. By order of the Board, THOMAS BULLOCK, G. S. L. City, Dec. 27, 1859, 19 2d S. cretory.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court for Great Salt Lake County, will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Saturday, January 7th, 1860, at the Subscriber's Law Office, East Temple Street, G. S. L. City, the following described property, belonging to the Estate of ALMON W. BAZART, Esq., late of G. S. L. City; deceased: THE HOMESTEAD, consisting of one fine large Dwelling House, well finished, with a good well of water at the door, a summer kitchen, and a large lot, containing a well cultivated garden, containing some two and half acres of land, situated in the 16th Ward.

Also, one small DWELLING HOUSE, and full Lot, in said Ward, and one Small HOUSE and quarter Lot, situated in the 15th Ward; G. S. L. City, together with one good Plow; &c. Also, at the same time and place, will be sold the following Catalogue of LAW BOOKS, viz: 10 vols. D. S. Digest, 1 Metcalf & Perkins, 10 Bacon's Abridgment, 3 Cowen's Treatise, 6 Hall's Reports, 2 N. York Digest, 1 Denio's Reports, 1 Story on Promissory Notes, 1 do. on Bailments, 3 Cruise's Digest, 4 Hammond's Reports, 2 Phillips' Evidence, 1 Wilson's Digest, 1 Howard on Fraud, 1 Gilman's Ills. Digest, 6 Kinzie's Law Compendium, 1 Chitty's Pleading, 1 Pothier on Contracts, 1 Bailly on Bills, 1 Starbuck on Slander, 1 Powell on Devises, 3 Chitty on Bills, &c., 2 Epitomes's Nat. Priors, 1 do. on Evidence, 13 Ohio Reports, 2 Dunlap's Practice, 3 Chitty's Pleading, 1 Archibald's do., 1 Crawford on Evidence, 1 Blackstone's Commentaries, 3 Tomlin's Law Dictionary, 1 Phillips on Evidence, 2 Story's Equity Pleading, 1 Kinzie's Kent Commentaries, 10 American Jurist, 3 Chitty's Common Law, 1 Story on Bailments, &c.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p.m., on said day, when attendance will be given, and conditions made known by. W. I. APPELBY, Administrator, &c.

N.B.—All persons indebted to the Estate of A. W. Babbitt, Esq., deceased, on notes of hand, rents, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, and any one having books, ledgers, date payments, and any one having books, ledgers, date payments, in their possession, is requested to send them to the immediately. 16 4t W. I. A.

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, 56 miles north, on Third Mill Creek, for sale, or in exchange for personal or city property. Enquire of A. S. Beckwith, next door to Bishop Hunter's, 15-2d.

GET THE TRUE TIME!

W. BALLAN, WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER.

REturns his sincere thanks to his brethren and friends at large, for the very liberal patronage he has received during the three years past he has done business in this city, and hopes by strict attention to business, and executing work in the best possible manner, to continue to receive a liberal share of the public patronage. His stock is of the best quality. Watch-glasses inserted from 50 cents to 75 cents each. Gold and Silver Watches, Old Gold, Silver, &c., purchased at a liberal price for cash. Office on East Temple Street, opposite Mr. Nixon's Store, west side, G. S. L. City. W. BALLAN. N.B.—All persons indebted to me, are requested to make immediate payment. 16-4t W. B.

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.

JOHN B. MAIBEN

Will attend to the COLLECTION OF ACCOUNTS throughout the Territory, and any other business that may be entrusted to his care, on reasonable terms. Being Traveling Agent for the Mechanics, any Accounts left at the office of that paper, will be duly forwarded and attended to. 13-4t

IN THAN VAST.

THE undersigned, having had a long experience in the business, would respectfully inform his friends and the people of Utah generally, that he is on hand to make out.

POWERS OF ATTORNEY, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT,

and all other documents of like character; also APPLICATIONS FOR PENSIONS, BOUNTY LAND

and other claims of Government, made out on the shortest notice.

He is connected with responsible persons who will promptly attend to the

COLLECTION OF MONEY

in the United States and in Europe.

No charges made for any information he may be able to communicate on these subjects to any person who may favor him with a call.

By a strict and rapid attention to business he hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage. For references in regard to competence, integrity and just dealing, refer to any person who has been acquainted with him for the last ten or fifteen years.

OFFICE—In Geo. Cronyn & Co's Store, sign of the big T, Temple Street, G. S. L. City. 10-3m W. CLAYTON.

DENTAL ART.

THE undersigned has received an assortment of Stockton's celebrated GUM TEETH. He is now prepared to accommodate such as may call on him, with from one to a full set on Gold Plates.

JAS. M. BARLOW, Clock and Watch Maker, First house east of the Desert Store, G. S. L. City. 4-4t

JAMES BIRD,

CABINET MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, TURNER AND CHAIR-MAKER, Second door south of Surveyor General's Office, ON WEST TEMPLE STREET.

MR. BIRD is prepared to execute all orders entrusted to him in a finished, workmanlike manner. He has on hand a large supply of well-selected Mountain Mahogany, and will furnish to order promptly.

TEN-PIN ALLEY BALLS,

COUNTING HOUSE RULERS, WALKING CANES,

and every article in his line to gratify the most fastidious taste. 9-4t

BLACKSMITHING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

H. C. JACKSON will be on hand to accommodate his friends and customers at his Old Stand, near BALLO'S HALL, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to be worthy the patronage of all who want good work done.

Accounts of long standing will be collected without fail. A hint to the wise is sufficient. 12-4t

MORE GOODS!

LEVI STEWART AGAIN BEFORE THE PEOPLE!

HIS STORE is at his Dwelling-house in the 8th Ward, on the State Road, where he offers for sale a general assortment of

MERCHANDISE,

consisting of a well selected and superior stock of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

Feeling thankful for past patronage, he solicits the favorable attention of his friends to his present Stock.

LEVI STEWART, L. Stewart, Stewart & Bro., L. Stewart & Co., will please call and settle their accounts, and save costs. 13-4t

FARM FOR SALE.

OR to be let, in Kay's Ward, containing 45 acres, 12 acres of which are enclosed pasturage, all in the neighborhood of a good range for stock. A good adobe house of three rooms, and stable on it. The house may be occupied from 1st Dec. Apply to 19-3m THOMAS D. BROWN, 14th Ward.

GLOBE BAKERY.

Next door north of Livingston, Bell & Co's Store.

RICHARD COLIGHTLY begs to thank his Friends and the public generally for past patronage, and solicits an inspection of his present stock of Crackers, &c., of the different kinds of which, viz, Milk Crackers, Butter Crackers, Boston Crackers and Hard Bread, he has a large quantity always on hand, so that his customers may be supplied with a choice stock of the staff of life, manufactured of the best material, and at moderate prices, at a moment's notice.

FINE LIGHT BREAD.

Hot at 5 p.m. every day. Pound Cakes, Wedding Cakes, Sugar Crackers, Cakes, Buns, Abornethy, wine, anti-dyspeptic and soda Crackers made to order on short notice. Rye Bread three times a week. 17-4t

BROOMS! BROOMS!!

THE undersigned respectfully announces that they have opened a BROOM FACTORY, in the 2nd Ward, 3 blocks south of Gibson's, on Emigration street, where they intend keeping a good article of brooms on hand for sale. They will also take brooms come to work up on shares. A share of public patronage is solicited. THOMAS COLBORN, HENRY TRIBE, 2-4t

ALEX. C. PYPER,

DEALER IN DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass and Dye Stuffs. Also,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, CLOTHING, STATIONERY, &c., &c.

Together with

1001 THINGS IN DAILY USE.

REMEMBER THE FLORENCE STORE,

One Door north of M. & R. Russell's.

Nov. 28, 1859. 15-4t ALEX. C. PYPER.

COME, GET YOUR MONEY.

W. I. APPELBY,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

Will attend to the collection of Debtors' Claims, &c., in the Territory of Utah.

Powers of Attorney for the States, Canada, and Europe (under the English Law of Primogeniture or otherwise), Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, Declarations for Bounty Land Warrants, Pensions, Indian claims, Leases, &c., &c., drawn up legally and with dispatch. Legal counsel given free of charge, where he executes the papers.

Having had some twenty years' practice in the business, he warrants all papers executed by him, where the claim is just and information correct. Bills made out Books, posted, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Office in Mr. Ballan's Watch and Jewelry Store, East Temple Street, west side, G. S. L. City. 16-4t

NOTICE.

IN tendering my thanks to those friends who have kindly responded to my late call for payment, I beg respectfully to notify all who are similarly indebted to me for professional services, that Messrs. Ferguson & Bail are hereby appointed my legal Agents, and that all outstanding accounts are heretofore to be paid to their collector, Mr. John B. Maiben, who is authorized to receipt for the same.

WM. FRANCE, M.D. G. S. L. City, Dec. 1, 1859. 15-4t

AMY AND SMITH,

EAST TEMPLE STREET.

Next door south of Staines, Needham and Co.,

HAVING recently returned from the Eastern States, with a large and superior supply of

TIN, COPPER,

SHEET IRON, &c. &c.

And being fully prepared with Tools, and first class mechanics, respectfully ask their friends to call and see them, and receive their patronage, and invite those who have not given their stock and mechanical skill a trial, to call and see them.

They likewise solicit the favorable attention of their friends, and the public in general, to their variety of

HANDSOME PARLOR STOVES,

AND HARDWARE,

to their selection of

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING;

as also to their choice collection of

GROCERIES, WINES, BRANDY, &c.,

to sell wholesale or retail, at low prices.

N.B.—They have also a large amount of CATTLE on hand, which they are willing to sell for cash or exchange for wheat. 5-4t

NEW GOODS

AT

STAINES, NEEDHAM AND CO.

HAVING lately received from California an assorted Stock of

MERCHANDISE,

including Bonnet Ribbons, Ladies' Belts, Gloves, Hosiery, and a variety of notions, making our Stock now complete goods desirable for this market. We still offer the same at our usually low prices.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Blankets, Over-shirts, Comforts,

Men's Clothing, Under-shirts, Drawers, Sattinet, Jeans, &c., &c.

which we offer at reduced prices.

We would call the attention of the Farmers to our

PEORIA PLOWS,

Slab and Bar Steel at 50 c. per lb.

Our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES are complete.

STAINES, NEEDHAM & CO. East side of East Temple St., G. S. L. City, Nov. 25, 1859. 14-4t

AMUSEMENT FOR THE PEOPLE.

SOCIAL PARTIES will be held in Independence Hall, on Main St., opposite W. Nixon's, every Monday evening, commencing at 7 o'clock. For particulars apply to Alexander Duff, at the Hall. Refreshments supplied at all hours on reasonable terms. 17-1m

NOTICE.

I HAVE placed the whole of my Accounts into the hands of Mr. John B. Maiben for collection. All persons indebted with, therefore, oblige me by settling with him immediately. I shall require interest on account of long standing. 17-3t SAML. BRINGHURST.

CABINET TURNING.

I BEG leave to inform my friends, and the public generally, that I have secured the services of JOHN POWELL, one of the best cabinet-makers in the Territory. Having had considerable experience, he can turn all kinds of work in the first style. Give us a call, and you will be suited in work and price.

Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, &c., &c., always on hand, for sale at reasonable rates.

E. M. CAST, 14th Ward.

On State Road, half a block north of Emigration Street, and opposite Heman Hyde's. 17-4t