INDIAN CHIEFTAIN.

Devoted to the Interests of the Cherokees, Choctaws, Chickasaws, Seminoles, Creeks, and all Other Indians of the Indian Territory.

CHIEFTAIN PUBLISHING CO. VINITA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1885. VOL. IV. NO. 1.

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE Boston Board of Health has ordered quarantine against all vessels from Canada and Newfoundland.

MR. SAMUEL PLIMSOLL, the English millionaire philanthropist and "sailors' friend," is to be married to Miss Wade, an enormously wealthy spinster of Hull.

IN speaking about the $250,000 Grant fund, Mr. Chaffee recently said: "I think it is safe. Mr. Hoyt invested $50,000 of it in Nickel Plate and the other $200,000 was put in Wabash stock by the Morgan estate. Mr. Morgan gave a written guarantee for ten years to pay the interest and then pay back the principal."

WHILE a steamboat was recently passing down the Tennessee River, near Savannah, a huge panther, which had been observed swimming the river, sprang on board. The colored roustabouts were terribly frightened, when the Captain fired a load of buckshot into the animal, which sprang into the water, and, after swimming ashore, disappeared in the brush.

THE recent strike of the switchmen on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad at Chicago was caused by the action of Thomas Griffin, yardmaster, in giving an inexperienced man a job as switchman on an extra engine. The strikers claimed that there were old switchmen, former employes of the road, who were out of employment, one of whom ought to have had the job.

IT was recently stated at the Treasury Department, Washington, that the only significance of the recent cancellation of silver certificates to the amount of about fifteen million dollars lies in the fact, as shown by experience, that certificates of large denomination are practically worthless as a circulating medium. The notes destroyed were five hundred and one thousand dollar certificates.

DURING the latter part of September one of the most desirable vacancies in the army will be created by the retirement of Inspector General Nelson Davis. The consequent promotions will leave an Assistant Inspector General, with rank of Major, to be filled from the Captains of the line. There are over forty applicants for the appointment, all of whom are bringing strong influence on the appointing power.

THIRTY-SIX Red River and Red Cliff Indians visited the Chicago Board of Trade the other day, reaching the gallery a few minutes before the close of the afternoon session. Their appearance in fantastic combinations of garb was greeted with shouts rivaling in vigor their own war whoops. The enthusiasm so excited the red men that on the spur of the moment a native war dance was indulged in. Instantly a most ludicrous scene was inaugurated, there being given in the wheat pit an imitation of the Indian dance, into the spirit of which all the traders joined. There was a wild scene for five minutes, and then the gong sounded for the close and the Indians filed from the gallery.

JUDGE BATCHELLER, of the International Tribunal at Cairo, Egypt, arrived at New York on the 8th. He was appointed by General Grant ten years ago. He said in an interview: "General Gordon brought about his own destruction by disobeying orders. He could have retreated when he found it impossible to carry out the Government's instructions, but chose to remain and call for aid. Then against the wishes of Gladstone and all the army officers except General Wolseley, the fatal expedition up the Nile began. I saw Pain in Cairo before he left to attempt to reach the Mahdi. He was in bad health and looked decidedly consumptive. He said there it was his intention to return to the camp of the prophet. I do not think Pain died by British bullets or Arab spears. He probably died of fever, if he is dead at all."

A TELEGRAM was recently sent from Columbus, O., saying that Mr. Herbert Tay, of that city, had been notified by the War Department that he was the youngest man enlisted in the Union army in any of the States during the rebellion. It was stated at the War Department that no statement of the nature mentioned had ever been made by the department, and no information on the subject has ever been compiled from the records. The War Department officials say it would involve an examination of the records of nearly three million men to enable the department to make such a statement with any degree of accuracy, and as nothing would be gained to the public service by the compilation of such information, the probability is that the question of who was the youngest soldier will never be definitely settled.

PEOPLE of England and America who remember the famous song of years ago, "The Maid of Llangollen," may be interested to know that recently, at that picturesque Welsh place, the heroine of the song suddenly died of heart disease. Her name was Jennie Edwards. She was seventy-one years old and was proprietress of the Hand Hotel. In her youth, as Jennie Jones, she was a bar maid at the Royal Hotel kept by her aunt, where her wonderful beauty, natural fascinating manner, rich voice and her performances on the Welsh harp attracted wide attention among tourists. Among these were the late Charles Matthews and John Perry, the eminent musician and "entertainer." They respectively composed the words of the song in honor of the "Maid of Llangollen," which were set to a simple air and soon gained a world-wide notoriety.

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

A Summary of the Daily News.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

GENERAL SHERMAN eulogized General Grant before the Society of the Army of the Tennessee at Chicago on the evening of the 9th.

EMPEROR WILLIAM at Carlsruhe on the 11th stood in his carriage and reviewed 17,000 troops. The weather was rainy.

MISS ADA SWEET, of the Chicago Pension Office, has resigned, and Mrs. M. A. Mulligan, widow of Colonel Thomas A. Mulligan, has been appointed to the vacancy.

PRESIDENT BRAINERD, of St. Albans, Vt., who was kidnaped in Pembina recently by detectives, arrived in St. Paul on the 9th on the Manitoba through train. While in the Union Depot handcuffed he was again kidnaped by unknown parties.

MR. A. M. KEILEY has formally tendered his resignation as United States Minister to Austria, and his resignation has been accepted.

DR. W. A. GUY, the eminent English physician, is dead.

EMERY A. STORRS, the well-known Chicago lawyer, died at Ottawa, Ill., recently.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE other night an attempt was made to blow up with dynamite the hotel, saloon and residence of Neal & Badwell, in the village of Westminster, not far from Lima, O. The saloon had recently been opened, and its presence was hotly opposed by some of the inhabitants.

AT Pittsburgh, Pa., the other morning, John McIntosh shot his mother through the brain. The old lady had called her son to shoot a cat in the garden. While he went for the gun she went into the arbor, and he, unaware of this, fired at the cat and killed his mother.

THE accounts of the late Charles S. Demott, receiver of taxes of Hempstead, Long Island, who died recently, are being investigated. It is reported that there is a shortage of from $5,000 to $7,000.

THE International Telegraphic Conference at Berlin adopted the German proposal for an international telephone system.

THE British steamer Auckland collided with the German gunboat Blitz near Copenhagen recently. The Auckland was sunk at once and fifteen of the seventeen members of the crew of that vessel went down with her. The Blitz was not seriously injured.

SEVENTY horses and much other property were burned in a recent fire at Lester Bros.' livery stables, Nashville, Tenn.

A GAS well was struck at Cameron, N. Y., at a depth of fifty feet while one of the residents was boring for water. The gas flowed with considerable force.

AN unknown vessel was wrecked at Two Rivers, Wis., on the 9th about five miles north of Harbor piers. Nothing was found to indicate the name of the vessel. It was believed that many other vessels went down in the storm, resulting in the loss of a great number of lives.

IT was reported from Spain on the 10th that the Government had decided to place several cities under martial law.

FLOODS have ruined the crops in Bengal. Several landslides have occurred, damaging many railways.

THE schedules in the assignment of Martin & Co., leather dealers, of Buffalo, N. Y., show liabilities of $266,091; nominal assets of $25,529; actual assets of $8,903.

MRS. DR. MARSHALL, Mrs. Paul and a lady friend were drowned the other evening by a boat capsizing in Lake Traverse during a storm. One body was recovered.

A TERRIFIC gale prevailed at Paris, France, on the 11th. Great damage was done to property and there were many casualties.

THE business failures for week ended September 10 numbered for the United States, 184; for Canada, 19; total, 203; as compared with 150 the previous week.

THE Tammany Hall General Committee has passed resolutions condemning the Civil Service Commission.

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue reports that the amount of distilled spirits gone into consumption in the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, was 69,156,902 gallons, and the amount of malt liquors on which tax was paid during the same period was 19,185,955 gallons.

M. C. ROCKWELL, the ex-banker of Union, N. Y., and his clerk, D. J. Palmer, were arrested the other day, charged with larceny in the first degree in misappropriating $30,000. The complaint was made by Mrs. Livingston, a widow.

THERE was another failure to sail the international yacht race at New York on the 11th. The yachts started, and the Genesta had the best of it while the wind lasted. When the breeze got light the Puritan forged ahead and was leading when the seven-hour time limit expired and the race was off for the day.

THE Sacramento (Cal.) River is now so filled up by debris and slickens washed down from the mines worked in the past year that passenger and freight boats can no longer reach Sacramento.

A RECENT telegram from Fredericksburg, Tex., says that Wesley Collier and Jack Beam, murderers, had broken jail at Mason and escaped.

A RECENT dispatch from Genoa reported the foundering of the steamer Villa de Malaga. The crew basely deserted the vessel, leaving the passengers to their fate. Out of sixty passengers, sixteen were drowned.

THREE sailors of the brig Furness Abbey were recently arrested in Boston on a charge of mutiny. The Captain and Mate were also arrested on counter charges of cruelty. The vessel was from Hong Kong.

MOLLIE MAGUIRISM is again reported rampant in the upper and lower Luzerne districts of Pennsylvania. Nine murders have recently occurred in the northern coal fields, and mines are frequently fired.

THE Sultan of Muscat, who has great influence in the Mohammedan world, recently offered his army in the service of Great Britain.

A STATE banquet was given at the Royal Palace at Copenhagen on the 11th, attended by the Czar and Czarina, the Prince and Princess of Wales, King Christian of Denmark and King George of Greece. King Christian proposed the health of the Czar and all stood up and sang the Russian National Anthem.

THE Marine Hospital Bureau at Washington has been informed that yellow fever is epidemic in the State of Sonora, Mexico, and a request has been made for the appointment of a medical inspector at Nogales, Tex.

IT was reported in Madrid recently that the boiler of the Spanish cruiser Castilla, lying at Cadiz, had exploded. The Castilla was the largest cruiser in the Spanish Navy.

JACOB KEELY, a leading merchant of Rockbridge, Ill. was found dead in his store the other morning with two bullet holes in his body. All the circumstances pointed to murder, but no clue had been obtained to the perpetrator of the deed.

THE Free Thinkers' Convention met at the Leland Opera House, Albany, N. Y., on the 11th.

A RECENT dispatch from Pesth says: Count Paul Festetico has killed M. Pechy, son of the President of the Hungarian delegation, in a duel. It was first reported M. Pechy died of illness.

J. C. WEISENBURG, dealer in dry goods, Appleton, Wis., has confessed judgment to the amount of $20,000 and his establishment has been closed. Assets estimated at $15,000.

THE Michigan September crop report gives the total number of acres of wheat threshed as 183,738, with a total yield of 3,815,029, or an average of 20 4-5 bushels to the acre.

THE barge Cyclone, laden from Marquette, was reported ashore near Alabaster, Lake Huron, and will probably prove a total loss. She was launched at Cleveland in 1856, being then the propeller Pittsburgh, one of the finest steamers in the world in her day.

A COMMISSION consisting of Captain James Kincannon of Mississippi and Mr. Wood of Tennessee has been appointed by the Secretary of the Interior to go out to the Indian Territory and open negotiations with the Choctaw, Creek, Cherokee and Seminole Indians for the purpose of having their undivided lands thrown open for settlement.

A COMMUNISTIC uprising in the Canton of Cordova, in the State of Vera Cruz, Mex., is giving great annoyance to the planters of that section. The rebels demand a division of all property.

THE large sugar works of the American Glucose Company, at Peoria, Ill., burned the other morning entailing a loss of $250,000. The fire originated near the drying kiln, and, driven by a high wind, spread with great rapidity. The insurance was not known.

TWELVE glass tableware factories of Pittsburgh, Pa., which had been closed since last June for the usual summer vacation have resumed operations, giving employment to 2,000 men.

THE winery and distillery of the Fresno Vineyard Company at Fresno, Cal., were destroyed by fire recently. The loss was $120,000; partially insured.

A CHINESE loan of $40,000,000 has been negotiated at Paris and Berlin for the construction of a railroad from Taku to Tuntchow, twelve miles south of Pekin. A Manchester firm has obtained the contract for building the road.

NINE Apache bucks and eleven squaws were seen recently near Hillsboro, N. M., evidently stealing their way back to the San Carlos reservation.

DISPATCHES from Europe of the 12th noted the steady disappearance of cholera from France and Spain.

FLOODS have destroyed the crops in Bengal. The Calcutta district is submerged and several land slips have occurred, causing damage to railroads.

THE clearing house returns for week ended September 12 showed an average increase over the corresponding week of last year of 12.2. The increase in New York was 14.7.

THE windows of the dry goods store of Garry Bros., New York, were shattered by an explosion of dynamite February 1, and the explosion was supposed to have been instigated by disaffected dry goods clerks. Detectives have recently arrested Peter A. Daly, Thomas Fitzpatrick and David Naughton, charging them with being concerned in the explosion.

THE strike of the 5,000 workmen employed at the Elswick (Eng.) gun and machine works of Sir William Armstrong has been settled in favor of the strikers. The two foremen objected to by the workmen were discharged.

A MRS. WOLFF, of Dodd City, was killed and several other persons were injured recently by a train leaving the track on the Texas Pacific near Sherman, Tex.

CHARLES YOUNG, E. S. Curtis and Arthur Wheeler were drowned recently by the upsetting of their sail boat in Accord Pond, Rockland, Mass. All were married.

AT the American Rubber Factory, East Cambridge, Mass., the other day, escaping fumes of naphtha had the effect of laughing gas on the girls employed, and for a time the place resembled a lunatic pandemonium.

IN reply to the protest of the Women's National Labor Convention against the giving out of the washing of towels for the Treasury Department by contract, upon the grounds that it opened the way for a Chinese monopoly, the Secretary of the Treasury replied that the work in every case was given to responsible steam laundry establishments which employ American labor, and under no circumstances would it be given to the Chinese.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

THE first of the series of yacht races between the Genesta and Puritan, for the international cup, was won by the Puritan, the Boston boat, which came in about sixteen minutes ahead of the English vessel. The breeze was very light, which operated favorably to the winning boat.

THE general passenger agents of the Transcontinental Association at St. Paul, Minn., agreed upon a round trip rate of $50 from Eastern points to San Francisco for the G. A. R. meeting next year.

FREDERICK L. CLAYTON, senior party of the ship brokerage firm of F. L. Clayton & Co., Alfred Brotherton and C. W. Brown were arrested recently at Baltimore, Md., on the charge of having conspired to defraud insurance companies.

INDIANS recently killed four people on the Membres River, near Georgetown, N. M. They also carried off two children. Another band of five Indians have been seen in the Mogollon Mountains and it was rumored that others had left the San Carlos Reservation, but this report was not confirmed.

IT was reported from Italy recently that the members of the Massowah expedition to Central Africa had been massacred.

THE *Star and Herald* of Panama recently said: "We shall see in the month of October the first section of the Panama Canal opened in its full length, breadth and depth. The first section will comprise a water way from Colon to near Tiger Hill, a distance of twelve kilometres."

BETWEEN 900 and 1,000 miners employed in the mines about Silver Creek near Akron, O., struck recently against a reduction of from 65 to 75 cents per ton in the price of mining.

THE Columbia rolling mill of Lancaster, Pa., operating ten puddling and one heating furnace, has started up after a long suspension, giving employment to several hundred hands.

IN the constitutional convention at Sioux Falls, Dak., resolutions were introduced and referred to the proper committees as follows: That the name of the new State be Dakotah, and its motto, "Under God the people rule;" that education and attendance at schools be made compulsory between the ages of six and twelve.

AT the Brighton Beach races, on the 14th, Ed. Corrigan's Freeland defeated Miss Woodford.

THE forces of General Caceres, of Peru, recently captured Canta, slaughtering four hundred of the Government troops.

THE body of Deputy United States Marshal Miller, murdered by moonshiners in Sumner County, Tenn., has been discovered. Suspicion rested on a man named Bradley and his son.

THE boiler of a steam thresher exploded near Bryan, O., recently, killing C. O. Foster and Wesley Henney.

THE WYOMING TROUBLES.

United States Troops Protecting Chinese Miners.

ROCK SPRINGS, W. T., September 10.—Notwithstanding the fact that the Union Pacific announced a few days ago that they would no longer permit Beckwith, Quinn & Company, coal contractors, to work Chinamen in their mines, and would ship them out of the country, seven hundred Celestials arrived at four o'clock yesterday afternoon from Evanston. They were accompanied by four companies of troops, increasing the force of soldiers at this point to six companies. The Chinamen will be domiciled in the freight house until their cabins are rebuilt. The announcement was made last night that the Chinese will go to work in the mines this morning and that white men would not be permitted to work any more. The plan is to protect the Chinese with troops until the white men are forced to leave town, when the troops can be withdrawn. No demonstration against the Celestials has been made as yet, but it is safe to say that serious trouble will ensue as soon as the opportunity affords. The presence of so large a body of soldiers will prevent any open act of violence, but the white miners assert that the Chinese must go in spite of Uncle Sam's protection. Hundreds of rumors were afloat last night regarding the plans, and soldiers and citizens are in a state of suppressed excitement, momentarily expecting an outbreak of some sort. The Chinese quarters have been surrounded by a strong picket line, and all the buildings belonging to the company, Beckwith, Quinn & Co.'s store, the powder magazine and the entrances to the different mines are all under guard, as it is said the miners have threatened to blow them up. The situation is serious in the extreme, and the feeling prevails everywhere that on account of the bringing of Chinamen back, the destruction of property by fire and explosives is sure to follow, and it is not unlikely that a general strike may ensue, as the employes all along the line of the road are in sympathy with the miners.

RECIPROCITY WITH COLOMBIA.

The President's Proclamation Suspending Tonnage Duties.

WASHINGTON, September 11.—The President has issued the following proclamation:

WHEREAS, Satisfactory evidence has been received that vessels departing from the port of Boca-Del-Toro, United States of Colombia, no duty is imposed by the ton as tonnage tax or as light money, and that no other equivalent tax on vessels of the United States is imposed at said port by the Colombian Government; and

WHEREAS, By the provisions of section 14 of an act approved June 26, 1884, "To remove certain burdens on the American merchant marine and encourage the American foreign-carrying trade, and for other purposes," the President of the United States is authorized to suspend collection in ports of the United States from vessels arriving from any port in Central America, down to and including Aspinwall and Panama, of so much of the duty at the rate of three cents per ton as may be in excess of the tonnage and light house dues or other equivalent tax imposed on American vessels by the Government of the foreign country in which such port is situated.

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the act and section hereinbefore mentioned, do hereby declare and proclaim, that on and after the 9th day of September, 1885, the collection of said tonnage duty of three cents per ton, shall be suspended, as regards all vessels in any part of the United States from the port of Boca-Del-Toro, United States of Colombia.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 9th day of September, 1885, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and tenth.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President:
T. F. BAYARD, Secretary of State.

THE CROPS.

Report of the Department of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, September 11.—The September report of the Department of Agriculture says: The condition of spring wheat has been impaired since the 1st of August in the Northwest district of principal productions, the heavy rains, followed by extreme heat between the first and middle of August, just before harvest, shriveling the grain and causing rust. Heavy wind storms prostrated and injured large fields. In Nebraska there is some complaint of smut and a little in Dakota. Chinch bugs have done some damage in Wisconsin and Minnesota. The injury was greater in August than in July. The general average for all the spring wheat is 83½ against 95 in August of the crop of last year, 150,000,000 bushels. Returns of winter wheat are almost identical in results with those of July. The general average is 65.8 against 65 in July. Except as a result of spring may change the present expectation of the winter wheat area it may be placed at 217,000,000 bushels, and the remaining area at about 124,000,000. If the injuries reported in stock should prove to be greater than at present apparent a few millions of reduction might still accrue. The condition of corn still continues high, ranging from 90 to 100 in State averages. The general average is 95 against 96 in August. It was 94 last year in September. Frosts have wrought very little injury and will be capable of little if deferred ten days. The prospect is still favorable for a crop slightly above the average.

Bound to Fight.

MADRID, September 11.—It is stated that the Spanish commander at Manilla telegraphs that when it was found that the German flag had been hoisted at Yap, the Governor of the Carolines, Senor Babrilles, visited the commander of the German gunboat Illis, and accused him of piracy and breach of international law. The German commander replied that he had simply obeyed orders. A hot argument ensued, ending in a scuffle, when the German commander retired to his ship. The Governor then boarded the Spanish man-of-war San Quentin and requested the Captain to fire on the Illis. The Captain refused, the Governor of the Philippines having ordered him to avoid a conflict. Babrilles ordered the crew to fire, whereupon the Captain drew a revolver and threatened to shoot the first man who obeyed or repeated the order. Babrilles again ordered the men to fire, when the Captain shot him in the shoulder. Babrilles was afterward taken as a prisoner to Manilla, where his trial is proceeding.

Levying on the Hannibal & St. Jos.

KANSAS CITY, MO., September 11.—Quite a little flurry of excitement was occasioned yesterday afternoon in the Hannibal & St. Joseph yards, when County Collector R. J. Wilson, accompanied by two deputies and by two attorneys, J. R. Waddill and E. A. Andrews, levied on Hannibal rolling stock to satisfy State and county taxes amounting to $29,012, or about $35,000 when the penalties are added. The taxes on the Missouri River bridge are in arrears for two years, and the taxes on the Hannibal yards have not been paid for four years. The attorney for the road stated that the taxes would be paid as soon as the matter was adjusted.

Cotton Damaged.

WASHINGTON, September 10.—The September cotton report to the Department of Agriculture shows the prevalence of hot and dry weather during August, and except in Louisiana, Mississippi and Florida the shedding of bolls and decrease of vitality have resulted quite generally. The drought has been serious in Texas and Arkansas, and quite general in Western Tennessee, Southern Georgia and the Carolinas. The Caterpillar has caused much damage in Southern Texas, Arkansas, and in Central and Southern Alabama. Planters are feeling somewhat uneasy at the prospect.

SUMMARY VENGEANCE.

A Brutal Murder at Chattanooga, Tennessee, Quickly Followed by a Lynching—A Race War Imminent and the Militia Called Out to Preserve the Peace.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., September 7.—Charles Williams, a disreputable negro, shot and instantly killed a street-car driver named Polk Mitchell at five o'clock yesterday afternoon. An hour before Williams had been ejected from the car for smoking in the presence of ladies and refusing to pay his fare. Williams swore he would have revenge and followed the car. While the driver was waiting on a switch Williams walked up, shot the driver three times and then shot twice at the body. A crowd of citizens pursued him, and he was captured a mile from town and carried to jail. Mitchell was recently Assistant Chief of Police and was very popular. Intense excitement prevails, and the jail is closely guarded. The Sheriff has taken every precaution to prevent lynching and the military will be called out if necessary.

LYNCHED.

1 A. M.—The mob moved on the jail about eleven o'clock, and found the Cadets and Chattanooga Guards on the alert. The Sheriff would not give up the keys, and the mob had a hard time effecting an entrance.

They worked for about an hour with sledges, and even after they got inside it was not clear sailing, for some one fired a pistol shot which was

FOLLOWED BY A FUSILLADE,

in which Ben Palmer, a negro, was killed, and a white man wounded. The mob was made up mostly of railroad men, and not a "quiet and determined throng of people," as lynchers are generally described, but an infuriated mob, mad for murder.

After they had gained possession of the jail, and while searching for the cell occupied by the murderer, and forcing open the doors, a crowd of negroes rallied and made a move as if to attempt to rescue their doomed fellow. It was at this time that Ben Palmer was killed.

THE NEGROES DREW OFF,

and the lynchers were complete masters of the situation. It was just fifteen minutes before one o'clock that the murderer fell into the clutches of his self-appointed executioners. He made a show of resistance and struggled, but in a minute he was overwhelmed and dragged out by as many men as could get their hands on him. He was taken to the third story of the jail and a rope was produced. A heavy stone was fastened to his feet, and several of the men lifted him up and dropped him over. The mob then dispersed.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., September 7.—The excitement over the lynching here Sunday night continues unabated and rather intensified. A war between the negroes and the whites seems imminent. The militia are under arms. The Sheriff has twenty-five sworn deputies on guard at the jail, and extra policemen patrol the city. Negro leaders have been urging an attack all day, and the negroes are said to be collecting in great numbers on the outskirts of the city. Rumors are received at headquarters that an attack will be made at midnight.

THE WYOMING MASSACRE.

Arresting the Participants—Refugees Dying In the Hills and Devoured by Coyotes—Troops Despatched to the Scene.

CHEYENNE, WY. T., September 7.—Yesterday was a comparatively quiet day at Rock Springs. Ten more arrests have been made, making sixteen in all. Warrants have been issued for a number of other miners who have fled to the hills. The charges against the prisoners are serious, consisting of murder, arson and robbery. They have been sent to jail at Green River, and will be given a preliminary hearing to-morrow. There are only a few miners at work, and since the arrival of the troops the saloons have been reopened. No more bodies have been discovered. A Chinaman arrived in Green River last night in an exhausted condition. He said he had not tasted water nor food in two days. His companions perished in the hills, and their bodies were eaten by wolves. He reported that many other Chinamen had died from wounds and exhaustion while escaping out of the hills to the railroad.

All of the Chinamen employed at Almy, numbering 400, have been sent to Evanston under protection of troops. It is reported that the Evanston miners have notified the Chinese that they must leave that place. Beckwith & Quinn, of Evanston, bankers and wholesale grocers, are the contractors who supplied the miners at Almy and Rock Spring with coolies. They will not employ any more Chinese labor, and will, it is said, send them out of this section of the country.

A gatling gun and 2,000 rounds of ammunition was sent to Evanston from Cheyenne in anticipation of trouble. Governor Warren is now at Evanston.

HASTY WORK.

Terrible Deed of an Illinois Girl Who Was Crossed in Love.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., September 8.—An alleged poisoning case creates great excitement at St. Joseph, near here. It occurred in the family of Hiram Peabody a respected and wealthy citizen. Mrs. Peabody, Mr. Peabody and Miss Belle Hasty all died very suddenly at intervals of two weeks, with a disease which was called neuralgia of the stomach. Silas Peabody, to whom Miss Hasty was formerly engaged, was taken violently ill, but recovered. It is alleged that Miss Hasty bought a package of "Rough on Rats" just before the first death, and that a package of this poison was found placed to an undergarment of Miss Hasty's taken off just before she died. The community is greatly excited over the theory that Miss Hasty poisoned young Peabody's parents. They opposed her marriage to him, and the latter determined to kill herself and her lover. Miss Hasty bore a good reputation.

Mrs. Walkup Waives Preliminary Trial.

EMPORIA, KAS., September 8.—Yesterday was the day that was set for the preliminary trial of Mrs. Walkup, and the time was awaited with great interest. Mrs. Walkup's attorney, W. W. Scott, however, appeared before Squire Payne and waived further examination. This now places the case on the regular docket for the October term of the Circuit Court. Mrs. Walkup at her cell is the recipient of numerous floral offerings, and altogether is receiving a liberal amount of sympathetic expressions and action.

Who Will Get It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 8.—During the latter part of this month one of the most desirable vacancies in the army will be created by the retirement of Inspector General Nelson Davis. The consequent promotions will leave an Inspector General, with rank of Major, to be filled from the captains of the line. There are over forty applicants for the appointment, all of whom are bringing strong influence on the appointing power. Captain H. J. Farnsworth, of the Eighth Cavalry, a son of Adjutant-General Farnsworth, of New York, one of the candidates, is regarded as most likely to secure the promotion.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

Meeting of the Executive Committee in Chicago—Programme of the Celebration.

CHICAGO, September 9.—General W. T. Sherman, grey-haired and grizzled, walked slowly up State street from the Palmer House this morning and rounded the corner into Madison street. Many in the busy throng recognized him and doffed their hats, while not a few veterans, with the badge of the Grand Army of the Republic upon their breasts, pressed to his side and grasped his hand with a "God bless you, General," or "How are you, General? It does me good to see you." Arriving opposite Haverly's Minstrel Theater, the ex-General Commanding the Armies of the United States looked about him to see that he was in the right locality, and then leisurely mounted the steps. Soon after ex-President Hayes, arm-in-arm with ex-Minister to France Noyes and General Beltknap, side by side with Judge Gresham, made their appearance and disappeared in the same direction. Soon thereafter "Little Phil" Sheridan might have been seen ascending the iron steps, then ex-Governor Fletcher, of Missouri; General Marshall, of Minnesota; ex-Governor Bush, of Iowa; then Governors Oglesby, of Illinois; Rusk, of Wisconsin; Sherman, of Iowa; Hubbard, of Minnesota, and Pierce, of Dakota. The event which had brought these distinguished men together was the business meeting attendant upon the eighteenth annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, and when President Sherman's gavel fell for the meeting to come to order the attendance was larger than at any time since the memorable meeting of '79, when the late lamented General and ex-President Ulysses S. Grant, fresh from his tour around the world, was the central figure of the occasion. The business meeting, which, in accordance with the usual custom, was held in secret, was of short duration, and the visitors, after partaking of lunch, proceeded in a body to inspect the new building of the Board of Trade. Late this afternoon they will rendezvous at the panorama of the Battle of Shiloh, where General Prentiss will deliver an address, and the features of that memorable engagement will be talked over by the participants. This evening the annual meeting will be held in Central Music Hall. Gov. Sylvester will deliver the address of welcome and General Sherman in responding will deliver a eulogy on the life and services of General Grant. The annual address will be delivered by General J. B. Sanborn, of St. Paul, who will take for his subject "The life, character and military career of General Grant." Colonel Fred Grant is expected to arrive to-day to attend the exercises. During his stay he will be presented with a handsomely framed and finely engraved copy of a series of memorial resolutions adopted by the Confederate soldiers residing in Chicago upon the death of his father.

FEARFUL FALL.

A Young Man Falls Into an Air-Hole, Where He Remains Five Days.

READING, PA., September 9.—On Wednesday morning last, Henry Klick, with his wife and nineteen-year-old son, went to the Blue Mountains, in Lebanon County, a few miles from their house, in search of mountain red tea. In their rambles, the son became separated from his parents, so that when the time came for returning home the boy was not to be found. The father searched until late in the night, assisted by kind neighbors, but no trace of the missing lad could be found. The hills were again searched over on Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, and, although disappointment met them at the close of each day's search, and neighbors thought it useless to pursue further search, the father hoped and believed he would find his lost boy. It was believed that the boy had accidentally stepped into one of the many air holes of the old coal mines and met his death either by starvation or from the fall. At the mouths of many of the mine shafts the old man would call hundreds of times for his boy and then listen eagerly for a response. Yesterday morning he saw an open air hole at the edge of a hill and thought to give one more trial before giving up. Kneeling down he called: "Clayton are you down there?" Again he called and was answered by a groan. Finally a weak voice answered: "Yes, Father, I am here."

"With tears in his eyes, the father bade his son be of good cheer, and that he would get a rope and bring him to the surface. Mr. Klick lowered a rope of 120 feet into the shaft when the son announced that it was too short. Additional rope was spliced to the end and it soon reached the lad. He was cautioned to tie it securely under his arms, which he did, though it took him a long while in his weak condition. Slowly he was drawn to the surface, more dead than alive. His feet were mashed and his limbs swollen. He had been without food or drink at the bottom of the shaft, 130 feet deep, for five days, and when his old father gathered him into his arms, he became unconscious. It is feared he will not recover. If he does, it will be necessary to amputate his legs. When broth was given him the lad stated he was not hungry. His incoherent account of his sufferings and anxieties brought tears to the eyes of those who listened to it.

The Wyoming Riots.

CHEYENNE, WYO., September 10.—It is understood that Lieutenant Colonel Chyman, in command of the two companies of regulars at Rock Springs, has requested to be reinforced by additional troops. It is surmised that a preconcerted movement is on hand to rescue the ringleaders of the outbreak, now in jail at Green River, who were to have had a preliminary examination yesterday, but who did not on account of the unavoidable absence of Judge A. B. Conway, who is expected there in a day or two. There are no developments at Evanston. The situation is practically unchanged. The miners at Alma are still idle. It is reported that General Manager Calloway of the Union Pacific has notified Beckwith and Quinn, the Chinese contractors, that they must get the Chinese out of Evanston and Alma immediately. The necessary orders have been given to troops in case of a threatened attack.

Riel's Appeal Disallowed.

WINNIPEG, MAN., September 10.—The full court of Manitoba, composed of Chief Justice Wallbridge and Justices Taylor and Keillam, yesterday gave judgment in the Riel case, disallowing the appeal and confirming the death sentence passed by the Northwest territories court. All held that according to the evidence the jury could not come to any other decision than they did; that by the Dominion statute, confirmed by the Imperial Parliament, the Northwest court clearly had jurisdiction; and that while the prisoner acted strangely at times, he was a clever, designing man, who sought to advance his own personal interests by using the half-breeds as tools.

Historical Science.

SARATOGA, September 10.—The second day's session of the American Historical Society was opened by the reading of a paper by Bishop C. F. Robertson, of Missouri, upon "The Louisiana purchase in its influence upon the American system." Other papers read were as follows: "History of the appointive power of the President of the United States," by John Addison Porter, and Andrew D. White on "The development of the country theory as typical in the history of nations." Short reports of the progress of historical research in different States were read and the society adjourned to-morrow.

A SHOCKING FATE.

Mrs. Helen K. Hoyt, Wife of a New York Physician, Burned to Death Through a Spark Igniting Her Clothing—Narrow Escape of a Lady Friend in Her Efforts to Quench the Flames.

NEW YORK, September 11.—The tragic death of Mrs. Helen K. Hoyt at 360 West Thirtieth street was reported to Coroner Levy yesterday. Mrs. Hoyt was the wife of Dr. W. D. Hoyt. They had been married but a short time. The house in which they lived is a handsome flat on the first floor, and is furnished with taste and elegance. About 4:30 Tuesday evening Mrs. Hoyt, in the absence of her husband, undertook to stir the furnace with a poker. As she did so a spark flew out and fell on her lace dress. In an instant the young lady's clothing was in flames. Her screams re-echoed through the house as she ran up to the rooms in the second story, occupied by her friend, Mrs. Frances Ruger. When the lady opened the door Mrs. Hoyt, crazed with fright and pain, threw herself upon her. Mrs. Ruger fell back and Mrs. Hoyt ran into the room. With much difficulty Mrs. Ruger threw a heavy table cover over her, hoping thus to smother the flames. Mrs. Ruger herself was clad in a very light dress and had to act with great caution to avoid catching fire herself. Her embarrassment was increased by Mrs. Hoyt's constant endeavor to embrace her. Mrs. Hoyt cried, "Help, I am dying!" Mrs. Ruger caught up a heavy rug that lay before the fireplace, but before she could place it over the table cover Mrs. Hoyt had thrown the latter aside and ran frantically from one room to another, the current of air created by her flight fanning the flames. Mrs. Ruger called her servant and the two women tried vainly to control their unfortunate neighbor. They repeatedly attempted to throw blankets and quilts over her, but always with the same lack of success. As Mrs. Hoyt ran through Mrs. Ruger's apartments she set fire to the carpet in places, and also ignited the cover of a bureau in a bed-room. These little fires were extinguished without much trouble. Having reached Mrs. Ruger's rearmost room, Mrs. Hoyt turned and ran back, screaming "murder!" She dashed into the hall through the door by which she had entered. Mrs. Ruger followed her to call for help. Again Mrs. Hoyt tried to grasp Mrs. Ruger. This time her movement was so sudden that Mrs. Ruger had no chance to protect herself. She struggled in the fierce grasp of her friend, whose glowing garments almost touched her own. In the contest both women moved along the head of the stairs, Mrs. Ruger trying to escape and Mrs. Hoyt holding her back with unnatural strength, and both shrieking. Suddenly Mrs. Ruger's foot caught in her skirts and she fell down the stairs, dragging Mrs. Hoyt after her. In the lower hall Mrs. Hoyt's fingers relaxed their desperate hold, and when both ladies scrambled to their feet, Mrs. Ruger freed herself. As she staggered back, faint and breathless, against the wall, Mrs. Hoyt dashed into the street. Her clothing by that time was almost burned from her person. She turned toward Ninth avenue, expecting, it is supposed, to find Dr. Hoyt in a drug store on the corner, where he goes occasionally. In front of Dr Livingston's office, a few doors from her own residence, Mrs Hoyt tripped and fell. A teamster, who was passing, jumped down from his seat and enveloped her in a horse-blanket. All this had happened in far less time than it required to tell it. Dr. Hoyt came along as the blanket was thrown over her. She was carried to a drug store, and several physicians who live in the neighborhood offered their services. They found that Mrs. Hoyt's legs, breast and abdomen were horribly burned. After the usual applications she was carried back to her home, where she died at 6:45 yesterday morning. The deceased was twenty-three years old, attractive in person, and had a large circle of friends. Dr. Hoyt is prostrated with grief. Mrs. Ruger suffered little by her fall, but was in a nervous, exhausted state yesterday.

A BAD CONVICT.

Deputy Warden Bradbury of the Missouri Penitentiary Savagely Attacked and Cut by a Convict—The Latter Shot and Seriously Wounded by the Yardmaster.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., September 10.—Yesterday George S. Patton, a convict, who was sent up for four years in September 1881, from Jasper County, for horse stealing, became unruly while in the shop. He refused to work, and seizing a shoe knife, flourished it threateningly, warning the foreman and guards not to come near him. Captain W. H. Bradbury, the Deputy Warden, was sent for, and Patton was induced by him to agree to go to the office. Patton retained possession of the knife, and as Captain Bradbury and he were passing out of the shop he made a lunge with it at the Captain. He dodged, and and another effort was made by Patton to stab him. In dodging this blow Captain Bradbury stumbled and fell. As he attempted to rise Patton made another lunge, cutting him across the back of the neck, inflicting a wound one inch deep and three inches long. A guard then struck Patton over the