

VENEZUELA

The Revolution Successful and the Government Overthrown—Flight of the President.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Confirmation of the report that a decisive battle has taken place between the government forces and those of the revolutionary party in Venezuela, was not received by the navy department until yesterday.

"It is reported that an engagement has taken place, resulting in the defeat of the government and capture of the Venezuelan commander-in-chief near Caracas. Revolutionists will occupy Caracas to-morrow."

This message was dated at La Guayra and came to the navy department twenty-four hours after it was filed. Shortly after came another dispatch from the admiral. This was also dated La Guayra last night and read as follows:

Both dispatches were in the nav code, and as they were short they were quickly transmitted and copies sent

Acting Secretary Adm. of the state department, and to Secretary Tracy. The officials of the navy department declined to state whether or not any instructions were forwarded to Adm. Walker after the receipt of the dispatches, but it

said that a message was immediately sent him to remain at La Guayra and to order the Concord, now at Colon, back to Venezuela, should he think the occasion warranted her presence. No dispatches have been received lately.

It is known that messages were sent to Adm. Walker by Secretary Tracoe, but their report is kept a secret. It is thought probable that the next step will be the formation of a new government with Gen. Gomez at the head.

affairs. The statement that Cons. Hanna, while out in a private boat, was fired at from the guns of a Venezuelan warship is thought to have been an accident, as had the case of a ship being fired on out of hostility.

the United States either through Seruaga or Adm. Walker would certainly have promptly notified the authorities in Washington. The United States is better represented by war vessels in Venezuela than any other country. There are two vessels there, the admiral's flag ship, and the old

vette Kearsage, with the gunboat Concord at Colon within easy reach should they be wanted. Germany and Italy are the only other countries having naval ships present. It is said that no naval vessels will be kept there until all danger to American interests is over.

Chicago Workmen Preparing a Count Demonstration.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—A demonstration by workmen the day before that set for the world's fair dedicatory exercises is said to be among the possibilities. This is in consequence of the decision to close

the gates on October 21 against a
who do not hold invitations. Se
eral of the labor organizations hav
received invitations to participat
in the parade but they have
declined them. This designation
so the labor men say, is not to
be looked upon in the light of an insu

to the committee that tendered them but rather as conveying the feeling of Chicago's vast army of organized women toward the Columbian exposition. The latest move, that to have a separate parade, and to hold it one day earlier than the regular affair, has been agitated for the last three or four days and the proposition, it is said, has met with favor on every hand.

A powerful effort, it is asserted, has been at work to keep the men from doing anything that would place organized labor in an antagonistic light, but the efforts have proved futile and those who are responsible for the separate parade agitation assert that when the matter is once brought before the labor organizations of the city they will be only too willing to lend their assistance.

Desperate Attempt to Blow Up a 'South Union' Boarding House.
HOMESTEAD, Pa., Oct. 8.—Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning the forty non-union mill workers boarding at Mrs. Marzoni's house were suddenly awakened by an explosion which overturned their beds, scattered furniture around the rooms and broke windows. They were all greatly frightened, fearing that they had been attacked and were going to be killed. The house was filled with dust from plaster and the people

Then it was found that some enemies of the non-union men had broken a window in front and had thrown through this a stick of dynamite. There were four large window glasses in the front, as the room was once used for a store. These panes were shattered into fragments, the door broken, several chairs battered and the room completely

Wrecked. Had some explosive whose force was upward, not downward, because it is possible that all the inmates of the house could have been killed. As it is, the millworkers are terrorized, and the company will keep to put watchmen in the boarding houses before they will go back.

Fired by Tramps.

GRANTON, N. D., Oct. 8.—Granton was visited by a \$45,000 fire, set by some tramps. The buildings burned like tinder and not an article in Sandager's store was saved. He carried a \$25,000 stock. This is a farmers' co-operative

store, including a large quantity of jewelry. The heavy gate at the rear of Kennedy & Newland was broken to the ground. The jewelry store of ——— Kormely, is the same building was partly saved. The next building, a harness store, was partially destroyed, but the stock saved. Other buildings narrowly escaped. Insurance \$35,000.

A Desperate Prisoner.

CONSUMERS, Ont., Oct. 8.—James S. Slavin, alias McDonald, awaiting trial for the murder of Capt. John R. Ducey, made a desperate attempt to escape. When the officers were being served lunch by McDonald, the police governor, and an assistant he struck a governor.

fatal injury, and engaged in a desperate struggle with the assistant. The noise of the struggle attracted the attention of the daughter of the governor, who summoned assistance, and Slade was overpowered. The assistant's injuries are not serious.

10