HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

M. RAPLEE,
DIRECTOR OF THE GOVERNMENT PRESS

HONOLULU:
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1871.

BY AUTHORITY.

LIST OF ASSESSORS FOR 1871.

The following persons are appointed Assessors for the year 1871:

OAHU.

Honolulu	C. H. Judd.
Koolaupoko	E. H. Boyd.
Koolauloa	J. Amara.
Waialua	S. N. Emerson.
Ewa and Waianae	W. P. Kamakau.

MAUI.

Lahaina	D. Kahaulelio.
Wailuku	T. W. Everett.
Makawao	M. Kapihe.
Hana	M. P. Peenahele.
Molokai and Lanai	E. H. Rogers.

HAWAII.

Hilo	F. S. Lyman.
Hamakua	C. A. Akau.
N. Kohala	C. K. Hapai.
S. Kohala	P. Kaaekuahiwi.
N. Kona	C. P. Hart.
S. Kona	H. N. Greenwell.
Kau	J. W. Kupakee.
Puna	J. W. Kumahoa.

KAUAI.

Hanalei	H. J. Wana.
Anahola	S. Kaiu.
Lihue	W. H. Rice.
Koloa	G. W. Lilikalani.
Waimea	I. B. Kapuniai.
Niihau	J. Kaika.

J. MOTT SMITH,
FINANCE OFFICE, June 12, 1871. Minister of Finance.

By virtue of the Act of 1868, entitled "An Act to Authorize a Loan," bids for a part, or the whole, of a Loan of Twelve Thousand Dollars, for Ten Years, at nine per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, will be received at the Finance Office until the 1st day of July next. The Bonds will be issued in sums to suit the bidders; no bids less than par will be accepted, and the highest, if deemed advantageous to the Government, will be taken.

J. MOTT SMITH,
Minister of Finance.

Finance Office, June 6, 1871.

SUBSCRIBERS to Hotel Bonds are hereby notified that the second installment of twenty-five per cent. is hereby called for. Payment will be made at the Finance Office on or before the 1st day of July next.

J. MOTT SMITH,
Minister of Finance.

Finance Office, June 6, 1871.

MR. JOHN H. CONEY has ceased to be Sheriff of Hawaii, and Mr. Luther Severance is duly commissioned and qualified in such office.

STEPHEN H. PHILLIPS,
Attorney-General's Office, June 3, 1871.

PROPOSITIONS will be received at the Foreign Office for the transportation of a number of Japanese to Yokohama, Japan, the number will not be less than 22 or more than 100.

The proposals must be made: First, on the idea that only 22 are to be carried, and separate proposal for each additional passenger over 22.

The passengers to be furnished with full rations according to their customs and habits since they have been in this country, every kind of provision to be of the best description.

CHARLES C. HARRIS,
Foreign Office, May 18, 1871. Minister for Foreign Affairs.

THE regular annual examination of the Government Schools of the District of Kona (Honolulu), Island of Oahu, will take place during the ensuing month (June), as follows:

Tuesday, June 13th, at the Mililani School, King St.
Wednesday, " 14th, at the Royal School.
Thursday, " 15th, at the Fort Street School.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Monday, June 26th,	at Kamoiliili Church,		5	schools.
Tuesday, " 27th,	at Kawaiahao	"	4	"
Wednesday, " 28th,	at "	"	5	"
Thursday, " 29th,	at "	"	4	"

Commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. on each of the above days. The public is invited to attend.

The regular summer vacation of the above schools will extend from the dates above named to Tuesday, August 1, 1871, from which date a new term will commence.

By order of the Board of Education.

W. JAS. SMITH, Secretary,
Honolulu, May 9, 1871.

Ramie Again.

We understand that the enterprising firm of Hitchcock & Bro., of Hilo, have entered into the cultivation of this plant with the intention, if possible, making its culture a profitable branch of agriculture. The first plants procured by them were from the Agricultural Gardens here, from which they have raised sufficient seed to plant fifteen acres of ground. The climate and soil of Hilo seem to be well adapted for the culture of the Ramie, and the gentlemen who have undertaken the experiment are confident of success. A machine for separating the fibre from the woody portion of the plant has been ordered from New Orleans and is now on the way here. This machine is the cheaper of the two which were mentioned in the columns of this paper some months since; it being the one which turns out what is known in trade as "crude ramie," the cost in New Orleans being about $500, while the cost of the more expensive machine, which prepares the fibre for use, is stated to be $10,000.

As we have before stated, the Ramie is a plant very easily cultivated, being hardy and of rapid growth. Like all other plants, to make the yield large and profitable, it requires careful and thorough cultivation. We have no doubt, if the enterprise of the gentlemen above referred to proves successful, the production of this valuable article will become one of importance here. It is precisely the kind of product which could be profitably raised by small farmers, and even those who possess but small lots of land. The people of a neighborhood, by clubbing together, could secure a machine for cleaning the fibre, and thus enable each to put his acre, more or less of fallow land to good use.

Coal.

Among the direct benefits derived from the steamers touching at this port, is the large amount of coal which is required by them. Although both the Australian lines import their own coal, still the labor of discharging from the sailing vessels in which the coal is imported and that of putting it again on board the steamers is performed mostly by native laborers and the amount paid them for such labor every month is considerable; it cannot fall much short of $1000 per month. Together with the coal consumed by the Kilauea, the quantity taken from the wharves for the supply of the steamers does not fall much short of fifteen hundred tons per month, to supply which would require the constant employment of at least three ships of a thousand tons burden to transport it from Australia.

A few years since, the coal used here was limited to the requirements of the Kilauea, the Foundry, and occasional war vessels, and a cargo of a few hundred tons would supply the demand for a long time. At present, a single cargo is hardly stored on the wharf before it is required for immediate use. The approximate quantity of coal required per month for the two lines of Australian steamers are, for the Webb line, 900 tons, for the Hall line, 500 tons.

Mexico.

Although the territory of Mexico is nearer to us than any other portion of the American continent, our knowledge of the political affairs of that country is somewhat limited; a want of knowledge which is undoubtedly caused by a want of interest. We hear of revolutions there with the utmost indifference, save an occasional expressed regret that a country so blessed by nature in capability for agriculture and in vast mineral wealth, should be constantly kept on the mere verge of civilization and progress by constant revolution and anarchy. Although it is said that under the Government of Juarez, Mexico has been less afflicted by internal strife than usual, it has not been our fortune during that time to read a paragraph of news from Mexico in which some insurrection or attempt at revolution in some city or state was not engaging the attention of the government. Some of these insurrections have certainly been insignificant but still they have shown the small share the government has in the affections of the people, as well as the limited amount of patriotism possessed by those who immediately influence them.

At present the prospect of quiet and consequent advancement in that unhappy country is more than usually gloomy. The term of Juarez' presidency is about to expire, and another election is soon to take place. There are several candidates in the field, none of whom, probably, with the slightest hope of success would hesitate to use force to attain their object.

The struggle, however, as it now appears, will be mainly between Juarez and Leordo, who for a long time was a prominent member of Juarez' Cabinet, having resigned his position at the instigation of his friends to become a candidate for the presidency. It is anticipated that there will be no election by the people, but that the choice will devolve upon the Congress, and then the candidate who can bring the strongest military force into the field to support him, will be president, irrespective of the views and wishes of Congress.

At the latest reports an alarming insurrection existed at Tampico, (a city on the Gulf of Mexico, midway between Galveston, Texas, and Vera Cruz). Escobeda, who has hitherto been the "right-hand man" of Juarez, had been despatched to quell the disturbance, but it is anticipated that instead of doing so, he will, after gaining command of the Federal troops, organize a revolution in favor of Leordo.

It is certainly a most melancholy thing to see one of the fairest portions of the earth the sport of demagogues and plunderers.

THE following translation from the *Globus*, a paper published at Brunswick, Germany, has been handed to us by J. C. Pflüger, Esq., with the request that we should publish it:

TRANSLATION *of an article on the Slave trade in the Pacific Ocean, from the German paper "Globus."*

An elaborate report from Honolulu, (Island of Oahu,) which, as is well known, is the most important port of the Sandwich Islands, lays before us. It is dated the 6th of September, 1870, and according to the same, it shows once more how Coolies are handled: in fact, that they are worse treated than negroes on their passage to America, on the so-called Middle Passage, the horrors of which have become a by-word.

A vessel under the flag of the Republic of San Salvador, the Dolores Ugarte, Capt. Saul, 850 tons capacity, touched at Honolulu during the last week of August. It had taken on board in Macao, situated near Canton, 608 Coolies, and had 72 days' passage!

Official investigation has given the following facts: During the first three weeks not a Chinaman was allowed to come on deck. All lay in the between decks, in four rows, two rows in the middle of the ship, and two on the sides; *to each Coolie was measured out a space of 16 inches!* During the fourth week they were allowed, in squads of fifty, to come to daylight through the grated hatchways, to breathe air for an hour. Under the superintendence of armed sentinels, each of whom held a whip in hand, they had to take exercise. The quarter deck was bulwarked, and on the barricades were two loaded cannons. Whoever did not dance and jump lustily was encouraged by lashes. A scuffle ensued between the crew and Coolies, during which 18 of the latter jumped overboard, finding delivery in the waves of the great Ocean! It was impossible to think of delivery, and the unfortunates gave themselves up to despair. During the second month, provisions and water became scarce, each man receiving nothing but about a pound of boiled rice and not a full pint of water. (24 ounces.) A few of them possessed a few dollars; whenever they were overtroubled by thirst they put a piece of silver through the grated holes; whoever did so received from the sailors a small mug of water. Lashing was frequent, the number of lashes varying from 12 to 24; and the sentinels did not neglect to treat them with kicks and cuffs. During the passage twenty-five sick died. The Mate testified, in Honolulu, that the dreadful stench which actually steamed from the between decks caused him to vomit. No wonder, that when the vessel was examined it was found to be in a perfectly frightful condition.

Forty-three of those slaves were brought on shore, and they could recount a story of misery to which, alas, there are only too many incidents. For no price would they return on board. It appears from the report, that *"the Agents of the vessel, the principal German Mercantile House on this Island,"* were participators in this affair, and that pitying souls did their best to free those slaves without the knowledge of these Agents. "The position and influence of these Agents were all powerful, not only on account of their position in the commercial world, *but also because the chief of the firm is at the same time Consul for Russia and North Germany,* and stands well with the Hawaiian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who, on his part, favors the forced labor system." (New York *Herald*, 19th Oct.)

It has always been to the praise of our German merchants, that they have not participated in the slave-trade, or other dirty business; they generally enjoy high respect in foreign countries. If the statements of the *Herald* correspondent should be confirmed, then this is an exceptional case, which is to be regretted. We shall, no doubt, have further particulars, and will then give the names. Whoever desires to have the honor to represent Germany, be it whom it may, must have clean hands and an honorable name. Full knowledge of the facts will be received in Berlin.

On the Sandwich Islands, there is a scarcity of laborers. The natives decrease yearly in numbers, and, besides, they are not fit for continued labor. For this reason, they have brought Coolies during past years from China, who make contracts for many years. We have read frequently that the treatment is by no means proper: the same old complaints over again.

In the preceding case, besides several Europeans and Americans, some independent Chinese of Honolulu assisted to liberate the Coolies landed, and transferred thirty of them to different points in the interior of the Island, where they could not be "kidnapped," that is, stolen again. The rest were sick: they were placed on carts and transported.

The reporter writes that Capt. Saul and the said Agents were furious because these slaves had been rescued; but now they could do nothing, as the Constitution of the country prohibits slavery; besides, they were passengers, and as such, no one could prevent their remaining wherever they chose. Some honorable gentlemen, who desired to make the Captain responsible for his outrageous conduct, intended to have a warrant of arrest issued, and if they had been able to get hold of him, there is no doubt that all the Coolies would have received their liberty. He succeeded, however, in secreting himself. Thus stood the affair when the steamer left for San Francisco.

It happened that ten days later, another coolie vessel arrived, also under the flag of San Salvador, the Louise Carnevaro, Capt. Demoro, of 1,050 tons. This vessel had about 700 Chinese on board. In this case it proved that there are shipmasters who have a head and a heart at the same time. The Coolies could move about on board with full liberty; the between decks were ventilated daily, and only two deaths had occurred. The Captain declared that he did not suffer any interference on the part of the sailors with the Coolies; whoever did so, was immediately placed in irons. Any transgressions he settled himself, in accordance with right and justice.

Everything possible has been done for negroes; they are the dear children of "philanthropists;" but about the maltreatment of Asiatics, these people trouble themselves very little or not at all. Of course, the Coolie has a yellow, the negro a black skin, and the latter alone is the fashionable color of the philanthropists. We have often referred, in this paper, to the systematic kidnapping participated in by the Australian Colony of Queensland. But the British Government have never taken energetic steps against these deeds, which are to be placed on the same footing as piracy.

It reflects a bad light on the white planters of the Sandwich Islands that they put newspapers which speak energetically against these horrible doings, under the ban; they will not trade with anyone who advertises or deals with them. These newspapers do not wish bad treatment of laborers, which latter in fact are treated as slaves; they demand really free labor and humane treatment.

Every one knows the correspondent of the New York *Herald*, who furnished the article in question. Of course, every one knows that there was no "Official investigation" whatever, in the case of the Dolores Ugarte, and whether each body was allotted 16 inches,—there being only 608 passengers on board a ship of 850 tons, the between decks of which were entirely devoted to the passengers,—and whether the Coolies bought water with silver money or not, and whether 18 of them jumped overboard or not—which last incident is a new revelation reserved by the sensational writer for the latitude and longitude of New York, and not made known by him here in his frantic declarations on this beach. One would be at a loss to know what a merchant, who merely honored his correspondent's drafts, had to do with it, any more than the same merchant is responsible for the collapse of a flue on board the Moses Taylor, and the consequent death of six men.

NOTICE!

BEING ABOUT TO LEAVE THIS KINGDOM, for the present, any person having claims against the undersigned will please present them immediately for settlement.

N. A. SANDS.
Honolulu, June 12th, 1871.—22 2t

Licenses Expiring in June, 1871.

RETAIL.—HONOLULU, Oahu—1st Ah Pun, 1st Mrs J H Black, 1st Lum Ugin, 4th J H Thompson, 8th Charles Wing, 9th B Berres, 13th J L Lewis, 20th Israel Fisher, 8th H M Whitney, 23d L Nungesser, 23d Ah Zu, 2d Castle & Cooke, 29th Mrs T Keegan, 22d Cheong Ngan, 15th G J Emmes, 15th D Foster & Co. Waialua, Oahu—26th Gaspard Sylvia. Hana, Maui—22d J F Steel. Waihee—1st T K Parris. Kuiaha, Hamakua, Maui—25th R K Peowaina. Koloa, Kauai—16th W E Wright. Kawaihae, Kohala, Hawaii—30th Allen and Chillingworth.

WHOLESALE.—Honolulu, Oahu—3d F A Schaefer and Co, 13th Grinbaum and Co, 2d Castle and Cooke, 19th Ed Hoffschlaeger and Co, 3d Chung Hoon, 25th Lewers and Dickson.

VICTUALLING.—Honolulu, Oahu—13th Ah Hon, 12th H I Nolte, 18th James Harrison. Lahaina, Maui—11th Chung Yung.

WHOLESALE SPIRIT.—Honolulu, Oahu—13th W L Green.

LAPAAU.—Lahaina, Maui—19th Pohelepu (k). Keokea, Kona Hema, Hawaii—14th Kila (k).

HORSE.—Honolulu—9th R Hernandez, No 2, 16th Nahalau, No 3, 17th Paoua, No 4, 17th Kaalaupau, No 5, 17th Keaka, No 6, 18th Kauhiahiwa, No 7, 18th Kaauau, No 8, 18th Mahiai, No 9, 18th Puaiai, No 10, 18th Kake, No 11, 18th Ohule, No 12, 18th Kamakau, No 14, 20th Kauwahiokalua, No 14, 21st Keliimaiohalua, No 15, 22d Kanamu, No 16.

OPIUM.—Honolulu, Oahu, 20th Afong & Achuck.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Zealand Potatoes!
RED SALMON!
FROM FRAZER RIVER,
JUST RECEIVED BY
22 THEO. H. DAVIES.

United States, New Zealand
.....AND.....
AUSTRALIA
MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE!
For San Francisco

A STEAMER
Will Leave for the above Port on or about July 1st.
FOR AUCKLAND
And Other Ports of New Zealand.
The Steamship
NEBRASKA
WILL LEAVE
For the above Ports on or about July 1st
CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS
For Sydney and Melbourne.
For freight or passage apply to
18 3t H. HACKFELD & CO., Agents.

The Steamers of the U. S., N. Z. and A. Mail Steamship Line
Will Leave San Francisco for Honolulu,
AS FOLLOWS:

June	21st	September	13th
July	19th	October	11th
August	16th		

The public will have timely notice of the dates of departure from Honolulu for San Francisco, Ports in New Zealand and Australia, and all further particulars can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

Passengers

Can be booked at Honolulu to San Francisco, Omaha, St. Louis, New Orleans, Chicago, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and Liverpool, at low rates, which will remain in force until Dec. 31, 1871; also, to Auckland and other ports in New Zealand, Sydney, N. S. W., and Melbourne.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,
18 tf Agents.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!

—BY—
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this mendicant is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflamation of the surrounding skin is arrested and a complete and a permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflamation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed on the neighboring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflamation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflamation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and the derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throat, Diptheria, Quinsey, Mumps and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat; this course will at once remove inflamation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach and bowels being much deranged, require a purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Cases:

Bad Legs	Cancers	Sore Throat
Bad Breasts	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Skin Diseases
Burns	Elephantiasis	Glandular Swellings
Bunions	Fistulas	Sore Head
Bite of Mosquito or Sandfly	Gout	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Lumbago	Tumors
Chiego-foot	Piles	Ulcers
Chilblains	Rheumatism	Wounds
Chapped Hands	Scalds	Yaws
Corns (soft)	Sore Nipples	

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices: 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

22 J. T. WATERHOUSE, Agent.

Hawaiian Mess Beef,
PACKED on the Island of Kauai, by an experienced Butcher, and warranted as good as any Beef put up on these Islands. For sale by
BOLLES & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN M. FORREST, M. D.
Office at Strehz & Co's Drug Store, corner of Fort and Hotel Streets, Honolulu. 21 1y

CASTLE & COOKE
—OFFER AT—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!
—THE FOLLOWING—
SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF GOODS!
—Consisting in Part of—

Finest White all Wool 4-4 Flannel.
Finest White all Wool & Angola White Flannels,
Good Grey and White all Wool Flannels, 10x4 Bleached Sheeting,
Thompson's Glove-Fitting Corsets,
Amoskeag Denims, Jeans, Drills and Bleached and Unbleached Cottons.

A Sup'r Ass't of Stationery,

Water Lined Note Paper,
White Ruled Note Paper,
White Ruled Laid Lead, Letter and Bill Paper,
White, Cuff and Amber and Letter and Note Envelopes,
Payson's Indelible, and Carter's Copying Ink,
Artists' & Book-keepers' Flexible Rulers,
Smith & Wesson's Pistols & Cartridges,
Hair Girths, Stirrups & Leathers,
Spanish Trees, Croupers and Bridles,
Oak Belting, Street Brooms,
Wood Faucets, Lamp Black,

Italian Packing Lace Leather.

Paints, Oils, &c.

White Zinc & Lead, in 1, 2 & 25 ℔ container
Paris and Chrome Green,
Chrome Yellow, Umber, Sienner,
Patent Dryer, Vermillion,
Whiting Prussian, Blue, Bladders of Putty,

Carriage and Coach Varnish,

Bright, Copal and Furniture Varnish,
Boiled Linseed Oil, Turpentine,
Mason's Blacking, Coffee Mills,
Axe, Pick, Sledge, Adz, Hoe, Go,
Hammer & Chisel Handles,
Wool Cards, Saddles, Enameled Trunks,

Coopers' Tools,

Crozers, Howels, and Champering Knives,

Carpenters Planes,

Fore, Smooth, Jack & Jointers,
Cut Nails, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60d, Boat Nails, 1, 1½, 1¾ & 2 inch,
Pressed Nails, 2 & 2½ inch,
Cooper's Rivets, 4, 7 & 8 lbs,
Copper Rivets & Burs, ¾, ½,
¾ & ⅞ inch, Gimp Tacks,
Iron & Copper Tacks of all sizes,
Best Rubber Hose, ½, ¾, 1, 1¼ & 2 inch,
Centrifugal, Varnish, Paint, White-Wash and Scrub Brushes, Cow'd Tin Pails,
½, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10 & 12 quarts,
Covered Slop Pails, Dippers,
Dish and Milk Pans,
Jenning's bits, soldering irons, T hinges, steels,
Hammers, Gauges, Squares, Chisels,
Augers, Sieves, Lime Squeezers,
Yard Sticks, Bung Starters, Axes,
Shovels, Spades, Oos, Lanterns,
Eagle Horse, A and O Plows and Points, Paris Plows, extra heavy and strong,
Protoxide of Iron, Pain Killer,
Poland's White Pine Compound,
Pails, Tubs, Brooms, Etc., Etc.

DOWNER'S KESOSENE OIL,
From the Boston House.

And Many Other Articles
38- ALL TO BE SOLD LOW. 3m

C. BREWER & CO
—HAVE—
JUST RECEIVED
—PER CLIPPER SHIP—
SYREN FROM BOSTON!
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
FURNITURE
—CONSISTING IN PART OF—

Chamber Sets,

Wood and Cane Seat Chairs,
Rosewood Dining Chairs,
Oak Dining Chairs,
Office Chairs, Rocking Chairs,
Nurse Chairs, Children's Chairs,

Hair Mattrasses,
Bureau Marbles,
Mirror Plates.

ONE SUNSHADE CARRIAGE

One Side-spring Top Wagon,
One Shifting Top Wagon,
One American Carryall
Set up and Ready for Use.
Sets Silver-plated & Covered Harness
Made Expressly for this Market.
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Wheel-Wright's Findings,
Buggy and Wagon Spokes of ass'ted sizes,
Hubbs, Rims, Shafts and Poles,
Express and Buggy Bows,
Mule Collars, &c.
Plows of Assorted Styles,
Hay Cutters, Road Scrapers,
Mule Harnesses, complete.
AN INVOICE OF WASH-BOARDS & TUBS,
Buckets and Tubs,
Axe-Handles, Cotton Twine.
Eastern Pine
SUGAR SHOOKS!
—ALL OF WHICH WILL BE—
SOLD AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.
14-3m C. BREWER & CO.

Cotton Duck,
FROM NO. 1 TO 10.
Cotton Sail Twine, Assorted Sizes.
For Sale by [12] BOLLES & CO.

A New and Splendid Work.
DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE,—comprising its Antiquity, Biography, Geography and Natural History, with numerous illustrations and maps, engraved expressly for this work. Edited by W. Smith, Classical Examiner of the University of London.
Now is the time to subscribe, as it cannot be obtained of any one else but the agent. For information apply through the Post Office to
JOHN G. WOOD,
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Offer for Sale,
BY THE
Hawaiian Bark 'KA MOI,'
From London.
THE FOLLOWING
ASSORTMENT OF GOODS
Selected with Great Care
FOR THIS MARKET
—CONSISTING OF—

ENGLISH PRINTS, Fancy Lilac, & Mourning,
Sairsing Prints, Twilled chints Prints,
Fancy Muslins, Victoria Lawns, mosquito netting,
Superior black Cobourg, black Alpacca,
French Merinos and Crape, woolen dress Goods,
Black and blue Broad Cloth,
Italian Cloths,
White Moleskins,
White Drills,
White Duck,
Black Haircloth,
White Shirting and Longcloth,
Turkey Red Cloth,
Brown and Blue Cotton Drills, heavy
Brown and Blue Cotton, Ticking,
Blue Denims, very heavy,
Blankets, large size assorted colors,
Bleached Linen Sheeting,
Blue Alhambra Red Quilts,
White Bed Quilts,
Fine Linen Imperials,
White Linen & Cotton Turkey Towels,
Superior Linen Handkerchiefs,
Fancy Cotton Handkerchiefs,
Turkey Red & Yellow Hd'kfs.
Plain White Flannel,
Blue Twilled Saxony Flannel,
White Merino Socks,
Grey Mixed Socks,
Ladies' White Hose,
Fancy Damask Table Covers,
Black Silk Neckties,
Fancy Alpacca Blouses,
Fine Linen Bosom Shirts,
White Cotton Shirts,
Fancy Calico Shirts,
Hickory Shirts,
Heavy Merino Under Shirts,
Silk F'm'lt. Under Shirts,
Brown Cotton Under Shirts,
Turkey Red Suspenders,
Black Silk Umbrellas,
Black Silk Elastics,
Blue Cotton Thread,
Woolen & Cotton Girths,
Feather Duster,
Boiled Linseed Oil,
White Zinc Paint,
Ground White Lead, Red Ochre,
and Venetian Red.
Burlaps, Sail Twine,
Scotch Hemp Canvas,
Russia Duck, light & heavy.
Bright Fencing Wire,
Hoop Iron, from ⅝ in. to 1½ in.
Tinned Saucepans with Covers,
Babbits Metal,
Galvanized Gas Pipes, ¾ to ½ in.
Galvanized Iron Buckets and Tubs,
Cabin Lamps and Lanterns,
C. C. Iron with brass guards,
Fine Pocket Knives and Steel Scissors,
Crushed Sugar,
French Chocolate,
French Pease au naturel,
Malaga and Sultana Raisins,
Currants in Jars,
Salad Oil,
Codliver Oil,
Curry Powder,
Essences of Sheld Almonds,
Liverpool Salt,
Sausages in Tins,
Wiltshire Loaf Cheese,
Dutch Loaf Cheese,
Malt Vinegar in Demijohns and Barrels,
Cream of Tartar,
Seed Biscuits,
Gin in Baskets and Boxes,
Rum in Barrels,
India Coope & Co., Ale,
Claret in Boxes,
Rhine Wine,
Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps,
Dunville Irish Whiskey,
Manila Horse Rope,
Stockholm Tar,
Pitch in half Barrels,
Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks square and arch,
Blacksmith Coal,
Muntz Yellow Metal and Composition Nails,
Best Rifle Powder in ¼ lb Tins,
1,000 bbls New Oil Shooks,
100 Tons West Hartley Steam Coal. 2-3m

Fresh California Lime
FOR SALE BY
4-tf A. W. PEIRCE & CO.

Best English Portland Cement,
FOR SALE BY
4-tf A. W. PEIRCE & CO.

15 Cases, each 24 dz.,
Perry Davis' Pain Killer
FOR SALE BY
4-tf A. W. PEIRCE & CO.

California Lime,
FOR SALE BY
12 BOLLES & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

List of Foreign Jurors

DRAWN FOR THE JULY TERM, A. D. 1871, of the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands—

P Dalton,	Frank Brown,
J W Widdifield,	H Waterhouse,
C L Heustis,	Ira Richardson,
Joseph Pickford,	J Hiller,
D Foster,	F S Pratt,
Sam'l Nott,	E G Addesty,
H L Chase,	M Louisson,
John Tibbits,	B F Dillingham,
John Ritson,	Sam'l G Wilder,
J H Rogers,	James Hopper,
C F Pfluger,	J S Walker,
Alex McKibbin,	C S Williams.

W. R. SEAL,
Deputy Clerk of Supreme Court.
Honolulu, June 8th, 1871.—22 3t

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. In the matter of the guardianship of AMOS S. COOKE, of Honolulu—Before Chief Justice Allen, in Chambers.

On reading and filing the petition of Joseph P. Cooke, the duly authorized Guardian of Amos S. Cooke, deceased, praying that his final account as such Guardian, may be allowed and that he may be discharged from the said trust.

It is ordered by the Court that Wednesday, the 28th day of June, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be and the same hereby is appointed for hearing the said petition before the said Justice at his Chambers in Honolulu, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and that notice thereof be given by publication of this order in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE newspaper, for three successive weeks previous to said hearing.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., June 2d, 1871.

ELISHA H. ALLEN,
Attest: Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
WALTER R. SEAL, Deputy Clerk. 22-3t

SUPREME COURT of the Hawaiian Islands, In Probate. Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, ss. In the matter of the Estate of AMOS S. COOKE, of Honolulu, deceased:

A Document purporting to be the last Will and Testament of AMOS S. COOKE, deceased, having on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1871, been presented to said Probate Court, and a Petition for the probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Juliette M. Cooke, having been filed by her and S. N. Castle.

It is hereby ordered that WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at the Court House in Honolulu, be and the same is hereby appointed the time for proving said Will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the said Will, and the granting of Letters Testamentary.

It is further ordered, that notice be given by publication, for three successive weeks, in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, a newspaper printed and published in Honolulu;

And it is further ordered, that citations be issued to the subscribing witnesses to said Will, and the heirs of the testator in Honolulu to appear and contest the probate of said Will, at the time appointed.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., May 26, 1871.

ELISHA H. ALLEN,
Attest: Justice of the Supreme Court.
WALTER R. SEAL, Deputy Clerk. 20-3t

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of EDWARD BURGESS, late of Honolulu, deceased.—Order of Notice of Petition for Allowance of Accounts, Discharge, and Final Distribution of Property.

On reading and filing the Petition and Accounts of Alexander J. Cartwright, Administrator *durante absentia* of the Estate of Edward Burgess, late of Honolulu, deceased, wherein he asks to be allowed $7,000 for the charges himself with $11,415.63, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all responsibility as such.

It is ordered that FRIDAY, the 30th day of June, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. before the said Judge, at the Court House in Honolulu be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing the said Petition and Accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property. And this order in the English and Hawaiian languages be published in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE and AU OKOA newspapers printed and published in Honolulu, for three successive weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated Honolulu, May 20th, 1871. 20-3t

ALFRED S. HARTWELL,
Justice of Supreme Court.
Attest: W. R. SEAL, Deputy Clerk.

NOTICE.—In the matter of the Estate of JOHN NOMORE, of Puna, Hawaii, deceased.

The Petition of Thomas G. Kampele having been filed this day with F. S. Lyman, Circuit Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit, Hawaiian Islands, for Letters of Administration upon the Estate of John Nomore, of Puna, Hawaii, deceased, notice is hereby given that Saturday, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of the Circuit Court at Hilo, Island of Hawaii, is appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of Thomas G. Kampele, for the issuance of Letters of Administration to him, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

F. S. LYMAN,
Circuit Judge 3d J. C.
Hilo, Hawaii, June 6th, 1871.—22 3t

Foreclosure of Mortgage.

Before the Hon. ELISHA H. ALLEN, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Chancellor of the Kingdom.

H. A. WIDEMANN vs. HAALAUHOPILI, (w.)—Bill in Equity for Foreclosure of Mortgage.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER this day made in the above entitled suit by the Hon. Elisha H. Allen, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Chancellor of the Kingdom, notice is hereby given that a Bill in Equity has this day been filed in the above entitled cause, praying for the foreclosure of a mortgage executed by Haalauhopili and delivered to H. A. Widemann, bearing date the 6th day of June, A. D. 1869, and given to secure a promissory note for Seven Hundred and Sixty Dollars, payable one year from the date aforesaid, with interest at the rate of 1 percent. per month, on the land and premises described in a certain deed from Kapuahana and Kaoohiole to the said Haalauhopili, dated the 8th day of June, A. D. 1869, as by reference thereto a more full description will appear, together with all houses, buildings and appurtenances thereto belonging; and that the day of hearing said Bill has been fixed by the Hon. Elisha H. Allen, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Chancellor of the Kingdom, for SATURDAY, the 8th day of July, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room in the Court House in the City of Honolulu, and all persons interested are hereby notified to appear and show cause, if any, against the prayer of the Bill, on or before the day assigned and fixed for the hearing.

W. C. PARKE, Marshal.
F. H. HARRIS, Solicitor for Complainant.
Honolulu, June 6th, 1871.—22 3t

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF KAINAANA, (K.) late of Waimea, Kohala Hawaii, deceased:

Proper application having been made to the undersigned by Francis Spencer, for Letters of Administration on the Estate of KAINAANA, (K.) late of Waimea, Hawaii: Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that TUESDAY, July 4, 1871, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the Court-house at Waimea, Hawaii, is the time and place appointed for hear