HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL,
DEVOTED TO HAWAIIAN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED AND EDITED BY
HENRY M. WHITNEY.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14.

THE announcement which came by the last mail that the Spanish Cortes has adopted the clause in the new Constitution providing for full religious toleration, by a vote of 220 against 81, is the most encouraging piece of news that has come from the land of the olive and vine for many a day. It is not only a great advance to have secured religious liberty, but it is a significant fact that it should have been secured by such an overwhelming majority. Even had the young king yielded to the demands of the Pope that this article be rejected, the recent action of the Cortes shows that he would have lost his throne by the concession, and perhaps have precipitated a republic.

TO-DAY, June 14th, the Republican Convention meets at Cincinnati, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States. The convention will consist of 754 delegates, chosen on the basis of two for each Congressional representative, including the States and Territories. A majority of the votes cast secures the choice. It is not likely that any candidate will receive 378 votes on the first ballot, but the balloting will start off with about this proportion: Blaine 275; Bristow, 175; Conkling 100, while Morton, Hayes, and others will receive smaller votes. It may be that all these will be thrown aside, and some new man—General Sherman, perhaps, will be taken up, and unanimously chosen. We consider that Blaine is the strongest name now before the country for this high office.

The Democratic Convention meets at St. Louis on the 27th of June.

THE reports of the Surgeon and Treasurer of the Queen's Hospital, inserted in to-day's paper, prove that that institution continues to be in an efficient state of usefulness and is as deserving of the cordial support of the people, as of the pecuniary assistance required for its maintenance. Next to the Leper establishment, no institution in this Kingdom has become more a necessity and the means of improving the sanitary condition of this people than the Queen's Hospital, and consequently no appropriation should be more cheerfully voted than these. This government is now sustaining three sanitary establishments—Queen's Hospital, Leper Asylum and Insane Asylum—at an annual expense of about $50,000, and is thus doing for the relief of the indigent sick more in proportion to its revenue than any other government. These three institutions contain not far from 800 patients; and when we state that the average cost is less than $64 per head, it will be seen that they are conducted on a very economical basis.

WE have before us (says an American paper,) a condensed report of the Bank of France for 1875, which gives an idea of the enormous business transacted by this institution. It is stated that its operations last year amounted to 11,657 millions of francs, (11,657,000,000 francs,) and it possessed in specie on the 24th of December, the round sum of 1,668 millions of francs (equal to $280,000,000). This bank has seventy-four branches, with fourteen more to be established shortly. Its running expenses were last year fourteen millions and a half, besides five millions paid to the Government as taxes. The dividends were 200 francs a share, of a 1000 francs, or the handsome figure of twenty per cent. The circulation of the bills of the Bank of France tends more and more to equal the amount of its specie, although they continue to be popular. The bills of five, twenty and twenty-five francs, issued since the war, are gradually disappearing. The debt of the State to the Bank is now reduced to 556 millions of francs. This is certainly a good exhibit.

WE have no desire to descend to the miry arena where alone the *Advertiser* is capable of contesting for the defence of its seventeenth-century views. The difference between that journal and ourselves, on the Chinese question, is simply this:—We are the advocate of the immortal and invincible principle embodied in Article 1, of our Constitution, that "God hath endowed ALL MEN with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty, and the right of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property, and of pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness." The *Advertiser* would limit this glorious declaration to WHITE men. We advocate the growth and advancement of Hawaii through all influences, whether from within or without, without regard to *color, race, or previous condition*; the *Advertiser's* policy is based on pure selfishness, and though pretending to be favorable to the aborigines of these islands, it is so only because that it knows from their weakness there can be no competition with white interests. The same arguments which it uses against the Chinese would be applicable to a restoration of a pure Hawaiian population of 400,000, such as Capt. Cook found here one hundred years ago. We regret that in this country, where it has been so long conceded that inferior races have equal rights with the superior, any one should be found to advocate a return to the curtailment of liberty, the establishment of the whipping-post, and other kindred inhumanities of man to his fellowman which distinguished the dark ages.

REGARDING the Treaty, a correspondent of the New York Herald, (whom we judge to be Chas. Nordhoff,) in commenting on it, about the date of its passage in the house of representatives, says:

"One of the most important treaties ever negotiated, exhibiting the most far-seeing wisdom, fraught with consequences of the vastest moment—is the reciprocity treaty made with the King of the Sandwich Islands. Time will soon show whether Congress will take the same view, and thus sustain the treaty. The decision of this question involves the issue, whether American prestige and influence shall prevail in the Pacific or not. When that ocean shall become—as it soon will—the great high-way of commerce with "the East," which has been the coveted prize of every maritime people for 2,500 years, then the possession of this half-way house to China and Japan can demand tribute, and impose terms, upon every flag that floats. As to the more temporary provisions of the treaty, or its immediate effects on our system of Customs duties, it is a mere *bagatelle*. It is not with reference to the present, but to the mighty developments of the no very far distant future, that the merits of the treaty are to be measured. It is charged by its opponents with being a "put-up job" for the benefit of certain parties. That may possibly be its temporary effect, but no one believes that was the object of it. As well say the purchase of Louisiana was a put-up job, because its effect was to benefit certain sugar planters—or that the fifteen millions paid to Mexico for California was a put-up job, because the effect was to benefit a few far-seeing mining adventurers."

BY the arrival of the bark Colombo from Hongkong, 180 Chinese immigrants have been introduced, consisting of 170 men, 4 women and 6 boys. So far as appearances go, they are a healthy and active set and likely to give satisfaction as laborers; but the government ought to insist that the name and destination of every person shall be preserved, as well as that of the employer, by the agent of the Board of Immigration, in order that the proper parties may be held responsible for the passage money advanced. We understand that these laborers are offered twelve dollars a month and found in food and lodging to ship as rice cultivators. If these monthly wages can be given to laborers who have heretofore received but one, two or three dollars per month for their services, they can readily afford to refund the passage money advanced to transport them here.

It was generally understood at the time that the order for these immigrants was sent, that women were to be brought as well as men, but we find now that this has not been carried out. The result of this venture will disappoint all. Here we have only 4 females out of 180 immigrants. But one course remains to be adopted—that in all future shipments of immigrants introduced at public expense, the number of women shall equal that of men and preference shall be given to families. Where a man immigrates to another country, accompanied with his wife and children, the probabilities are that he willbecome a permanent settler, and this is what we need here. While we shall cheerfully encourage immigration of both sexes, from Japan, China, the South Sea groups, Europe, or any other quarter from which they can be induced to come, we shall oppose the introduction of *males only*, at government expense, from any source. The country is already sufficiently demoralized by an excess of *five thousand* males, out of a population of 50,000.

The Legislature.

The past has been a broken week with the Legislative Assembly. What with school anniversaries and holidays the attendance and business have been slack. The Sanitary Committee has recommended to discontinue the pay of traveling physicians, but we are left to conjecture the reasons which led the gentlemen of the committee to this action. We can understand that districts like Wailuku and Hilo, do not need a subsidized physician, the practice of the districts being large enough and concentrated enough to support a physician without making unusual demands upon him; but we know that there are large, sparsely settled districts which need the care of physicians. Hawaii needs at least two physicians. The Koholas, Hamakua and Waimea will give work enough for one, while the Konas and Kau need another. Hana and Kaupo, on Maui, should have a physician. We believe that the windward side of this island should have a resident physician. Kauai is, or soon will be, well cared for. If "Hoodlu Lahui" means anything, is not an empty, meaningless phrase, we should encourage the intelligent care of our sick. Because some one of our traveling physicians has not appreciated his position, has been lax in the performance of duty, we should not do away with the service to which he belongs.

The "million dollar" loan act has, so far as the Assembly is concerned received its quietus. The objections to this law have been just what we anticipated when it was under discussion. It was a pawnbroker's act, and its passage has not added to the credit or good name of the Assembly or the country. Parties with money to loan have withheld it because of this act. We have money enough in the country for all legitimate and warranted expenditure.

The "school act" for the promotion of habits of industry in our youth, has been before the Assembly again. There was an evident intention on the part of the majority to repeal the law at once, which was only defeated by an amendment, committing it to the hands of the committee on education. This amendment met the views of the more reasonable members and was carried. The committee will have to make a well digested report, suggesting amendments which will remedy the leading faults complained of in the working of the law, or it is doomed.

The report of a physician to the effect that in all probability the Hon. Mr. Kamakau, member for Honolulu, would not be able to take his seat in the Assembly, was the signal for a strange action on the part of the Assembly. The seat of the member was declared vacant, and a new election recommended. After a night's reflection, this action was reconsidered and the question as to the condition of the seat referred to the Justices of the Supreme Court. The party, of which Prince Leleiohoku, of the Nobles, and Hon. Mr. Lilikalani of the Representatives, are supposed to be the leaders, voted to declare the seat vacated and to order a new election. This same party voted to retain the member from Waialua who was clearly shown to have been illegally returned. We trust that this action is thoughtless, and not designed.

The immigration policy of the government was made the order of the day for Tuesday.

The Annual Examinations.

THE week past has been occupied with the usual examinations of schools and other institutions of learning, which precede the summer vacation. The first of the series was the examination of the Fort Street School, on Wednesday, the 7th inst. This school is attended chiefly by children of foreign parentage, only two of the fifty-eight boys belonging to it being pure Hawaiian. It is conducted by Mr. M. B. Beckwith, who is an experienced teacher, and who is ably assisted by Miss Flora Wood. The scholars gave evidence of the faithful labors of their teachers.

On Thursday the children attending the Royal School underwent their regular annual examination. The public, both foreign and native, evinced their interest in the institution by being present in considerable numbers. The Rev. Mr. Mackintosh, Principal of the school, with Mrs. Harris, Miss I. Von Pfister and Miss C. Davis, Assistant Teachers, conducted the examination in the upper department. Each class performed its respective exercises efficiently and answered all questions so promptly and correctly, that it would be invidious to draw a comparison, and difficult to decide which deserved the highest praise. Such a result could not have been accomplished without long continued and diligent care, combined with earnest effort on the part of the teachers, on whom the pupils reflect much credit. The same remarks will also apply to the Primary Department, of which Miss Brickwood is the Principal Teacher, assisted by Miss Fornander. Any one who has had experience in training Hawaiian children knows how much labor is required to get them to pronounce the simplest English words correctly and distinctly. So that when it is said that these little juveniles read and spoke English with scarcely a trace of foreign accent, it is highly complimentary to those who have had the training of them. Their spelling was particularly deserving of notice. Some forty or fifty boys were arranged in a row, while a long list of words were called out for them to spell. They finally resumed their seats without having made one mistake. So that a lady who had gone there with a prize, intending to give it to the boy who should spell best, was compelled to take it away with her, as it was impossible to say which was best. Neither would we omit the excellent order and discipline of the school. The examination was followed by songs and declamations. Although the singing was good, we thought the speaking better still. The rendering the "Pity the sorrows of a poor old man" was inimitable, and most unmistakably merited the first prize. The following is the prize list: 1st Solomon; 2nd H. Von Holt; 3rd J. Wilmington; 4th Makia; 5th Lai Mahiai; 6th J. Kalwi.

The well-conducted and most useful Pohukaina Girls School was examined on Friday, and all present were impressed with the idea that Miss Corney, and her assistant Miss Dudoit, are not laboring in vain in their efforts to inculcate in their pupils habits of neatness and refinement, while the prompt and vivacious answers showed that in the matter of book learning they were above the average. The number of pupils in the school, according to the report of the President of the Board of Education, is seventy-five.

To the examination of Oahu College, more time has been devoted this year than has heretofore been customary. This has been done in accordance with the sound theory of President Pratt that an examination is not a mere entertainment for the gratification of spectators, but should be an honest showing of the progress the students are making. With this end in view the examinations commenced on Wednesday of last week, and continued four days, thus affording every class an opportunity to exhibit the work it had accomplished during the year, and the result proved that the scholars had been diligent, and the teachers most eminently fitted for the positions they occupy. The number of pupils during the past year has been about eighty, of whom nearly one half are girls. On the afternoon of Monday, after partaking of a sumptuous lunch, a large audience listened for several hours with great interest to declamations, select readings, recitations, and compositions by some of the more advanced scholars. The excellence was so uniform that it would be unfair to particularize, but we will say that we rejoice to see that so much care and intelligent criticism has been devoted by the faculty to a high degree of culture in our mother tongue,—a branch so often strangely neglected.

Semi-Annual Report of the Treasurer of the Queen's Hospital.

To His Ex. W. L. MOHONOA,
Minister of the Interior, &c., &c.

SIR:—I have the honor to furnish this, the thirty-fourth semi-annual report of the Treasurer of the Queen's Hospital, showing the receipts and disbursements during the half year ending May 31st, 1876, and of the present financial condition of the Society.

Dec. 1, 1875—Balin Bank of Bishop & Co.	$3,876 66
May 31, 1876—From pay patients	1,166 75
" Fin Dept for seamen and passenger taxes to March 31st	1,169 66
" Interior Dept for appropriation for aid in support to Mar 31st	3,500 00
" sale of 1 truss	2 50
" Board of Education, funeral expenses of Kaniua	6 50
" funeral expenses of Mr Franson	25 00
" Th. Ped for labor account returned	50 00
" R. Lishman for labor account returned	4 60
Balance due Bishop & Co.	107 42
	$9,845 15

The disbursements during the same time have been

May 31, 1876—For salary of physician, six months	$ 750 00
" salary of purveyor and wages of servants	1,440 00
" expenses re-roofing, repainting and repairs	3,060 33
" provisions, medicines, furniture, bedding, coffins, lights and fuels	4,594 82
	$9,845 15

The estimated cash resources for the commencement of the ensuing half year are as follows:

Pay patients	$ 500 00
Interior Department for aid in support (2 mos) to May 31st	1,333 34
Passengers and seamen taxes	444 00
	$2,297 34

There are no liabilities unpaid except a balance of $107 42 due Bishop & Co.

Yours respectfully,
[Signed] JOHN H PATT, *Treasurer.*

Physician's Report.

HONOLULU, 1ST MARCH, 1876.

TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL:

Gentlemen,—I have the honor to submit the following report for the quarter ending 29th February.

The total number of patients at present in the Hospital is 92, viz: 83 Hawaiians, 41 males, and 42 females, and 9 foreigners, (5 paying.) The number of admissions during this period was 97, viz: 81 Hawaiians, 41 males, and 40 females, and 16 foreigners. Discharged 61, viz: 48 Hawaiians, 26 males, and 22 females, and 13 foreigners. Deaths 9, viz: 4 males, and 2 females, Hawaiian; and 3 foreigners—2 from pulmonary consumption, 2 dropsy, 1 abscess, 1 apoplexy, 1 suicide, and 1 general debility.

Besides the above, 115 new names have been entered in the Dispensary books. The greatest number of indoor patients was 92, the smallest 65. Total number of patients treated in the Hospital in December, 90; January, 99; February, 118. Number of visits at the Dispensary during this period 519. Daily average during the quarter of indoor patients 73, dispensary 6; number of prescriptions 5372.

Respectfully Submitted,
ROBERT MCKIBBIN, M. D.
Surgeon to the Queen's Hospital.

HONOLULU, 1ST, JUNE, 1876.

TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL

Gentlemen,—I have the honor to submit the following report for the quarter ending the 31st May.

The total number of patients at present in the Queen's Hospital is 81, viz: 74 Hawaiians, 38 males, and 36 females, and 7 foreigners (6 paying.) The number of admissions during this period was 86, viz: 71 Hawaiians, 41 males, and 30 females, and 15 foreigners. Discharged 88, viz: 44 males, and 31 females, Hawaiian, and 13 foreigners.

Deaths 9, viz: 5 Hawaiians, 1 male and 4 females, and 4 foreigners, 2 fever, 2 phthisis pulmonalis, 3 general debility, 7 pleurisy, 1 convulsions.

Besides the above 115 new names has been entered in the Dispensary books. The greatest number of indoor patients was 100, the smallest 77. Daily average during the quarter 88. Dispensary 6. Prescriptions 10,305.

The number of patients treated in the Hospital during the quarter was as follows: March, 119; April, 115; May, 111; at the Dispensary 540.

Respectfully Submitted,
ROBERT MCKIBBIN, M. D.
Surgeon to the Queen's Hospital.

SALONICA, May 17th.—Two French ironclads and two frigates, carrying 30 guns and 1,200 men, have arrived here up to the present time. Eleven persons, all of the lowest class, have been convicted of complicity in the murders.

LONDON, May 18th.—News from Salonica is somewhat reassuring. The burial of the murdered French and German Consuls took place Wednesday.

A Berlin dispatch says: The measures taken by Turkey for the punishment of the Salonica assassins have given satisfaction here.

The New York *Herald's* special says the American steamship Franklin, Admiral Berden, left Nice for Salonica on May 10th. Advices from Salonica state that six of the principal culprits in the late outrages there have been publicly executed. Perfect tranquility now prevails. Three more of the rioters are to be executed.

There is great excitement in Constantinople in regard to the Softas and Christians, both arming with knives and threatening to come into collision. The Softas compelled the Sultan to demand the resignation of the Grand Vizier.

LONDON, April 27th.—A Berlin correspondent declares that although the semi-official journal represent that President Delbruck has retired on account of his health it is well known in reliable quarters that he resigned because he was unable to give his support to Bismarck's railway scheme, fearing its financial results. His withdrawal will make the organization of a new Imperial Ministry unavoidable. Information comes that C. Hoffman, now Chief of the Grand Duchy of Hesse, will succeed Delbruck.

In the House of Commons, last evening, the bill for removing the electoral disabilities of women, a bill which has been regularly introduced for many years, was rejected—139 against 152. Jacob Bright, Henry Fawcett, Forsythe and other well-known Liberals supported the bill. John Bright strongly opposed the measure, in the interest of women themselves, as the principle of the bill was untenable and and contradicted by universal experience.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
SESSION OF 1876.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY—Thursday June 8th.

His Ex. J. O. Dominis, commissioner of crown lands, in reply to a resolution presented by the Hon. Mr. Waterhouse, and passed by the Assembly reported that the receipts of the crown lands for two years from Feb. 1874 to June 1, 1876, amounted to $6,753.

The special committee to which was referred the petition praying to set aside the return of Mr. Kamakau for long illness, reported that the election be null and void, and a new election be ordered.

Pending the discussion, the Assembly took recess. On reassembling, the House after some discussion, adopted the report.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

Hon. Mr. Halemanu presented a resolution that a buoy be placed at the port of Honokua.

Hon. Mr. Preston read for the first time, the following bills:—To repeal chapter 4, of session laws of 1874, relating to marriage of Hawaiian females to Chinese; to repeal chapter 18 of session laws of 1874, and to amend section 1, of an act of 1874, requiring the taking of the oath of allegiance. On suspension of the rules the last bill was read by its title, and referred to the revised bill committee.

Hon. Mr. Birch gave notice of a bill to amend section 17, chapter 41, of Penal Code.

Hon. Mr. Kalauka gave notice of his proposed amendment to the 61st article of the constitution.

Hon. Mr. Kaine presented a resolution that the sum appropriated for a bridge at Wailua, Molokai, be laid on the table till the appropriation bill comes up.

On suspension of the rules, Mr. Naukana read a petition from Makawao, asking that the awa license be abolished, and several other prayers.

His Ex. the Attorney-General, read for the first time the two following bills:—To amend section 18, chapter 86 of Penal Code, and to amend an act relating to gambling passed in 1870.

Mr. Halstead gave notice of a bill to amend chapter 35, of Penal Code.

His Ex. the Minister of Foreign Affairs, presented a resolution that Tuesday be set apart as a day for consideration of the subject of immigration. Adopted.

Mr. Naili presented a resolution that the sum of $1,400 be appropriated for a court-house and lock-up for Koolauloa. Laid on table till the appropriation bill comes up.

His Ex. the Attorney-General presented a resolution that this Assembly meet at 1 P. M. instead of 10 A. M. for two weeks, and on Saturday, to meet at 10 A. M., and adjourn by 12 M. Adopted.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The bill relating to voting for Representatives came up for second reading. Referred to a special committee.

The bill to amend section 25 of an act to repeal chapter 10, of the Civil Code, came up for second reading. It was made a special order for Tuesday.

The bill to amend sections 1 and 2, of an act approved June 22, 1865, came up for second reading. Referred to select committee.

The bill to amend sections 1 and 3, of the law approved July 18, 1874, came up on second reading. Referred to select committee.

The bill to amend section 4, of an act relating to tax on animals, came up for second reading. Laid on table.

The bill to amend section 1417, of the Civil Code, came up on second reading. Referred to select committee.

The bill to amend section 1419 of the Civil Code, came up on second reading. Referred to select committee.

The bill allowing the sale of opium came up for second reading. Laid on table.

The bill to promote the increase of the Hawaiian race was read a second time. Referred to a select committee.

The bill to amend section 101, of the Civil Code was then read a second time. Ordered to pass to engrossment. Adjourned.

The force of the movement looking to Judge Davis as the Democratic candidate for President has about spent itself. The chief objection to him is that he is an old Whig. There is a strong opinion among the Western Democrats in favor of nominating General John M. Palmer, of Illinois. He was an old Democrat before the war, became a Republican, fought with distinction, became a Republican Governor, became a Democrat on account of Grantism.

The Tribune summarizes the presidential prospects of candidates and comes to the conclusion that they now stand: Blaine, Morton, Conkling, Hartranft, Bristow, Hayes, Jewell. The Democratic Conventions of eleven States, stands: Tilden, Hendricks, Bayard.

The N. Y. Times says:—Mob law appears to be the corrective which Californians are disposed to apply to the Chinese evil. At one of their club meetings it was announced that somebody in New York had proffered 2,000 stands or arms at ten days notice to the Anti-Chinese leaguers. It would be interesting to know what organization in this city is interested in arming a mob of Californians. If the people of California believe, as they have declared, that they have 200,000 Chinese in their own State, they are fighting a phantom. There are not 80,000 there.

WASHINGTON, May 5th.—The House Committee on Commerce to-day authorized Piper to report for passage, at the first opportunity, his bill amendatory of the Page law of last year, respecting coolie immigrants The bill reiterates the requirements that Collectors of Ports shall cause vessels to be inspected, and also provides that any Collectors of Ports who refuse to make the prescribed inspection after two citizens make an affidavit of belief that any vessel has any prohibited immigrants on board, shall be punished by fine and imprisonment. The necessity of this bill is understood to be Collector Shannon's failure to execute the existing laws.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHINA GOODS!

From Hongkong Direct.

FINE CONTRACT MATTING,

CHOICE OOLONG TEA,

(in small boxes),

BASKET TEA,

(very fine quality),

No. 2 MANILLA CIGARS.

China Crockery and Tin-ware,

Lacquer Ware, Ivory Ware,

CAMPHOR TRUNKS,

Rattan Chairs,

GRASS CLOTH,

SILKS, FANS,

Lanterns, Kites, Fire-Crackers.

GINGER AND CHOW-CHOW

BRICKS, &c., &c.,

FOR SALE BY

CHULAN & Co.

596-2m.

FAMILY MARKET!

G. WALLER, Proprietor.

Choicest Meats from the Finest Herds

Fish, Poultry, Vegetables, &c.,

Furnished to Order.

EXTRAS.—Tuesdays and Thursdays—Veal, Fridays—Fish. Sundays—Lamb, (Unless otherwise ordered.)

The Proprietor having leased the neat and commodious VEGETABLE, FRUIT AND POULTRY MARKET, Adjoining the Family Meat Market, will be prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill orders for everything requisite to furnish the tables with all the Substantials and Delicacies the country affords.

Shipping supplied on Short Notice.

Meats, &c., delivered to all parts of the city without extra charge. [595 3m] G. WALLER.

California Lime & 'White Brother'

ENGLISH PORTLAND CEMENT—Best quality. For sale by [582] BOLLES & CO.

Supreme Court—In Probate.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE HARRIS.

June 1.—Guardianship of Okeni, (w) a minor. Petition of Hookana, (h) that letters of guardianship be issued to some suitable person of the minor's estate, said minor being now a leper at Molokai. The court after hearing the evidence appointed Curtis J. Lyons guardian, giving him authority to make and receive proper conveyances of certain land, from one heir to the other.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JUDD.

2.—Proof of will of Haliaka, deceased. Petition of Bila Kapakala for probate of will of above decedent. The court after hearing the testimony, admitted the will to probate and ordered a certified copy to be delivered to the petitioner. Inventory to be filed in 30 days. Notice to creditors to be advertised for 4 weeks.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE HARRIS

5.—Proof of will of Paakuku, (w) deceased. Petition of David P. Eldridge for probate of will. Mrs Eldridge, wife of petitioner, being the sole legatee under the will, and her husband, executor. The real estate is valued at $10,000 and the personal property at $200? Messrs. Preston and Kalaukaoe appeared for the will, and Messrs. Jones and Smith to contest. The evidence in this matter was heard in part on 23d May and continued until this day in order to hear the evidence for the contestants After hearing the arguments of counsel on both sides, the court admitted the will to probate. It appears that Mrs. Eldridge was daughter and sole heir to decedent, and would inherit in any way, even if no will had been made. Mr. Jones noted an appeal.

Before Mr. Justice Harris, at the request of Mr. Justice Judd, on circuit.

June 6.—Estate of Paele, deceased. Petition of Mahoe for letters of administration of the above estate. The court after hearing the testimony, ordered letters to be issued to Mahoe upon his filing a bond in the sum of $400. Inventory to be filed in 30 days and notice to creditors to be advertised for 4 weeks.

Estate of Kama, deceased. Petition of Hai (w) for letters of administration of the estate of Kama, deceased. The court heard the evidence and granted letters of administration to Hai, upon her filing a bond in the sum of $50. Inventory to be filed in 30 days, notice to creditors to be advertised for 4 weeks.

IN ADMIRALTY.

June 7.—Foster vs. S. S. Zelandia—discontinued.

S.—Lasmea vs. Kawelo et al. Equity. Discontinued.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Estate of Eli Everett, a voluntary bankrupt. J. O. Carter and E. Preston were chosen assignees.

CASES FOR HEARING THE COMING WEEK.

June 19.—Estate of Eli Meek. Petition for settlement of executors accounts of the estate.

Estate of Kaaiakawaha, deceased. Settlement of administrator's accounts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Marshal's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF EXECUTION issued out of the Police Court of Honolulu, in favor of Uaka for $119, against Kimo, I have levied upon and shall expose for sale,

On Saturday, the 15th of July, 1876,

at 12 o'clock noon,

In Front of the Station House,

All the right, title, and interest of said Kimo in and to
1 Express Wagon (nearly new),
1 Ditto (damaged)
2 Horses
1 Double Harness,

Unless said judgment, interest, costs and fees and commission be previously satisfied.

W. C. PARKE, Marshal.

Honolulu, June 13, 1876. 596

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED A Co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on a general merchandising business at Kawaihaei, Hawaii, Firm name, "ALLEN & STACKPOLE."

W. F. ALLEN.
CHAS. E. STACKPOLE.

June 1st, 1876. 595-1m.

FINE POULTRY

BRED BY M. EYRE, Jr.,
Napa, California.

BRONZE TURKEYS, WEIGHING 40 LBS EACH, Emden Geese, weighing from 40 to 50 lbs. per pair. Brahmas, Leghorns, Games, etc. Pekin Ducks, averaging 18 to 20 lbs per pair, and best of all Ducks and Layers.

EGGS, true to name, fresh and well packed, for sale at moderate prices.

Send for Illustrated Circular, and Price List, to

M. EYRE, Napa, Cal.

On receipt of 10 cents in stamps, I will furnish specimen copy of the POULTRY BULLETIN, an illustrated 32 page monthly, the recognized authority in poultry matters in the U. S; and decidedly the best Poultry Journal published. Subscription only $1.25 a year.

Please state where you saw this advertisement. Orders may also be left at this office. 593 2m

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.,
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000
Accumulated and Invested Fund. 2,838,118

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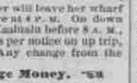

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LEGAL NOTICES.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTH Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

In Banco, August Term, A. D., 1875.

In the matter of the Petition of AINAIKI (k) to quiet title in certain lands claimed by right of inheritance.

Before Mr. Justice Methyden.

On reading and filing the petition of Ainaiki (k) of Koki District of Waimea Island, of Kauai, claiming title by right of inheritance in the fee of certain land situated in Nawiliwili in said Island of Kauai, being a portion of the land described in Land Commission Award numbered 3778, awarded to Luka (k), and setting forth that the said Luka (k) was the ancestor of the petitioner who had died, seized and possessed of said land; that he died intestate at said Nawiliwili, about the year A. D. 1856, and praying for process to claimants and for a decree adjudging the said Ainaiki (k) to be entitled to said land in fee, in whole, or in part.

It is ordered that Tuesday the first day of August, A. D. 1876, be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition before the said circuit court sitting in Banco at the next regular term of the Circuit Court of the Fourth Judicial Circuit in the Court House at said Nawiliwili, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted; and that the notice be published in Honolulu, in the English language, in the Hawaiian Gazette newspaper, and in the Hawaiian language in the Kuokoa newspaper, for not less than three weeks before the first day of the said term of the said Circuit Court.

Dated Wahiawa, Kauai,