Hawaiian Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1883.

Next Friday, November 16th, is His Majesty's birthday. The day will be kept as a public holiday, and there is to be a regatta.

The Gazette tenders its very good wishes and those of the public, to the King, and trusts that his course during the succeeding years of his life may be such as to draw around him the support of the best and purest of his subjects.

A contributor has transmitted the autocratic action of the Board of Health in summarily throwing out Dr. J. K. Smith of Kauai. This action was further aggravated by the refusal of the Board to pay Dr. Smith's last quarter's salary. Now a new court has come over the official throne, and Dr. Smith has been reinstated and his quarter's salary has been paid. Why is this? It is stated, this dismissing and re-instating of government officials. Only the other day we had a specimen of it in the case of the King's brother-in-law, Mr. Cleghorn. He was driven from his position as Inspector of Immigrants with insult, any, almost disgraceful, for certainly the time of Minister Gulick's letter accepted to that, and within a month he was reinstated, his re-appointment dated back to the beginning of October, so that he should be no loser so far as salary was concerned. Now we have this case of Dr. Smith.

There seems to be a divided police in the Government; one portion of it seems wishing to punish all those who dare to differ in politics, who dare to speak the truth; the other portion is polite and would speak one little world fair; then in public these men blow hot and cold; first an official is kicked out and then he is kissed. Of course this is ridiculous; it is child's play. People can bite and yet suffer; there is a government which, though distributed by them, shows consistency and strength, for our administration nibbling and entangling can be full, even when it tries to break it fair. The spectacle of an administration licking the boots of the two most it was lately blustering against is not an elevating one. It has been received for our at Museum Premises to make the contemptible exhibition of himself and his colleagues. How long is Hawaii going to allow herself to be disgraced in the face been and the past few months?

We have been able to obtain a partial list of the independent candidates who will run for the Legislature of 1884. The list is not quite complete, but we hope by next issue to present it in a perfect form.

After an amount of pillagery, which puts to the blush all previous efforts in that line in this Kingdom, after the most brazen putting of public money into relatives pockets, in fact, after dealing with the public funds in a manner such as very few of the royal Ministers which any people have been cursed with have dared to do, the Hawaiian Government has become suddenly virtuous. They have cast aside the sins which they have been accustomed to, and they are now in process of wrapping around them a very sugary garment, behind which they hope will hide the deformities of their administration.

But the public are not absolute fools, and they very readily see through the transparent veil. The elections are coming on, the campaign must be commenced, what so excellent is to make a show of virtue? So the order goes forth, "ask for tenders for a few hundred pounds of pot, seven quarts of milk and a few pounds of butter."

This looks really very pretty, it is so remarkably honest, and it will tell so well, but how about all those bridges which have been built with our money, the rich returns of which were into the family pocket, how about the palace wall, how about a dozen public works scattered over the islands, the administration which has either directly or indirectly pocketed a fine percentage upon such large outlays as these, can well afford to become suddenly extremely parsimony, and see that there is no profiteering over the supplying of a few pounds of pot or seven quarts of milk.

The repentance at the eleventh hour might be taken for what it is worth, and its value is absolutely nothing. It is too late in the day that the system of honest dealing has been commenced. A man who has acquiesced, if he has not shared in the dishonest dealings which the head of the Government has practiced, cannot expect by throwing his hand into a small, a very small bit, as it should be, by small quantity of milk, to hide these magnificent but heathen of corruption and venality which have been cultivated so assiduously during an righteous outside administration.

A contributor inserted in our Mail notice requires comment. A gentleman and a priest was arrested by an ignorant police there and, but for the timely interposition of a bystander who produced the $5 bail would have been hurled through the streets like a common malefactor, for what? For the brave shying at some lizard and becoming restive. Of course when the matter was ventilated in the Police Court next morning, Father Theodore was discharged, but it is very evident that he should never have been arrested. The fact is that this bridge in Waikiki is a fruitful source of income to the police from the ordinary stranger has no means of seeing the notice, for it is pasted on the side rail and is not likely to catch the eye, and the unfortunate rider is collared and carried off to Station House, no matter how ignorant of the regulations he may be, unless he has $5 on his person and is willing to pay. Most men, rather than undergo the inconvenience of appearing in a police court are willing simply to pay the $5 bail and forfeit it, how much of this is ever returned to the government treasury is very problematical. What necessity was there for dragging the priest and gentleman through the town? He was well known, there was no doubt as to his identity, he offered to go and get bail at the Catholic Mission. It was an unwarrantable insult that was inflicted upon the reverend gentleman, and it should be taken notice of by the authorities. This is not the first time such conduct has had to be complained of a clergyman of the Episcopal Church has been treated in like manner.

But this case, in which an honorable Christian gentleman has been grossly insulted, really is one among a very large number of cases on Maui, which show how wofully ignorant the Maui police are. Such a matter as a gentleman galloping over a bridge they can take cognizance of, but they are utterly unable to take effective measures with regard to serious crimes. The blood of Mary Bell Pomper, murdered in the rain fields, still cries aloud for vengeance; opium smuggling, liquor selling and gambling are not stopped, the latter in certain cases has been notoriously encouraged, under the very noses of the authorities.

The officialdom of the Island of Maui resents the light of newspaper criticism more than that of any island of the group to our knowledge. The sheriff is not himself corrupt and seems well enough, but he is easily misled and he has, in many cases, very corrupt men under him. He is strangely credulous of his subordinates, and strangely distrustful of any one who is not a Maui official. The time is coming when the citizens of that island will rise upon rulers. It needs very little to set the island in a blaze, and the people there are far more ready for action than they are in Honolulu. Reform must come, and it had better come gracefully. The sheriff must do his duty, if he wishes to keep his position and he can commence to better that by reforming his police force. "A stitch in time saves nine," says the proverb, the stitch in time case has been long delayed and it will require something equal to nine good stitches to mend the rent garment of Maui's police.

Newell at the Boston Exhibition.

We are indebted to a Boston friend for advance sheets of the catalogue of the Hawaiian exhibits of the Boston Exhibition. The catalogue is prefaced with a another account of the Islands, the extract of which presents in a few words a great deal of valuable information. Whether it will induce any to leave their work well and secure considerable credit for it, the following extract is our concerned relations with the Sandwich Islands is thoroughly at the point, and will reach a class of readers, who probably would pass over our volumes of newspaper extracts. The report says:

"Honolulu is the chief seaport, where the bulk of the exports is shipped, and where the imports are received and distributed. It is the centre of commercial activity. The annual movement of the group exports are stimulated and forty-one thousand tons of imports; in foreign bottoms, 170,000 tons; in Hawaiian bottoms, 170,000; and exports, 200,000 tons, tonnage, 160,000. Under the Hawaiian flag, sailing foreign, were forty-four arrivals and forty-one departures. Under the American, flag were 125 arrivals and 125 departures. Honolulu is connected with San Francisco through the Pacific Mail S. S. Co. whose semi-monthly line of steamers sailed every month, and by the Oceanic S. S. Co., whose new and well-appointed steamers run bi-monthly. The passage is 42 days.

"The official reports for 1882 show the exports to be $1,275,000; imports $1,375,000; revenue, $1,000,000; expenditure, $1,000,000. Total revenue of the government, $1,000,000. The number of passengers arriving during the year, 2,127; departures, 2,200; passengers in transit, 4,300.

"The commerce of the group is in the proportion to other the product of the islands, and the commerce of the islands with the United States is 1/12 of the commerce of this country with the United States. The commerce of this country with the United States is 1/12 of the commerce of the United States. Through the enterprise of the Hawaiian Government, the commerce of the Hawaiian Group in American bottoms, that is, in American ships, has increased from $70,000 to nearly $1,000,000 annually. The suggestion has arisen, that the present commercial relations and commercial relations of the Hawaiian population, has reached $10,000 per annum, to Egypt, Simply above the Hawaiian Islands, and the United States. Under the present commercial dealings.

"Of the total area of the group, about 200,000 acres are in the pasture and cultivation, of all kinds, and of the latter about 100,000 acres will cover the large portion, the cultivation of sugar-cane. The sugar-cane is the staple product, the product amounted over 40,000 acres being now devoted to it. The first sugar-plantation was started at Koloa, Kauai, in Boston men, with Boston capital, and all sorts of disappointments and obstacles for want of implements and utensils about 1842. The first Boston sugar-cane was brought down from the mountains, the smaller sugar-cane of the present sugar. Koloa, which has ever since been, under cultivation, been a plantation, growing sugar-cane of the type. The plantation has survived, while in pioneer enterprises other others have subsided."

The Floods on Hawaii.

(Written from a private letter.)

On reaching Mr. Lyman's at Paauhau a scene which, previous to disappearing, were after one series, Friday afternoon. The rain fell in torrents, crowding, rushing of the kind I ever witnessed. Mr. Lyman's house is on a hill, and the water in torrents within the lower storeys of the night the water was flowing like the feeding of a large stream. Saturday morning we looked out upon a rapid that wonderfully had only escaped by a few inches. The road was transformed into a rapid, and the bridge was gone. Preparing, we were to go to Honoka to spend Sunday, but Mr. Lyman was positive it was dangerous for us to attempt to ride that day. A native arrived who reported the two bridges remaining over streams. Before lunch we had heard of the bridge at Honoka was gone, and found it very high and roaring swiftly. Mr. Lyman would give us no encouragement to go on to Laupahoehoe. On returning our journey, the wisdom of not attempting it became very apparent. Every stream was up. The river, which flows where there was no water when we went up from this way. Large boulders had been washed down into from and debris of every description. In one place where there was previously no water, a cut of four feet deep and quite wide was made. We had to cross the river twice in the woods to find a place where we could get over. In the second Gulch we found the bridge had been carried away and had to ride the mules out of our way to circumvent. We only pulled at Gulch and rode to Laupahoehoe. Here the friends rejoiced to see us safely arrived. We remained in sight of the bridge, which, though the right of the bridge had been swept away and the rocks and boulders washed down had changed the old landing places. We waited for the next morning to get the report of the condition of the road to Honoka. He was on horse-back home. He said the road was impassable, but he had managed to get to Honoka Mills. We returned to Mills on the Lihuliha. Nineteen and three fourths inches rain fell in twenty four hours. The storm was by far the severest known for the past thirty years.

Notable Arrivals—Grace, Mercy and Peace.

Some "Sisters of Charity" arrived by the steamer city Rio Janeiro, for the purpose of attending to the sick poor. They evidently have to satisfy also to the extremely exquisite wishes of our Majesty. Queen Kapiolani, made to Bishop Hermann, and which, Father Lamoine, the Superior of the Catholic Fathers, a few days ago, sent a request to Father Lamoine to try and induce some of these sisters of Father to come here. Her Majesty has intended to remain Gone in person, and this express her deep appreciation of the services which attended these sisters of mercy. Her Majesty to the work of sacrifice, since the outbreaking of the sick, the Queen of Hawaii has owing to the illness of her sister, Princess Kaiulani, who was unable to attend in person, and Rev. F. W. Beckley was deputed to do the honors, that lady being a Catholic. His Majesty kindly placed a carriage at the disposal of the Sisters and Father Lamoine.

Immediately on arrival, the Sisters assisted by Rev. Beckley and proceeded to Father Lamoine, side to the Cathedral, where they were assembled, in the sacristan, by Bishop Hermann with the Fathers of the Catholic Mission. The Te Deum was then sung for their safe arrival and their Bishop delivered a address. After service they were received by the Sisters of the Sacred Heart, whose guests they will be for a few days.

Twelve Sisters were expected, but the illness of some prevented their departure, only six were actually landed. The Lady Superior is a native of Ireland and her charges consist, which is the United States and endeavor to obtain more Sisters. The Sisters all speak English.

Three of the sisters will be attached to the Hospital, one to the Leper, and three will proceed to Waimea, Hilo, the parishes of Father Father who has been so active in trying to obtain these sisters. Under his energetic direction and in their populous district, there will certainly be no lack of opportunity to practice their noble vocation.

The "Hawaiian Monthly."

A very evidence of progress and the growth of a metropolitan spirit in this community is the proposed establishment of a monthly periodical bearing the above name. Such an enterprise was long called here every prominent of a monthly periodical, and it was the desire of a committee of gentlemen, but the foreign contributory in these islands was too small to run close to render such a publication remunerative, and people, even the most ardent in the cause, were not willing to pay for the support of a literary journal. The time is now ripe for such a publication, and the enterprise of a literary journal, which, if it succeeds, will be independent, intelligent, and well-worth. Such an enterprise deserves the support of our English-speaking population, who are now sufficiently numerous and prosperous to place it on a paying basis. We understand that the publisher will send in their subscriptions lately and promptly.

A Cassette Cottle.

Boston Gazette, in the Daily Bulletin of the 9th inst., under a communication, "Cassette Ordinance," by a "Sportsman," in one of the other sections of the Sporting Club, remarks in my duty to expose to the public the ignorance of the Sporting Club, and to inform brethren belonging to the gentlemen the actions in which the Sporting Club is concerned with any sportsman purposes. The rules and gentlemen who have so kindly and generously assented to in giving a concert for the benefit of the Library Association have certainly a lion's share in the success which has attended our efforts to contribute towards the further amusement of our association, to acknowledge by the sending gentlemen and the generous part of the audience. The Sporting Club has done as very at least a half time for. I had been absent only Saturday and second day, to my knowledge, in the "Sporting" was concerned and particularly cover. In the course I noticed one little note, which was in a very difficult manner, and no matter, and my few notes would be able to always bring the same and to really collect in singing or in the performance. Of all instruments in the chorus is the most difficult, as well as bringing out the tune to in the Engine, and so shall there be no cry for to find an excuse why musical the commencement nearly as well as Mr. Kraft does. Mr. Bartons probably never heard a concerted with fifteen, evidently in gave half a dozen of the best bands, otherwise he would be better able to judge and to a performance on that instrument. As a Sportsman I consider myself fully able to understand and judge about Weber's music. I have heard Weber's Concertstuck performed by great artists, with accompaniment of orchestra and organist for two pianos, as rendered by the Sporting Club. The latter kept very good time, the pianos accompanist fully up to the work, and not in the least above this player wanted I have heard it before, in fact I have played it myself, and I know what I am talking about. The rendition had on their part very different. The violins had on their side kept down when the other was played to the full.

Fairs, a difficulty which has been overcome by the Indian in a very amiable and creditable manner. In order to offer something new to the public, a Zither duet had been put on the programme, and that number was well received by the audience, as manifested by the enthusiastic applause and the usually called for encore. The zither is not an instrument well adapted for concerts, but will always be welcome as a change. However expect Mr. Barbons may be in music, I feel convinced that he is not able to sing or to play on any musical instrument as well as Mr. Mankich played the cornet in the various orchestral pieces, but more especially his solo in the polka which concluded the entertainment. I feel thankful to Barbons for his appreciation of the performances of the Sporting Club, which he had occasion to criticise once seriously, viz: Rossini, giving the second waltz, must confess that in a long passage of the "Minnet of Bellerangue" I was a bit ahead of the other players, and in the same piece the first violin made several very noticeable mistakes, to also the viola, and the piano actually drowned several points by playing too loud.

It is very unpardonable to publish a criticism like the one referred to, under a fictitious name, and if Mr. Barbons has the slightest idea of fairness he will give his name. Ed. Sporting.

A Minister Cassed.

Major Chas. T. Gulick, now Minister of the Interior, formerly Secretary of the Honolulu Fire Department, which latter position had been held by him for over a decade in succession, was the recipient on the 9th inst. of the resolution of chief engineer Nott, of a serving which he will to age to remember for many years to come. The circumstances connected with the affair, as related by an eye witness, are some what as follows: Major Gulick in company with Mrs. Gulick had been engaged to Chief Nott and to the latter's wife dinner on the evening in question. In the meantime the assistant engineers and a number of firemen who had agreed to be present at witness, had assembled at places where Mr. Gulick could be forwarded to on the arrival of the unsuspecting ex-secretary arrived and was ushered into the parlor of the chief's residence. What took place between the quartette then present, Mr and Mrs Nott and Major and Mrs Gulick, has never transpired, but, soon after the Major's arrival, the doors opened, the waiting witnesses to the deed, who had arrived, were welcomed and without a word of warning, ex-chief George Lanza advanced with a heavy case, composed of different island woods and mounted in gold, and, after some remarks, presented the beautiful and really artistic piece of workmanship to the Major, as a token of appreciation of the Honolulu Fire Department of his services to Secretary and Treasurer of the Department during a space of seventeen years. He concluded this intended for deed, ex-chief Lanza referred, the public condition of the organized department, the good feeling which existed, and, finally, to express the practical appreciation of the honor conferred on him and then the company present, indulged in the inevitable toast on such occasions.

The gifts in question are exhibited at the store of J. H. Orr & Co. and is well worthy inspection, being artistic in design and a curiosity in composition.

Special Notices.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Now ready for rent. Furnished Rooms can be had by an early application at No. 4 GARDEN LANE.

American Waltham Watches

New Advertisements.

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A LADY WISHES A SITUATION

NOTICE.

MR. P. A. DIAZ HAVING DISSOLVED

THE UNDERSIGNED GIVES NOTICE

Dry Goods, Clothing, Fancy Goods, &c.

P. A. DIAZ.

C. HUSTACE

On or about December 1st, 1883

— With a New and Fresh Stock of —

Groceries & Provisions

FOR SALE.

Fowler's Patent Tramway,

With Patent Steel Sleepers

Cane Cars.

FOR SALE.

SIX FOUR-WHEELED

MULE CARTS!

For Sale!

A Lot of Land

200 ft. wide by 300 ft. deep,

Stable and Out-Buildings

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED GIVE NOTICE

NOTICE!

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THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID

$25 REWARD!

F. BORN OFFERS THE ABOVE

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A FULL ASSORTMENT OF JAPANESE

Paints and Paint Oil.

A FULL LINE OF THESE GOODS.

Salmon! Salmon!

IF YOU WANT THE BEST ARTICLE OF SALMON

Shipping.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

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KALAKAUA

MILLER, Master.

Will have Quick Dispatch for the above Port

For freight or passage apply to

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FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The Splendid Steamship

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Will Leave Honolulu for San Francisco, on or about November 15th, 1883.

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"ALDEN BESSE,"

On or about the 20th inst.

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Will have Quick Dispatch for above Port

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Time Table

Pacific Mail Steamship Comp'y.

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OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.

THE MAGNIFICENT NEW IRON STEAMSHIPS

Mariposa and Alameda

Will Leave Honolulu & San Francisco On the 1st and 15th of Each Month.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

For San Francisco.

THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP

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COZZENS, Commander.

Over about November 19, 1883,

And the Splendid Steamship

AUSTRALIA

HANNEMAN, COMMANDER.

WILL LEAVE HONOLULU FOR SAN FRANCISCO On or about Monday Nov. 27

FOR SYDNEY VIA AUCKLAND!

THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP

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On or about November 25, 1883,

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TIME TABLE

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Rockaways. Phetons. Buggies. Cane Wagons. Has Also on Hand For Sale. Drays. Ox Carts. Delivery Wagons. Dump Carts. A Complete Assortment of

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AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, RIMS, SHAFTS, OAK, ASH, WHITE WOOD, HICKORY BAR IRON, ROUND IRON, STEEL, NORWAY IRON, and HORSESHOE SHAPES,

OF GOOD FINISH AND SUPERIOR QUALITY

All sorts of forged and malleable Materials kept in stock for the trade, such as HORSE-SHOES, FIFTH-WHEELS, BOLTS, BRANDS, NUTS, WASHERS, FELLOE PLATES, RIVETS, SINGLE-TREE PLATES, COCK-EYES, AXLE CLIPS, FERRULES, round and square.

Wheels Made to Order

TO STAND ANY ROUGH USAGES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

A Large Stock of SPRINGS and AXLES, half patents, and CONCORD AXLES, of all sizes. Having a Manufacturing Department ourselves, we are better acquainted with the wants of the trade, and we shall endeavor to make a specialty of keeping EVERYTHING on hand used for building a Wagon or Carriage to hereafter; there has been a great want of Stock in our line, indispensable to Wagon Building, and necessary in labor-saving, consisting in adaptable articles, peculiar to Blacksmithing and Wood-working.

150 Tons Best Blacksmiths' Coal

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT.

Two-Wheel Brakes, Manufactured in our own Factory, 25 per Cent. Cheaper than Imported Brakes.

Everything Must Go!

GENUINE CLEARANCE SALE

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A. M. MELLIS'

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FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY!

Commencing Saturday, November 10th. Entire Stock Marked down regardless of Cost or Value.

NO HUMBUG!

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Pianos, from $75 to $800.
Organs from $40 to $250.
Guitars from $1 to $100.
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Violins from $3 to $50.
Flutes from $2 to $26.
Flageletts from $1 to $8.
Clarionetts from $8 to $50.
Music Boxes from $1.50 to $125.
Banjos from $3.50 to $20.
Tambourines from $2 to $10.
Concertinas from $2.50 to $20.
Music Reks from $5 to 25.
Harmonicas from 25 cents to $3.
Guitar, Violin and Banjo Strings from 5 cents to $1 each.
Violin, Banjo and Cello Bridges.
Repairs for all kinds Musical Instruments.

Furniture in Parlor Sets,

Consisting of 7 Pieces, Ranging in Price From $90 to $200.

Odd Parlor Chairs from $10 to $50 each.
Rattan Rockers for children and adults, $2.50 to $16.
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Grecian Chairs from $1.25 to $2.
Wood Seat Chairs from 75 cents to $1.

CENTER TABLES--Ebony, Ebony and Plush, Walnut and Walnut Marble-Top from $9.50 to $75.

Wardrobes from $16.50 to $25.
Dining Tables from $1.25 to $4.50 per foot in Ash and Walnut.
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Writing Desks from $5.50 to $50.
Side Boards from $40 to $100.
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OIL PAINTINGS FROM $1.50 TO $200.

Water Colors from $1.50 to $70.
Steel Engravings from $2 to $50.
Auotypes from $1 to $6.
Colored Photographs from $3 to $40.
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Every Style and Size of Picture Frames from 10 cents to $100.
Window and Door Cornices from $2 to $50.
Hanging Baskets from 50 cents to $3.
Poles and Rings from $2.50 to $16 each.
Brackets from 25 cents to $18, in Walnut, Ebony, Ebony & Gold, Ash, Cherry, Koa, &c.
Boquet Tables, and Smoker's Tables from $2.50 to $25.
Book Shelves, from $2.50 to $11.
Easels from 25 cents to $7.50.
Artist's Easels from $1.50 to $2.
Work Baskets from $2.50 to $20.

Xmas, New Year's, Easter and Birthday Cards, From 5 Cents to $12 Each.

Every Style and Price in Toys

Dolls, Games, Base Ball Goods, Croquet Sets, Tea-Pins, Masks, Toy Pistols, Paper Caps, Dressing Cases, Toilet Sets, Vases, Japanese Tea Sets, Mustach Cups and Saucers, Parian, Bronze, Clay, and Plaster Figures, Steamboats, Steam Engines, Noah's Arks, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

Orders From the other Islands will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

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(271)

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The General Postoffice is located on the corner of Merchant and Bethel streets, Honolulu. The office is closed on all Hawaiian Holidays.

On Sundays, the General Delivery will be open from 7 till 8 o'clock A. M., for the delivery of Island mails arriving on that day.

On Saturday, the office is closed at 2 o'clock P. M., except on the arrival or departure of a steamer in the afternoon of that day.

Postage Stamps of the following denominations can be purchased: 1, 2, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24 and 100 cents. Also, Postal Cards of 1, 2 and 3 cents each, and reply postals of 2 cents each.

All letters and newspapers sent abroad must be prepaid by Hawaiian stamps only.

Letters, or packages, may be registered to any part of this Kingdom, on payment of a fee of Ten Cents, in addition to the regular postage; and to any country in the Postal Union, on payment of Fifteen Cents, in addition to the ordinary postage.

Packages or parcels of merchandise or other mailable articles, not exceeding four pounds in weight, will be received and conveyed in the inter-island mails only, on prepayment of one cent per ounce postage. Parcels are not mailable to foreign countries (except books only), if exceeding 8½ ounces in weight.

Money Orders.

ON HAWAII. HILO, KOHALA, HONOKAA, WAIMEA, KEALAKEKUA, WAIOHINU, PAHALA.

ON MAUI. LAHAINA, WAILUKU, KAHULUI, HAMAKUAPOKO, HANA, MAKAWAO.

ON KAUAI. LIHUE, KOLOA, WAIMEA, KAPAA, HANALEI.

ON OAHU. HONOLULU, WAIANAE.

ON MOLOKAI. KAUNAKAKAI.

21 Money Order Offices.

Foreign Money Orders.

After the 1st of January, 1884, applications for Money Orders, payable in the United States, may be made at any Money Order Office in this Kingdom; and they will be drawn at the General Post Office, Honolulu, on any Money Order Office in the United States, of which a list can be seen by inquiring at any Hawaiian Post-office.

Likewise, Money Orders may be drawn in the United States, after January 1st, 1884, payable at any Money Order Office in this Kingdom.

H. M. WHITNEY, Postmaster-General.

Honolulu, October, 1883.

Legal Advertisements.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. In Probate.—In the matter of CHONG PAU, deceased. Order to show cause why administrator of Administration be granted on sale of real estate.

On reading and filing the petition of Ahee, the administrator of the estate of Chong Pau, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said decedent and setting forth certain legal reasons why such real estate should be sold.

It is hereby ordered, that the next of kin of the said decedent, and all persons interested in the said estate, appear before this court on THURSDAY, the 6th day of December, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room of this Court, in Honolulu, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of such estate.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published at least three successive weeks before the said day of hearing, in the Hawaiian Gazette, a newspaper published in said Honolulu.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., Nov. 7th, 1883.

BENJ. H. AUSTIN, Justice Supreme Court.

Attest: WILLIAM FOSTER, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. In Probate.—In the matter of the Estate of ROBERT LOVE, of Honolulu, deceased, intestate. Probate No. Intestate Docket.

On reading and filing the petition of Fanny Lion, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, alleging that Robert Love, late of said Honolulu, died intestate in Honolulu, on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1883, and praying that letters of administration issue to herself.

It is ordered that MONDAY, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1883, be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition before the said Justice, in the Court House of this Court, at Honolulu, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and that this order be published in the English language in three successive weeks in the Hawaiian Gazette, a newspaper in Honolulu.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., November 1st, A. D. 1883.

BENJ. H. AUSTIN, Justice of Supreme Court.

Attest: HENRY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. In Probate.—In the matter of the Estate of D. KEKUA, late of Honolulu, deceased. At Chambers, before Chief Justice Judd.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of WILLIAM MOHEALANI, administrator of the Estate of D. Kekua, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, praying in his sole to be allowed $[illegible], and charges himself with $[illegible], and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator, and that a guardian be appointed for the minor children and for other matters in said petition contained.

It is ordered, that FRIDAY, the 7th day of December, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the said Chief Justice, at Chambers, in the Court House, at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition, and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to said property, and that this order be published in the English and Hawaiian languages, in the Hawaiian Gazette and Kuokoa newspapers printed and published in Honolulu, for three successive weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated at Honolulu, H. I., this 1st day of Nov. A. D. 1883.

A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice Supreme Court.

Attest: HENRY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. In Probate.—In the matter of the Estate of JOSEPH O. TUCKER, late of Honolulu, deceased. At Chambers, before Chief Justice Judd.

On reading and filing the petition and final accounts of ALEX. J. CARTWRIGHT and Allen Herbert administrators of the estate of Joseph O. Tucker, late of Honolulu, Oahu, H. I., deceased, wherein they ask to be allowed $[illegible] charge themselves with $[illegible], and ask that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in their hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging them and their sureties from all further responsibility as such administrators.

It is ordered, that FRIDAY, the 7th day of December, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the said Chief Justice, at Chambers, in the Court House, at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition, and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to said property. And that this order be published in the English and Hawaiian languages, in the Hawaiian Gazette and Kuokoa newspapers printed and published in Honolulu, for three successive weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated at Honolulu, H. I., this 5th day Oct. A.D. 1883.

A. F. CUDY, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Attest: HENRY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. In Probate.—In the matter of HORATIO G. CHARRE, a bankrupt.

Whereas the said Horatio G. Charre, of Honolulu, has this day been adjudicated a bankrupt at a meeting holden at Chief Justice Judd, on the petition of Samuel Nott. It was ordered that notice be given to the creditors of the said Charre to present their claims and prove their debts, and that this publication be made (proof for three successive weeks in the Hawaiian Gazette newspaper.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that THURSDAY, the 6th day of December, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room in Aliiolani Hale, Honolulu, be the time and place for all such creditors to appear and prove their claims.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., 9th October, 1883.

By order of the Court. HENRY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure & of Sale.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A POWER of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Kekauwa and Kuku, her husband, to A. J. Cartwright, dated the 8th day of September, 1882, recorded in Liber 75, page 439, notice is hereby given that said mortgagee, intends to foreclose said mortgage, for conditions broken, and upon said Foreclosure will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, at the Salesroom of R. P. Adams in Honolulu, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of December, 1883, at 12 noon, of said day, the premises described in said mortgage as follows, viz:

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, Attorney at Law. A. J. CARTWRIGHT, Mortgagee.

Premises to be sold are—1st—All those premises described in R. P. No. 3272 L. C. A. 968 Apana 1 to Kaikaimaili—containing an area of 4 70-100 acres; these premises are situated at Waianae, Oahu—good Tare Land and House Lots.

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure and of Sale

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A POWER of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Piipii and A. J. Cartwright, dated the 18th day of August, 1882, recorded in Liber 75, page 391, notice is hereby given that said mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage, for conditions broken, and upon said Foreclosure will sell at public auction at the salesroom of R. P. Adams in Honolulu, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of December, 1883, at 12 noon of said day, the premises described in said mortgage as follows:

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, Attorney at Law. A. J. CARTWRIGHT, Mortgagee.

Premises to be sold are—All those premises described in R. P. No. 3272 L. C. A. 968 Apana 1 to Kaikaimaili—containing an area of 4 70-100 acres; these premises are situated at Waianae, Oahu—good Tare Land and House Lots.

Tax Collector's Notice.

DISTRICT OF HONOLULU, OAHU, 1883.

TAX PAYERS IN THIS DISTRICT are hereby notified that the undersigned will commence the collection of Taxes for the current year at his office, south of the Government House.

On Thursday, November 1st, 1883.

In conformity with Section 16 of the new Tax Law, persons subject to taxation are required to make payment of the same to him on or before the

15th Day of December, 1883,

Or they will become liable to an additional 10 per cent. added thereto.

S. H. LUCE, Tax Collector, Honolulu.

Tax Office, October 27th, 1883.

BUTTER!

Just Received per 'City of Sidney'

In Tins and Kegs,

AND FOR SALE BY

Hackfeld & Co.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

TO TAX-PAYERS IN MAKAWAO!

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given to all whom it may concern, that the TAX COLLECTOR for the District of MAKAWAO, MAUI, H. I., will keep his office open for the Collection of Taxes at the following times and places, viz:

AT THE COURT HOUSE OF MAKAWAO on the 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th of November and on the 15th, 16th, 17th of December, 1883.

AT KOOKEA, KULA, at the House of Geo. F. Ainsworth, on the 3d and 17th November.

AT ULA, at the House of Joseph Kealoha on November 5th.

AT HUELO, at the Counting room of Alexander Bros., on November 6th and 7th.

AT HAIKU, at the Office of the Haiku Sugar Co., on November 8th.

AT ALL of the above mentioned places and times the undersigned will be found between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

Planters and others employing hired laborers, whether contracted or otherwise, are requested to send in to the Collector's office full and correct lists of the names of all those in their employ, whom they are willing to pay, and by so doing avoid much of the trouble, labor, delay and inconvenience which otherwise might arise.

J. E. PUNAHELE, Tax Collector of Makawao.

Lahaina, Maui, Oct 20th, 1883.

HOOP IRON FOR SALE

A FINE QUALITY OF

HOOP IRON,

2X8-16

IS OFFERED FOR SALE BY

J. H. Bruns, Sr.,

No. 39 Fort St., Kor. Queen.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY cautioned against trusting Sidney A. Cox, Certificate of Deposit No. 7274, in favor of J. Kipp, also for $100, and on which there has been paid $[illegible]