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HOLIDAY GOODS!

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Beaver Hats,
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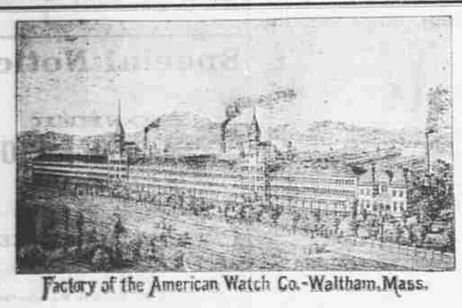

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Factory of the American Watch Co.-Waltham, Mass.

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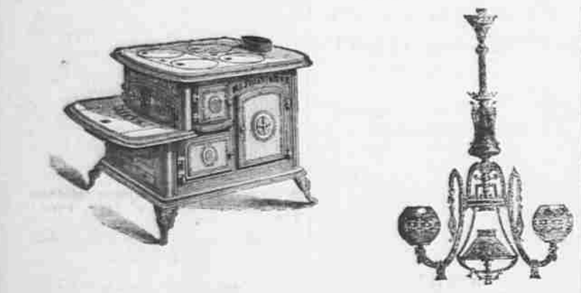
HONOLULU, October 30th, 1883. 996



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PLUMBING, in all its branches;

Artesian Well Pipe, all sizes;

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Uncle Sam, Medallion, Richmond, Tip Top, Palace, Flora, May, Contest, Grand Prize, New Rival, Oper, Derby, Wren, Dolly, Gypsy, Queen, Pansey, & Army Ranges, Magna Charter, Buck, Superior, Magnet, Osceola, Almeda Eclipse, Charter Oak, Nimble, Inwood and Laundry Stoves, Galvanized Iron and Copper Boilers for Ranges, Granite Iron Ware, Nickel Plated and Plain;

Galvanized Iron Water Pipe, all sizes, and laid on at Lowest Rates: Cast Iron and Lead Soil Pipe,

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RUBBER HOSE—ALL SIZES AND GRADES;
Lift and Force Pumps, Cistern Pumps, Galvanized Iron, Sheet Copper, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Tin Plate, Water Closets, Marble Slabs and Bowls, Enameled Wash Stands,

Chandeliers, Lamps, Lanterns

J. EMMELUTH & CO.,

No. 5 NUUANU STREET, HONOLULU,

Agents for the 'Superior' Stove

DEALERS IN

STOVES AND RANGES

Also, Every Description of

SHEET METAL WARE ON HAND

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TINNING, PLUMBING, GUTTERING

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AT THE LOWEST RATES.

As we want to make room for a Large Stock on the way.

Orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered free to any part of the city. Store—No. 175 Fort street.

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FROM BREMEN,

Consisting in part of as follows:

A Large Asst. of Dry Goods,

SUCH AS

Denims, Brown and White Cottons, Drills, Tickings, Turkey Red, &c.,

Merinos, black and colored, 4 qualities

Repps, Cobourgs, Alpacas, Italian Cloth, and

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SUCH AS

Fancy Prints, Twenty-Five New, Styles,

Printed Satteens, Pompadours, Plaids, Ginghams, Victoria Lawns, Satin Stripes, Fancy Striped Grenadines, White Silk Japanese, Twills, Serges Poplins, Satin and Moire, Black and Colored Velvets.

FINE SILKS,

Black, Grosgrain, Fancy, Colored and Striped Barege, Crepe, &c.,

TAILORS' GOODS:

Buckskins, Diagonals, Tweeds, Cords, Serges, Silesias, Doeskins, Cassimeres, &c.

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(Woolen, Mixed, Calico, Hickory, Denim, &c.)

Merino and Cotton Undershirts, White Bosom Shirts, &c., Socks and Stockings, Handkerchiefs, Foulards, Gloves,

A LARGE INVOICE OF CLOTHING

AS

Fine Black Cloth Frock Coats and Pants, Buckskin Sacks, Pants and Suits, Felt, Mohair, Drill, Flannel Sacks and Pants, Boys' Shirts and Children's Jackets, Monkey and Sailor Jackets, I. R. Coats and Leggings, Carpet Slippers, Silk and I. C. Umbrellas and Parasols, Fancy and Traveling Shawls, Cotton and Turkish Towels, White and Fancy Quilts, Felt Rugs and Brussels Carpeting,

BLANKETS:

Horse Blankets, White and Fancy Blankets, Fancy Striped Woolen, two sizes, Scarlet, Orange, White Woolen, 3 and 4 points, Threads, Tape, Elastic, Scarfs, &c.,
Silk and Velvet Ribbons, Buttons for Shirts, Coats, Pants, Dresses,

PERFUMERY, FLORIDA WATER,

Genuine Eau de Cologne, Lubin's Extracts, Toilet Soaps, Philecome, Hair Oil, Combs, Mirrors, Looking Glasses, Pipes, I. R. Balls, Harmonicas, Blank Books, Albums, Gold Leaf, Jewelry, Watches,

VIENNA FURNITURE:

Extension, Arm, Dining Room and Parlor Chairs, Settees, &c., Saddles, Calfskins, Girths, Stirrup Leathers,

CRATES OF ASSORTED CROCKERY,

Containing Plates, Cups, Teapots, Bowls, Chambers, Rice Dishes and Bakers, Demijohns, 3 and 5 galls; Sample Bottles, Vases and Glassware, Manila and Tarred Rope, Hemp and I. R. Packing, Coal Baskets,

Sugar & Rice Bags

Of all sizes and qualities,

Coal Bags, Gunnies, Twine, Burlaps Woolpack and Twilled Sacking, Linen Hose,

GROCERIES:

Sardines, in half and quarter boxes, H. and P. Biscuits, Split in jars, Castor Oil in Tins, Stearine Candles, 4, 5 and 6, Matches, Cocoanut Oil, Wash Blue, Hubbuck's Linseed Paint Oil, H White Lead, White Zinc Paint.

LIQUORS:

De Luage fils and Boutelleau <> Brandy, and other brands, Rum, Gin, St. Paul Beer, Ale and Porter, Port Wine, Sherry, Rhine Wine, Fine and Table Clarets, Champagns, G. H. Mumm & Co., Sparkling Hock, Dry Heidsieck, Monopole, Ch. Farre, Moselle, &c., &c.

Cerman and Havan a Cigars

Plated Ware—Spoons, Forks, Cruets, Tea Sets, Cups, &c.

HARDWARE:

Pocket and Butcher Knives, Scissors, Sheep Shears, Needles, Spoons, Files, Spurs, Galvanized Basins, Hoop Iron, Keg Rivets, Hammers, Yellow Metal and Composition Nails, Babbitt Metal, Sugar Coolers, Iron Tanks, Clarifiers &c. Also,

Portland Cement.

Fire Clay, Blacksmith Coal, Fire Bricks, Tiles, Empty Barrels, Oak Boats, &c., &c., &c

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Importers and Dealers in

LUMBER

—AND—

BUILDING MATERIALS!

OF ALL KINDS.

JUST RECEIVED

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LATE ARRIVALS!

—SEVERAL—

LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED CARGOES

—OF—

NORTH-WEST LUMBER,

COMPRISING

ALL THE USUAL STOCK SIZES

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SCANTLING,
TIMBER, PLANK, BOARDS,
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ALSO, ON HAND

A Most Complete Stock of

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPER!

LATEST STYLES.

NAILS, LOCKS
BUTTS, HINGES,
BOLTS, SCREWS, Etc

DRY REDWOOD!

Scantling; Plank, surface and rough

Boards, surfaced and rough; Battens, Pickets, Rustic, Lattice, Clapboard.

ALSO, IN STOCK,

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WHITE LEAD.
WHITE ZINCT,
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Class.
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DOORS SASH BLINDS

ALL SIZES.

Of Eastern and California Make.

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Tar and Pitch.

SWEDISH TAR, NORTH CAROLINA PITCH, TAR OIL, BLOCK VARNISH, CAROLINA TAR. For Sale by

BOLLES & CO.

Hawaiian Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1884.

Our New York Letter

COMMERCIAL. A BOOM AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.

NEW YORK, January 14, 1884.

The year 1883 closed with an unbroken record of decline in prices of leading staple food products and leading articles of merchandize. The period of liquidation which began early in 1882 has continued for twenty months. The topic of the hour among business men now is, whether we have reached the bottom. The causes of enforced economy in production due to restricted purchases on all hands, have been too frequently outlined to require elaborate explanation. The latter half of 1879 had witnessed several seasons of good crops at home and correspondingly short harvests in Europe. The United States had been selling abroad freely of its surplus produce and this, in connection with the six preceding years of moderate purchases by consumers had brought the country as a whole to a degree of well-to-do-itiveness which showed itself in rapidly increasing demands for almost every article of commerce, and, by the aid of the still remaining high protective war tariff on imported products, stimulated our native industries in a marked degree. The country had outrun itself, somewhat, in the so called boom of 1870–72. From 1873 to 1879 it had paid the penalty and aided by favoring weather and fertile soil had laid the foundations for another spurt. This began in the mid-summer and fall of 1879. Of the enormous increase in industrial producing capacity from 1880 to 1882 it is unnecessary to speak at length. The great railway building era is comprised in that period and steel rail mills were constructed which enabled the railway kings to lay from 7,000 to 12,000 miles of rails per annum. All other industries to a considerable extent kept pace with this, and in two or three years greatly exceeded the home requirements. Railway building had fallen far behind its own records, cotton and woollen mills had increased their annual output until the goods remained in the warehouses in sufficient quantity to warn the proprietors that for the time being the public were stocked. To complicate this, there came the new cotton mills at the south where the raw material was to be obtained without paying the freight which entered perforce into the accounts of the New England mills. In this way competition injured the business and prospects of the northern and eastern mills employed on the class of fabrics undertaken at the south. Failures were not unknown as a result, and the several mammoth cotton goods auction sales taking place at New York during the year just past constituted the means taken to turn surplus, and not readily saleable stocks into cash. The blanket sales during the same season and of kindred proportions tells of the pinch which came to the woollen industry. In raw iron there was an enforced stoppage of about eighty-five furnaces between January 1st, 1883, and January 1st, 1884. Prices had declined during the year from $25.50 to $20, and many of the less efficient stocks found it impossible to do business profitably. Some few steel rail mills have shut down—or practically so. One, at Joliet, Ill., and the Vulcan at St. Louis. While the latter may not have actually banked its fires it is known to be turning orders—at market rates, over to other mills.

LOOKING UP.

But since the first of the year there has been sufficient modification of some of the vital elements in the trade situation to at least warrant the inquiry whether a change for the better has not finally begun. It appears to rest mainly on a slight gain in the pig iron, and a still greater improvement in the steel rail situation. The tradition that the iron trade is a gauge to the general business situation, and the record of that industry apparently justifies the relation between it and commerce in most leading lines. Iron is generally first to feel an approaching decline, and likewise earliest in the field with symptoms of something better. At present, reports from most of the western pig iron producing centers mention a somewhat increased inquiry and a noticably improved feeling among producers and dealers. At some points prices are quoted fairer, and at all fewer concessions in prices can be obtained on cash orders. It is especially noteworthy that some moderately large contracts for delivery, month by month during the year, have been contracted in New York at $20 per ton. This is significant as indicating the existence—even the growth of the opinion, that bottom prices in iron have been reached, and that no better bargains are to be gained by waiting. Once let this opinion prevail throughout the trade, and the turn will have been made. Demand will increase and prices advance. Production is now about equal to the hand-to-mouth species of consumption which has been current so long. Steel rails have been quoted at $35 per ton since last fall. Sales have been made at lower figures, in a few instances: Now $35 is more firmly asked. One small sale has been made at $37. This however, is hardly to be taken as a warrant to higher prices at once.

HOW THE MARKET WAS STRENGTHENED.

At the risk of being somewhat personal I may as well relate to you how this fact was used during the week in market manipulation. From unquestioned authority in the steel rail producing trade I learned of the sale on Friday last (January 11th) and mentioned the small sale of rails at 37 in the market report of a leading New York commercial and financial weekly journal, adding as well that it was an exceptional transaction and of small volume. Said iron trade report was telegraphed in advance of publication here, to the Philadelphia *Press* and published in that journal simultaneously with its public appearance in New York. The trade in the quiet old Quaker town were evidently interested by the statement and it was retelegraphed to New York, (on Saturday, day before yesterday) to the Stock Exchange. There it appeared in the shape of "a Philadelphia dispatch stating that steel rails had advanced to $37, a gain of $2 per ton. This, and "rumors" of a more satisfactory solution of the north-western railway pool troubles than had been expected, was considered probable "strengthened the market" in the afternoon. At least the New York *Evening Post* said so.

A SMALLER VOLUME OF TRADE.

The volume of general trade—*i. e.* the distribution of merchandise is smaller than in a like period in 1883. Railway earnings of the roads centering at Cincinnati and at Chicago distinctly show this. The severe cold weather since the opening of the year, has decreased cattle shipments, and the heavy fall of snow has delayed railway transportation in various portions of the east and west. The sudden change in temperature during the week melted the snow fast and the Ohio and other rivers tributary thereto have risen so high as to interfere with navigation and cause damage from overflow; but this will not account for all the decrease in the movement of goods noted.

A SENSATION.

The sensation in commercial circles has been the perverse decline in wheat. Two houses failed yesterday owing to the persistent decline in the price of that grain when it should, if foreign food buyers would only send over their orders for it—materially advance. Saturday wheat dropped 2½ cents per bushel to about $1.04½ and two cents more again this morning. On December 15th, it stood at about $1.13½. The aggregate of stocks of wheat in the United States—the so-called visible supply is over 35,000,000 bushels, larger than ever before. We have been banking this supply in the expectation that by January 1st the United Kingdom would have eaten pretty well into what she had on hand three months ago and would want more. The Russian ports being closed at this time, and the Indian shipment being interrupted, it was calculated that the heavy supplies in the United States would be wanted abroad, and at our own prices. But British stocks are larger than they were three months ago. That tells the whole story.

TARIFF TALK.

In Congress there is much tariff talk and little present prospect of much being done in the way of reducing the excessive revenue by cutting down rates of import duties. The protectionist element of the democracy appears to be strong enough, if voting with the republicans to block any action which the Carlisle or revenue reform democrats may attempt.

PERRY BELMONT.

Perry Belmont, second instead of first best man on the Committee on Foreign Affairs, was pointed out to me from the gallery of the House of Representatives the other day. I wish he could go out to Honolulu so that you might all take one look at the little toy who stirred up so much commotion out your way with allegations as to sugar frauds. With him, it is a clear case of doing business on his father's reputation. He is the most overrated young man who has had an opportunity to fill so large a share of the public eye, so young in life.

SOCIAL PLEASURES.

New York has been very gay of late. The grand annual charity ball was given at the new Metropolitan Opera House, and was much the same success that its predecessors have been. The representatives of New York's best society were nearly all there and the affair went stiffly and properly and formally and luxuriously on from about eleven in the "evening" until a good deal later. Wm. H. Vanderbilt, the old gentleman, gave the swell entertainment, for the house of Vanderbilt, this year. William has at last been swallowed, so-to-speak, by the class of "real select" New York society who once scouted at the idea of receiving or being received by the "Many Millioniare of railroad fame." He is too recently from the walks of trade, or commerce, or both. In the case of the "real select" referred to, it is only fathers or grandfathers who have worked for them. The gilded pill, or "Bill" as you choose, was however too tempting not to be swallowed, and so as stated above, at William's "party" they all went, danced, ate and doubtless had a good time, but found fault with it the next morning (noon?) for the want of taste in this, that and the other direction. The generally accepted opinion as to the cost of the Vanderbilt ball is $100,000. From this you may readily infer that $50,000 would be nearer the exact sum.

DELMONICO.

Charles Delmonico, the last of the series of "original" Delmonicos, who have for years conducted the world renowned restaurants in this city which bear that name, has been notoriously of deranged mind for many months. It was the mistaken kindness of his friends and relatives, that he was not placed in charge of some institution where they attempt systematically to cure such diseases. His whereabouts have been unknown for over a week and the police of three cities in this vicinity as well as the ablest detectives have been on the alert for him night and day without avail. The belief gains ground that he has committed suicide and that his body may or may not be found in some of the canals, rivers or other bodies of water in New Jersey, where he has been traced. The daily papers have published likenesses of the man and much space is given over to discussing the mysterious disappearance of one of a noted and very popular family. Mr. Delmonico is, (or was) worth considerably in excess o f$1,000,000. Kidnapping has been suggested, but is not received as probable.

A. C. STEVENS.

Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands—January Term 1884.

THE KING VS. MAHUKALULU.

Judd, C. J., McCully and Austin, J. J.—Opinion of the Court by McCully, J.

Bill of exceptions from the third Judicial Circuit Court,

The defendent was convicted on an indictment charging forging and uttering an instrument of which the following is a copy.

$70.00. *Honolulu*, Sept. 14, *1883*.

.....*after date*....*promise to pay to the order of*....Mahukalilili.....

.....Seventy.....*Dollars*.

at....Mr. Hymun B.....

Value Received.

No. 134 *Due*.....Geo. Willyon.

The words in italics form the printed blank which is filled. The testimony shows that the name intended to be the signature was Geo. Willfong. The note was offered by the defendant to the proprietors of a Chinese store who cashed it.

The defendant's first exception is based on the provision in the chapter on forgery. Penal Code, Chap. XXX, Sec. 7 "Provided however, that it is essential to constitute forgery, that the false instrument should carry on its face the semblance of that for which it was counterfeited and it should not be obviously invalid, void and of no effect."

In the King vs. Helelilli, heard on exceptions at the last July Term, the Court considered a case precisely parallel to this, and the reasoning and authorities there employed need not be repeated here.

The line discriminating between such false instruments as do not bear the semblance of that of which they are counterfeits and those which do bear it, must be determined by the complexion of each case as it arises, and it is not likely to exclude from the class of forgeries, papers which are intended for forgeries and which have been successfully uttered.

The next exception is to the admission of evidence of the defendants having another draft for $100, about a week before his arrest and his statements concerning it. This was offered to show guilty knowledge and to rebut the presumption of innocence through ignorance. This is established doctrine in cases of forgery and counterfeiting. See Greenleaf's Evidence, Vol. 3, Secs. 111 and 111 A; where many authorities are cited, also 115 Mass. 181 Com. v. Coe.

The third exception, to the question what prisoner did with the said $100, note comes under the ruling on the foregoing exception.

And finally we do not find that the verdict was against the weight of evidence.

The exceptions are overruled.

Attorney-General Neumann; W. C. Jones for defendant.

Honolulu, Jan. 28, 1881.

Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands—January Term. 1884—In Banco.

JOHN ROBELLO VS. WONG QUING.

Judd C. J., McCully and Austin J. J.,—Opinion of the Court per Judd C. J.

This is an appeal by the defendant to the Supreme Court in Banco, on a point of law, from a judgment in the Police Court of Honolulu.

The action purports to be brought in pursuance of the Statute entitled "Of summary proceedings to recover possession of land in certain cases." Civil Code, Art. 40, and amendment in 1864.

There is in evidence a mortgage upon certain premises on Liliha street, in Honolulu, dated 29th July, 1881, executed by Naukana, (w.) and David Kanae her husband, to one Maria Lowrey, securing the payment of $500 and interest, in two years from date.

Also a lease of the same premises from the said mortgagors to Wong Quing, (defendant) dated March 20th, 1882, for ten years from date, at the annual rental of $65, by which the lessee covenants to pay the rent at Mr. W. R. Castle's office until the mortgage is paid, The inference would be that Mr. Castle represented the mortgagee. There is also the following covenant: "This lease is made subject to the aforesaid mortgage, and if the land should be sold upon foreclosure of the mortgage, then this lease can be annulled."

There is in evidence further, a deed dated 24th Sept., 1883, from F. C. Lowrey, describing himself as heir of Maria Lowrey the mortgagor first mentioned, to John Robello, (plaintiff) conveying to him upon foreclosure all the interest which he possessed by the mortgage.

The defendant urges that there is no relation of landlord and tenant existing between him and the plaintiff and that therefore the statutory proceeding to dispossess a tenant does not apply. He claims that if the plaintiff as the mortgagor's assignee adopts the lease, then he is bound by it and as the lease has not expired the defendant is entitled to judgment. And if the plaintiff claims the lease to be void as being subsequent to the mortgage, then there is no relation or tenancy between the parties and the defendant is a trespasser.

This Court held in Kaaihue vs. Crabbe, 3 Hawn. R. 776, that the statute we are now considering applies "only where the relation of landlord and tenant confessedly exists." This was affirmed in Coney vs. Manele 4 Hawn. R. 154.

In Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, Sec. 720, the author says, in discussing a similar statute in New York State: "This statute applies to cases where the conventional relation of landlord and tenant subsists and not where it is created by operation of law. Therefore a mortgagor cannot be turned out of possession of the mortgaged premises under this statute."

In Everston vs. Sutton, 5 Wend., 281, Savage C. J. says: "This statute is applicable between landlord and tenant only. No such relation existed between J. and T., the whole proceedings therefore from beginning to end, have been without jurisdiction and void.

"The statute was clearly designed to afford a speedy remedy where the conventional relation of landlord and tenant existed and not where that relation is created by operation of law. The legislature never intended that the mortgagee should have a right to proceed under this statute to obtain possession of the mortgaged premises after forfeiture."

This is undoubtedly good law. But the relation of landlord and tenant in the matter before us is not created by operation of law, as in the case of a mortgagor and mortgagee. It is created by the lease itself and the lessee is estopped to deny this. The tenant agreed in his lease that it should be forfeited if the premises were sold under foreclosure of the mortgage.

Our statute, as amended, differs from that of New York in that it confers jurisdiction upon the court when the tenant is holding over "without right after the determination of such tenancy either by efflux of time or by reason *of any forfeiture under the conditions or covenants* in any such lease."

It seems to us that, if it be true as conceded in argument that the grantee of a lessor can bring summary proceedings under the statute to dispossess a tenant who persists in remaining on the land after the determination of the tenancy, for any statutory cause, there is no reason why the grantee of a mortgagee, succeeding to all the rights of the mortgagor, who was also grantor and lessor, cannot do the same.

The method of transferring the estate from the lessor to the defendant is only a little more circuitous than a direct sale from lessor to defendant. It was a condition in the lease that it should be annulled if the premises were sold under foreclosure. The defendant lessee entered the premises by virtue of this lease and covenanted to pay the rent to the mortgagee and he cannot now say that it is void and that he is a trespasser. The assignee of the title now claims that the lease is void by reason of the happening of an event which was contemplated both by the lessor and the defendant, and we think the plaintiff, is, on these facts, entitled to judgment for the possession of the land.

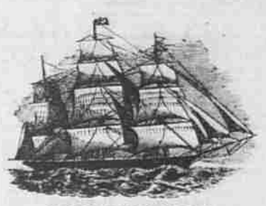
The defendant's attorney called the Court's attention to the fact that the summons does not allege a tenancy between the parties. An omission of this character was held in Coney vs. Manele (supra) to be fatal. But in that case the motion to dismiss the summons on this ground was made in the District Court. In the case before us the motion was not only not made in the lower Court so that the defendant could cure the defect by amendment, but the case was proceeded with as if the allegation of tenancy had been in the summons. The proofs all conformed to such a case. We think it is too late to dismiss the case on such grounds on appeal, and allow the plaintiff to amend his summons in this respect, and he may then have judgment.

C. Brown for plaintiff; E. Preston for defendant.

Honolulu, January, 1881.

General Merchandise.

"Pioneer" Line



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BARK MALLSGATE

..... AND .....

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DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING

Prints of latest styles, fast colors; Blue Denims, White Croden Sheeting Horrock's Long Cloths, Brown Linen Drills Waterproof Tweeds, Towels & Towelings, Glass Towels, Table Cloths, do. Napkins, Pure Linens, Shawls, Grenadines,

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Colored Satins, Grass Cloths, Artificial Flowers and Feathers, Cotton Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Woolen Table Covers, Co'd Satteens & Crapes Fancy, Mixture, Blue and Gray Flannels, Victoria Lawns, Brooks' Spool Cotton, Lace Curtains, blue and white; Cheek Linsadds, Fancy Dress Goods, Fancy Plaids, Regatta Shirts, Wool Shirts, White and Colored Cotton Shirts, Pilot Reefers, India Rubber Coats, Capes and Leggings, Men's White, Brown and Colored Half Hose, Ladies' Hose, Men's Ready Made Clothing, Men's Hats, Blue and Gray Horse Blankets, Woolen Blankets, all colors, sizes & weights;

Velvet Carpets, Velvet Rugs, Velvet and Tapestry Door Mats,

SADDLERY!

A Full Assortment of Gents', Ladies,' Girls' and Boys' Saddles, A few JOCKEY SADDLES, Bridles, Saddle Cloths, Chamois Skins.

Sugar BAGS, 20x36; Coal BAGS, 26x37;

Filter Press Bags, 22 x 36.

Something New and in Great Demand

A FEW ONLY REMAINING.

☞ These BAGS are made to Fit Otto's Presses, and are of the right Size and proper texture.

RICE BAGS AND TWINE,

GALVANIZED

CORRUGATED ROOFING

In 6, 7, 8, & 9 ft. lengths, (24 guage), Screws & Washer

GALVANIZED RIDGING,

Annealed Fence Wire, Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, and Staples, Galv Iron Buckets, all sizes; Galv Wash Basins, Galv Garden Borderings and Nettings, Tinned Iron Saucepans, all sizes; Tea Kettles, Real Japan Blacking,

PAVING BRICKS, GARDEN TILES

Garden Rollers, Lawn Seats and Chairs, Umbrella Stands, Iron Scrapers, Hat Hooks and Rails, LAWN TENNIS SETS, Clothes Baskets, Hand Baskets, Work Baskets

Crockery and Glassware,

Fancy Glass Flower Stands, Fern Baskets, etc.

PORTLAND CEMENT & FIRE BRICKS

Fire Clay, Whiting, Chalk, Yellow Ochre,

Roofing Slates

Liverpool and Rock Salt,

ZINCS, PAINTS AND BOILED OILS

Worcester Sauce and Groceries,

English, American & Hawaiian Flags

3, 5, and 7 yards lengths.

TOPSAIL SHEET CHAINS

Admiralty Test—sizes: ¼, ½, ⅝ and 7-10;

Powell Duffryn Steam Coal

STATIONERY, IRON BEDSTEADS, ENGLISH LEATHER BELTING, 3 to 12;

FLOOR OILCLOTHS

STEEL RAILS,

18ft. Lengths; 16lb. and 18lb. per Yard.

Fish Plates, Bolts and Nuts,

RAILROAD SPIKES TO MATCH

ONE SIX HORSE-POWER

PORTABLE ENGINE

ALSO, ONE THREE HORSE-POWER

VERTICAL ENGINE

&c. &c! &c. &c.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO

Hotel Street Market,

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD most respectfully notify the public that he has bought out Mr. Fyte's interest in the above Market, and that he is prepared to furnish the Best

BEEF, MUTTON,
PORK, VEAL,
& SAUSAGES,

That the Market Affords.

At Lowest Rates

GEO. GRAY.

Teas, Teas, Teas.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF JAPANESE and China Teas, Japan Uncolored no article, in small packages, for families.

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Fresh Millinery,
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FROM SAN FRANCISCO,
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Suitable for Plantations, Country Stores

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Improved Paris PLOW

THE ONLY GENUINE PARIS PLOW, MADE OF POLISHED CAST STEEL, and Guaranteed Equal, if not Better, than any Steel Breaking Plow in the Market. Also, other makes of Plows on Hand of Moline Plow Co., John Deere & Co., &c. Gang Plows, Horse Hoes, Planet Jr. Cane Knives, made of best steel to our order; Planters' Hoes, 0, 1, 2 and 3; Sarth Scythes, Axe and Pick Mattocks, Pick, Hoe, Adze, Ox, Axe and other handles; Baldwin Feed Cutters, Leather Belting, 3 to 12 inch, best quality; India Rubber Hose, ½, ¾, 1, 1¼, 1½ and 2 inch; Ox Yokes, Ox Bows, Axles, for horse and mule carts; Portable Forges, Eagle Anvils, Canal Barrows, Soapstone and Asbestos Steam Packing, Best Flat India Rubber Steam Packing, ⅛ to ¼ inch; Babbet Metal, Lace Leather and Lacings, India Rubber Steam Packing, round and square; all sizes; Asbestos Boiler Covering and Steam Pipe do., Machinery Oils; lard, castor and cylinder; Neats Foot Oil.

DISSTON'S CELEBRATED SAWS AND FILES, ALL SIZES;

Spear & Jackson's and Stubb's Files, Hammers for Carpenters, Machinists, Blacksmiths & Horseshoers. Cut and Wrought Nails, all sizes; Horse and Mule Shoe Nails, Gair Nails, Cut Spikes, Horse & Mule Shoes

Latest Improvements in Shelf Hardware

Hubbuck's B L Oil, at Very Low Rates; Hubbuck's White and Red Lead, Zinc, Small Paints in Oil, Blake Manufacturing Co's Steam Feed, Irrigating and Vacuum Pumps, Weston's Patent Centrifugals! Barbed Wire, Plain Fencing Wire, Galvanized Roofing.

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Denims, 8 and 9 oz; Tickings, A C A; B and D Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Russia Diaper, Brown and Bleached Drills, Linen Sheeting, Mosquito Lace Net, Blue and Scarlet Flannel, A Fine Assortment of White Flannels. Also,

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FREE DELIVERY

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LEGAL TENDER QUARRY

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TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

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New Goods of Various Descriptions

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Chinese and Japanese Ware!

ALSO, LATEST STYLE OF

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INCLUDING SOME

FINE SETS OF TIGER CLAWS

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All colors and qualities.

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Also, No. 1 Rice For Sale.

To the Proprietors of Sugar Mills.

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