

ABOUT THE REBELS

MacArthur's Men Defeat Six Thousand Filipinos.

TREACHEROUS PLOTS NIPPED

Insurgents Leave Many of Their Number Dead and Wounded on the Field.

MANILA, Aug. 9, 12:25 p. m.—General MacArthur's force, consisting of 4,000 men, advanced five miles beyond San Fernando today and encountered and defeated a Filipino force of 6,000 men. The enemy retreated, leaving many dead and wounded. The American loss in killed and wounded was 20.

MANILA, Aug. 9, Later.—The American loss in the fighting about San Fernando was known, at 3 o'clock, to be eight men killed and twenty-six wounded. It may possibly exceed these figures, as the line is five miles long and it is impossible at this hour to hear from every point.

MANILA, August 8.—General MacArthur has thwarted a plot to murder his garrison at San Fernando and burn the city. When MacArthur's column took possession of the place and established the garrison there a large number of natives who professed friendship flocked in. The majority of them professed to be members of the Maccabee tribe, traditional enemies of the Tagalos. They performed many acts of kindness to the American force and were rapidly gaining the confidence of the officers.

Recently they asked for permission to take the field and fight the forces of Aguinaldo and presented a plan for arming a large force of their tribesmen. The plan was viewed with favor, but MacArthur was cautious and decided to make a searching investigation before he took any action. His spies discovered that the supposed friendly plan was in reality a plot aimed at the massacre of the garrison and destruction of the city.

He at once ordered every person not a property-owner in San Fernando to leave the city and used force in the execution of the order. Men, women and children were driven outside of the American lines. The experience of MacArthur will have a tendency to make other garrison commanders throughout the islands extremely careful. The rebels have cut the cable between Calamba and Tagala.

MANILA, August 9.—10:30 A. M.—Another plot against the peace of Manila has been discovered and checked. There has been a strong suspicion that for some time past insurgents were among the natives entering Manila. The provost marshal took steps to learn if these suspicions were true, and he soon discovered that rebels had entered the city and were actively plotting to start riots. They were also engaged in smuggling arms for the use of the enemy. At midnight last night the men engaged in hunting down the conspirators located their headquarters in a cigar factory in Binoado.

A company of the Sixth Artillery, under command of Captain Ames, was at once dispatched to the place, which was surrounded. Then some of the soldiers raided the factory and captured forty-three rebels, including a number of officers belonging to the Filipino army. There were more men in the building, but they managed to make their escape by means of the roof of the factory and adjoining buildings. It is believed, however, that the authorities have succeeded in crippling a powerful gang that was doing valuable service for the enemy.

MANILA, August 9.—The attack was opened at 5 o'clock in the morning, a battery of the First artillery shelling Bacolor on the left. Simultaneously Bell's Thirty-sixth Infantry struck Bacolor from the south and drove the rebels out. Armored cars, each with a 6-pounder and two Gatling revolving cannon on board, were then mounted on the railroad track in the center of our lines. Soon afterwards the guns did sharp execution.

Battery M of the Third artillery and 100 men of the Iowa regiment made a feint towards Mexico, while the main body of troops, consisting of the Iowa regiment, the Seventeenth regiment and a battalion of the Twenty-second, under General Wheaton on the right, and the Ninth regiment, Twelfth regiment and Bell's regiment, under General Lacombe on the left, advanced steadily, pouring their fire into the rebels and receiving a heavy fire in return.

The rebels were well protected by their trenches and seemed not to lack ammunition. But they were unable to withstand for any length of time the

THE SATURNUS

MANILA, Aug. 9.—The steamer Saturnus of the Compania Maritima, coasting under the American flag, was discovered on August 2 by the United States gunboat Pampanga beached at San Fernando under the insurgent trenches there. The steamer was boarded by an armed boat's crew and the passengers were taken off. The cargo, consisting of general merchandise and \$100,000 in specie, had been sacked. Several attempts to tow the Saturnus off were unsuccessful. The Pampanga then left San Fernando in search of further assistance, whereupon the insurgents returned and set fire to the vessel.

The United States gunboat Yorktown arrived here yesterday after bombarding San Fernando. The Saturnus, she reported, was still smouldering and the steamer was a total wreck.

hail of shot our artillery and infantry poured in on them, and retreated, leaving dead and wounded on the field. A dozen prisoners were captured by our troops.

The reports indicate that the Ninth infantry suffered the most, though the casualties of all the regiments are not yet reported.

The weather was extremely hot and our troops suffered greatly, but there was no faltering. A company of the Sixth regiment went to the relief of Bell's regiment this afternoon. The firing, except at isolated points, had ceased by 10 o'clock.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—General Otis confirms the report of a battle at San Fernando in the following telegram:

MANILA, August 9.—Adjutant General, Washington: MacArthur, with four thousand men, attacked insurgent army, six thousand strong, concentrated around San Fernando, 5:15 this morning. At 10 o'clock a. m. had driven five miles in direction of Angeles. Casualties few. Attack ordered for 7th inst.; rain did not permit movement. Railway from Angeles north badly washed by unprecedented floods of last six weeks, beyond ability of insurgents to repair.

GOOD MAN WANTED

To Answer Questions at Washington.

Must be a Walking Encyclopaedia and Acceptable to the Executive Council.

At the Cabinet meeting yesterday morning most of the session was taken up with a discussion regarding the advisability of sending some man to Washington. The idea is to have this party go, not as an official or diplomatic representative of the Government, but to act in an encyclopedic capacity. He is to be a veritable budget of information, so that when Hawaiian legislation occupies the attention of the nation's lawmakers there may be some one present, accredited and of standing, to answer whatever inquiries may be propounded in regard to the islands. The names of several prominent gentlemen were mentioned, but no selection was made. It is expected that a choice will be decided upon in a few days.

The Cabinet will meet every day now until the large amount of accumulated business has been passed upon.

SUPREME COURT

Decides a Koloa Sugar Company Ejection Suit.

Justice Frear writes the opinion of the Supreme Court, which is unanimous, in the case of the Koloa Sugar Company vs. William Brown and Loukia Nakapala, on exceptions from the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit. The exceptions are sustained and a new trial is granted.

The points involved in the suit are thus stated in the syllabus: A verdict in ejection held contrary to the law and the evidence. Adverse possession does not begin to run in favor of one holding under a tenant, even under an attempted transfer in fee from the tenant, until at least notice of the adverse nature of the occupant's claim is brought clearly to the attention of the landlord.

Judgment non obstante veredicto may be awarded under our practice on the evidence as well as on the pleadings, but not where the facts are contested.

Another Opium Seizure

Another opium catch was made last night. At about 11 o'clock P. Force, quartermaster on the Gaelic, attempted to pass the gate. When Guard George W. Jones tried to search him he endeavored to break away. Two men were found upon him. Inspector Drummond was called and escorted the man to the Police Station.

THE LION ROARS

Decisive Utterances By Secretary Chamberlain.

ENGLAND WILL NEVER GO BACK

British Predominance in Transvaal Menaced By Refusal of Boers to Redress Grievances.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Replying to various questions in the House of Commons today, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal had declined to agree to a joint inquiry into the effect which the franchise reforms will have on the Outlanders. Several regiments, he added, were about to be dispatched to South Africa for the defense of Natal, in response to the request of the Natal Government, and preparation was being made for all contingencies.

Later, replying to Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Irish Nationalist member for the Scotland division of Liverpool, Mr. Chamberlain deprecated a resumption of the debate on the Transvaal situation, which, he pointed out, while serious, still remains doubtful.

The Colonial Secretary added that he sincerely hoped that the report saying the inquiry proposal had been rejected was untrue. While he regretted the necessity of answering Mr. O'Connor, it would be a fatal mistake to allow the latter's views that a war was entirely needless, and that the Government ought to express willingness to wait, maybe twenty-five years, for a redress of the grievances of which they complained, to be considered.

He added: "The representative opinions of even the small minority in the House of Commons, or anything but the most insignificant minority in the United Kingdom, on the Government's policy, have been clearly expressed. We recognize the grievances of the Outlanders, and have said that these grievances are not merely themselves a serious cause for interposition, but are a source of danger to the whole of South Africa. We say our predominance is menaced by the action of the Transvaal in refusing to redress the grievances or give consideration to requests hitherto put in the most moderate language of suzerain power. We say that this state of things cannot be tolerated. We have put our hands to the plow, and won't draw back. With that statement I propose to rest content."

The additional troops ordered to be in readiness for transportation to South Africa include a battalion of the Grenadier Guards and three batteries of artillery.

LOOKS WARLIKE

London, Aug. 9.—The gravity of the Transvaal situation is generally regarded to have been increased by the latest news and the tone of Mr. Chamberlain's statement on the eve of the prorogation of Parliament adversely affected prices on the stock exchange where, however, the prices of South African securities are now above the worst. Consuls were dull.

Charged With Murder

The charge of murder in the first degree hangs over the head of Domingo Marcello, the Italian laborer who shot and killed his fellow-workman, Biassi, last Saturday. Marcello did not know until yesterday afternoon that the row had ended fatally. Since he gave himself up he has hardly spoken and has seemed to look for the worst. When informed by Deputy Marshal Chillingworth that the charge would be murder in the first degree, Marcello took it with apparent calmness. The coroner's inquest will be held this afternoon.

Japanese Suicide

Deputy Sheriff Faneuf of Ewa was in town yesterday. He reported that a Japanese employee of the Honolulu Sugar Company had committed suicide Sunday morning by drowning. The inquest was held Monday and returned a verdict of death by suicide.

IT SAVES THE CHILDREN.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and he was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Sumpston, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by Hanson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents, for H. L. and all druggists and grocers.

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