

Hawaiian Gazette.

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SEMI-WEEKLY. PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

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A. W. PEARSON, Manager.

TUESDAY JULY 30

It did not take long for the distinguished member of the Western bar to show his cloven foot.

They call it the larcenyature in Pennsylvania but that is mild to what the Hawaiian solons might be called.

Few agricultural blights are welcome, but that which is attacking the banana seems to be the right disease in the right place.

A strong enforcement of the vagrant laws in every island of the group would be of material aid to the Hawaiian planters.

Gear to a released criminal. I'm sorry I can't give you back the years you have spent in prison.

George Osborne's letters on the goose-and-golden-egg policy of some of the planters are among the important contributions to a debate which touches the most vital interests of Hawaii.

A careful reading of the Chronicle increases our belief that the impediment which the imaginative nature of George Washington suffered from in early youth was not also bestowed upon Judge Humphreys.

The mules shied at the passing electric car Sunday morning and judging from their attempts to climb a neighboring tree are arboreal in their habits.

There are a great many quack remedies proposed for the political ills of these islands and but one sure cure—an American voting franchise.

It should be explained that "the Marshal" referred to by Judge Estee in his arraignment of the conspirators in the Chinese marriage case, is not United States Marshal Ray but Deputy United States Marshal Hendry.

The practical cessation of war in the Philippines will soon disperse the large fleet, at one time numbering fifty-three vessels, which the United States Government had assembled there.

LABOR AND CHINESE.

The scarcity of labor all over the United States for agricultural purposes must be charged to the boom in manufactures and the high rates of wages.

The phase which makes this condition doubly interesting at this time comes in the possible effect it will have upon the vote which will be cast when the Chinese exclusion law goes before Congress at the next session.

It is fair to presume that when the farmer who sees his grain growing overripe because he cannot secure help to harvest it, hears of a laborer who will give long hours and hard work to his task, coupled with a low rate of wages than is the standard, he will begin to wonder why such desirable workers are kept out of the country.

THE SIMIAN LEGISLATURE.

True to its characteristically to the last, the First Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii is at the end of its session.

Into the hands of those men was committed the launching of a new life for our Territory. But so intent has been each upon the playing to his gallery that the ways were not prepared and poor little ship, with motley crew, it was wrenched and twisted in being floated, and now rolls dismally, over-foamed with appropriations and ill-fitted with machinery of revenue.

Some one has said that education consists in receiving mental discipline. The education of our voters has begun certainly with a degree of discipline which should leave its impress, for the effects felt already can but spread as time passes.

The "people," the "common people" in the words of one of the lachrymose haole leaders of the Home Rulers, sent the majority party to the Legislature, placed such power in their hands as seldom is given to one party.

But aside from this it gives the Japs an idea that they are bosses of the situation, and in consequence they think they can get any wages they like to demand, and do as little work as they please.

The Independent admits that Hawaii, a young woman is not fitted for household servants and, as might have been expected, lays the blame on the "missionaries."

The steamer Helene arrived yesterday morning from Hawaii with a large cargo of sugar, which she discharged yesterday on the Oceanic dock.

The steamer work on the Young building is being delayed by the non-arrival of a number of intermediate stones from the Coast.

The country in itself is rich in mineral wealth, the gold and silver of the Himalayas being as plentiful to the north as on the southern slopes.

There are fertile valleys which, under modern machinery, will add to the store of food supplies, and will make a branch of the Russian trans-continental line a paying investment.

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HOW PLANTERS BRING RUIN TO THEIR OWN INDUSTRY

For I think you realize, as well as I do, the importance of this question. In the first place, an effort was made last year by the planters to agree to pay the Japanese a fixed rate of wages, but one or two of the planters on Oahu stood out against it, and the consequence is they have caused a great deal of the present trouble, and at the same time are to boot off for laborers than the rest of the planters, while being the cause of the present high rate of wages. It is therefore to be hoped that they will, on this occasion, see the need of falling in line, with the other managers and planters, or they will bring disaster not only upon others but upon themselves as well.

The growth of Honolulu and Hilo is also a menace, as they are constantly drawing men from the fields and mill. All these and many other ways are affecting the labor market and making labor scarce. We also think something should be done to make Uncle Sam realize that tropical climates must have different laws to those in temperate climes.

But aside from this it gives the Japs an idea that they are bosses of the situation, and in consequence they think they can get any wages they like to demand, and do as little work as they please. No, this state of things will not work, and the sooner the planters make a stand the better, for it is certain if it is not done these fellows will never rest until they get \$40 per month, nor will they then.

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Now that the grinding season is about over it is a good time to put these Japs where they rightfully belong, or next season will see them demanding the earth.

We hear of another thing which is having a bad effect on the labor market. It is said some of the planters refuse to subscribe to the fund to aid in bringing laborers to the country and are in the habit of taking the men from other planters who do, by offering them higher wages. We don't know if such is the case or not, but if so highway robbery would be a gentlemanly occupation in comparison.

We also hear that there is talk of starting a number of other plantations, which under the circumstances, when there are not half enough men for the present number, seems to us to be little short of madness. Again, all the new industries and enterprises drain men from the plantations.

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Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia. It makes life miserable. Its sufferers eat not because they WANT to—but simply because they MUST.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness, headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph F. Laine, Flanagan, Ky., who writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years and took medicine that did me no good. I was advised by a friend to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and it put my bowels in perfect condition, gave me strength and energy and made me feel like a new person."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Beware of substitutes. Buy Hood's and only Hood's.

hand in hand. The strikes being made in the Far East can have no more fitting culmination than the giving to the world of the last of the closed kingdoms, and coming as it does a half-century after Perry's breaking down of the barriers in Japan, will put a new mark on the achievements of those fifty years.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Bishop Willis and wife are in Kona. Good rainfalls are reported from Kaula.

The Grand Jury has been called to meet next week. E. H. Bell, of Kekala, Kauai, is in Honolulu on business.

The new buildings for the Agricultural Experiment Station are to be completed by August 1. Professor Koehle leaves for Kaula today in the interests of the Planters' Association, to study the cane conditions there.

W. H. Ashmead, a naturalist, from Washington, D. C., who will collect insects and bugs on the Garden Isle. A Japanese is attracting attention and arousing curiosity on one of the morning trains.

For four or five days past he leaves Honolulu, goes to Kahuku and returns. The man sits in the car, scarcely moving, and gazing intently at the passing landscape. It is thought he is mentally unbalanced.

The Pacific Mail steamship Colon, upon arrival at San Francisco, from this port, was to take the City of Paris' place on the Panama route, the Para going on the new run to Manila. One of the Mail company's boats now tied up at Martinez, will take the Colon's run to Honolulu with Porto Rican laborers for the plantations.

About a dozen of the old men of the excavating department who went on a picnic party to the Rosemont, but as usual in the shipment of building materials here, many of the stones forming the lower portion of a column were omitted, while the upper ones were sent down first.

Unless the necessary sections are received at an early date the raising of the steel frame will also be delayed.

Secretary Charlock, of the Board of Health, received a letter yesterday from J. L. Hartman, asking for an affidavit to prove that he had been afflicted with plague in Honolulu a year ago. Hartman is now in Manitoba, and writes that he has had several opportunities to make a stake if he had been a plague victim. He doesn't state whether his future lay in being a nurse, or in exhibiting in a museum as a freak.

Commissioner Boyd and Marston Campbell visited the Fall yesterday and examined the roadway. They have decided upon plans for the protection of those who are forced to travel over the Fall on windy days.

A low stone wall will be erected makal of the opening, and upon this a strong fence will be built and sufficiently braced to withstand the strains to which it will be subjected, and high enough to keep horses and bullocks, as well as the occupants of the same, from being precipitated over the cliff.

Kanaka farmers, who have had to take men off trains to help save their crops, will not put up a very strong fight through their representatives in Congress to save the Chinese exclusion law.

After the world-touring party of Democrats has been in the Philippines and has looked over Guam, the civil and advancement of Hawaii will be welcome. There will be friends to make, and once made they will be held in the highest respect.

The story that the United States Attorney General is waiting to consult a man who is under serious charges about the appointment of a third judge in the First Circuit of Hawaii, would be a disappointment to many.

BY AUTHORITY.

COMMISSION OF PUBLIC LANDS.

On and after August 15th, 1901, at the office of J. Kaalemakua, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii, may be applied for under conditions of the Land Act of 1893, as continued in force by "An Act to provide a Government for the Territory of Hawaii" for right of purchase leases and more particularly set forth under Part VII of said Land Act.

The following lots situate in the Districts of North and South Kona, Island of Hawaii:

Table with columns: No. of Lot, Location, Area, and Value. Lists various lots in Kona, Hawaii, with their respective areas and values.

Each applicant may not acquire more than one lot.

QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS.

Must be 18 years of age, a citizen of or have taken out certificate of declaration of becoming a citizen of the United States of America.

CONDITIONS OF RIGHT OF PURCHASE LEASE.

Term: Twenty-one years. Rental: Eight per cent on the appraised value given in lease, payable semi-annually. The lessee must from the end of the first to the end of the fifth year continuously maintain his home on the leased premises.

The lessee must have in cultivation at the end of three years five per cent and at the end of five years ten per cent of his holding, and maintain or agricultural land an average of ten trees to the acre. Pastoral land must be fenced.

Interest in right of purchase lease is not assignable without written consent of the Commissioner of Public Lands, but the lease may be surrendered to the Government. In case of forfeiture or surrender of right of purchase lease, re-appraisal is made of the land and of permanent improvements thereon, and if the land is again disposed of, the incoming tenant shall pay for such permanent improvements and the amount when so received by the Government shall be paid to the surrendering lessee.

CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH PURCHASE MAY BE MADE.

At any time after third year of leasehold term, the lessee is entitled to a Land Patent giving fee simple title, upon his payment of the appraised value set forth in lease, if he has reduced to cultivation twenty-five per cent of his leased premises, and has substantially performed all other conditions of his lease.

For plan and further particulars apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu, or at the office of J. Kaalemakua, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.

EDWARD S. BOYD, Commissioner of Public Lands, July 16th, 1901. 2298-3t

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS.

On and after this date no application will be received from any employee of this Commission, prospective or otherwise, for the purchase, lease or other disposition of the Public Lands, nor will any person who may be acting for this Commission in the disposition of Public Lands under any system recognized by the Laws of Hawaii be allowed to bid or become the purchaser of the same.

Honolulu, T. H. July 15th, 1901. EDWARD S. BOYD, Commissioner of Public Lands.

Approved: HENRY E. COOPER, Acting Governor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed executor of the estate of Robert McKibbin, late of Makawao, Island of Maui, Territory of Hawaii deceased, Notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of the said Robert McKibbin, deceased, July 31st, 1901, at the office of the undersigned, at his office on Merchant street, in said Honolulu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

M. J. O'NEILL, Executor of the Estate of Robert McKibbin, deceased.

Honolulu, Hawaii, July 24, 1901. 2299-July 24, July 24, 1901, Aug 1