

UNITED CHARITIES MEETING Attempts to Check the Increase of Beggars.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Appeals for alms from house to house beggars was the subject of discussion at the monthly meeting yesterday of the Associated Charities...

In order to stop the Porto Ricans on the plantations from drifting into Honolulu and throwing themselves upon the charity of people by telling pitiful tales of want...

George R. Carter, the treasurer, said that the circular had met with the approval of most of the managers...

It was also decided that the usual Thanksgiving dinner for the poor will be given this year, and a wish was expressed that those who had much of this world's goods would share their dinner on that day with those who would otherwise go hungry...

The meeting yesterday was attended by the Rev. Alexander Mackintosh, Mrs. Mackintosh, Dr. Mori, H. C. Brown, Mrs. J. M. Whitney, George R. Carter and Mrs. Berger...

The report of Mrs. Berger was as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes Report for month ending November 20, 1901, No. new applicants, No. recur. cases, Total, No. family cases, No. applying for work, No. sent to Queen's hospital, No. given other relief, No. sent to homes, No. office interviews, Amount funds received, and From these reports it will be seen that the number of new applications for relief has not decreased...

This is owing to the unusual number of new family cases and to our sending several people away to their homes.

But we are glad to report that the Porto Ricans, whom we so thoroughly discussed at our last meeting, are giving less trouble, and the negroes, of whom we had an epidemic in October, have evidently decided to go to work, since they no longer frequent this office...

As to the Porto Ricans, we had a poster printed in the Spanish language, which Mr. Carter sent, with an explanatory circular letter to the plantation managers...

The negroes will never be very troublesome. Some are not so many coming, and they do not come to the city to beg, but to find work.

There was a great deal of street begging in September, but I hear of very few cases now. These beggars were

sent over and over again to this office. I do wish that the people in this city could know that all cases sent to the Associated Charities are investigated when it is possible to do so, and are relieved if found worthy...

I wish to speak of another case—a Portuguese man with two little boys. That man persisted in begging, taking his little boys with him to work on the sympathy of people...

Many people spoke to me about the case, saying they had helped the man out of pity for the children. He was sent to this office once and again, and finally came. He had then a pass to Hawaii, given him by Governor Dole...

Another recurrent case, a Danish sailor, an evil, hard man, who had been troublesome two years ago, returned on the Pomona Street. He had spent his money in riotous living, and was finally given twelve days on the reef, and then started out to beg. He was sent to me at once. To make it absolutely unnecessary for him to beg, I gave him lodging at the Sailors' Home, and meal tickets, and asked Captain Gray to find work for him...

The benevolence of the people of this city makes it difficult to deal with the case. The appeal of a person in need in one inspires a Honolulu to respond in a manner to make a needy man feel that he is in a veritable paradise. In the old times, when conditions were different, caring for the poor was a simple matter...

The Associated Charities has attempted to work out this problem by investigating the case of every applicant. When possible, and to relieve every deserving case. We have recorded the names of the people who have applied for help at this office, with all necessary information concerning them...

And we have many worthy poor, living on a small weekly allowance, who are grateful, who never ask for "more, but to whom it is such a pleasure to give some little extra occasionally. They belong to us. Let us give them the surplus.

At present we have eight patients in the Queen's hospital. Since our last meeting one family and three individuals have been sent to their homes in the States, and several to permanent homes on the plantations.

This office is a bureau of information for all classes, and some days there are many callers. People who are in need of assistance come here to make their wants known. Strangers to the city come for information concerning employment, business chances, board and lodging. Employers come for help. Members of committees of different organizations in the city come for consultation.

The benevolent come with offers of assistance. The generous bring donations of clothing, reading matter, money and provisions, and sometimes a friend comes with a good wish and a hand clasp, and if the work of the day has been very depressing, I am inclined to think that is the greatest charity of all, for we never get indifferent to sorrow, poverty, vice and crime.

We try to advise efficient and liberal relief when the circumstances justify relief. But our greatest effort is to study each case with a view to removing the cause of the trouble, and preventing a recurrence.

Our investigations are as private as possible, and the cases of the deserving poor who come to us only in the deepest trouble are never made public; but relief is afforded in the most careful way. The poor have feelings, too.

Eighteen charitable organizations are affiliated with us, and respond most cordially to the demands made upon them, thus making the work much pleasanter and lighter than it would be otherwise.

If you wish to get information about a specific case, come to the office, or call on us by telephone, and let us remember that Thanksgiving and Christmas are near at hand, and that "the poor are always with us."

ANOTHER BANKRUPT.

Paul J. Voeller Forced Into Bankruptcy Court by Creditors.

Another petition in involuntary bankruptcy was filed yesterday with Clerk W. B. Maling in the United States District Court. The application is made against Paul J. Voeller by San Francisco parties.

C. E. Whitney & Co. has a claim of \$168.96, Haas Bros. \$713.45 and the California Feed Co. of Honolulu \$184.72.

It is alleged that the said Paul J. Voeller is insolvent, and that within the past few months committed an act of bankruptcy by allowing J. J. Byrne to procure judgment and execution against him in the Circuit Court in the sum of \$850.90.

Among other creditors are J. A. Magoon \$712.50 and L. H. Deo \$300. The assets consist of land valued at \$2,000.

A restraining order was issued by Judge Estee to stop the sale of the property under the Circuit Court execution which was to have been held yesterday.

Thupt. Oberlin Carter's new trial has only to do with the civil sale of the possession of the property embezzled by him.

MAN LIVES LOST AT SEA Disastrous Storm Sweeps Over Britain.

LONDON, November 13.—The gale which has been sweeping over Great Britain and Ireland for the past two days continues unabated at many coastal points. Over the Welsh lowlands the torrential rains are increasing, causing disastrous floods. Reports of wrecks and casualties continue to pour in. The death list, made of three and four, has an aggregate approaching one hundred.

The mail boat Nord, from Dover for Calais, which last night ran down the lightship of the works of the New Dover pier, has succeeded in returning to Dover. The mails and passengers are safe.

The crew of the lightship was also landed this morning after passing a terrible night at sea in a small boat.

The British steamer St. Elveo has been beached at Dover. She is high and dry across the parade.

Early today a French bark struck off Hendon. Nineteen of the crew were drowned.

Numerous other wrecks have been reported, but the weather in most cases prevents the identification of the craft. Two vessels in distress were sighted last evening off Dungeness, but the weather was so severe that the lifeboat was unable to put out to their assistance.

This morning one of them sank. The other, W. H. Stokes is contesting the will of Edward S. Stokes.

The Duke of Cornwall has been created Prince of Wales. Sir Jos. C. Dunsdale has been installed as mayor of London.

The Twenty-eighth Infantry is booked to leave for the front tomorrow. The famous lost Tappan mines of Mexico have been found.

Yaqui Indians are again committing depredations in Arizona. The Southeastern Alaska salmon output is valued at \$3,000,000.

The Erie will send an extraordinary mission to St. Petersburg. Sybil Sanderson is in San Francisco after fifteen years' absence.

The decline in English trade in the past ten months was \$50,000,000. A war between Chin and Wong families at San Francisco is imminent.

Robert H. Gray, collector of the New York custom house. H. St. John Dix was arrested in London for wrecking Washington banks.

An English syndicate has purchased San Francisco urban street car lines. Pat Crowe will return to Omaha, California, a partner, having been acquitted.

Chicago union men won their fight, allowing them to maintain a picket line. Seven million dollars will be spent for the main buildings at the St. Louis fair.

Mexican railroads are planning to import American mechanics for shop work. The Northwestern road is said to have purchased an entrance into St. Louis.

Dr. Mary G. Walker may lose her pension as army nurse for criticism of McKinley.

Important discoveries have been made in Egypt of dynasties ruling 6,000 years ago.

The Methodist churches of the country have raised \$12,000,000 to pay their church debts.

The Union of separate coaches for consumptives has been left to the Pullman Company.

Cole Younger, the famous bandit, has refused the offer of a police captaincy in Minneapolis.

Foreign fruits preserved by the use of acids will be refused admission in the United States.

E. V. Wilburn, of Cincinnati, is perfecting plans for an automobile trip around the world.

Superintendent Atkinson, at Manila, has sent in a call for more teachers. He wants only men.

A wealthy Oakland citizen, disinherited a daughter who changed her religion.

West Point entrance examinations may be dispensed with in the case of high school graduates.

The chrysanthemum show at New York was inaugurated with 700 blooms of 14,000 varieties.

furnished them with estimates concerning the surplus. According to the Secretary's figures, the surplus is now piling up at a rate which, if continued to the end of the present fiscal year, June 30, will produce no less than \$132,000,000.

If all the war taxes be taken off there will still be left, according to Secretary Gage's estimates, a surplus of \$20,000,000 at the end of this fiscal year.

Chairman Payne will draft a bill to be presented to the Ways and Means Committee at the opening of the session early in December.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Senator M. A. Hanna is to be in this city tomorrow morning, possibly late tonight. Senator Hanna comes fresh from his protracted interview with President Roosevelt and Secretary Root.

He does not believe in tariff tinkering; he does not believe in trying to regulate by law industrial conditions that regulate themselves by active competition of capital and enterprise, and, lastly, he does not believe that much can be accomplished in new currency legislation this winter.

He does believe, however, in the negotiation of commercial treaties with such foreign nations as offer to us an advantage in return; he believes in the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty and the building of the Nicaragua canal, and, above all, he wants to have a shipping bill of some kind enacted into a law this winter.

DAVID HILL predicts the end of Tammany. One death from plague is reported at London.

San Francisco burglar steals only trousers. Carnegie has given old employees a million dollars.

The capture of Panama by the Liberals is denied. The Burlington-Northwestern Railroad is settled.

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The young Sultan of Johore is outdoing everything known in Paris for lavishness and crazy revels. Ex-President Cleveland, in an address at Pittsburg, urged the hearty co-operation of labor and capital.

James J. Hill will build Young Men's Christian Association buildings along the line of the Great Northern. A writer in the London Times says the Trans-Siberian Railroad is not complete, but has many bridges not constructed, and tunnels not commenced.

The Russian grain crop of this year is short. The Great Northern is planning the use of electricity.

Lord Nevill, sent to prison for fraud, has been pardoned. There is a shortage in the Southern California orange crop.

James J. Hill's coachmen use national colors in their cockades. An attempt to electrocute a vicious elephant at Buffalo failed.

A German army officer was killed in a duel over a trivial affair. A \$20,000,000 combine of steel plate mills is said to be forming.

Detroit doctors are fighting over the case of Blanche Bates, the actress. There has been a very severe storm on the coast of Southeastern Africa.

Admiral Lord Charles Beresford will enter Parliament to criticize England's naval policy.

A change in the ministry at Copenhagen has delayed negotiations for the Danish-Iceland.

Gorman will be the only candidate for Senator before the Maryland Democratic caucus.

William Willoughby, of the District of Columbia, has been appointed treasurer of Porto Rico.

United States Minister Hart, in Colombia, was shot at by a sentinel, who was severely punished.

A San Francisco teamster was murdered, presumably because he would not leave his employer.

The appointment of Rev. Canon Gore as Bishop of Worcester has caused a big sensation in England.

A young Brooklyn woman was inoculated with consumption germs from a cow, as a test of science.

A successful test was made of a pneumatic gun at New York, which threw dynamic three miles.

Mrs. Roosevelt has had to discontinue her receptions, as a fashionable mob took possession of the White House.

Philadelphia will have a new ordnance factory which will make automatic guns up to three inches in calibre.

The husband of a female snake charmer of New York wants a divorce because she took snakes to bed with her.

Judge Noyes, the Nome Judge charged with malfeasance, was on the stand in his own behalf and denies the charge.

Pan-American delegates have prepared a plan for an international tribunal to settle their troubles by arbitration.

The Iowa will be assigned as the flagship of Admiral Crowninshield when he takes command of the European station.

A sister of Professor Herron will marry a Michigan professor under what she terms "the new and simple marriage form."

Lord Salisbury declares that the Boer war is being gradually settled, and depreciates the spirit of pessimism in the speeches of the Opposition.

Charles J. King, who defaulted with funds of the Pacific Vinegar and Pickle Company, at San Francisco, a year ago, has surrendered to the police.

The Grand Duke and the Grand Duchess of Hesse, both grandchildren of Queen Victoria, may be divorced on account of incompatibility of temper.

The Hope blue diamond, second only to the Koh-i-Noor, as the most famous diamond in the world, has been purchased by a New York firm for \$250,000.

Lukban, the insurgent leader in Samar, has sent a message to General Smith that he will not surrender before the Americans from the Gandara valley.

The Japanese government will build large steel plate works at Kure. It is hoped that Japan will thus be able to bid with good advantage on Chinese war vessels. The measure will be important as measure of national protection.

WASHINGTON, November 7.—After sitting in session for over forty days and with a record which, when completed, will cover about 2,000 pages, the Schley case of inquiry, at 3:45 o'clock this afternoon, adjourned its last public session.

To Captain S. C. Lemay, the judge advocate, had been assigned the duty of making the closing argument in the case, and soon after he had finished his speech Admiral Dewey, bringing his gavel down on the big flat table, said: "There being no further business, the court is adjourned."

As was the case yesterday when Mr. Rayner spoke, the attendance was large. There was only one session during the day. It began at 2 o'clock and the entire time was taken up with Captain Lemay's address. The speech, in the main, was an analysis of the testimony, but occasionally a conclusion was drawn, and frequently there was criticism of the course pursued by Admiral (then Commodore) Schley. Speaking of Commodore Schley's conduct, Captain Lemay said:

"From my knowledge of the man, having served under his command on two cruises, I have never believed, nor do I believe now, that he was a coward, or that he was a spineless coward—was exhibited by Commodore Schley in any part of his career as commander in chief of the flying squadron. But I submit with regret that in the passage from Key West to Cienfuegos, while at the latter port on route to the southward of Santiago without settled destination, in the retrograde movement, in the vicinity of Santiago and in the affair of May 31st, the Admiral exhibited unsteadiness in purpose and in push, and in failure to obey orders."

This statement was made toward the close of Captain Lemay's remarks. After adjournment the members of the court, Admiral Schley and his counsel, lingered for a time about the hall in which they recently have spent so much of their time, and there were many affectionate words of farewell spoken. Admiral Schley, as usual, was called upon to receive the greetings of a number of admirers, and a hundred or more people waited at the door of the hall to bid him adieu.

It Does Not Enter Into the Question You may have it and not know it. You may be young; you may be old. Symptoms the same in both. A babe with weak kidneys has backache. A man of 60 or 80 with weak kidneys has backache.

That's the way it talks with all ages. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills cure the babe and the man. That's the way they do in all ages. No wonder, though, they're made for it. They couldn't cure a simple case of colic. But they cure bad cases of kidney trouble. If your back aches, try them.

Writing under date January 10th, 1899, Jurgen Walter of this city tells us as follows: "My age is 79—well past the ordinary span of life, and I am the parent of eight children. Being so far advanced in years, I regard the relief obtained from Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

I suffered from a lame back for years, but after taking some of the pills (procured at Hollister's drug store) was greatly benefited, and I am satisfied the pills did me much good."

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BRONCHITIS

may mean a mere cold or a chronic incurable inflammation of wind-pipes.

The quickest relief, for a cold, is also the most effectual balm for the worst condition of wind-pipes and lungs.

It takes the edge off a cold in a night, and relieves it progressively—one forgets it after a little.

An old bronchitis, however, is obstinate. Nothing restores the tissues, when once destroyed; and an old bronchitis has gradually impaired and partly destroyed the lining of those small pipes between throat and lungs.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is the balm; it soothes if it cannot restore.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Saturday, December 21st, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, will be sold at Public Auction the Lease of that certain piece or parcel of land, situate at Palama-kuai, in Honolulu, Oahu, known and described as the fish pond of "Kuwilili" with the banks, lands and leases connected therewith and belonging thereto, being the same premises now occupied and under cultivation by Chin Wo & Co., rice planters.

Term: 5 Years. Upset rental: \$275.00 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance. Lease to commence from January 1, 1902, at which date possession of a above land be given.

For further particulars apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu. EDWARD S. BOYD, Commissioner of Public Lands, Public Lands Office, November 16th, 1901.

SCHLEY'S CASE NOW WITH COURT

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The Honoluluans at the Occidental Hotel in San Francisco were in high clover on the arrival there last time of the Ventura, over the receipt of a small barrel of poi. A supper to the Islanders was given, with the poi the piece de resistance.

FRANCE RECEIVES ALL SHE ASKS

PARIS, Nov. 10.—The Foreign Office has announced that the Sultan of Turkey has issued an irade for the execution of his engagements with the French Government, and that the Franco-Turkish dispute is now at an end.

Tewfik Pasha, Ottoman Minister of Foreign Affairs, wrote a letter to M. Bapst, councillor of the French Embassy in Constantinople, notifying him of the signing of the irade, which, while settling the original French demands, accepts the French demands as set forth in a dispatch to the Temps from Constantinople Friday, together with an additional clause, by which the Sultan pledges himself to consider as authorized in full right the foundations, extensions, constructions and repairs of the schools and religious and hospital establishments which France may desire to carry out if the Porte is advised of her intentions and makes no objections within five months.

France has thus far received full satisfaction and M. Delcasse, in the receipt of M. Bapst's dispatch this morning, telegraphed him to inform Tewfik Pasha that diplomatic relations had been resumed and that M. Bapst should consider himself as regularly charged with the affairs of the Embassy. Instructions were also sent to Admiral Callard at Mitylene to re-embark the marines and to return to Greek waters, which is understood to mean the village of the island of Syra. Admiral Callard will remain in the Levant some time longer. M. Constans, the French Ambassador, will return to Constantinople very shortly.

The additional clause was conceded at the request of France in order to prevent future difficulties, such as the Turkish provincial authorities have often raised either on their own initiative or in consequence of instigation by the Porte.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The repeal of all war taxes contained in the internal revenue act and no revision of the customs tariff is the avowed policy of the republican coalition in congress. Conference held during the last few days at the White House, participated in by President Roosevelt and Chairman Payne and the various members of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, have resulted in a general agreement along these lines.

Instead of reducing the surplus by cutting down the taxation at the custom house, the tariff wall is to be protected by the clever device of shifting the issue to the internal taxing schedule. Cheaper beer and cheaper tobacco for the poor man is to be the slogan of the republican leaders. Beer will be cut to \$1 and possibly to 35 cents a barrel, and tobacco will be cut at least in its old rates.

There is also talk of reducing the tax on whisky, not for the purpose of cutting down the revenue from that source, but to remove the inducement to moonshining. It is believed the reduction of the tax on whisky would lead to a slight increase in revenue from that article.

After their conference with the president Chairman Payne and 11 Representatives (Brewer and Steele of the Ways and Means Committee called on Gage, who

WILL CUT WAR TAX.

Prospect is That There Will Be No Tariff Changes.

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