STILL SHORT OF PAIAI

Schooner Fails to Land Supply at Molokai.

Affairs at the Molokai settlement occupied the attention of the Board of Health very largely at yesterday's postponed meeting. There were present Drs. Sloggett and Moore, and Messrs. Dole and Mott-Smith and Executive Officer Pratt.

Crookedness was hinted at by various members of the board when Superintendent Reynolds reported that the second consignment of palai had again failed to reach the settlement, and a thorough investigation is likely to be made for failure to keep the contract. The schooner Waialua is carrying palai for the settlement now, and it is charged that some members of her crew are interested in not allowing the landing of palai at the settlement, and permitting it to spoil. Dr. Pratt stated that the government had already lost $900 through the failure to deliver the palai, not taking into account the extra ration of flour which was made necessary by that failure. Superintendent Reynold's report on the matter, sent from Molokai, was as follows:

"I have to report that the palai schooner has not arrived yet, and was not visible when we left Halawa Point at daybreak. I find that Saturday at noon she was abreast of the Molokai light, with a fair wind; Sunday she was abreast of the settlement, and that is the last I can hear of her except that at Halawa I heard she was seen making towards Kahului yesterday. Of course, we will have two lots of stale palai dumped here after having served out a ration of flour. I think there must be something crooked in working of the schooner, for I am told that with the prevailing wind of Saturday last she ought to have reached Kahului between Saturday night and Sunday morning."

REPORT OF DR. OLIVER.

Dr. Oliver's report upon the conditions of the inmates of the Molokai settlement showed a fever to have been prevailing there which was seriously affecting some of the lepers. There were fourteen deaths during the month of November, including the supposed death by drowning of one of the inmates of the Baldwin Home, and the deaths of two infants. There were eight cases of chicken pox, and as three developed in one day, it was thought advisable to close the schools for a time. There was only one death from fever, and but one new case.

Dr. Oliver describes the fever as similar to the one epidemic in 1896 and 1897. Since the commencement of the epidemic in July last there were 132 cases, with 9 deaths. Several kokuas were also attacked, but their condition was not serious.

OTHER MATTERS.

President Sloggett briefly reported upon negotiations in the slaughter house matter, but nothing definite has been decided.

The application of Elder W. H. Waddauts, of the Church of Jesus Christ for permission to allow Elder Bellester to visit the settlement was granted. There was some discussion over the matter of a temporary visit, as it is the custom for churchmen once in Molokai to remain there, but this was waived, and a permit issued for three weeks. The Latter Day Saints are expecting to dedicate a chapel at Molokai, and for that reason the elder's presence is desired.

The board of examiners reported that Dr. Y. Nagai had successfully passed the examination, and the treasurer was asked to issue the necessary certificate.

The appointment of Dr. Russel at Olaa in place of Charles B. Blake, during his absence, was changed to take effect December 1st, as the latter had found it expedient to leave a month earlier than intended.

Dr. H. Wood, government physician at Waialua, Oahu, wrote to inquire if he had authority to stop the practice of Chinese, who put ducks in a large fish pond, and then sold the fish from the contaminated water. The matter was referred to Executive Officer Pratt for reply.

The sanitary inspector at Hilo reported that sanitary conditions were improving in that district, and the premises were in much better shape, the people obeying the laws made for the protection of health.

Secretary Charlock was instructed to advertise for bids for furnishing drugs to the Leper Settlement and Insane Asylum, and they appear in this issue.

Good milk and poor water are the most prominent features of the monthly report of E. C. Shorey, Food Commissioner, made to the Board of Health yesterday. He refers also to the examination of molasses, salt and lobster, and various other foodstuffs.

The report in part is as follows:

Honolulu, Dec. 2, 1901.

Dr. H. C. Sloggett,
President Board of Health:

Sir:—I submit herewith a report of the work done in my department during the month of November, 1901.

The usual milk inspection has been carried on; and so far as the milk supply of Honolulu can be judged by the samples taken by the inspector it has been better in quality during the past month than at any time during the period I have been in charge of this work. Not only are there few names on the "black list," but the average of samples passed as up to or above standard has been high.

Samples found to be below standard gave, on analyses, the following figures:

	Total Solids.	Butter Fat.
Tavares	11.1	2.7
S. Nobriga	11.0	3.0
Nakatani	10.6	1.8
F. Martins	10.6	2.7
J. Mattos	10.6	3.1
Private complaint	4.97	1.6
Private complaint	11.1	3.0

Sample made basis of prosecution:

	Total Solids.	Butter Fat.
F. Correa	10.75	3.0

Case in District Court:

F. Correa, selling adulterated milk, fined $25.

Cases in Circuit Court:

A. Doak, selling adulterated milk, appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Appeal withdrawn:

Tong Chong Tai, selling decomposed sausage; appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Nolle prosequi entered.

A sample of water used by a poi maker in Kalihi was examined and found to give, on analysis, the following figures:

	Parts per million.
Total solids	150.000
Chlorine	30.000
Free ammonia	0.420
Albuminoid ammonia	0.530
Nitrates	2.500
Nitrites, trace. Ritquired oxygen.	5.500

This water was taken from an open ditch in a taro patch, and carries in suspension considerable organic matter, so that an analysis was hardly necessary to determine its character, which I consider bad.

This water, in addition to being used for making poi, is used for drinking, etc., by a large number of people residing in that district, and while the fact that these people use it apparently without harm, would prevent its being condemned, the fact remains that this water is exposed to infection, both from animals and human habitations for a considerable distance above the point where the sample was taken, and a single case of an infectious disease in the upper part of the valley would be a menace to a considerable portion of the community.

Eleven samples of syrup and molasses partially reported on before were examined for the presence of bleaching agents, and such found in one sample only. "Pelican Open Kettle Louisiana Molasses," obtained from Chun Yung, Fishmarket, was found to contain an undue amount of sulphuric acid present as a sulphate. The amount of sulphuric acid present was 0.274 per cent of the weight of the molasses.

A sample of Hawaiian salt, on partial analysis, gave the following figures:

	Per cent.
Sodium chloride (salt)	95.4
Lime	0.382
Magnesia	0.360
Sulphuric acid	0.692
Moisture, dirt and matter insoluble in water	3.166

The amount of other salts than common salt in it will be noted to be very small.

A sample of canned lobster labelled "Star Brand Picnic Lunch Lobster, Portland Packing Co.," obtained from Wing Lee, Nuuanu St., was found to be in bad condition, decomposition having set in and the inner surface of the can corroded. The stock of this brand in this store, thirty cans, was condemned as unfit for food.

One sample each of powdered cantharides and extract of cantharides were examined; no adulteration found.

One sample of granulated sugar examined; no adulteration.

One sample of lard examined; no adulteration.

One sample of pills (proprietary) examined; no adulteration.

Respectfully,
(Signed) E. C. SHOREY,
Food Commissioner.

NEWS OF WORLD CONDENSED

Britons are capturing many Boers.

Rio de Janeiro is again afflicted by bubonic plague.

Mary Pringle Mitchell, wife of "Ik Marvel," is dead.

Three thousand Boers may establish a colony in Chile.

Students attacked the German consulate at Warsaw.

Sir William McCormac, the noted British surgeon, is dead.

The Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Hesse will be divorced.

The Polish and anti-German agitation is annoying the German press.

Queen Wilhelmina and her consort are said to have been reconciled.

Senator Burrows has introduced a bill for the exclusion of anarchists.

All trace of friction between Vienna and St. Petersburg has disappeared.

Two negroes were killed at Montgomery, Ala., during a recent race riot.

Senator Lodge has introduced a bill for placing a tax on Philippine goods.

Capt. Richard R. Turner, keeper of Libby Prison during the Civil war, is dead.

The Cherokee national council has passed a bill giving the tribe $10 per capita.

Captain Purry, of the Iowa, has withdrawn all United States forces from Panama.

The Judson powder plant, near Oakland, exploded on December 4th, killing a Chinese.

James J. Hill may resign the presidency of the Great Northern Railway in favor of his son.

The lumber barge C. H. Wheeler was wrecked below Yaquima. One of the crew was drowned.

A Russian painter is to reproduce the battle of San Juan Hill with Roosevelt as a central figure.

Booker T. Washington made an address at Smith College, and was enthusiastically received.

The Sound steamer Clara was driven ashore by a gale at Alki Point. The passengers were saved.

Chile's reply to Argentine advances is indefinite. Argentine has bought an armored cruiser in Europe.

Three Holland submarine boats may be sold to Sweden. Two have gone to Japan, and several to Russia.

Most Rev. James Edward Weldon, Bishop of Calcutta, has been appointed Canon of Westminster Abbey.

Father-in-law Zimmermann has paid the Duke of Manchester's debts to celebrate the birth of his grandchild.

Philip F. Watts has been appointed director of naval construction, to succeed Sir William Henry White, deceased.

The British ship Nelson is reported to have been lost with her crew of twenty-eight men off the Columbia bar.

The French Minister of Marine, who abolished Good Friday ceremonies in the navy, has been petitioned to restore them.

Congress will investigate the election of a Congressman in Louisiana, and thus bring up the validity of the amendments to constitutions in the South.

Count de Toulouse Lautrec was arrested in New York on telegraphic advices from Toronto, for passing bogus checks.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times denies the stories of discord between Queen Wilhelmina and her husband.

Two policemen and two miners were seriously wounded during a strike at Rich Hill, Mo. The militia has been called out.

The Schley court of inquiry has nearly finished its work, and a vindication on most points for Schley is said to be the result.

C. W. Morse, of New York, is in control of the National Hide and Leather Bank, making the eighth bank he has secured.

A complaint has been made to the British government of ill treatment of an English sailor at the hands of Colombian soldiers.

John D. Rockefeller has offered Bryn Mawr College a gift of $230,000 for the erection of an electric light plant and a dormitory building.

A Natal correspondent says the Boer generals would have thrown up the sponge long ago, but for the loyalty of Cape rebels to the Boer cause.

Paul R. Schilling, the American vice consul at Zittau, Germany, who was arrested by mistake, complains of his treatment by the German authorities.

The visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to London was the cause of a great popular ovation. They were received at the Guildhall by the city officials.

The Japanese press does not believe that anything will come in the way of an entente cordiale between Japan and Russia owing to the Marquis Ito's visit to St. Petersburg.

Frank Dymoke, hereditary champion of England, who will be a unique figure at the coronation, has demanded the restoration of the baronetcy once held by his family.

The Turkish garrison at Mecca mutinied from lack of pay. Money was sent from Constantinople, whereupon Turkish women pensioners demanded their pay and made a scene in the precincts of the Porte.

Senator Hoar has introduced a bill for the protection of the President.

A flood of Chinese exclusion bills have been introduced in the Senate.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Canadian high commissioner, is seriously ill.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is planning improvements that will cost fully $50,000,000.

The Salt Lake Railroad has been given a franchise for wharves on San Pedro bay.

Twenty shoe factories in Cincinnati have declared independence of labor organizations.

A heavy storm on Puget Sound did much damage to shipping and property at Seattle.

It is believed that the war revenue taxes will not be reduced for a long time to come.

Prussia has ordered discontinuance of use of American oils on the railways, except in lamps.

Citizens of Santa Cruz have offered Laveaga Heights to the United States for a military camp.

A severe storm has been raging off the Portland and Washington coast, doing much damage.

An eight-year-old girl, by signalling, saved a train from possible destruction near Greenville, Iowa.

John S. Sampson, of Los Angeles, a restaurant cook, shot and killed his wife because of jealousy.

Richard Croker is said to be preparing to retire, as he will not live in New York the year round.

A blizzard swept over the Atlantic coast, and New York and New England had a heavy fall of snow.

China is said to be looking for an ally to assist her in opposing the Russian demand for Manchuria.

A coal train was badly smashed in a wreck near South Wellington, British Columbia. No one was killed.

The son of Prince Tuan, head of the Boxer faction, has been deposed as heir apparent to the Chinese throne.

A bill has been introduced for an appropriation of $3,000,000 for a new custom house for San Francisco.

It is believed the death list in the San Francisco ferry accident will reach six, as three persons are missing.

The Colombian rebellion is almost at an end, and United tSates marines have been withdrawn from Colon.

A test is being made at Baltimore of the alleged value of poultices of violet leaves as a cure for cancer.

Starr C. Pardee, formerly an insurance agent, has been arrested in San Francisco for passing worthless checks.

Two German boys, bound from Hamburg to San Francisco, are believed to have been killed in the Wabash wreck.

The bark Highland Light, of San Francisco, foundered eighty miles off Hesquet, on the Vancouver island coast.

Official investigation shows that 500,000 workmen, or 4 per cent of the artisans of the empire, are idle in Germany.

James Hopper, the California's assistant football coach, has accepted an appointment as a teacher in the Philippines.

Prisoners charged with burglary, escaped from the Colton, Cal., jail and destroyed the structure by fire before escaping.

Charles Clark, who burned several barns and their contents at Stockton, Cal., was sentenced to twenty years at Folsom prison.

Buck Guy, the San Francisco Chinese gambler, whose life was threatened by hatchet men, has purchased security for $250.

John D. Rockefeller Jr., who recently married the daughter of Senator Aldrich, has come out as a leader of New York social life.

Property of Senator Jones, of Nevada, was attached for $800, due on an unpaid note, but the note was paid and property released.

Charles E. Fitcham, teller of the First National Bank of Ballston, N. Y., was short $100,000 in his accounts, and the bank had to be closed.

The Commisioner of Internal Revenue has rendered an important decision, holding that surplus bank moneys are to be subject to taxation.

The enrollment of Harvard University, including students of all classes, teachers and administrative officers, is 6,158, against 6,317 last year.

A resolution of inquiry into the charges of E. S. Maclay, the naval historian, against Admiral Schley, has been introduced in Congress.

Congressman Wachter of Maryland will introduce a resolution prohibiting football at West Point and Annapolis, on the ground that it is a brutal sport.

Secretary Root has decided that the reasons of W. P. Crawford for jilting Miss Douglass were not sufficient, and the young man will not get a lieutenancy in the army.

Upon publication of the government cotton crop report, which indicated a shortage of 2,000,000 bales, there was a flurry in New York which sent the price up 40 points.

Brigadier General Bell has issued an order prohibiting the soldiers in Northern Luzon from drinking native vino, which has been found conducive to crime and insanity.

Mounted Canadian police demolished a saloon at Caribou Crossing and poured the whisky, said to have been smuggled, into the Yukon river.

Two Southern Pacific pay cars were seized by customs officials at Nogales, A. T., as employes were smuggling cigars across the Mexican border.

Justice Jerome, of New York, clashed with a street railway corporation by refusing to alight from one car and changing to another after paying his fare for "a continuous ride." The justice tired of riding about all day and quit.

City officials of London entertained the Prince and Princess of Wales, and a great ovation is tendered Chamberlain.

ARE GUILTY OF ASSAULT

Savidge, Juen and Schnack Must Answer.

H. A. Juen, William Savidge and J. H. Schnack were each found guilty of assault and battery upon an old native woman, Mrs. Mamakee, by a jury in the Circuit Court yesterday afternoon. The offence was committed while Schnack was attempting to forcibly remove the prosecuting witness from the house occupied by her, but which he claimed to have bought from Juen. The case was bitterly fought, Judge Davidson appearing for the government, assisting Mr. Cathcart, while Attorney Strauss appeared for defendants. The prisoners had been previously discharged by Judge Wilcox because of lack of evidence.

A sensational incident occurred during the examination of jurors, which promised to have serious results. J. O. Merseberg, after having been accepted as a juror, requested that he be excused, stating that circumstances made it impossible for him to serve. He said that while riding home in the car Wednesday evening, Savidge, one of the defendants, spoke to him about the case, suggesting that he do the square thing. The conversation was carried on in a joking manner, and the juror replied in the same tone that he would. The Court, however, did not take the same view of the affair, and thought this too serious a matter to be lightly passed over. Officer Sea, who had been one of the party on the car, was called to the witness stand, and he also testified that the conversation was not serious, and some of the members of the party had been jokingly referring to the case. The Court was still not satisfied with the explanation, and requested the Attorney General to make an affidavit calling the attention of the Court to the matter formally, so that Savidge could be punished for contempt. He added also that if the Attorney General did not do this, he would order the clerk of the court to take such action. Judge Humphreys severely scored Savidge for speaking to the juror, stating that the punishment for such an offense was a very severe one. It is probable, however, that no further action will be taken than this reprimand.

The jury was out about twenty minutes before arriving at the verdict of "guilty." Judge Humphreys announced that sentence would be passed this morning, following the hearing of a motion for a new trial.

The jury hearing the case was composed as follows: John H. Taylor, Guy Livingstone, Edwin K. Blake, John M. Davis, Tod R. Scott, Alex. K. Aona, Isaiah Bray, John L. Hansmann, Edw. Woodward, H. C. Bickerton, Ruby A. Dexter and N. Peterson.

RECOMMENDS INCREASE IN BOND.

F. J. Russel, master, yesterday filed a report approving the accounts of R. W. Carter, guardian of Annie T. K. Parker. The master recommends an increase of the guardian's bond from $25,000 to $500,000. He says:

"As will appear from the amended inventory filed herein by said guardian on November 15th, 1901, the personal estate of said ward consists of loans and investments to the value of $54,250, together with one-half interest in 22,000 head of cattle, 2,000 horses, and all other live stock on the Parker ranch, and one-half interest in certain leasehold interests, set out in full in said amended inventory. The annual revenue of said ward's estate as shown by guardian's charge for commissions due him for his services during the year beginning November 15th, 1900, and ending November 15th, 1901, is $28,753.93.

"From the above figures and from inquiry as to the value of the personal property of the ward not valued in said inventory, it is the master's opinion that the total value of the ward's personal property and her income is in the neighborhood of $300,000. I therefore recommend that the amount of the guardian's bond be increased to the sum of $500,000. I also recommend that the guardian's second annual account be approved as rendered."

COURT NOTES.

Kaluna, whose case Judge Humphreys refused to consider Wednesday because he was attired in prison uniform, was brought into court again yesterday with a new suit of clothes, costing exactly ten dollars. The bill was paid by the high sheriff. The case is continued until the next term.

Motion for new trial was filed yesterday in the Gussman case.

A nolle prosequi was entered in the case of Joe Kauihaka, charged with assault.

The case of W. C. King vs. Wm. Peterson was heard by the court yesterday evening. This is a suit on account for goods sold to defendant's divorced wife.

RECEIPTS WERE NOT VERY LARGE

The report of the United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue this year contains for the first time a statement of the business of the District of Hawaii. The report, which was received by Collector Chamberlain yesterday, contains a statement of the local district for the year ending June 30, 1901. While the receipts of the office were the smallest of any in the United States, the report shows an immense amount of work in the Territory since the office was turned over to the United States government.

The aggregate collections for the fiscal year amounted to $102,182.67, but the receipts of the current year will far exceed that figure. This office was in charge of four different men during the year, and they contributed to this amount as follows: R. M. Frick (deputy in charge), $9,661.50; William Haywood, $42,151.21; Wm. F. C. Hasson (acting), $19,378.96 and Roy H. Chamberlain, the present collector, $30,990.96.

In addition to the amount reported above is the return made by Special Agent Thomas of $11,217.14, which was collected here immediately after annexation, and before any district had been established in Hawaii.

There was to the end of the fiscal year 592 persons in Hawaii paying the special tax, the smallest number of any State or Territory, excepting Alaska. This number was divided as follows and is surprising when taken in connection with the small number of persons paying liquor tax under the Territorial law: Rectifiers 2, retail liquor dealers 389, wholesale liquor dealers 62, dealers in leaf tobacco 11, dealers in manufactured tobacco 14, manufacturers of cigars 2, retail dealers in malt liquors 3, wholesale dealers in malt liquors 3, retail dealers in oleomargarine 1, wholesale dealers in oleomargarine 2, bankers 8, billiard tables and bowling alleys 40, brokers, stocks and bonds, etc. 21, brokers, commercial 9, brokers custom house 12, pawnbrokers 1, proprietors of exhibitions not otherwise provided for 5, proprietors of theaters, museums and concert halls 4; total 592.

The number of gallons of spirits rectified during the year was 11,527. The production of fermented liquors in the Territory during the same term amounted to 1,031 barrels. During the same time two cigar factories were operated in the Territory, using 4,002 pounds of tobacco, and manufacturing therefrom 77,700 cigars.

Hawaii also contributed $1,024 for tax on oleomargarine of which the wholesalers paid $880.

Of the registration of Chinese in Hawaii, Commissioner Yerkes says: "In accordance with the authority granted by the act of Congress, approved May 5, 1892, as amended by act of Nov. 3, 1893, and extended by the act of April 30, 1900, providing for the registration of Chinese in the Hawaiian Islands, blank certificates of residence, applications and records were prepared and forwarded to the collector at Honolulu, District of Hawaii, to enable him to comply with the provisions of said acts. The work of registration was commenced on February 1, and completed on the 13th of June, 1901. Certificates of registration were issued to 28,925 Chinese residing within the Hawaiian Islands."

The Federal grand jury yesterday made a written secret request to Judge Estee for instructions. He stated at the time that the question was a serious one and he would look it up. When the jury was recalled in the afternoon he instructed its members that the matter mentioned could not be considered by them, as no penalty was attached. It is rumored that the thing referred to dealt with the bonds of customs officials.

The steamer Tampico was fumigated yesterday by the floating fumigating outfit. She has been taking on board 250 tons of coal and 400 tons of ballast at the Railroad wharf, and will sail for Seattle this morning at 9 o'clock. When the Tampico gets to Seattle she is to be fitted out with a refrigerating plant, electric lights and other conveniences.

COMFORT FOR MANY MOTHERS.

What a mother says a mother heeds. Hundreds of mothers join in the statement that Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer has removed these foul parasites from ailing children and given them back health and happiness. It's well to try the Worm Killer if there is any doubt as to what ails the child. If it is fretful, peevish, picks at the nose, grinds the teeth, has foul breath, varying appetite, it is safe to say that the worm is at the bottom of the trouble. There is no other remedy so hopeful and so harmless for this disease as Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer. A sample of thousands of letters received from grateful mothers is as follows:

"When my little boy was four years old he began to pine. I did not know what to do for him, and he grew more sickly every day. When I heard of your Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer I thought I would try it and see if it would do the child any good. So I bought a box of that medicine, and gave the boy one tablet. I only used the one dose, and it brought away twelve large stomach worms. The health of the child was soon completely restored. I am glad to recommend this remedy to all mothers."

HOBRON DRUG COMPANY, agents for Kickapoo Medicines.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, December 12, 1901.

NAME OF STOCK.	Capital	Val	Bid	Ask
MERCANTILE.				
C. Brewer & Co	1,000,000	100	.....	420
N. S. Sachs' Dry Goods Co., Ltd.	60,000	100	.....	100
L. B. Kerr & Co., Ltd	200,000	50	.....	49
SUGAR.				
Ewa	5,000,000	20	.....	24
Haw. Agricultural Co	1,000,000	100	.....	220
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co.	2,812,750	100	.....	.....
Hawaiian Sugar Co.	2,000,000	20	.....	31
Honomu	750,000	100	.....	134½
Honokaa	2,000,000	20	.....	.....
Hakalau	600,000	100	.....	90
Kahuku	500,000	20	.....	24½
Kihei Plan. Co. Ltd.	2,500,000	50	9¾	11
Kipahulu	150,000	100	.....	100
KolOa	800,000	100	.....	165
McBryde S. Co. Ltd.	5,000,000	20	6	.....
Oahu Sugar Co.	2,000,000	100	95	172½
Olowalu	1,000,000	20	.....	.....
Onomea	500,000	20	9	.....
Paauhau Sug. Plan. Co.	2,500,000	20	13½	.....
Pacific	500,000	100	.....	140
Paia	5,000,000	50	.....	.....
Paauhau Sug. Plan. Co. Paid up	812,500	20	3	.....
Pepeekeo	750,000	100	.....	210
Pioneer	1,000,000	100	.....	175
Pioneer Mill Co. Ltd.	2,000,000	100	.....	90
Waialua Agt. Co.	125,000	100	.....	.....
Waialua	4,500,000	100	55	60
Waimanalo	750,000	100	.....	.....
Waimea	252,000	100	155	.....
STEAMSHIP COS.	120,000	100	.....	.....
Wilder S. S. Co.	500,000	100	.....	100
Inter-Island S. S. Co	600,000	100	.....	75
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Hawaiian Electric Co	250,000	100	.....	105
Hon. Rap. Tr. & L. Co	250,000	100	.....	95
Mutual Telephone Co	99,000	10	.....	.....
O. R. & L. Co.	4,000,000	100	85	95
BANKS.				
First National Bank	.....	—	.....	.....
First Am. Savings Bk & Trust Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....
BONDS.				
Haw. Govt. 5 per cent	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hilo R. R. Co. 6 per ct	.....	.....	.....	100
Hon. R. T. & L. Co 6 pc	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ewa Plantation 6 p. c	.....	.....	.....	.....
O. R. & L. Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oahu Plant, 6 p. c.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Olaa Plan 6 p. c.	.....	.....	.....	101
Waialua Ag. Co 6 p. c	.....	.....	.....	.....

SALES.

Afternoon Session.—One hundred and fifty Olaa, assessable, $3.

Between Boards.—Fifty-two First National Bank, $110; 50 H. R. T. & L. Co., $80; 10 Oahu, $100.

A Bad Skin

Boils. Pimples. Impure Blood.

Boils are simply very large pimples. The trouble is not in the skin, but down deep in the blood. You cannot have a good, smooth skin unless it is nourished by pure blood; and the only way to make your blood pure is to take a strong blood-purifying medicine.

Mr. F. Ellian, of 370 Rae Street, North Fitzroy, Victoria, sends us this letter and his photograph:

"I had a most frightful attack of boils and pimples breaking out all over my body. I had heard so much about

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

a thought I would give it a trial. It took only four bottles to drive all the impurities out of my system and make my blood rich. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since I took it."

If your tongue is coated, if your food distresses you, if you are constipated or bilious, take Ayer's Pills.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

J. HOPP & CO.——J. HOPP & CO.

The Best at the Lowest Price at HOPP'S

IN EVERY HOUSE

The addition of a

Weathered Oak or Flemish Oak Sideboard

will be a valuable acquisition to home comfort.

This week we have an assortment of very low prices and of a quality that you have long been looking for.

Invalid Tables

are something new, that we have just gotten in stock and you ought to see them.

Can be placed right over the bed and are the most convenient thing you ever saw.

You all will want to be invalids so that you may have an excuse for using one.

Don't use heavy wooden beds when you can get

White Enameled Bedsteads

so cheap.

The only thing for Honolulu climate.

We have a fine new stock of them in the latest designs and lowest prices.

Our Upholstering Dept.

is the finest in the city, and we have every facility for turning out the best work.

J. Hopp & Co.

The Leading Furniture Dealers.

King and Bethel Streets.

J. HOPP & CO.——J. HOPP & CO.

Castle & Cooke,

—LIMITED.—

LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. . .

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co OF BOSTON.

Ætna Life Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

The case of R. M. Ramat, charged with assault on the high seas, has been set for next Monday morning.