

# LIVE STOCK MEETING

## Association Will Convene This Month.

The Hawaiian Live Stock Breeders' Association, which was to have held a meeting in Hilo on November 19, will meet in Honolulu on Monday, December 21 at 9 a. m., in the rooms of the Merchants' Association, Judd building. Routine business will be disposed of and an election of officers held on the opening day. During the year Colonel Cornwell, a member of the executive committee from Maui, died, and Eben Low, the vice president, has now practically gone out of the cattle business, and will be succeeded in office. This business, together with the reading of the president's and secretary's reports, will take up the time of the morning session. Following this a number of papers will be read on subjects appertaining to the live stock business. The procedure to be followed is that after each paper has been read, it will be open for discussion. The discussion in each case will be led by the author. The leading paper will be presented by Julian Monsarrat, of the Kapapala ranch, his subject being "Island Horses, Past and Present." Another paper will be on "Modern Methods in Animal Husbandry, with Suggestions for Local Conditions," by F. J. Krauss, instructor at Kaneohe. G. L. Munro, manager of the Molokai ranch, will read a paper on "Devons for the Dry Ranches." L. von Tempesky, manager of the Halekale-Ranch, has prepared a paper on the "Vegetable Pest Called Pamakani." This is the pest that has lately appeared on Maui and did so much damage. Jared G. Smith, Director of the Hawaii Experiment Station, has also prepared a paper, his subject being "The Relation of the Experiment Station to the Grazer." John Cullen, manager of S. M. Damon's dairy at Moanalua, will present a paper on "Green Dairy Folders," and A. W. Carter a paper on "Spaying." A report is also looked forward to from R. C. L. Perkins, Government Entomologist, on the lantern bugs experiment. The meeting will be open to any one interested in the subject.

# DID NOT FIND WRECK OF CONDOR

H. M. S. Grafton is back from the west coast of Vancouver Island. She did not find the submarine wreck she went to investigate, supposed to be the Condor. The search was not made, the cruise being taken up in searching off the storm-tossed island coast for the fishermen who reported the wreck, and who were, while the cruiser searched the ocean for them, toasting their feet before the stoves in Victoria. Therefore the Grafton, which sought for the fishermen off the island coast, failed to find them, and she came back. The flagship had been made ready to drag in the event of being directed to where the fishermen located the submerged wreck. At her sounding platform she had two kedge anchors, ready to go overboard, and the divers had their gear, in fact all preparations were made to investigate the submerged wreck. But the sailors could not find the fishermen, and did not seek the wreck. Later, when the fishermen are located and the bearings are obtained another search is to be made. The fishermen say the wreck lies in twenty-five fathoms of water, some stating that she is five miles off Amphitrite point, while others say she is about seven miles from the point which marks the western entrance to Barkley sound. They believe that a wreck lies there, and that the fouling of their lines and the iron rust stains on them when they were hauled up, indicate that the sunken vessel is an iron one.—Victoria Colonist.

# HE REMEMBERS HAWAII KINDLY

L. P. Tenney, the guide to Ewa plantation, has received the following letter from Worcester, Mass.:  
Mr. L. P. Tenney, Honolulu, Hawaii.  
Dear Sir:—I was very glad to receive yesterday, from you, a copy of your Honolulu souvenir. I have not had time only to glance through it but will read it very carefully as I shall never forget the delightful time which Mrs. Wood and I enjoyed in your city. It may be that we shall never visit it again, but I hope that the opportunity may present itself which will enable us to go there again.  
I shall never forget the courtesy which you showed us in giving us so much attention as you did and hope that some time we shall be able to reciprocate for same. I shall always remember the pleasing acquaintances and the courtesy which was extended to us while there.  
With best wishes to you and to all others whom we met while there, I am,  
Yours truly,  
P. W. WOOD.

# HIS FIRST JURY TRIAL

## Brooks Goes Free After Judge Dole Denies Continuance.

Judge S. B. Dole ran out of jurors for his first jury trial in the United States District Court yesterday morning. He had to issue a special venire for more jurors, returnable in the afternoon. Marshal Hendry made return in due time and shortly twelve men were found acceptable to both sides. Hankichi Terayama, Kinsuki Kurahara and Mura Kurahara, the third a woman, were placed on their trial under indictment for importing a woman from Japan for immoral purposes. District Attorney R. W. Breckons appeared for the United States, and Frank E. Thompson for the defendants. The following jury was sworn to try the cause:  
G. E. Morgan, Alex. Nicholas, C. S. Hall, Wm. Green, Wm. Teli, T. H. Hughes, Thomas Gandall, M. J. Elssel, C. S. Desky, W. M. Templeton, B. W. Houghtalling and Wm. Green.  
**BROOKS CASE DISMISSED.**  
Judge Dole in the morning rendered his decision on the motion to continue the case of F. M. Brooks, indicted for conspiracy, owing to the absence of Saburo Adachi, a material witness, who is held at Yokohama for extradition on a charge of perjury. He denied the motion. District Attorney Breckons thereupon moved that the case against Brooks be dismissed, as the evidence of Adachi was necessary to convict the defendant. It was so ordered. Mr. Brooks is therefore a free man. He was indicted with nearly 50 Japanese for conspiring to defeat the operation of certain United States statutes in this district. In his ruling Judge Dole said: "Under ordinary circumstances the affidavit of the District Attorney, as filed in this case, would be sufficient for a continuance. The court must place confidence in its officers. But there is a question as to the status of the arrested witness after his arrival here. He cannot be tried after extradition for any other offense than that for which he is brought here, nor can he be held to compel him to testify. The indictment for conspiracy cannot be held over him to compel him to testify, for as far as that is concerned he is in the position of one whose case has been nolle prossed. I do not find that the authorities go so far as the counsel for the defense do, in saying that he cannot be subpoenaed, but no threat can be held over him to induce him to testify if he does not wish to do so. The indictment for perjury is the only one that can be used against him and the use of that as a threat to make him testify would not be tolerated or attempted. The possibility of using him as a witness is therefore so remote that I am unwilling to continue the matter on that expectation."

# THE NAVAL VISITORS.

[The Official and Commercial Record.]  
With the exception of the military expeditions to the Philippines, the naval fleet about to arrive in Honolulu will bring more visitors to our shores than have ever before been at the Islands at one time. Talk about tourist travel! We are going to have several thousand tourists all at once. They will be none the less welcome, and none the less worth entertaining because they wear our Uncle Sam's uniform. It is most certainly in order for the Promotion Committee to devise ways and means for entertaining our visitors and making their stay an agreeable one. Such entertainment should include the men as well as the officers. There are several ways of entertaining the men which will be appreciated by them without involving undue expense. For example:  
(1) A band concert in the Executive Building Grounds, participated in by the local bands and the several bands from the ships. The grounds should be illuminated by electric lights among the trees and refreshments could be given to every man wearing the naval uniform.  
It is all well enough to have band concerts at the Hawaiian and Young Hotels; but the space is so restricted that they are unsuitable for the proposed purpose.  
(2) Let prizes be offered for a series of boat races, in which all of the naval ships could be represented. Shore boats should be restricted to those of the same type as the ships' boats. In addition to the prizes a good dinner can be given to the participants, under the auspices of the Local Boat Clubs.  
(3) Free admission can be given to all wearing the naval uniform, at the foot ball game to be played a week from Saturday.  
(4) A polo game can be gotten up to be played at Kapiolani Park, admission to be free to the uniform.  
(5) Opportunity can be given to any teams aboard who think they know how to play base ball or foot ball, to prove their faith, either against each other or against local teams. Other plans of a similar character may be devised.  
If the promotion committee will take the matter up, we feel sure that the Merchants Association, the athletic clubs and the citizens will gladly assist.  
Going to extremes: Snaso—"This souvenir habit is getting to be something fierce." Rodd—"I should say so. I know of a man who visited a friend and took his friend's wife as a souvenir."—Life.

# INAUGURAL BALL BROUGHT OUT A GREAT THROUNG

## Two Thousand People Throng the Decorated Halls of the Historic Capitol.

Wednesday November 9.  
The inaugural ball and reception at the Capitol last night was attended by a representative gathering of Honoluluans who mingled with many who came from abroad. A hearty greeting was given each of the two thousand people or more who passed in review before Governor and Mrs. Carter, the former shaking hands with almost every one. The Capitol, illuminated from tower to foundation, held within its walls a merry crowd, and the building was gay with music, laughter, dancing and the presence of Honolulu's fairest of the fair sex. Gold lace and brass buttons of the army and navy and national guard formed a martial contrast to the beautiful toilettes of the women. For two hours the reception lasted in the upper rooms of the historic edifice, and the dancing, which began at 9 o'clock continued until the small hours of the morning. The old throne room was thronged with dancers and the verandas and hallways crowded with spectators. Promptly at 8 o'clock a procession of uniformed men walked up the main steps to the entrance. These were the field and staff officers of the National Guard of Hawaii, headed by Col. J. W. Jones. They made a brave show in their glittering uniforms, covered with gold braid and topped with red-plumed helmets. The line officers of the First Regiment, N. G. H., followed, not so glittering, but making a fine appearance in full-dress. The officers were ushered to the upper story and into the Foreign Office where stood Governor and Mrs. Carter. The Governor extended a cordial greeting. The military men were next greeted by a number of ladies, wives, mostly of the members of the Governor's official family, who received in the Governor's private office. As soon as this formality was over other guests began to come in and from that time until after 10 o'clock a steady stream of people passed two by two before the Governor and Mrs. Carter. At the main entrance the guests were met by Col. Jones, Captain Short, Captain Campbell, Captain Atherton and other officers. At the foot of the grand staircase, Lieut. Witthead stood on guard, directing the guests up the left hand portion of the stairway. At the upper landing Lieut. Sherwood directed them into the Secretary's office where Lieut. Cummins and Major Pratt were stationed. The line of march in this room was accentuated by a row of palms arranged in the form of a semicircle between the doors. In the old Foreign Office the decorations were simple yet exceedingly attractive. Two rows of palms extended across the room to the Governor's private office in the form of an ellipse. Two throne room chairs were placed half way across before two giant palms. The chairs were decorated with malle leis and between the two reposed a basket of beautiful American beauty roses. Governor and Mrs. Carter received in this attractive room, the guests being introduced by Adjutant-General Soper. In the Governor's office a semicircle of palms formed a background for a row of throne room chairs, each decorated with a malle lei. Banks of roses were heaped upon the mantels, giving the room a pretty effect, which was further enhanced by the exquisite toilettes of the ladies who assisted in receiving. Mr. Walter F. Dillingham and Mr. Noah Aluil made the introductions to the receiving party which consisted of Mrs. Alata Atkinson, representing the Department of Education; Mrs. Walter F. Frear, the Supreme Court; Mrs. Lorrin Andrews, Attorney General's Department; Mrs. Charles B. Cooper, Health Department; Mrs. T. C. Holloway, Department of Public Works; Mrs. George Smithies, Insurance Commissioner's Department; Mrs. E. S. Boyd, Mrs. J. W. Pratt, Land Commissioner's Department; Mrs. Arthur M. Brown, High Sheriff's Department; Mrs. R. D. Walbridge. Every walk of life in Honolulu was apparently represented, and it was as near as possible a citizen's reception. The presence of the transport in the harbor introduced a medley of gold lace and khaki into the gathering. Former Governor Dole and Mrs. Dole were early to arrive, and about the time they passed through the rooms so familiar with Judge Dole's presence for a decade, the representatives of foreign countries were present also. The consuls or their representatives of China, Japan, Great Britain, France, Portugal, Germany, Norway and Sweden, Italy and Mexico, paid their respects. Admiral Terry, Captain Rodman, Captain White and Paymaster Brown represented the Navy; Captain Williamson, Captain Douglas, Lieut. Newton, the Army, as designated at Camp McKinley, while Col. McCaskey and the officers of the Twentieth U. S. Infantry on the Logan, supplemented the representation for the Army. The Federal departments were represented by Judge Dole, Collector of the Port Stackable, Collector of Internal Revenue Chamberlain, United States District Attorney Breckons and Postmaster Oat. There was a noticeable lack of formality in the building after the guests passed in review. They gathered in merry groups in the upper hallway, spreading out to the cool verandas or finally returning to the main floor and into the throne room, which was brilliantly illuminated. The throne dais was filled with palms and other tropical plants while the floor glistened under its coating of wax, ready for the dancers. On the Walkiki veranda the Government band under the leadership of Captain Berger, was stationed. The band selections were mostly of the waltz and the two-step and it was not long after 9 o'clock before the floor was filled with young people whirling away in the maze of the dances. The band was augmented by a Hawaiian quintette club which occupied the throne dais, and was concealed from view by the palms. The quintet alternated with the band in playing dancin' music until 10 o'clock when the band retired. The cool verandas were much sought between dances where the guests were served with lemonade. Punch was also served in the basement and at 11 o'clock refreshments of coffee and sandwiches were also provided. There were many beautiful gowns worn, society folk being present in force. Mrs. George R. Carter wore an exquisite gown of black silk with steel passementerie trimmings, the yoke being a bertha of white lace. She wore diamond ornaments and carried a beautiful bouquet of violets. Mrs. Atkinson wore a gown of black silk with real lace bertha, and diamond ornaments. Mrs. Walter F. Frear was attired in a gown of white silk. A white egrette was worn in the coiffure. Mrs. Lorrin Andrews wore a black silk gown with lace trimmings, diamond ornaments. Mrs. Charles B. Cooper wore an elegant gown of black lace and chiffon, and wore American Beauty roses in the corsage. Mrs. T. C. Holloway was attired in a black brocaded silk with white lace bertha and lace trimmings. Mrs. George Smithies wore a black lace gown with red roses in the coiffure and corsage. Mrs. E. S. Boyd wore a black silk gown with velvet trimmings. Mrs. J. W. Pratt was attired in a white silk gown trimmed with white lace. Mrs. J. H. Fisher looked well in a brocaded white satin toilette with lace and pearl trimmings. Mrs. Arthur M. Brown looked quite handsome in a gown of black sequene and point d'esprit with embroidered lace and passementerie trimmings. Mrs. R. D. Walbridge was attired in a black and white surah satin gown trimmed with white chiffon. The following committees were in charge of the reception and ball: Committee on Arrangements—Col. J. W. Jones, Hon. C. L. Crabbe, Major Geo. C. Potter, Mr. Geo. H. Smithies, Mr. Andrew Brown, Mr. J. A. Gilman, Mr. Henry C. Hapai, Mr. W. F. Dillingham, Major J. W. Pratt, Capt. Marston Campbell, Mr. N. Ajull. Decorations—Capt. Marston Campbell. Supper—Mr. Andrew Brown. Reception—All committees. Floor—Major Geo. C. Potter, floor manager; Messrs. Geo. E. Smithies, W. F. Dillingham, Henry C. Hapai. Men to Formulate the Town's Ideas. Lorrin Andrews, J. A. Mathewman, George B. McClellan, John A. Hughes and W. C. Achi form the committee appointed by George W. Smith, chairman of the County Act town meeting, to prepare resolutions for submission to the adjourned meeting tomorrow evening. There was only one sentiment heard about town on the subject yesterday, and that was that the town meeting is the best thing yet seen here for "developing the Territory along American lines."

# A BRUTAL LUNA'S DEED

## Alleged to Have Mal-treated Porto Rican.

A pitiable object walked into the Police Station last night. It was a Porto Rican covered with blood and bleeding even then from the ears and nose. The man's name is Alvado Ramon, who, up to last evening, had worked at Aiea plantation. Ramon worked under a Porto Rican luna. He labored all day yesterday and the luna wanted him to work last night. Ramon demurred whereupon the luna is alleged to have knocked him down, jumped on him and kicked him brutally in the face, stomach and back. After beating the man almost into insensibility the luna left his victim. The latter aroused himself and at 9 o'clock took the luna to the station and walked all the way into town. One eye had been kicked and blood still oozed from Ramon's ears when he presented himself at the station. He is black and blue all over his body and it is feared he has suffered internal injuries. He was sent to the hospital for treatment.

# THE FIRST BATTLE IN ELECTION CASE

At the hearing of the question of Jurisdiction in the Oahu county election contest, which the Supreme Court is expected to decide this morning, there was a large attendance of directly and indirectly interested persons all day, the latter element evidently being composed in the main of native Home Rulers. Deputies E. C. Peters and Wm. T. Rawlins of the Attorney General's department appeared in behalf of most of the Republican candidates whose election C. B. Malle and others seek to overthrow. H. C. Birbe, Jr., chairman of inspectors of the seventh precinct of the fifth district, was specially represented by Henry Hogan, E. M. Watson is counsel for Frank Harvey, Democratic-Home Rule candidate for supervisor, and W. A. Whiting for C. P. Iauka, elected Home Rule candidate for assessor. In the event of the court's taking jurisdiction, T. McCants Stewart conducted the argument for the contestants, C. W. Ashford, attorney and defeated candidate for supervisor, sat near him all day. Mr. Hogan led off with an argument on Birbe's demurrer. Mr. Peters occupied the greater portion of the morning session arguing a plea to the jurisdiction. He contended that there was no law for such a contest as that intimated. The only provision in the County Act for a contest was in section 454, which, however, only gave power to a candidate to contest an election and none to electors such as was assumed by petitioners in this case. Section 455, moreover, said: "In all contests relative to county officers, the petition required by law to be filed in the Supreme Court shall be filed in the Circuit Court in such county, and such Circuit Court shall have such jurisdiction relative to such contests as is given to the Supreme Court by law." Mr. Stewart, replying, argued that while the County Act in general did not come into effect until January 1, 1904, and therefore admittedly its provisions regarding elections in general were not now in force, yet the framers of the Act and the Legislature provided for such a contingency by inserting chapter 83 especially for the first county election just held. This chapter contained the following sections, upon which counsel relied: "Sec. 465. All of the provisions of law relating to general elections are hereby declared to be applicable to such election."  
"Sec. 466. All of the provisions of law are hereby declared to be applicable to such election, except that all records or information thereby required to be forwarded to any sheriff, shall instead be forwarded to the Secretary of the Territory."

# MARKING OFF PEARL HARBOR

Captain Rodman and Superintendent of Public Works Holloway have visited Pearl Harbor and the former has indicated new places for the location of buoys and other aids to navigation. The channel is a tortuous affair and needs skillful piloting to pass the danger places safely. There are about \$350 available to the Territory for placing these buoys and erecting land marks as range sights.  
WHEN SUFFERING from a cold and you fear an attack of pneumonia, secure a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and use it judiciously. There is no danger from this disease when this remedy is used. It always cures and cures quickly. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

# TIME TAKEN ON A POINT

## Mrs. Parmenter's Dying Words Offered.

Most of the day in the Jones murder trial before Judge Gear yesterday was consumed in a legal battle over the admissibility of the dying statement of Mrs. Sarah Parmenter as evidence. The point raised in objection by Messrs. Robertson and Dunne for the defense was that when Mrs. Parmenter made the statement she was not in imminent expectation of dying. Doctors Miner and Walters, the attending physicians on Mrs. Parmenter before death, also Miss Uphard, a professional nurse, were examined at great length to decide the question as a point of law, the jury being excused while this evidence was being taken. The defense conducted the examination in chief, and Deputy Attorney General Peters, with Attorney General Andrews advising, the cross-examination. Shortly before 4 o'clock, the court adjourned till 7:30 for argument on the question.

# GARNISHEE JUDGMENTS.

Judge De Bolt signed judgment in W. C. Parke vs. John W. Cathcart, defendant, and The Bank of Hawaii, Ltd., garnishee, of \$522.10 for plaintiff, with an order attached to charge the garnishee, on account of default in appearance, with the amount of the judgment as its own proper debt. In the suit of Allen & Robinson, Ltd., vs. J. H. Fisher and Hoffman & Riley, Judge Robinson signed an order to defendant Fisher to pay plaintiff \$928.06 as garnishee.

# APPEALS DECIDED.

Judge Robinson gave judgment for plaintiff in the suit of Allen & Robinson, Ltd., against Tam Sau, Fu Lee and Ah Tom, carrying interest, costs and attorney's fees with the principal amount of claim. It was a suit for \$143.81, balance on promissory note, and District Magistrate Dickey gave judgment for defendants, from which plaintiff appealed. Judge Robinson dismissed the appeal of plaintiffs in the suit of replevin for a show case and a safe, taken for delinquent taxes, brought by Uyemura and Yoshinaga against J. W. Pratt. District Magistrate Dickey gave judgment for defendant, from which plaintiffs appealed.

# DIVORCE GRANTED.

Judge Robinson granted a divorce to Makalehua Roberts Judd against Charles Hastings Judd, for neglect to provide suitable maintenance and for desertion. The custody of three children was awarded to the mother. The libellee was ordered to pay the libellant \$20 a month alimony till further orders and counsel's fee of \$50 within six months.

# DAMAGE SUIT CONTINUED.

J. C. Axtell's damage suit against H. E. Hendrick for malicious prosecution, in which a new trial was ordered by Judge Robinson on account of excessive damages (\$500) found by the jury, was yesterday continued for the term by consent before Judge De Bolt.

# NEW TRIAL CLOSES.

Henry Smith's suit against Hamakua Mill Co., on new trial, went to the jury before Judge De Bolt at 4:30 yesterday afternoon. There is a family tree in the case and in the trial there was agreement as to most of the facts. Plaintiff contended for a one-fourth interest in certain lands of which defendant claims the title by purchase. The jury returned at a little after 9 p. m. with a verdict for the plaintiff according to his claim. COURT NOTES. Hyman Bros. have filed an exception to the ruling of Judge De Bolt discharging the garnishee, W. A. Whiting, in their suit against Sing Warr. Constant Sterling vs. F. M. Sfanzy and F. H. Redward, a lien claim, was continued for the term by Judge De Bolt. Koloa Wine Co. vs. H. A. Jaeger and McBryde Sugar Co., Ltd., garnishee, has been discontinued. His Father's Death. F. H. Burnette received by yesterday's mail information of the death of his father, J. G. Burnette, which happened at Fresno City, California, on November 23. Mr. Burnette had but recently returned from a visit to the sick bed of his aged father, and the sad news was expected at any time. The late J. G. Burnette was a pioneer stockman of California and a resident of that State ever since 1853, when he arrived there from his birthplace in Kentucky. It Didn't Work.—Biway: "Use an alarm clock nowadays?" Jigsaw: "No; never tried one but once." Biway: "How was that?" Jigsaw: "Well, you see, the first time it went off I didn't exactly know what it was, and so I said: 'Oh, for Heaven's sake, Maria, shut up!' Maria happened to be awake, and—well, that is how it was."—Tit-Bits (London).