

SMITH MAKES FRIENDS FOR HAWAII

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)
 WASHINGTON, D. C., January 29.—Secretary A. L. C. Atkinson left here yesterday for Honolulu, in response to cablegrams asking him to return at once because of Governor Carter's serious illness. Hon. W. O. Smith, after devoting the past week to preparations for the hearings on the refunding bill, goes to Boston for a few days, prior to the coming next Saturday of the delegation, now in San Francisco. As already announced by cable, President Roosevelt has decided to reappoint Circuit Judge Robinson. The Philippine tariff bill is still before the Senate committee, with every prospect that it will be reported, if at all, by a very narrow vote and that it will encounter serious obstacles in the Senate. These are the brief outlines of the last week's Hawaiian news in Washington.

Mr. Atkinson, who will travel on the same steamer that carries this letter, stated before leaving that he regretted very much having to abandon the work he came on here to do, especially the trip to Portugal, for which he had been given strong letters by President Roosevelt and Secretary Root. Mr. W. O. Smith said today that he regarded it as very unfortunate that Mr. Atkinson should have to abandon that task at this stage. He had everything ready for the trip to Europe, after the many delays which always attend preparations for an undertaking of that character. Everybody here, however, recognizes the need of Mr. Atkinson returning to Honolulu but at the same time hopes for the speedy recovery of Governor Carter. The news of his serious illness was received with many expressions of sympathy. Governor Carter has many friends in Washington who follow his career closely.

W. O. SMITH TALKS.

Mr. Smith talked entertainingly today of the situation here with reference to Hawaiian affairs. He has seen many friends of the territory since arriving in Washington. The interest shown by Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, in the refunding bill, has been especially gratifying to Mr. Smith, as Col. Hepburn is an influential man in the House. He will help all he can in securing the legislation. Col. Hepburn has suggested the advisability of trying to pass the refunding bill as a rider on some appropriation bill, provided it should fall of passage independently. He thinks it could be drawn so as to be made germane and therefore not encounter an objection on a point of order such as would be sustained by the chair.

"I am expecting the other members of the delegation here late this week," said Mr. Smith at the Shoreham. "They will stop at the New Willard and I shall move down there to be with them. We expect to be ready for the hearing and hope to make a favorable impression upon the Committee on Territories. It is necessary to begin with the bill in the House, as it is a revenue measure and by the terms of the constitution such legislation must originate in the House. I do not know yet whether it will be possible for us also to have a hearing before the Senate Committee which would have charge of that legislation."

Mr. Smith has been doing a lot of other work here, as it came to hand. He has been co-operating with Judge Hatch in several matters. Because of his interest in Hawaii generally, he has also been helping the territory along at every possible opportunity.

PHILIPPINE OPPOSITION.

Those wishing the Territory well are much encouraged over the opposition the Philippine bill is encountering. It is too early yet to predict that the bill will not pass, but of late it has come to look very much that way. Conferences are under way between the President and leading senators to the end that there shall be something of an agreement as to what bills shall pass and what bills shall not pass. While the President is championing the Philippine tariff bill earnestly, it is certain that he must yield something to the Senate, where the opposition is strong to various measures that the President wants enacted into law.

JUDGE ROBINSON'S CASE.

Several long and very earnest conferences were held here on the reappointment of Judge Robinson. Attorney General Moody talked things over in detail with prominent Hawaiians here. President Roosevelt also informed himself fully of the situation. His decision to ignore the endorsement of Governor Carter is not to be interpreted to be a rebuke to the Governor nor a signal that the Governor's word hereafter is to be disregarded. The President stands by Governor Carter as fully as he has ever since the Oyster Bay conference last summer. At the same time he and Attorney General Moody felt that an examination of Judge Robinson's affidavits, refuting the charge virtually made by Governor Carter, warranted his reappointment. They also felt that any other course might encourage an opinion that one man, Governor Carter, was the author and creator of the Hawaiian judiciary. They realized that Governor Carter cherished no such intention. However, all things considered, the reappointment of Judge Robinson was deemed wisest.

Attorney General Moody's report to the President, after an examination of all the papers, was favorable to Judge Robinson and the President speedily acquiesced in that view. Both the President and his Attorney General were fortunate in having present in Washington prominent Hawaiian business men, who could advise them authoritatively of the sentiment in Honolulu regarding the controversy.

Mr. W. O. Smith, who has been enjoining in New York, came over to Washington last week and stayed here for a few days, before departing for Europe.

Judge F. M. Vane was a guest at the annual winter dinner of the Grifflin Club, held here at the New Willard Saturday evening. The President, Secretaries Root, Taft, Wilson and Postmaster General Cortelyou, and many other prominent officials, were present. The entertainment of the evening had to do with the digging of the Panama Canal.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

TOPLESS PINEAPPLE BYRON CLARK'S AIM

"I have determined to my own satisfaction that the growth on the top of the pine is developed altogether at the expense of the fruit," is what Byron O. Clark, manager of the Tropic Fruit Company had to say regarding the topless pineapple which he is growing on his plantation in the Wahiawa colony.

Mr. Clark further called the bunch of foliage a "parasite." He has been experimenting with a view of doing away with this, to save the packing room taken up if for nothing else, and has shown that not only does the fruit flourish and mature without the appendage, but grows larger and better.

By cutting off this growth at a certain stage in the plant growth the fruit gains in size exactly what it loses in weight from the absence of the leaves, while the top is fuller and the pithy center much smaller.

The pineapple industry is growing rapidly in the colony, contracts having been made for delivering 4000 tons at J. D. Doie's cannery at a price of \$5 a ton. These do not include the product of the Tropic Fruit Company, which is boxed and exported as fresh fruit.

MORE ABOUT BIG HONOLULU GARRISON

The Examiner's Washington correspondence says:

NEW YORK, February 1.—Coupled with the departure of the two transports, loaded with troops and munitions of war from New York today, and the news of increased activity in the transport service at San Francisco and Seattle, it became known that the United States is concentrating troops at Manila, so that in the event of friction with China this government would have at hand a force sufficient to throw into the empire at short notice.

In addition the Federal Government is making arrangements for detention camps at Hawaii, where 15,000 or 20,000 men could be garrisoned, and where they would be easy of access in event of trouble in the Orient.

VOLCANO HOUSE

Several visitors to the volcano have recorded a reud robin impression of their visit, addressed to the Hawaii Promotion Committee, as follows:

Volcano House, Feb. 8, 1906.

Our visit to the Kilauea Volcano has proven a very interesting experience, one well worth the time and expense. The hospitality and good cheer of the Volcano House, the delightful drive through the tropical forests, the wonders of nature we have seen, the scenery we have enjoyed and the sensations of awe we experienced as we approached the "Lake of Fire" and gazed on its leaping flames can not be found at any other place in the world. A visit to the Hawaiian Islands is not complete unless you take the "Volcano Trip."

Mrs. A. F. Bloomer, Mr. A. F. Bloomer, York, Neb.; Charles Levy, Marie W. Kniest, San Francisco; Jennie B. Atkinson, Portland, Ore.; L. B. Nevin, Wahiawa, T. H.; Margaret D. Nevin, Los Angeles, Cal.; Oscar Fapp, Duesseldorf; Elizabeth Leland, Worcester, Mass.

Can't Be Separated.

Some Honolulu People Have Learned How to Get Rid of Both.

Backache and kidney ache are twin brothers.

You can't separate them.

And you can't get rid of the backache until you cure the kidney ache.

If the kidneys are weak and strong, the rest of the system is pretty sure to be in vigorous health.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills make strong, healthy kidneys.

S. Hanoian, of this city, is a Custom House guard. He writes: "Having been afflicted with an aching back for some time, I procured a supply of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister Drug Co.'s store, and used them. The results were most satisfactory and I know that the pills are a valuable medicine for a lame back."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

YIELDS PLACE TO ATKINSON



ACTING GOVERNOR A. L. C. ATKINSON.

(From Sunday's Advertiser)
 February 10, 1906.

Hon. E. A. Hitchcock, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C.

Sir: The duty falls upon me to inform you that, acting under the advice of his physician, the Governor will temporarily refrain from attending the duties of his office. During his disability it will be my duty to assume and perform the functions of the Governor, under the provisions of Section 79 of "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii." No serious consequences are anticipated from the present illness of Mr. Carter, as you will observe from the letter of his physician, a copy of which I enclose. I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant.

(Signed) A. L. C. ATKINSON,
 Acting Governor of Hawaii.

JACK ON THE LID.

In that letter notifying the Secretary of the Interior that he has taken over the duties of the Governor's office in addition to his own, Secretary Atkinson yesterday climbed up on the lid, officially. The document which made the transfer effective was signed late in the afternoon. Before it went the passage of the necessary official notifications attendant upon the change in authority, and as has been known all along, Governor Carter made no difficulty whatever about the relinquishment of responsibility when the time came for him, under the doctor's orders, to act. The official correspondence begins with the following letter from Dr. Judd, the Governor's attending physician, to Secretary Atkinson:

THE DOCTOR'S CERTIFICATE.

Honolulu, Hawaii, Feb. 10, 1906.
 Honorable A. L. C. Atkinson, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu.

Dear Sir: On January 14, 1906, Governor Carter was taken sick with influenza. His condition was quite serious for two weeks. He is now convalescent, but much weakened by his illness. I consider it necessary that the Governor should take a trip away from the islands and remain away from his duties until his health is fully restored. Very truly yours,

(Signed) JAMES R. JUDD, M. D.

CARTER SIGNS.

Following the delivery of this, Governor Carter signed the letter that follows, and which had already been prepared for his signature. This letter, indeed, had been prepared some days ago, and an effort was made to get the Governor to affix his signature to it on Thursday, but he would not sign at that time for two very good reasons. The Secretary had not then reached Honolulu, and Governor Carter wisely decided that it would not do to take a chance at an interregnum even for a day. Also, the bond transaction had not been closed up by the signing of the final papers, and as the Governor had begun this deal he realized that it would be much better on all accounts for him to finish it. The record would then be clear, and the money would be forthcoming at the times needed. The Governor's letter follows:

February 10, 1906.
 Hon. A. L. C. Atkinson, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu, Oahu.

Sir: Finding that the condition of my health does not for the present permit satisfactory performance of my official duties, and being advised by my physician that a period of rest with a complete relief from work is imperative for the restoration of my proper physical condition, I request you to assume the powers and duties of my official position until such time as I may be able to resume them.

I enclose for your information a copy of a letter from Dr. J. R. Judd which bears upon the subject. Very respectfully,

(Signed) G. R. CARTER,
 Governor of Hawaii.

perill anybody else to. On Monday the Assistant Treasurer will receive notification that the matter has been settled, and then there will be money available to settle outstanding claims. Nothing further has been heard of Treasurer Campbell since the announcement was made that he would probably reach Honolulu on the 13th of this month.

SUGAR

Willitt & Gray's Journal for January 25 contains the following information:

Visible Supply.—Total stock of Europe and America, 3,984,214 tons, against 2,789,857 tons last year at the same uneven dates. The increase of stock is 1,194,357 tons, against an increase of 1,222,171 tons last week. Total stocks and afloats together show a visible supply of 4,054,214 tons, against 2,829,857 tons last year, or an increase of 1,224,357 tons.

News.—The decline which began last week continued during the week under review.

Pressure to sell by holders of nearby and distant supplies, resulted in sales of Porto Rico centrifugals for prompt shipment at 2 9-16c, thus establishing a reduction of 1-16c, in spot quotations, and sales of non-privileged sugars for February shipment at 3 17-32c, and 3 1-2c. For 96-deg. test caused a decline of 1-8c, in distant sugars. Cuban molasses sugars in port were placed at 2 2-4c, for 89-deg. test, and Cuban centrifugals, for early February shipment, brought 2 5-32c, c. and f., equal to 3-32c, landed 96-deg. test.

There are buyers of all February sugars at 2 1-8c, c. and f., for Cuban centrifugals, equal to 2 5-8c, landed.

The future course of the market will depend to a considerable extent upon the offerings from non-privileged cane-producing countries. Based on the actual consumption of 2,632,216 tons in the United States last year, plus the average increase for a series of years, nearly 5 per cent., we may expect the consumption in 1906 to amount to, say, 2,745,295 tons, against which the estimated crops of Louisiana, Texas, domestic beet, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippine and Cuba, less local consumption in the islands, should give supplies of privileged sugars amounting to 2,322,000 tons, leaving only 423,295 tons to come from non-privileged countries, plus any fall short in crops and plus any part of the Philippine crop of 125,000 tons which may go to China, Japan or other outside markets. Last year 458,353 tons were required from non-privileged countries. European beet sugars are not likely to come here in quantity, the competition to supply this small deficiency will be between such cane-producing countries as West Indies, Brazil, Peru and Java. It is probable that Java, with its cheap labor, can compete with Cuba more successfully than other countries.

The crop of Martinique, as a rule, is marketed in France, where it pays the import duty assessed on foreign sugar, but is allowed by the Government a rebate equal to the freight. Part of this crop owned in France and not needed there because of the surplus beet production, is now seeking a market here.

In some parts of Cuba more rain is reported this week, although the weather is favorable for grinding elsewhere. The number of centrals working increased to 120, but are 44 less than at this time last year. Receipts at the Cuban seaports for the week amounted to 23,000 tons, double those of a week ago, but 20,000 tons less than same week last year. If the weather does not soon become settled and suitable for grinding throughout the island the working season may be shortened to such an extent as to make it impossible to produce a crop as large as expected.

Receipts at the United States four ports for the week were again small, being only 16,461 tons, while requirements for millings were 30,000 tons, thus reducing stocks to 13,537 tons.

European markets fluctuated during the week, closing at 8c. 2d. for prompt and 8c. 7-8d. for August beet.

Refined.—Throughout the week the market for refined here has been dull, with a perceptible falling off in demand. The American and Howell advanced their list prices for all soft grades 10 points and confectioners' A 5 points, leaving granulated and other grades unchanged. These refiners, however, are shading their list 10 points to basis of granulated at 4.50c, less 1 per cent. cash.

Arbuckle Bros. reduced their list for their prompt shipment selling prices, basis of granulated at 4.50c, less 1 per cent., and are not offering to give 30 days' privileges.

EXECUTIVE NOTICE.

The Governor, acting under the advice of his physician, will temporarily refrain from performing the duties of his office. During the disability of the Governor, the Secretary of Hawaii will act as Governor from this date.

A. L. C. ATKINSON,
 Secretary of Hawaii,
 Executive Building, Honolulu, February 10, 1906.

TRANSACTION COMPLETED.

The transfer of authority took place at the Carter residence, on Judd street. Immediately after the Governor had handed his letter to the Secretary, Mr. Atkinson had his letter to Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock prepared, although it was not signed and the transfer completed until late in the afternoon.

Governor Carter, who is rallying very slowly from this illness, is relieved of the cares of state, and will have abundant leisure to plan the trip that is expected to be the means of restoring him completely to health. It is thought that the New Zealand voyage will be chosen, as that would be new and interesting country and there would be freedom there from any touch with affairs at home. However, it will be a matter of some weeks yet before the Governor can go anywhere. It was said yesterday that his own wish was to visit Southern California, and especially San Diego.

AS HIS LAST OFFICIAL ACT BEFORE TURNING OVER THE GOVERNORSHIP TO SECRETARY ATKINSON, GOVERNOR CARTER YESTERDAY SIGNED THE DOCUMENTS THAT COMPLETED THE BOND SALE.

Some days ago the bank of Bishop & Co., acting for the purchasers of the bonds—the firm of Kountze Bros. of New York—paid to Assistant Treasurer Hapai the sum of ninety-eight thousand dollars, approximately, as the first instalment of the bond purchase money. The Assistant Treasurer had been notified of the bond sale by cable, and had also been told that this money would be paid, but had no official knowledge that the bond deal had been closed by the Governor's signature to the contract.

And, as a matter of fact, the bond sale had not been closed at the time the money was paid over. So the money was in the treasury merely as a fund held in trust, and the Assistant Treasurer had no right to touch one cent of it for any purpose whatever. He did not touch it, either. As soon as notification was received that the money was on hand, the Auditor signed up a delayed contract for structural iron work necessary to complete the Nuuanu reservoir, and the Superintendent of Public Works proceeded to try to pay some bills that accrued against the bond funds, and which there had heretofore been no money on hand to meet.

AND, AS A MATTER OF FACT, THE BOND SALE HAD NOT BEEN CLOSED AT THE TIME THE MONEY WAS PAID OVER.

All of which things did not at all concern Mr. Hapai. The money was in his hands, beautiful new money, but he did not feel that he had any right to draw upon it for any purpose whatever until he was notified that the contract for the sale of the bonds was signed—and he did not draw upon it, nor

MAUI HAS QUIET WEEK

MAUI, Feb. 9.—The Maui Supervisors have been holding their monthly session during the week in their office in Kepoihi's block, Wailuku, beginning on Tuesday morning and continuing till yesterday afternoon, when they adjourned until next month. Their early evening meeting was on Tuesday when a committee from the Wailuku Improvement Association composed of Messrs. W. A. McKay, J. A. Woods, Wm. Coshio and C. E. Copeland conferred with the Board concerning the amount of pecuniary assistance it would render in the construction of sidewalks along the principal Wailuku streets. The Board referred the matter to the county engineer, who will consult with the committee.

Two petitions were received as to the opening of new roads, one in Makawao in the vicinity of home-stead lands and the other at Peahi joining the present government road and the sea beach. These petitions were also referred to Mr. Howell for fuller information.

Most of the time of the meeting was taken up with the regular routine business and the settling of monthly accounts.

MASONIC.

Last Saturday evening the Maui Lodge of Freemasons held a meeting in Castle hall, Wailuku, at which two candidates were initiated into the rites of the 3d degree. It is stated that the grand lodge of California has granted full recognition to all masonic lodges with Scottish characters, so that the Maui lodge will not suffer in this respect. There are seven Scottish lodges in California, as well as the two in this Territory. This matter was settled more than a year ago, newspaper reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHURCH MEETING.

Wednesday evening of last week, the annual business meeting of the Pala Foreign church was held in the church parlors at Pala, Rev. B. V. Bazata acting as chairman and W. S. Nicoll as secretary. James Reed was elected superintendent of the Sunday school and Miss C. Mosser, assistant superintendent. Mrs. W. F. McConkey was elected as member of the standing committee to take the place of Mrs. H. P. Baldwin, resigned. All other officers were re-elected.

Among other business transacted it was decided to ask the Maunaloa Secunary girls to sing in the church choir at least one Sunday a month.

A VISITING TEACHER.

Last Saturday afternoon, between thirty and forty ladies met by invitation at the residence of Mrs. W. O. Aiken of Puuomale to listen to a talk on Porto Rico by Miss Susan Huntington, principal of the Normal school of that island. She gave a most interesting account of Porto Rican life. Among other things she stated that the children were unusually fond of school. They were sorry to depart for home at the end of the daily session and dislike vacations. She also stated that small farming was not always successful there, citing the case of a man who raised four tomatoes after an expenditure of \$400. Miss Huntington has been a teacher not only in Porto Rico but also in Spain and Japan.

NOTES.

Tuesday evening, at a meeting held at H. P. Baldwin's, Spreckelsville, by the Hygeia Soda Water & Ice Co., it was decided to increase the capital stock \$5000.

On Sunday Mrs. Samuel Davis, an aged Hawaiian, died of pneumonia at her residence at Kokomo. Four grown-up children survive her, two married daughters and two sons.

The Supervisors will not change their offices to the new jail building for perhaps six months. The matter has not as yet been definitely settled.

J. H. Foss, the civil engineer in the employ of the Maui Agricultural Co., is enjoying a vacation at his old home in California.

Arthur C. Alexander, the Honolulu surveyor, after completing some work in Lahaina and Makawao, returned to Oahu by the Mauna Loa.

Last night W. O. Aiken guided two tourists, Mr. and Mrs. Griffin to the top of Haleakala by moonlight. Mr. and Mrs. Griffin will return today and take the Kinaiu for Hawaii and the volcano.

The eclipse of the moon was witnessed by many of the residents of Central Maui, occurring as it did in the early part of last evening. The eclipse was total at 8:20 p. m. and the shadow continued complete until 9:50, when the bright edge of the rim began to show. The moon under eclipse appeared like a small gas balloon stationary in the sky.

The iron roof of the Kahului custom house has been repaired, thanks to the Kahului Railroad Co.

Grip and pneumonia are somewhat prevalent in localities.

Peach trees are crowded with blossoms in the Kaupakalua, Kokomo and Makawao region.

Weather—Very cool and still dry. Generally a light north wind succeeded at intervals by a gentle south blow.

A JAMAICAN LADY SPEAKS HIGHLY OF CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

Mrs. Michael Hart, wife of the superintendent of Cart Service at Kingston, Jamaica, West Indies, says that she has for some years used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, croup and whooping cough and has found it very beneficial. She has implicit confidence in it and would not be without a bottle of it in her home. Sold by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.