

SPORTS

NO FOOTBALL FOR SAILORS

The following letter relative to fleet sports was received by the chairman of the sports committee yesterday:

Office of The Commander-in-Chief, United States Atlantic Fleet, U. S. S. Connecticut, Flagship, San Francisco, Cal., June 2, 1908.

Sir: The Chief of Staff has handed me your favor of May 22nd, 1908, and in reply thereto I regret to have to inform you that it will be impossible for us to enter in all of the proposed events.

1. It is impracticable for our athletic teams to go ashore in the forenoon. We can furnish two baseball teams to play every afternoon, games to be on our regular fleet schedule, provided the grounds are available, but no admission is to be charged to see the sailors play.

2. We would like to have one game with the local professional team, any afternoon that it is convenient for them, if they care to play us.

3. We will enter men in the field sports. Our boxing tournament was finished April 25th, but our men will box and wrestle with local champions if prizes and weights can be arranged.

4. We cannot play football at Honolulu. We will gladly enter any events not mentioned, if we have time between coaling the ships.

5. We would like to be excused from boat racing as the men have been in constant training for several months and need a rest.

6. Money prizes would probably be preferable to cups or medals for individual prizes as the men accumulated more medals than they can stow, since our arrival on the West Coast. Where a ship or a team wins a prize, some trophy would, of course, be more appropriate. It will be difficult to carry out any program successfully in Honolulu as most of the men will desire to go on liberty when they are not coaling ship, and we dislike to order them to take part in athletics.

7. Thanking you for your kindness in doing so much for the men, and hoping to be of assistance in arranging details when we arrive at Honolulu, I remain,

Very sincerely yours,
(Signed) D. A. WEAVER,
Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, Fleet Athletic Officer.

ISENBERG OFFERS CUP

D. P. R. Isenberg, who has ever been one of the staunchest supporters of local baseball, has decided to stimulate the efforts of the players in the triangular league, in which Keio University, Santa Clara College and a Hawaiian nine will compete, by offering a handsome silver cup to the player taking part in 75 per cent of the games of the series, who ends the season with the highest batting average.

FROELECHER IS IN FRISCO

Herman Heinicke heard from Hans Froelecher, the wrestler, by the last mail. Froelecher has charge of the Bellanca garage in San Francisco and is in training for any match which may offer. He doesn't expect to be in Honolulu for six months. Froelecher writes that Leopold McLaughlin was decisively beaten in Seattle by Dr. Koller. McLaughlin was the man who was to have been brought to Honolulu to wrestle Froelecher.

AUTO BOATS MAY ARRIVE

There is a prospect of the sport of auto-boating becoming firmly established in Honolulu. An employee of the Iron Works has one of these diverting little craft in which he takes his pleasure off the Kalia flats. C. D. Walker has been asked to draw plans for a couple more auto-boats by a couple of local enthusiasts and there is talk of at least one of the prominent members of the Hawaii Yacht Club having an auto-boat constructed.

A CERTAIN CUPE FOR BOWEL COMPLAINT

When attacked with diarrhoea or bowel complaint you want a medicine that acts quickly. The attack is always sudden, generally severe and with increasing pain. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has never been known to fail in any case of colic, diarrhoea or summer complaint in children. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co. Ltd., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

SANTA CLARAS HAVE CLASS

After having witnessed the tryout games between the team selected to represent Santa Clara College in their island trip, and the Newark, a team supposed to be the pick of all amateur Californian baseball teams, in which the former carried the day, Bill Devoreaux was asked for his opinion of the trip.

"Yes," said he, "Honolulu has some ball players down here, and many who can go some if let loose in fast company."

"The islanders will be treated to an agreeable surprise when Santa Clara appears before them, for, as a college professor might observe, they are the real exponents of baseballology." Whatever the reputation of the visitors may be, it is not scaring the island players any, to say the least. It simply amuses, and Hampton, Joy, Reuter and the leading ball players of the league feel quite confident that Hawaii can go some also, and that the surprise may be the other way.

It is true, Santa Clara has much to boast of in Kilbourne, their captain and pitcher. Here is a youngster with a remarkable record, having won fifty out of sixty-four of the games he has pitched. For batting qualities he hit the clip of .250 for the past season, which certainly shows class, for a twirler.

Art Shafer, who is conceded by Coast critics to be the greatest college ball player of the United States, has hit at the terrific rate of .329 for twenty-two games. His fielding for the same number of games is errorless and he occupies the seat of honor in base-stealing. This may be mentioned as an earnest of what may be expected when the triangular series opens next month.

BRUNER RAN GOOD MILE

Bruner and Indigo were sent a mile at Kapiolani Park on Sunday morning, Domingo Ferreira riding the former and Olopio the latter.

Bruner finished first in the good time of 1:44.1-2. Indigo ran surprisingly well and was only three lengths to the bad at the finish.

Bruner got a length the best of the start but Indigo soon caught up and the pair were even at the half pole. Passing the six-furlongs pole Indigo had a couple of lengths the best of it. In the final quarter Bruner took the lead and finished as stated.

Indigo was coming fast at the finish and it looked as if he would have caught and passed the big horse had another eighth been traversed.

The pair were shipped to Hilo by the steamer Mauna Kea on Tuesday, in charge of Joe Reddy, who will train them for the Fourth of July races in Hilo.

It had been the intention of Louis Warren to ship Bruner and Indigo to Maui, but the trial pleased him so much that he decided to send his stable to Hilo after bigger game than the Kahului program offers.

SANTA CLARAS TO BE STRONG

The Santa Clara delegation to Honolulu will include twelve players, the strongest aggregation that has ever represented the Red and White. An effort is still being made to secure the services of several old college players, among them Jim Twoby, now at Harvard University, and Joe Collins, at present catching for Santa Cruz.

Even if these recruits are not secured the college will present a strong lineup, practically the same that defeated both Stanford and Berkeley in last season's series. Kilburn and Friene will do the pitching and Mervyn Schaefer will catch. Broderick will play first, Peters second, Artie Schoefer of Los Angeles shortstop, and Kennedy or Watson third, with Lapping, Salsberg, Rapp, Jones and Foster as candidates for the outfield. The latter lineup may perform be changed if Collins or Twoby are secured. McKenzie, who is managing the tour, is a former Lick High School student, who holds several inter-scholastic swimming records, and is a star football player.—S. F. Examiner.

HARVEY WON PRIZE SHOOT

The Hawaiian Gun Club's unknown angles shoot took place at the Kakaako traps on Wednesday afternoon and resulted in a win for J. W. Harvey with 9 out of 19.

Harry Whitney and Irwin Spalding tied with 8 out of 19. In the shoot-off Spalding won, making 4 out of 5, against Whitney's 3 out of 5.

Mr. and Mrs. Cortlandt Field Bishop of New York, who are making an extensive tour through Europe, describe the island of Corsica, the birthplace of Napoleon, as an automobilists' paradise.

GARFIELD BRINGS A MESSAGE TO HAWAII FROM THE PRESIDENT

Roosevelt's Message to the Islands

"I come here at the wish and request of the President, and by his instructions I have a message to deliver to the people of Hawaii. It is this: that the President wishes not only that Hawaii shall have been annexed to the United States, but that it shall be incorporated in and become one of the United States.

"I am here to learn what your conditions are, what your problems are and what your necessities are. It is the wish of the President that he and his administration should know your conditions, problems and necessities in order that we may help you to solve the problems, accomplish your purposes and secure your desires; while on the other hand he wishes you to feel that you are a foreign people, the people of a distant island of the United States, but that you are all equally American citizens with us of the mainland, and he wishes your assistance and help in solving the problems of our common country."—Secretary Garfield, at Sons of the American Revolution banquet last night.

The trip of Secretary Garfield around the island yesterday was a very interesting one to him and to those accompanying him, as matters were gone into with a thoroughness and speed surprising to all. Starting from town at six o'clock in the morning the party, consisting of Secretary Garfield, Governor Frear, Captain Veeder of the Alabama, Captain C. W. Otwell, Maj. S. W. Dunning, Dr. W. S. Evans of the Department of Agriculture, J. B. Castle, L. A. Thurston, H. E. Cooper, W. O. Smith, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless, A. L. C. Atkinson, G. R. Carter, Dr. Brinckerhoff, and John Waterhouse, were conveyed in four autos belonging to Dr. W. R. Brinckerhoff, J. B. Castle, John Waterhouse and G. R. Carter, to the top of the pail, where, after a delay of a few minutes to repair a couple of punctures, the descent of the Koolau side was begun.

About half way to Heeia the connecting rod of George Carter's machine broke so the other machines took charge of the passengers in the big auto and the journey was continued to the plantation house of Jas. B. Castle where they found a splendid breakfast waiting for them which had been prepared under the careful direction of Mrs. J. J. Dowling. Breakfast finished, the party started for the J. A. Cummins, which was lying at Heeia landing, and about half past nine the tour and inspection of Kaneohe bay began.

This was a revelation to most of those aboard the boat. Both malihinis and kamaainas were greatly surprised at the large expanse of the bay and the possibilities of exploiting it. The Cummins made the entire circuit of the harbor and went as far as opposite Waikane, returning to Heeia at eleven o'clock. This is said to be the first time an official inspection of Kaneohe bay has ever been made. It brought to the notice of all present that it is an immense harbor, with a general depth of from six to eleven fathoms and having an area three times that of Pearl Harbor with almost perpendicular coral walls enclosing it. There are two entrances, one on the east and the other on the west end which have depths of eleven and sixteen feet respectively. From surveys made it is shown that it will take a great deal less money to give access to Kaneohe bay than to Pearl Harbor.

An amusing incident of the trip on the Cummins illustrative of the rapidity with which island sailors can handle their boats while under headway was given when Governor Frear's hat blew overboard. Captain Searle immediately rang his bell to stop the steamer and got the boat's crew to lower their boat. Within two minutes after the hat was lost by the Governor it was picked up by the crew. Three minutes and fifty-two seconds after the hat left the Governor's head it had been returned to him and the steamer's boat was clear of the water in the davits and the steamer on her way again. This may appear to be the fine work of Hawaiian sailors, whose skill is so well known, but the crew of the Cummins are Japanese.

Returning to Heeia the party found two new machines awaiting it, E. D. Tenney and J. A. McCandless having telephoned to town for their autos before the Cummins left and at quarter past eleven the trip overlaid down the coast was resumed. Kahana was reached at 12:30 o'clock. This is the terminus of the Koolau railway, eleven miles from Kapuku. Most of the party boarded a special O. R. & L. train at this point and went to Kapuku, while Secretary Garfield and Governor Frear were taken to Mr. Castle's Hauula residence, where a brief visit was made. They rejoined the main party at Kapuku where an inspection of the laborers' quarters was had. The autos were there deserted for the train and the next stop was made at Haleiwa at 2 o'clock.

A delicious lunch was awaiting the travelers and with appetites whetted by the bracing air and exercise, due justice was done to the good things provided by Host Bidgood. During lunch Secretary E. A. Mott-Smith, Treasurer A. J. Campbell, Attorney General C. R. Hemmaway, and Superintendent of Public

Instruction W. H. Babbitt, who went down in another auto taking maps of the Waianae-uka military reservation, arrived.

A short rest after lunch, and the trip to Wahiawa was begun. At Waihua Hill, James D. Dole and Byron O. Clark took charge of Secretary Garfield and explained fully the details of the pineapple industry in the Wahiawa district, showing the development of the industry and its great growth.

The military reservation of Lilehua was inspected by the Secretary from the gap in the Waianae valley to within a short distance of which he was taken in an auto. He had a fine view of the magnificent parade ground and camp site which the army has. Governor Frear is in favor of the Federal government retaining that portion lying south and west of the government road to Waihua and of the surrender to the Territory of the land to the north and east of the Waihua road on which pines are now being largely planted. The land is of the same character as Wahiawa and is under a lease to the Dowsett estate which will not expire for four years yet. It is with the intention of opening this land to homesteaders that the surrender to the Territory is proposed. The land has been sublet by the Dowsett estate to the Hawaiian Pineapple Co. and others.

It is understood that Secretary Garfield is favorably disposed towards the Governor's suggestion. Secretary of War Taft has also expressed himself as favorably impressed with the proposed surrender. If this transfer is made it will enable the government to homestead some 2000 acres of the finest pineapple land in the Territory and leave the army a magnificent plateau of several thousand acres for a military reservation.

Except for a general view of Pearl Harbor had en route the party did not stop again after Wahiawa but made for town which was reached shortly before six o'clock.

S. A. R. BANQUET.

Secretary Garfield was the especial guest of honor at the annual banquet given at the University Club last night by the Sons of the American Revolution, among the other guests being Governor Frear, Secretary Mott-Smith, Captain Harbor, of the U. S. S. Maine; Captain Veeder, of the U. S. S. Alabama, and Major Dunning, of the Twentieth Infantry. About forty members and guests gathered about the banquet tables, which were decorated with red carnations and wreaths of maple. From the Ewa wall of the banal diningroom, the letters "S. A. R." blazed in red, white and blue incandescents.

John Effinger, president of the local chapter, presided at the banquet at which Justice Ballou was the toastmaster. The first toast proposed was that of "The President," to which Secretary Garfield was called upon to respond.

SPECIAL MESSAGE FROM PRESIDENT.

The youthful Secretary was loudly cheered when he rose to speak, and the cheers increased when he announced that he was the bearer of a special message to the people of Hawaii from President Roosevelt.

"I come here at the wish and request of the President," he said, "and by his instructions I have a message to deliver to the people of Hawaii. It is this: that the President wishes not only that Hawaii shall have been annexed to the United States but that it shall be incorporated in and become one of the United States.

"I am here to learn what your conditions are, what your problems are and what your necessities are. It is the wish of the President that he and his administration should know your conditions, problems and necessities in order that we may help you to solve the problems, accomplish your purposes and secure your desires; while on the other hand he wishes you to feel that you are a foreign people, the people of a distant island of the United States, but that you are all equally American citizens with us of the mainland, and he wishes your assistance and help in solving the prob-

lems of our common country." Continuing, the Secretary said respecting the policies of President Roosevelt: "I will tell you that although the President has less than a year yet to serve, there will be no changes in any of the main policies he has announced nor the slightest let up in those policies."

RESPECT DUE THE UNIFORM.

Major Dunning responded to the toast to the Army, his address being a plea for a more considerate recognition on the part of the American public for the enlisted men in the regular army. The indisputable fact that at present the uniform is not looked upon with favor by the public is preventing enlistment.

The speaker dealt with the improvements in the Army since the time of the Spanish-American war, most particularly in the matter of transportation.

THE NEW NAVY.

The Navy, was responded to in a witty speech by Captain Harbor, of the U. S. S. Maine, who told of various incidents in his own experience since he was commissioned shortly after the Civil War. The growth of the Navy in his day was shown in the comparison he made between the battleships, the frigates of his early days, with their biggest gun a thirty-two pounder, and the battleship of today, with guns throwing an 850-pound projectile and requiring 450 pounds of powder at a load, capable of being fired every twenty seconds.

"We have now just as good ships as any country in the world, and we are building ships which will be when put into commission better than any others the world can show," he said in conclusion, after paying a tribute to the worth of the American sailor.

At the conclusion of Captain Harbor's address, Secretary Garfield, the Governor and the Territorial Secretary left for the public reception at the Alexander Young Hotel. The banquets remained for some time, however, another toast, that of "Bunker Hill Day," being eloquently responded to by P. C. Jones.

The following is the menu of the banquet, one of the most successful in the history of the chapter:

- Russian Caviar
- Celery en Branche
- Ripe Olives
- Consomme Massena
- Boiled Opakapaka, Egg Sauce
- Potato Croquettes
- French Rolls
- Fillet of Beef aux Champignons
- French Fried Potatoes
- Frozen Russian Tea Punch
- Young Chicken, Oyster Stuffing, Guava Jelly
- Mashed Potatoes
- Asparagus Tips
- Cauliflower in Cream
- Lobster and Lettuce Salad
- Strawberry Charlotte
- Fruit
- Nuts
- Cafe Noir

RECEPTION AT THE YOUNG.

Owing to the lateness of the hour, and the little shower that came up, there was not a large crowd at the public reception to the visiting Secretary at the Alexander Young Hotel roof-garden last night. Among those who were present were the representative men and women of the city, however, with the exception of the representative Hawaiians. The members of the diplomatic corps, Federal and Territorial officials and their wives, many of the leading business men and representatives of the learned professions formed a large proportion of those who took advantage of the opportunity of meeting the personal representative of the President.

In the receiving line, which was formed immediately after the Secretary and his party arrived from the banquet at the University Club, were Governor Frear, Secretary Garfield, Mrs. Mott-Smith and Secretary Mott-Smith, the presentations being made by A. L. C. Atkinson and C. H. McBride.

The Hawaiian band was stationed under the roof-garden pavilion during the reception, the reception proper being held in the mauka pavilion.

A KOREAN CREMATED AT MAKAWELI, KAUAI

Garden Island.—One of the Korean laborers was accidentally cremated at Makaweli last Tuesday.

The day being a calm one it had been decided to burn off the Camp VII field above Mr. A. Robinson's house, and the burning was proceeding successfully when of a sudden a whirlwind came sweeping across the field, lifting ashes and embers in the air and carrying them into the adjoining field. The cane at that place was full of dry leaves and was soon ablaze.

A number of men who had been guarding the fire were immediately despatched to save the threatened cane-field. This was accomplished in a short time when it was found that one of the laborers was missing. Thinking that the man had gone home during or after the fire no further thought was given to the matter. The following morning, however, his body was found among the burned cane. He had probably been overcome by the dense smoke while fighting the fire and had been cremated while unconscious.

Deputy Sheriff Crowell in his capacity of Coroner at Waimea held an inquest on the remains of Nam Koon Hoo on Tuesday resulting in a verdict by the jury of death by suffocation.

It is reported on the street that loans have recently been made at seven per cent. The ruling rate of interest for nearly a year has been eight per cent.

SPEEDY ENDING OF MURDER TRIAL

Miomura and Maeda, the two Japanese accused of murder in the first degree, who have been for two years awaiting trial, were acquitted yesterday by Judge Robinson, the decision exciting a great deal of attention because of the unusual circumstances making it necessary. The fact that the two accused were discharged without a trial, on a plea in bar made by W. T. Rawlins, their attorney, showed that someone had blundered somewhere, although the blame was not fixed. The whole matter of the acquittal rested on the fact that there was nothing on record in the minutes of Judge De Bolt's court to show that the case against the accused had even been continued from the December term of 1906. This at once, according to Hawaiian precedent, placed them beyond the jurisdiction of the court and there was nothing upon which they could be held, tried or reindicted.

The presentation of the plea in bar was made the first thing yesterday morning, following the jury roll-call, and all morning was taken up by argument, searching the minutes of De Bolt's court and consulting authorities, Deputy Attorney General Larnach, who had the case in hand for his department, was nonplused by the showing made by Rawlins and had to throw up his hands.

The crime, for which Maeda and Miomura were indicted, was the killing of another Japanese, Katsujiro Mineoka, in a brawl at Ewa on June 18, 1906. They were indicted in September of the same year and came up to plead before Judge De Bolt in December of 1906, their cases going over.

Here is where the hiatus comes in, no record being available of a commitment to another term. The plea in bar, sustained reluctantly yesterday morning by Judge Robinson, was:

"Now comes Maeda, one of the defendants herein, and moves this Honorable Court that he be discharged and not compelled to answer or stand trial on the indictment now on file against him on the following grounds:

"1.—That the indictment was returned against him and filed in this court at the September A. D. 1906 term and that he was not tried at said September A. D. 1906 term of this court.

"2.—That this court at the term aforesaid made no order granting a change of venue, and further that no order has been issued or made by the First Circuit Court or any Judge thereof of continuing or postponing the trial of said cause upon said indictment to the January term, 1907, of this court.

"3.—That the failure to prosecute upon said indictment found at said September term, A. D. 1906, operates as an acquittal of this defendant.

"4.—That the defendant herein should be discharged as he has already been acquitted of the offense alleged in the indictment upon which this trial is now to proceed, and now pleads acquiescent acquit.

"This motion is based upon all the records and papers now on file in this court and upon testimony to be adduced in support thereof."

"It is not the duty of this court to legislate, it is merely the duty of the court to construe and administer and apply the law as it finds it and as the Legislature enacts. And reluctant as I am to allow the pleas in bar particularly in this case because of its character and because of the gravity and magnitude of the crime charged—the greatest known to our law—I see no other way out of it in view of the provisions of our statute and of the decision of the Supreme Court by Mr. Justice Hartwell in King vs. Tin Ah Chin et al., 2nd Haw. 96.

"Let the pleas in bar be and the same are hereby allowed, and let the defendants be and they are discharged."

SUPERVISORS PASS VOTE OF CONDOLENCE

A resolution of condolence for the Princess Kawanakoa in her bereavement was passed at the special meeting of the Oahu Board of Supervisors yesterday at noon. The resolution was as follows:

"Whereas, It has pleased God to take from this transitory life to His eternal life, H. R. H. Prince David Kawanakoa,

"Therefore be it Resolved, That we, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Oahu, here record our sorrow at his death, and our sense of the great loss sustained by his friends and the community;

"That we extend our heartfelt sympathy to his surviving widow and family;

"That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the Board of Supervisors, and that a copy hereof be sent to the widow of the deceased Prince."