

BLOODSHED IS LOOKED FOR IN CAPITAL

Political Developments in City of Mexico Are Rapidly Moving to a Crisis and Clash Is Expected Between Adherents of Rival Candidates for the Presidency.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) City of Mexico, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Political developments are rapidly moving to a crisis here. The relations of the various parties are becoming so strained that even the most conservative believe bloodshed will result before the presidential election.

Brief conflicts have already broken out between the followers of Frederico Gamboa and Felix Diaz, but the police thus far have been able to prevent the use of arms.

Felicitists are posting circulars everywhere in the city insulting the Catholic party, whose candidate is Gamboa, but these are torn down almost as soon as they are posted.

No confirmation has been received yet of the report that Montenegro has been captured by the rebels.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) EAGLE PASS, Texas, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Constitutionalists here today denied the reports that General Francisco Villa is holding thirty-three Germans as prisoners at Torreon, Mexico.

They branded the report as a political move on the part of Huerta. It was reported today that the rebels are concentrating for an attack on Chihuahua.

As "Ritual Murder" Trial Draws to Close They Ask Czar for Protection.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) KIEFF, Russia, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—As the "ritual murder" trial of Mendel Beiliss draws to a close the exodus of Jewish residents becomes heavy. Many are immigrating to the United States.

Fearing a victory for the defense will enrage the rabble of the city to the point of attacking the Ghetto, prominent Jewish merchants have appealed to the government for a detachment of Russian guards to protect the homes of the Jewish quarter.

HORINE INJURES KNEE. (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—While training yesterday, George Horine, the world's record holder in the high jump, wrenched his knee, and doubt is expressed as to whether he will be able to compete in the Portola and world's championship next Saturday.

MOB LYNCHES NEGRO. (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) MONROE, Louisiana, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A negro who insulted a white woman here last Monday was taken from the jail this morning by twenty-five men and hanged from a telephone pole.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LONDON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Hon. John Freeman Mitford, a cousin of Lady Randolph Churchill, and a son of Baron Rosdolph, is to marry Germany's richest heiress, Fraulein Marine Anna Von Freidlander, Paul, daughter of Berlin's coal king whose fortune is estimated at \$25,000,000.

Mitford has been working as an unpaid clerk in a Hamburg bank for the past two years in order to gain experience in German life and business.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) ROME, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—"The Blarrie Princess," an operetta attributed to the former Crown Princess of Saxony was given a chilling reception when produced here for the first time last night.

The disrespectful references to the King of Saxony and the scandalous allusions were disregarded by the major portion of the audience. Hisses and unusual laughter greeted the third act and the demonstration reached such proportions that the curtain was rung down long before the act was concluded.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The President today signed the Urgent Deficiency Bill. He was in doubt at first about signing his signature on the measure, owing to its clause which provided that deposit collectors of internal revenue shall be exempt from the civil service act, but finally decided to sign it.

SAYS MILITANCY HAS REACHED ITS ZENITH



REV. DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW, President of the National Association for Suffrage.

Governor of California Says Republicans Must Adopt Progressive Principles to Unite.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) CHICAGO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Governor Hiram Johnson of California, accompanied by Mrs.



HIRAM JOHNSON, Governor of California and Ball Moose leader in Golden State.

Johnson, arrived here today, en route East to assist in the gubernatorial campaign in Massachusetts. Discussing the Progressive party, the Governor declared: "There is no doubt in my mind that the Republican and Progressive parties will eventually be united, but that will not be until the Republicans adopt the principles of the Progressives."

Decisive Action Being Taken to End the Revolution in Portugal.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LISBON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Three hundred and fifty persons, some of them military soldiers, are under arrest for aiding in the unsuccessful uprising of Monarchists.

The city is under heavy martial guard throughout night and day with detachments of the republican guard patrolling the principal streets. Machine guns are placed before the government buildings. The government charges that a number of women, members of monarchist allies, are implicated in the conspiracy, having negotiated with European armament firms for guns and ammunition.

THAW'S ESCAPE TO BE INVESTIGATED

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Orders for a grand jury investigation in New York county of the escape of Thaw from the Matteawan asylum were issued today by Governor Glynn.

Three contracting concerns were bidders for the reconstruction of the Mahukona wharf, on the island of Hawaii, when the bids were opened in the presence of the members of the harbor commission who met for the purpose yesterday at noon in the office of the superintendent of public works.

The bids called for sixteen separate sets of figures, all but four sets being for certain detailed portions of the work. Eliminating those, the bids were as follows:

E. Wery and Son and John Robinson, of Hilo—\$14,340; \$14,187; \$14,254.50 and \$14,588.20, in 180 days.

J. C. Foss Jr., Waialua, Maui—\$21,240; \$19,450; \$14,425 and \$14,425, in 120 days.

A. A. Wilson and Hugh Howell, of Honolulu and Waialua—\$25,700; \$24,571; \$24,520 and \$25,580, in 120 days.

The harbor commission will hold a meeting at ten o'clock Saturday morning for the purpose of taking up the consideration of these bids and making an award. If an award is to be made at all, Hon. Chapman John W. Caldwell will return Saturday morning from Maui, where he is inspecting the other leading bidders' construction. It is also likely that the commission will listen to his report on this work.

MILITANTS MAY YET SHED BLOOD

Suffragettes Have Reached Point Where They Must Either Take Human Life or Carry on Campaign or Take Backward Step, Says Rev. Anna Howard Shaw.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) BALTIMORE, Maryland, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Mrs. Pankhurst and other militants of England have reached a point where they will either have to take human life in carrying on their campaign of militancy or take a backward course, said Rev. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the National Association for Suffrage today.

In her opinion the militants would be glad to take the backward step if they could find any way of doing so and at the same time save their faces. Doctor Shaw recently cancelled her engagement to speak with Mrs. Pankhurst at a meeting scheduled to be held at Madison Square Garden in New York October 15. She said her unwillingness to speak was due to the fact that while Mrs. Pankhurst had been guaranteed \$1500 and part of the gate receipts she (Doctor Shaw) had been unable to procure a guarantee of \$1000 for her share. "I do not object to Mrs. Pankhurst's receiving any price she can get for her lectures here," reads a statement issued this afternoon by Doctor Shaw, "but I feel very strongly that cooperation implies an obligation on both sides. I will take either course than the Madison Square meeting to reassure the American public that militant methods have not been used and are not advocated in this country."

Attorneys in Criminal Case Agree on Majority Vote of Jury and Prisoner Is Victorious.

(From Thursday Advertiser) "Mr. Brown.—On behalf of the prosecution I am willing to stipulate at this time that the prosecution will be bound by the majority vote of the twelve jurors. If the majority vote of the jury is for acquittal the prosecution is ready to dismiss the case, if that announcement is made. If the verdict of a majority of the jury is for conviction, I understand that counsel for the defendant will accept that as a verdict against the client.

"The Court.—Is that correct?" "Mr. Lightfoot.—That is correct." The above is taken from the official record of Stenographer J. W. Jones in the trial yesterday before Judge Robinson of the criminal branch of the local circuit court in the case of the Territory against T. Inada, who was tried yesterday by a jury on a charge of selling liquor without a license.

First Instance in Honolulu. It is the first case on record in Honolulu so far as is known in the Territory, in which an instance of this nature was brought to light.

The jury retired at half-past ten o'clock yesterday morning to arrive at a verdict, but it was only some minutes after half-past two o'clock in the afternoon that it returned to court, and when it did so it was only to report that the jury had failed to agree on a verdict.

The trial of the case lasted only an hour and a half, and as Deputy Attorney A. M. Brown, who conducted the prosecution, noted the long delay of the jury in arriving at a verdict he turned to Attorney Lightfoot, who had conducted the defense, and said:

"I do not stipulate that if there is a disagreement we will be bound whichever way the majority of the jury goes," and he explained the situation as set forth above.

"That's a go, Arthur. I'm game." And he was, and because he was game T. Inada later walked out of court a free man.

As the jurors filed into court and took their places in the jury box, Deputy City Attorney Brown arose and made the above statement to the court. Judge Robinson asked Attorney Lightfoot if that was correct, and on being informed that it was the judge turned to the jury and explained the situation. "I do not want to know what jurors stand for in this case, but I want to know what you, as a juror, stand for in this case," he said.

"Benjamin Sammons reported that the jury had been unable to agree on a verdict and that it stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction. With a smile Attorney Lightfoot moved for the discharge of his client, and this was ordered by the court under the agreement entered into between counsel.

Procedure Is Legal. This novel procedure appealed to a good many who were in court at the time. "This is quite legal, for the man was charged only with the commission of a misdemeanor," said Judge Robinson. "Had he been tried on a charge of felony it would be different, as in that case the jury would have to be unanimous on the verdict, but in this case the defendant can be tried by any number of jurors under twelve, according to agreement.

This case was a commitment from the district court, where the plea, now discharged, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100. Twenty-one jurors had to appear this morning for the selection of twelve men to try the case. In jurors five alone the case cost sixty-three dollars. Had the jury been held until morning to arrive at a verdict or had another jury been selected to try the case, a like amount in jurors' fees would have to be paid out.

The jury was made up as follows: William A. Hall, William W. Hazley, James H. Fisher, George E. Brann, Ben Jones, Sammons, James Steiner, Harlan T. Wally, William K. Macpherson, Westworth M. Buchanan, Murley Philip, George M. Ruppert and Harold T. Bay.

Roosevelt Arrives in Rio de Janeiro; Becomes Impatient to Get Into Jungle



Roosevelt Ready for the Hunt.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) RIO DE JANEIRO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Colonel Roosevelt was today taken in an automobile ride through the city and inspected the most important public buildings. The Colonel expressed pleasure at everything he saw, but could not completely hide his impatience to get into the untrodden jungles. During his ride he was taken through the most beautiful boulevards.

In the Roosevelt party, being lavishly entertained by the local authorities, besides the Colonel, are Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Margaret Roosevelt, Anthony Zola, a Polar explorer; George K. Cherry, field naturalist; the Rev. J. A. Zahn, a missionary, who was with Mr. Roosevelt in Africa; Frank Hamper, secretary, and L. K. Miller, another field naturalist, who joined the party at Barbadoes.

Much equipment is carried by the Roosevelt party for its exploration work. Four motor boats, four canoes, two extra motors and camping supplies were included in the luggage carried off the steamer Van Dyck.

Bishop Estate Trustees Decide to Carry Million-Dollar Structure to Completion.

A million-dollar building to be known as the Park Block, has been authorized by the trustees of the Bishop Estate for the Bishop lot opposite the Young Hotel. The trustees last week decided to accept the plans of Architect Trapfagan, covering the entire block facing Bishop street, from Hotel to King streets, but it is undecided whether to build the entire structure or only a portion of it just now. The final decision of the trustees is to erect the whole structure, five stories, in round numbers being a million dollars.

Acting in accordance with the wish of Hon. Charles R. Bishop, husband of the late Princess Berdie Kanani Bishop, whose estate will finance the deal, it will be called the Park Block in memory of Mrs. Bishop's father, a high chief of the ancient Hawaiian regime.

Local contractors are already looking forward to securing this plan, and it is possible that practically every contractor here in Honolulu, as well as many mainland firms, will be bidders.

W. C. T. U. AFTER MORMONISM NOW

GALESBURG, Illinois, October 10.—Grading Mormonism as "an agent to degrade womanhood," Miss Helen L. Hood, of Chicago, at the president's address to the fortieth annual meeting of the Illinois White Ribboners here today, declared that the Woman's Christian Temperance Union would never test so long as there were any "Auntie Sam's" of the Mormon sect remaining. Miss Hood said 727,000 Mormons held the balance of power in seven Western States.

"We have frightened the brewers and since we are bearing victory against them, we should direct W. C. T. U. influence against Mormonism, white slavery, cocaine, morphine and institutions of evil," said the State president in conclusion.

WASHINGTON, October 8.—Three new battleships and a proportionate number of torpedo boat destroyers is the aim of the Wilson administration, shaping its naval policy for the December session of congress. It became known yesterday that in all probability Secretary Daniels of the navy department would put into effect his principle of "less money and more ships" and advocate using the greater part of an appropriation of \$148,000,000 to build three powerful warships—one more than the usual annual quota, though only a single battleship was obtained after a stormy fight in the last congress.

With the addition of three first-class battleships, naval officials hope the United States will resume its place next to Great Britain in naval fighting strength, passing Germany, which took second place when the United States dropped to third.

While President Wilson never has made any public declaration on the battleship question, it is understood that he favors "an adequate navy." What particularly encourages naval builders is a report that he has agreed to authorize the government to condition the fraying of the Tariff bill on a \$148,000,000 for naval construction, an increase of about \$2,000,000 over the last appropriation.

CURRENCY BILL HOLDS THE STAGE

While Senate Committee Wrestles With It, House Has Job to Hold a Quorum.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, October 22.—There seems virtually but one governmental matter at Washington nowadays to think about and talk about. Of course, that is the Currency Bill and recalcitrant senators. It is a little strange this should be so for in normal October government business is beginning to quicken at the federal seat. Officials are coming together at that time for the season of close attention to duty. Scores of issues are rising and the future seems with prospects.

President Wilson is actually finding himself face to face with the most formidable task he has yet undertaken. The opposition is trying to break him, as it has never done before, and is counting upon a jaded senate to cooperate. The chances are yet, however, that the President will get his Currency Bill. The point of importance is how much will ultimately be yielded to the banks. It is taken for granted here that on two questions the administration will stand pat. One is the government control of the federal reserve board; the other government issue of notes. Certain minor concessions may be made as to government control. Possibly a part of the proposed cabinet membership will be eliminated, as for instance the secretary of agriculture.

There will probably be concessions as to the regional reserve banks. Instead of twelve there may be but three or four. It has been suggested that at least the country banks of the West and South be exempted from the requirements to organize regional reserves and that the experiment be tried out in the more populous sections of the country.

Banks May Resist. Just now it looks as though the banks would make a long fight, but in this appearance may be very deceptive. As soon as the banks are assured some concessions will be made the campaign may collapse. It might happen that the hearings before the senate committee would cease sooner than planned and the bill might even be speeded out of committee and through the senate. There is no assurance of such an outcome yet, but senators of the banking and currency committee have not reached the stage where they are centering upon changes that can be agreed to by a majority.

Hard blows are being delivered in the mean time. Some compare resistance to the pending bill with the fight waged against the state regulation. The fight is fiercer now than it ever was during state regulation. It remains to be seen whether it will be as prolonged. President Roosevelt was two years getting his first railroad bill through congress.

No Truancy Allowed. There is utter stagnation of business at the Capitol, outside of the currency committee of the senate. More than four hundred representatives, trying to get away to their homes, deserve some consideration when it is remembered the regular session will soon be here with at least six or eight months of hard grinding. The Colorado members of the house, who had sought to get away for weeks, just reached their homes the other day, when, in the struggle for a quorum, all leaves of absence were revoked. Several far Westerners found themselves in like plight. Few of them brought their families to Washington for the summer, and have planned the home trips for the sake of bringing their wives and children to town for the winter.

Republicans, playing parliamentary politics, are responsible for the situation, but Democrats, in being the majority party in senate and house, should deride whatever blame attaches for not keeping a legislative quorum at hand. House Republicans, for reasons of their own, ascribe their course to the Currency Bill to which they claim to be most opposed. And yet the Currency Bill has passed the house. The house can have nothing more to do with the Currency Bill till after the senate has acted.

After a few days the members will disperse again, and Minority Leader Mann may have a chance once more to perform. But before the quorum again disappears the Deficiency Appropriation Bill will have been disposed of. It would seem a minor matter of legislation, but it carries appropriations for numerous government projects and likewise salaries for thousands of government employes.

Tariff Amendment. If the Tariff Bill is to be amended, because of that perplexing clause granting a five per cent reduction on goods brought in American bottoms, a few days of legislative activity may be expected. It is hard to understand why the Democratic house should have ever insisted on such a provision. The Democratic secretary of state conspired against it. He wrote a letter, emphasizing in the plainest terms that it would contravene treaties and lead to serious embarrassment.

There will hardly be the usual preparation this year for the winter's work at Washington. Everybody is more or less exhausted from the long sojourn in the capital. Now and then suggestions are made for legislation after the Currency Bill is passed. The prospects are that nearly everybody will be taking a rest during December and that the large tasks of the regular session of congress will be deferred till into the spring and summer.

The hankers express proceedings on behalf of China, Ltd. Wang Yung and his job are scheduled to be heard by Judge DeLo in the federal court this morning, while that of T. S. Chen, charged with transporting concealed opium, has been set for hearing before Judge Thomas, at the same hour.

DIPHTHERIA—HOW IT MAY BE AVOIDED. Diphtheria is usually contracted when the child has a cold. The cold prepares the child's system for the reception and development of the diphtheria germ. When there are other children in the neighborhood who have colds should be kept at home and off the street until recovered. Give them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they will not have to remain at home long. It also cleanses the culture body, which form in a child's throat when it has a cold, and minimizes the risk of contracting diphtheria. For sale by Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

200 MEN ARE ENTOMBED IN COAL MINE

Without Warning Explosion Occurs in New Mexico Property and Crashing Tunnel Cuts Off Chance for Escape; Believed Many Must Have Perished.

DAWSON, New Mexico, October 23.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Without warning, late yesterday afternoon, an explosion in Tunnel No. Two of the Stag Canyon Fuel Company, tore out the timbers supporting the exits from the mine and two hundred and eighty miners are entombed in the gas-filled hole tonight.

How many are dead will not be known until the rescue party, proceeding slowly through the debris, reaches the chambers in the mine. That many are dead, is admitted even by the mine managers tonight and many claim that the accident will prove to have exceeded in horror that of the soft coal mines explosion at Gallup, New Mexico, a dozen years or more ago.

With the exception of the timekeepers and checkers nearly all those employed in the mine were Poles or Slavs. Their families tonight are gathered around the mouth of the tunnel weeping and urging the rescue parties to greater effort in reaching their loved ones. The ropes are pitiful.

The mine managers are at a loss to account for the explosion. The rigid mine inspection laws now in force in New Mexico would indicate that the company had complied with the regulations, but even this cannot be determined until the mine is opened and a thorough investigation made.

Failure of Credit Bank Demoralizes Business Conditions in India.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) BOMBAY, India, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Bombay Stock Exchange closed today because of the demoralized conditions in India, as a result of the failure of the Credit Bank of India on October 3.

Runs were made on several banks on Saturday. The fact that all demands were met served to restore confidence somewhat. There were no signs of panic in the stock market. A large business was done, but conditions have since become worse.

It is alleged that the affairs of the Credit Bank are very much involved; that the bank advanced £100,000, and that advances were made on its own shares in some cases as collateral security for the shares of various joint stock companies on which the bank advanced money. The bank has a subscribed capital of fifty lacs of rupees and a paid-up capital of ten lacs.

The high court has appointed a provisional liquidator, pending a hearing on November 1 on the petition of a creditor for the winding up of the business.

WOULD HAVE RUSSIA WITHDRAW CHARGE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Senator Lewis of Illinois today in the senate introduced a resolution calling on the government of the United States to use its good offices with the government of Russia to get that country to withdraw the "unjust ritual murder charge" against Beiliss on trial in Russia for the murder of a Christian boy.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Miss Nettie Stone, the Alameda girl who unintentionally made a trip to Honolulu taking a steamer she believed was bound from Victoria to San Francisco, returned here on the Matson liner Honolulu today.

The young lady was none the worse for her unusual experience. On the other hand, she says she had the time of her life. "I cannot say too much for the people of Honolulu and the officers of the Honolulu," said Miss Stone. "They were very good to me in the Islands and the whole affair has turned out an enjoyable lark."

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NORFOLK, Virginia, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Every ship in the Atlantic fleet, except the three now in Mexican waters, is now at Hampton Roads preparing for the cruise to the Mediterranean Sea, which begins October 25. Ammunition worth \$200,000 will be distributed among the ships of the fleet.

Commissioner James Wakefield, of the harbor commission, spoke at the Ad Club luncheon yesterday, on the harbor and wharf facilities of the port of Honolulu, as well as those at territorial landings, and told of the work being carried on by the commission. He spoke at length on the revision of the postage and other port fees, claiming that the charges for vessels of the Teano Maru and Mongolia class are really low, and that the present rate of sixty dollars each way, lets the large boats down easy, although it works a hardship on the smaller vessels. He says the commission is still studying the charges and rates and believes a satisfactory adjustment will be made with the shipping interests.