

SECURES REPLEV TO SAVE FURNITURE AT AUCTION

H. J. Baldwin Makes Startling Discovery That His Household Goods Are to Be Offered to Highest Bidder from Block—Strange Deal Said to Have Been Made by Mrs. J. F. Hyland.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)
A writ of replevin was served upon O. A. Stevens, the auctioneer, yesterday morning, to prevent him from offering for sale a choice lot of household furniture which H. J. Baldwin claims belongs to him. The furniture, it is claimed, was placed in Stevens' charge by Mrs. J. F. Hyland, under the name of Mrs. Pratt. Baldwin says that to prevent the sale of the property he resorted to a writ of replevin rather than criminal proceedings in the hope of avoiding notoriety.
Mrs. Hyland, who is already under indictment by the federal grand jury and awaiting trial on a charge of transporting and concealing opium, when seen yesterday refused to make a statement.

Given Possession of House.

According to the story told by Baldwin the woman came to him some time ago through E. A. Ditzinger, a real estate agent with whom Baldwin had dealings. The woman said she wanted to purchase a house. Baldwin took her to a home owned by him in Maunaloa Valley. She expressed herself as pleased with the place, says Baldwin, but said she did not have enough money to complete the deal. Baldwin thereupon gave her an option on the house, so he says, promising her a commission if she sold it. The key to the house was given to her and she took possession of the home, a well furnished place, according to Baldwin.
A few days later, it is claimed, Mrs. Hyland attempted to sell the house to William Peterson and failing in this sold him fifty feet of garden hose, together with a small desk which took her fancy. A few days prior to this Baldwin says he allowed Mrs. Hyland to take some furniture from her home at 1187 Garden lane.
The hose incident did not give Baldwin much concern until a few days later when he was passing the property when he found a big furniture van backed against the sidewalk piled high with household furnishings from his home. This was on December 23. The driver of the van, in reply to Baldwin's queries, told him that he was taking the furniture to Stevens' to be auctioned.

Barred Out by Woman.

Baldwin rushed toward the house but was met at the door by Mrs. Hyland, he says. She refused to talk to him, and according to his statement, slammed the door in his face.
Baldwin then consulted attorney P. L. Weaver. Steven asked what title to the furniture he proved but agreed to postpone the sale from originally set for last Saturday, until yesterday morning. This was done to give the claimant an opportunity to prove his title to the furniture. Steven was ready to proceed with the auctioning of the household goods yesterday morning when the writ was served. It is now being held by him subject to court order.

Investigation Promised.

In the mean time it was stated yesterday that a full investigation is to be made as to determine the position of Mrs. Hyland or Pratt as she called herself, in the strange transaction.
"I have nothing to say regarding Mr. Baldwin," said Mrs. Hyland with a demure smile yesterday. "I have nothing whatever for publication, she concluded. "Please excuse me. What Mr. Baldwin says about me does not interest me in the least."
In the mean time probably all the details of the deal will be brought out in the courts.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, December 29.—Finding their motor car motionless on the track in front of an approaching train, which a moment later ran into the car, the two younger Williford boys jumping Saturday afternoon had the scene of their lives. As a matter of fact, they had as narrow an escape from death or serious injury as one can have and yet remain unscathed to tell the tale.
N. C. Williford had just purchased a new Buick car, and the two boys were taking a ride in it. When they approached the railroad crossing outside the Iron Works, the Hilo Railroad company's motor car was also approaching. The railroad people did their entire duty. The flagman was waving his assortment of code flags, the motorman was signaling and the train ran at a very moderate speed.
The boys thought they had plenty of time to cross before the train came along, and they would have had, had not the younger chap who was driving the auto become so excited, that he killed his engine, and the two young fellows found themselves helpless, with the train bearing down on them. They had no time to jump out, but the motorman acted with such promptness that the train car had but little speed when it struck the auto. The auto was pushed completely off the track, and the tender and midguard were nearly split flat, but outside of that no damage was done.

County Attorney Bears of the Big Island

spent last week in Hamakua prosecuting the liquor cases resultant from Deputy Sheriff Rickard's famous haul of twenty-four. Beers has covered himself with glory, for out of the nine cases taken up so far, he has gained success in every instance. Two defendants were fined \$125 each, one was fined \$150, two were fined \$100 each, three forfeited \$100 each, and in one case decision has been reserved. Beers is still in Hamakua trying liquor cases.

One Juror in Murder Trial of Lyons and Smith Announces Himself Opposed to Death Penalty.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)
To try George J. Lyons and Ray C. Smith, charged with murder in the first degree, the following jury was finally selected yesterday in Judge Robinson's court:
Rudolph L. Auerbach, Sam Pupuki, Walter L. Emory, Henry P. Roth, James H. Fiddes, John G. Rothwell, William Green, John William Smith, Nelson B. Lansing, Reginald W. Warham, Charles J. Ladwigsen and James P. Winne.
At the jury was about to be sworn to try the case, juror John William Smith evaded a mild sensation by arising and declaring that he was opposed to capital punishment. City Attorney Cathcart immediately objected to his presence on the jury and asked that he be excused. This was objected to by Attorney Leon M. Straus, who represents Smith, on the ground that the prosecution had exhausted all its rights of peremptory challenges. Smith's request on the jury as Judge Robinson denied Cathcart's request to have the juror excused. Smith had been accepted the day before and claims that at that time he mentioned his conscientious scruples in regard to the imposition of the death penalty.
Although eleven jurors were on the panel the day before when a special venire was issued calling fifteen additional jurors into service, only Robert Hair's name remained undrawn in the box when the jury was finally accepted and stated to be satisfactory to both sides. Fourteen additional jurors answered the roll call yesterday morning, the fifteenth, Clarence F. Waterman, being now employed and residing in Hilo.
The taking of evidence in this case was continued until Monday morning at half-past eight o'clock, the intervening of a legal holiday tomorrow and Sunday following only two days after having considered sufficient reason to adjourn the trial of the case in order that it be not broken up with the intervening New Year's Day and Sunday.

GOVERNOR PINKHAM GIVEN WELCOME

(Continued from Page Five.)
dreads of people on foot bringing up the rear.
This procession marched through the streets of Honolulu and were cheered along the entire route by thousands of enthusiastic people.
Ceremonies at Capitol.
At the Capitol grounds, the Ad Club again formed in two lines in the driveway and the Governor's car wheeled slowly up to the foot of the capitol steps on which the Hawaiian band had already formed, playing musical greetings.
At the close of the musical number, W. R. Farrington arose in the Governor's car and said:
Greetings From the People.
"Governor, we have no speeches to make, neither have we prepared any, but all the people of Hawaii extend to you hearty greetings and welcome home."
Mr. Farrington then called for the Ad Club yell, which was followed by three cheers and then some more cheers in which the large crowd joined with a zest.
As impromptu master of the spontaneous ceremonies, Mr. Farrington then called on Herz Berger for the Governor March, composed by the band master for this special occasion. It is a spirited march piece and was full of melodious melody for the success of the administration of the official for whom it was written.
While this was going on, the Governor's salute of seventeen guns was being fired from a battery by members of the National Guard of Hawaii under the direction of Major Riley.
Many came up to the Governor's car and received a friendly handshake. When asked by an Advertiser representative what he thought of his reception, he said:
"Reception Unexpected.
"Tell the people of Hawaii through the columns of your paper that this reception is more than I expected. I wish to extend my thanks and appreciation."
Governor Pinkham wore an Ad Club ribbon on his hat and an Ad Club badge on his coat.
After the demonstrations of welcome came to an end, with the band playing The Star Spangled Banner, Governor Pinkham was driven to the home of Dr. C. B. Cooper, where no speech was made.

It was at this time that W. R. Farrington invited a few of the leading members of the Commercial Club for light refreshments. Among these were L. L. McCandless, Mr. C. Pacheco, John Wilson and Julius Aesch.
On a vote of all those present, there were then and there made members of the Ad Club and given badges of the organization, incidentally digging up the initiation fee.

Former Auditor C. K. Maguire of Hawaii

was brought to Honolulu yesterday, where he will serve the rest of his sentence in the Oahu Prison. An officer was sent to Hilo by High Sheriff Henry to bring him. The authorities have been given official medical advice to the effect that Maguire's health is too delicate to allow his working with the Volcano road gang, but that he can be taken care of in the jail without the slightest danger.

ANOTHER CENTRAL PARADE FEATURE

Ed Towse Given Chairmanship of School Section—Stock Selling Campaign Well Under Way.

Yesterday was a good Floral Parade and Ad Club day in Mid-Pacific Carnival circles. A new section was added to the parade by the acceptance by Hon. Ed Towse of the chairmanship of a committee on a school section, and news was received of plans being formed for at least one entry from the island of Kauai.

Director General Dougherty recently visited all the islands, covering nearly all points, and he talked up the carnival as an all-Hawaii affair in every community. The effect of this work is showing in a general disposition in the other islands to take more of a part than they have heretofore.

All Islands to Take Part.

All the islands will be in the other features of the carnival period, and it is with much satisfaction that Dougherty receives reports of the plans for parade entries. The parade is to be the climax of a week of entertainment, and it is going to be the biggest yet, says the director general.

Another step in making the carnival more of an all-Hawaii affair, the Ad Club committee this week extended its campaign to the other islands, as stock-seller for the new carnival corporation. The Ad Club is a territorial affair, having members on Hawaii, Maui and Kauai, and they are going ahead with "Ad Club spirit" to see that their islands are well represented in the list of stockholders. H. H. Vicars on Hawaii, W. O. Aiken on Maui and E. E. Mahlum on Kauai, are leading the other island teams in the work. Yesterday's steamer for Kauai carried the supply of literature and stock certificates for that island. The mail today will take similar material to Maui and Hawaii.

As in Honolulu, the campaign on the other islands will be held on January 7. The leader on each island received instructions to hold wireless reports of the sales of stock on that day, so that Honolulu workers will know how the day is going.
In Honolulu yesterday Chairman H. L. Strange of the organization committee was busy with his work of posting the team leaders and assigning them their work. Already he has had a lot of material for the wireless reports and has a complete list of teams. Strange's committee has the big job of apportioning the names among the various teams, so that all Honolulu can be covered in a day.

Military Literature.

Carnival corporation literature will be mailed today to a list of over three thousand possible purchasers of stock in Honolulu. The campaigners are out for sales of stock even of a dollar's worth, and it is planned to have the stock as widely distributed as possible. Mailing lists on other islands amount to fifteen hundred firms and individuals.
"By the time all our teams get through," said Strange, "we shall have a big inter-island corporation, representative of all the Territory. We want all Ad Club men to be ready for the seventh and all Honolulu to be ready for the Ad Club men who will call upon them."

PAHOA CHILDREN HAVE MERRY CHRISTMAS

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, December 29.—The children's Christmas tree idea found its way to Pahoa this year, and the center of the Hawaiian lumber industry had a celebration of the children's great holiday which was, with the exception of its extent, every bit as good and even better than the Honolulu and Hilo events.
Of course, the idea originated with Mr. and Mrs. Sam Johnson, and, as a matter of fact, they carried out the whole affair by themselves, from the making of the first plans to the carting out to Pahoa of a large auto filled with toys selected in Hilo.
Originally it was intended to have a tree for the children of employes of the lumber company alone. This was in itself a small undertaking, as there are about ninety of them, but as the matter progressed, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson decided to invite every child in the entire village, and in the end there were no less than 152 small guests, who enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson. The affair took place at the Johnson residence on Wednesday afternoon, and will be remembered a long time in the annals of the village. Each child was given a present, as well as candy and fruit. The diversity of nationality of the guests was a feature in itself, there being no less than fourteen different nationalities represented.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, December 29.—County Attorney Beers is investigating a particularly atrocious case of attempted arson, which took place in Hamakua last week. The attempt was made to burn a Chinese store at Kukuihue, and the police suspect another Chinese, who lives in Waipio, the famous valley below the Kukuihue village.
The attempt was made last Saturday night. The perpetrator had rigged up a sort of infernal machine of his own planning, heroines, rags, paper and bundles of matches entering into its composition. Fire had been set in the contrivance, and it was placed by the house. It failed to burn, however, because the matches, which had been figured on as the main piece of resistance, were packed so closely together that they failed to keep blazing. The partly burned contrivance was to be taken down this morning, and now the police are working on the case.

CALL IS ISSUED FOR CONVENTION

One Hundred and Forty-seven Republicans to Meet February 24 to Revise Rules and Regulations.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)
The official call for the Republican territorial convention was issued yesterday by Chairman Robert Shingle, of the territorial central committee of the Republican Party, setting February 24, 1914, as the date, and calling upon all Republican pro-tem clubs to make their nominations for delegates on February 23, who are to be elected on the evening of February 23. The convention will be called to order at ten o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, February 24.

The convention will be made up of 147 delegates from the Territory, Oahu having sixty-two, Hawaii thirty-seven, Maui thirty-five and Kauai thirteen representatives. On this island the delegates are equally divided between the fourth and fifth districts, although they differ in the various precincts.
In his call for the convention Chairman Shingle states that it is to meet: "For the purpose of revising the rules and regulations of the party in such manner as to conform to the provisions of Act 131, of the Laws of Hawaii for the year 1913, entitled: 'An Act to Provide for the Nomination and Election of Candidates for Elective Offices by Direct Vote, and for such other business as may properly be brought before it.'"

By those who have given the matter thought it is confidently believed that this convention will mark the reorganization of the Republican Party in the Territory of Hawaii.
The meeting is held at 14 1/2 Miles, Oahu. An address was delivered by Gustav Kretzschmar, who is the leading spirit of the venture. Later on officers were elected. Kretzschmar was chosen president, while Joseph Andrews, the well-known Oahu farmer, was elected secretary and treasurer. Twelve members signed the roll.
New Zealand in View.
New Zealand is the first place which the farmers will turn to for investigation. Kretzschmar and a Galician, named W. Twardowski, were elected to be the Mission Agents, respectively, who are to lead to the promised land. They will, however, first make a trip to New Zealand, in order that they may ascertain whether the conditions are such as are desired. If they are the rest of the members, as well as those who join later, will be advised to travel to the promised land.
"We leave for New Zealand on January 13," said Kretzschmar yesterday. "We intend to look over conditions with our own eyes. We will also talk with the officials and find out what inducements New Zealand will offer white farmers, and if we find that we can better our conditions, then the members of the organization will go to New Zealand. It is not that we have anything against Hawaii, for that we have not, but we think that it is likely that we can do better in some other country, and that is what we are trying to find out about."
"The organization is a small one now, but we believe it will grow very rapidly. It has already collected quite a large fund, which has been placed in a bank, and out of this the expenses of myself and my comrade are being paid."

One of the first official tasks which Governor Pinkham will be called upon to take up this morning will be the reading of a letter written in Russian which was received from Laupahoehoe, Hawaii, yesterday. This, of course, puts Laptown immediately on the map as far as the Governor is concerned.
What the letter is about is a profound secret, Private Secretary to the Governor, George E. Clark, laboring long and earnestly yesterday to procure a translation, but all his efforts were in vain. While there are only a few Russian scholars in Honolulu, Laupahoehoe is a city of several hundred people, and it is not likely that any of them are able to read the letter. The letter is signed by the following Laptownites:
D. Gamsky, E. Kaoha Kaiwa, Sam Wilks, David Mattoski, Sam Moses, John da Silva, H. H. Jensen, Charles J. Moore, Kamehameha Yoshino, John Fanning, Manuel Paulus, Jr., Joseph J. Ignatius, Manuel Silva, Daniel Kahooloa, E. K. Simmons, Henry A. Wong, Hayame Treadwell, Mahua Andrews, Koahai Kahikaha and John K. Kekoa.
E. Kaoha Kaiwa is deputy tax assessor and E. K. Simmons is deputy sheriff of North Hilo district, of which Laupahoehoe is the capital. The letter was enclosed in an envelope which was addressed simply "Honolulu. The Governor." It arrived by registered mail.

GOVERNOR PINKHAM ASKS SUPPORT

(Continued from page five.)
of all good citizens and friends of the Territory of Hawaii.
"Hawaii, placed in the midst of the world's greatest waters, blessed with the perpetual peacefulness and gentleness of nature's most kindly moods, may her people be imbued with a like spirit in their relations with each other and in public progress and civic ambitions."
"L. E. PINKHAM, Governor."
L. W. Fuller, chief electrical engineer for the Federal Wireless Telegraph Company, arrived last night. Ralph A. Beebe, chief construction engineer for the company, returned from Hilo and Waikuku yesterday morning.
Beebe admitted last night that the merchant of Maui, and Hilo, as well, consulted with him in regard to installing a wireless service at those places, but states that he told them he was in no position to make any promises.
It is believed, however, that the Federal is making arrangements to secure a proportion of the Island business with the Mutual and the Marconi companies, in the event that the latter attempts to enter the Island field.

"You Win," Says Ayres to McCarn; Fight Called Off

Boxing Promoter Bows to Law and Opinion of Federal District Attorney, and Adds That Fighting Game Is at End in Hawaii.

The proposed twenty-round boxing contest between Morris Kilmer and Walter Piszczek, which was to have been staged at the Bijou Theater on January 17, has been called off by Promoter H. M. Ayres who has returned to the principals their forfeits of \$100 each.
Ayres said:
"McCarn holds the high cards in this proposition and it would be foolish to attempt to buck him. He is in office to administer the law as he construes it. If there is to be any boxing in this Territory it seems that there must either be another United States district attorney, or that the law in question must be repealed.
"The statute in question was framed to cover a certain threatened condition at the time of the matching of Cornick and Fitzsimmons, and also to prevent

boxing promoters in states where boxing was illegal moving across the State line into a Territory and by so doing evading the law. I do not think that the spirit of the federal statute logically applies to Hawaii, and believe that it would be mighty difficult to get a jury to convict for violation of the statute. The letter of the law regarding boxing in territories is explicit, however, and as District Attorney McCarn chooses to administer the law according to the letter rather than the spirit, the only thing is to say 'you win,' and to retire as gracefully as possible."

Olaa Small Farmers Unite to Migrate if Good Place Can Be Found.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, December 29.—The Hawaiian-American Farmers' Agricultural Association in the name of an organization which was formed last Sunday at Olaa, which has its object is to find for its members a land where agriculturists are supposed to meet more encouragement than they do here. The officers say that they are not knocking Hawaii, and that they are not complaining, but that they think that white farmers may get better inducements in other countries, and if they can find a place where they will migrate to that place.
The meeting was held at 14 1/2 Miles, Oahu. An address was delivered by Gustav Kretzschmar, who is the leading spirit of the venture. Later on officers were elected. Kretzschmar was chosen president, while Joseph Andrews, the well-known Oahu farmer, was elected secretary and treasurer. Twelve members signed the roll.
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CITIZENS WOULD PAVE STREETS

Property Owners of Auwailimu District Believe Work Will Cost Less by Private Contract and Will Ask Extension—Whitehouse Thinks Citizen Labor Is Best.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)
The many residents in the Auwailimu district in the Punchbowl section of the city are confronted with the task of putting in some four miles or more of curbing on new streets, that have been finished as to grade, water pipes and sewer lines. The latter part of the work being done by the City of Honolulu is nearing completion and these residents face the necessity of putting in the curbing or at the end of sixty days, having it done by the county and the cost charged as a lien, against the several properties adjoining the newly improved streets.
The residents of this picturesque Punchbowl section of Honolulu feel that sixty days is all too short a time in which to do the work required by law and a movement is under way to appeal to the board of supervisors for an extension of time.
The law is specific as to the sixty-day limit after notice has been given, but the Punchbowl residents are anxious to find a way to carry out the requirements of the law as they believe the cost to property holders will be much less, if done by themselves than if done by the county.
They point out that the county must use none but citizen laborers while the property owners by employing Japanese could have the work done for one-third to fifty per cent less.
Engineer L. M. Whitehouse is inquiring of the matter, said that in his opinion, if the residents could do the work cheaper it was up to them to get busy and do it. However, he does not believe that money can be saved by the residents by employing foreign labor.
"The grading, the sewer work, the plain- or storm drains is nearing completion," said Engineer Whitehouse yesterday. "There are over four miles of new streets. The curbing must be put in according to law and then we will be ready to go ahead with the paving of the streets."
"I do not believe anything can be gained by the employment of Japanese labor. We buy curbing stone at from thirty to thirty-five cents a foot and with citizen labor can put it in place for ten to fifteen cents a foot. The Japanese cannot do it for much less, if any, as citizen labor is much more efficient and does a quicker and better job."
When the curbing is in place, the Territory will begin the work of paving the streets and the quicker the curbing is in place the sooner the tract will have five feet streets instead of lanes of mud and dust.
The superintendent of public works will have asphalt pavement put in on most of the streets and water-bound macadam on the less traveled streets."

Hilo Grafter Worked Every Avenue, Says Gooding Field in Report to Board of Trade.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, December 29.—At the special meeting of the board of trade, which is to take place Wednesday afternoon, a special report will be read which has been prepared by Auditor Gooding Field, showing very exhaustively the manifold reasons why the probe commission audit should be carried on to the end of the year 1913.
The report is in several ways a lummer. "The examination so far has shown," it says, "that no opportunity was overlooked to benefit fraudulently by the accounting methods in vogue, and the devices contrived to accomplish this result were ingeniously planned."
Field adds that he has found that it was the habit of the auditor to issue warrants before the amounts for which they were issued had been allowed by the supervisors. That kind of authorized warrants were issued to the amount of \$85,887.99 in the period from July 1, 1905, until December 31, 1909, and Field estimates that the amount represented by similar warrants, issued from January 1, 1910, until July 31, 1911, will run up to about \$20,000.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS FOR BIG EASTERN STORES

NEW YORK, December 30.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Six subsidiaries of the Sigel Stores corporation, doing business here and in Boston, went into bankruptcy today. Friendly proceedings resulted in the bankruptcy action. The stores do an annual gross business of \$40,000,000.
In a statement issued by the management, the reasons for the failure are given as disappointing Christmas trade, curtailment of credit on the part of the banks and stringency during a heavy operating season. The market had disappointed the approaching failure owing to recent rumors, and no panic resulted.
The tower is unusual and remarkable in many ways. It is made of structural steel, well cross-braced for stiffness. The lower end is pointed, like a huge lead pencil, and terminates in a 15-inch ball of solid cast steel, which rests in a cast-steel socket on a base of structural steel girders.
These girders in their turn rest for insulation, on six large columns of glass, each 2 feet in diameter, and these are supported by a solid concrete foundation which is set into the ground. Braces weighing a ton, each are used to hold the steel base in position on the glass supports, which are used for insulating purposes, to prevent the grounding of the powerful high tension electric current.
Sufficient rigidity of the entire structure is obtained by means of wire cables. There are 12 of these great cables, six of 3 inch diameter and six of 2 1/2 inch. They are attached in three at four different points about 500 feet apart, and are carried to anchorages formed of great concrete blocks, 500 feet from the base of the tower. Four cables to each anchorage. Each anchorage contains 1,100 tons of concrete, and is sunk 30 feet into the earth, while rising 20 feet above it. On each cable are four insulators, weighing 1,500 pounds each, arranged in pairs. The anchor cables have themselves to be anchored by means of anchor cables and anchorages, to prevent swaying in heavy winds.

Tallest Structure of Kind in America Located on New Jersey Coast.

In view of the recent dispatches from Europe telling of the successful transmission of vocal sounds across the Atlantic by wireless telephony, the description of the tower at the top of the messages were received in America, as given in the January number of Popular Mechanics is interesting. This structure, which is the highest in America, and, with one exception, the highest building of any kind in the world, was recently completed on the New Jersey coast. It is a wireless telegraph tower, 825 feet high and only 24 feet in diameter. So quietly has the work of building this tower been carried on, and so remote from ordinary routes of travel is its location, that it was practically completed before anyone except the builders themselves realized that there was being erected in America a structure which tops the great Woolworth building in New York by 73 feet and lacks 150 feet of being as high as the famous Eiffel tower of Paris, which is still the tallest monument to man's engineering ability and ingenuity.
The tower is unusual and remarkable in many ways. It is made of structural steel, well cross-braced for stiffness. The lower end is pointed, like a huge lead pencil, and terminates in a 15-inch ball of solid cast steel, which rests in a cast-steel socket on a base of structural steel girders.
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Work on the new Brewer & Company's Hilo building, on the site of the old Volcano Stables office, will begin next Friday, the first working day in the year. The Volcano Stables Company has already established its headquarters in its new building at Waialua.

BABY'S SCALP ALL CRUSTED OVER

With Eczema That Broke Out when but Three Months Old—Burned and Itched So She Could Not Sleep—Chance of Cure Seemed Slight.

CURE BY CUTICURA EASY AND COMPLETE

"Our little daughter, when three months old, began to break out on the head and she had the best doctors to treat her, but they did not do her any good. They said she had eczema. Her eyes became crusted from the disease and she was a solid crusted over. The burning and itching was so severe that she could not rest, day or night. We had about given up all hope when we read an advertisement for Cuticura Remedies. We at once got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and one bottle of Cuticura Laxative and used them in the following manner: After the first dose of the Cuticura Remedies, we used the Cuticura Soap freely and applied the Cuticura Ointment. Then she began to improve rapidly and in two weeks the scales came off her head and new hair began to grow. In a very short time she was well. Her eyes were perfectly clear and she was able to sleep and have been so ever since. The next sixteen years of age and is a picture of health. We know the Cuticura Remedies cure and have used them in our family ever since."
"We used the Cuticura Remedies about five weeks, regularly, and then we could not tell she had been effected by any other means. She suffered from burning and itching and hard, scaly, dandruff-looking scales all over her head and in places on her face. The other treatments did not do her any good. The Cuticura Remedies did do for her. J. Fish and Ella M. Fish, Mt. Vernon, Ky., Oct. 12, 1909."

For preventing, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands; for eczema, rashes, itching, and chafing and for the prevention of the same; as well as for the sensitive, antiseptic cleansing of ulcerated, inflamed mucous surfaces and other ills which readily suggest themselves to women, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are indispensable.
Cuticura Soap (the only one) is the Best Cuticura Remedy (100¢) for the cure of Eczema, Itch, and other skin diseases. It is sold in all drug stores and by mail. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by J. Fish and Ella M. Fish, Mt. Vernon, Ky., Oct. 12, 1909.