

BARTLETT HAS STUNG, GOOD AND PLENTY, SAYS THE GRAND JURY IN ITS SALOON REPORT

Amid Plenty of Contradictions and Explanations That Did Not Explain, the Jurymen Delved for the Facts of the Case—Say License Commission Should Have Power of Subpoena.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Testimony directly contradictory in character, documents that evidenced that some one has been lying with frequency and fluency, and tales of inside deals and deals inside of those were what the territorial grand jury had to handle in its investigation of the saloon situation in Honolulu, especially in regard to the relationship that existed, or is said to exist, between the saloons and the Honolulu brewery and its management and employees. The jury has been hearing all sides in the matter for the past several days, and last night its report was signed.

The jury finds that there has been a lot of skating close to the law, but that, so far as can be determined, none has oversteered the limit. It finds that Manager Bartlett of the brewery has had to pay back a lot of money he thought was his and that some one has been stung somehow.

The jury also finds that the applicants for retail licenses, in some instances, have bolstered up their applications by statements that are untrue. The report in full, made public last night by Foreman Jos. Gilman with the approval of the jury, is:

"Honolulu, T. H., July 29, 1914.
"To the members of the Grand Jury, Gentlemen:—The committee appointed by the foreman of this grand jury for the purpose of investigating the relations existing between various holders of retail liquor licenses and private individuals who submit the following report:

"In the first place we wish it understood that the evidence and information received by the committee has been most conflicting, and it has been very difficult to arrive at any accurate decision.

"The following, however, is what we believe to be the actual facts:
"In 1910 the liquor commissioners adopted a regulation to the effect that no wholesale liquor dealers could be interested in or hold a saloon license.

"We understand that since that time each and every one of the individual applicants for a saloon license, have stated to the liquor commissioners that they were the only parties interested in the saloon under consideration, and the same was given to this committee along the same lines.

"As the Pacific Saloon has figured conspicuously in the controversy we will consider that first.

"Prior to 1910 the Pacific Saloon was owned by Messrs. W. C. Peacock & Co., and the license for same was issued in their name. In the early part of 1910 Messrs. Peacock & Co. sold this saloon to Mr. C. G. Bartlett for the sum of \$50,000, and later Mr. Bartlett sold a half interest in same to Mr. Emil Waterman for \$45,000.

"License Granted to Corvyn.
"When application was made to the liquor commissioners for a saloon license, Mr. Philip F. Corvyn was the applicant for the Pacific Saloon. The license was granted to Mr. Corvyn, and so far as the commissioners or the public knew Mr. Corvyn was the only interested party in the saloon.

"From July 1st, 1910, until July 1st, 1911, we are led to believe that Mr. Corvyn was only an employee, working on a salary.

"On July first, 1912, there was a co-partnership agreement entered into, whereby C. G. Bartlett, Emil Waterman and Philip F. Corvyn became equal owners in the Pacific Saloon, having each a one-third interest.

"Mr. Corvyn approved the money given to the Honolulu Brewery his note for \$7,000, with a mortgage on the saloon as security.

"This arrangement apparently proved satisfactory to all concerned. Mr. Bartlett and Mr. Waterman receiving their pro rata of the profits, being two-thirds of same, and Mr. Corvyn receiving one-third.

"Mr. Corvyn apparently retained \$150 per month for living expenses, the balance of his share of the profits being paid to the brewery on account of his note.

"Upon the payment of this note Mr. Corvyn held his one-third interest clear. There can be no doubt but that the agreement of co-partnership was fully understood by the three interested parties, as the terms of same were conscientiously lived up to.

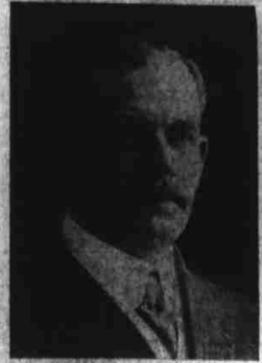
"In 1912 Mr. Corvyn had an opportunity to purchase the Fashion Saloon, and sold his interest in the Pacific Saloon for that purpose. Mr. Bartlett consummated the sale and sold the one-third interest to Mr. Charles Lynch for \$7,000, the money being lent by Mr. Lynch on a mortgage on the saloon.

"On February, 1912, Mr. Bartlett and Mr. Lynch entered into an agreement whereby, upon the payment of the \$7,000 note by Mr. Lynch, he, Lynch, would then have his one-third interest in the Pacific Saloon clear.

"This agreement gives Mr. Bartlett a two-thirds interest in the saloon. Mr. Bartlett having, however, a private agreement with Mr. Emil Waterman, whereby Waterman still retains a one-third interest. This agreement, however, is without the knowledge of Mr. Lynch.

"Secures Note From Lynch.
"About the time the agreement with Mr. Lynch is made, Mr. Bartlett secures a note from Mr. Lynch for \$7,000,

JOSEPH A. GILMAN.



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secured by another mortgage on the saloon. This mortgage was not recorded, as we are told that the note did not represent any of the purchase price of the saloon, but simply to be held by Mr. Bartlett as security in case of any slip, and he should not receive his two-thirds of the profits. He then could, if he so desired, collect on this second note.

"The agreement between Mr. Bartlett as a two-thirds owner and Mr. Lynch, owning one-third, was apparently fully understood by both parties, Mr. Lynch's affidavit to the contrary notwithstanding, as the conditions of same were always adhered to, to the effect that two-thirds of the profits were paid to Mr. Bartlett, and in addition thereto Mr. Lynch paid a certain amount from his one-third profit to apply to his indebtedness to the brewery.

"It might be well to state that all amounts paid by Mr. Lynch were by check payable to the brewery. Mr. Bartlett cashing same and distributing the money in accordance with the agreement, he remitting one-half of his two-thirds profit to Mr. Waterman, he being a one-third owner as per private agreement between Mr. Bartlett and Mr. Waterman.

"This arrangement was apparently satisfactory to all concerned until Mr. Lynch decided that he wanted to sell out.

"About this time Mr. Waterman appeared on the scene, and meeting Mr. Lynch, told him that he, Waterman, owned a one-third interest, which Lynch denied and said that any one could claim that, but it didn't interest him.

"Mr. Lynch then consulted an attorney, and was advised that neither Mr. Bartlett nor Mr. Waterman had any standing as owners, and that Mr. Bartlett could not recover from him in any suit at law.

"That he was the sole owner of the license and could do as he pleased with the saloon, and that Messrs. Bartlett and Waterman could be thrown out of court on any claim to ownership.

"This course is apparently within the law, as Mr. Lynch acted upon the advice, sold the saloon for \$14,000, keeping the entire proceeds.

"Mr. Lynch then, through his attorney, demanded the cancellation of the license and mortgage given to the brewery, claiming that he had paid same, he being sole owner of the saloon, and that all moneys paid to the brewery were to apply to his indebtedness.

"Bartlett Paid Balance.
"Mr. Bartlett then realized his position as silent partner and was evidently convinced that he had no legal claim, consequently paid the balance due on the note in favor of the brewery, something over \$5,000, and cancelled the note and mortgage, returning same to Mr. Lynch.

"It must be remembered that Mr. Bartlett and Mr. Waterman had been receiving each one-third of the profits from the Pacific Saloon for four years, and naturally Mr. Bartlett called upon Mr. Waterman to make good one-half of the amount paid the brewery on account of the note given by Mr. Lynch.

"This liability was repudiated by Mr. Waterman, thereby placing him in the unique position of receiving his full share of the profits, but standing none of the losses.

"The above transactions cover the financial dealings of the Pacific Saloon as near as your committee can ascertain.

"As regards the Fashion Saloon and its license.

"We are unable to find that there is any one interested as owner in this saloon except Mr. Corvyn the holder of the license.

"From the profits which he made in the Pacific Saloon he was, with financial assistance able to buy this saloon from Mr. Davis, and from all the evidence obtainable does not divide his profits with any one, but is steadily reducing his indebtedness.

"Regarding the lease of this property.

"The original lease was from the trustees of the Campbell Estate to K. Matsumoto, which is recorded Liber 320, p. 110.

"In September, 1909, Matsumoto leased the saloon premises to J. T. Scully, recorded Liber 320, pp. 489-491.

"In August, 1910, Mr. Scully transferred the lease to Mr. D. H. Davis and in January, 1912, Mr. Davis transferred same to Mr. Corvyn, same being recorded Liber 353, pp. 110-112.

"In November, 1913, Matsumoto sold his original lease to Mr. C. G. Bartlett for \$13,000 recorded Liber 396, p. 142.

"Bartlett Owns Lease.
"The lease is now owned by Mr. Bartlett but is subject to the terms and conditions of the lease from Matsumoto to Mr. Scully and later trans-

BACK PAY FOR TROOPS ON OAHU

Government Begins Plans for Reimbursing Soldiers for Foreign Services in Hawaii.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Good news for a large number of troops stationed on Oahu was contained in a letter received yesterday by an officer at department headquarters from the firm of King & King, attorneys of Washington. It relates to the claims for the 20 per cent. increase of pay for service in Hawaii up to August 24, 1913, on which date such form service pay was abolished by act of congress. It is estimated that the amount may reach \$100,000. At the time of writing, they state, the auditor's office was figuring out a scheme for payment of the same by company and regiment. This is taken to mean that the men will receive their money on the pay rolls without having to wait for claims to take their course, and would greatly expedite the settlement of all such payments.

A considerable number of soldiers, after waiting patiently without avail for the war department to announce the decision of the court of claims in army orders, sent their claims directly to the auditor for the war department. Some of them have already been settled, and several soldiers serving here have received checks in settlement of their claims, some of them amounting to nearly two hundred dollars.

On account of the large number of claims which have been piled up in the auditor's office it is probable that it would take a long time before all the claimants could receive their money in this manner.

King & King prepared the test case and prosecuted it successfully through the court of claims, and when the contention was decided in their favor they undertook to collect all the money for the men of the army who had back pay due them for this cause for a 5 per cent. contingent fee. A large number of officers turned their claims over to King & King.

In their letter, the Washington firm state that the auditor's office at the war department does not seem to have any particular system about handling these claims. Occasionally some of the claims are allowed without the slightest explanation of how it came to be acted on ahead of others, which were filed at precisely the same time.

TO PREVENT ANOTHER FUSS WITH JAPAN

WASHINGTON, July 10.—For fear that the house committee on immigration might unexpectedly assemble a quorum and report out some of the anti-Asian immigration legislation which was before the committee last winter, Ambassador Chinda, of Japan, called upon Mr. Bryan, secretary of state, today to remind him of the objections of Japan to this legislation.

Danger of complications upon this matter at this time, however, seems to be eliminated by the inability of the committee to collect a quorum. Mr. Bryan voiced the objections of the administration to the passage of this legislation last winter because of the delicate condition of the relations between the anti-Asian land law dispute. Since this situation has not improved it is presumed that if the immigration commission did assemble a quorum and attempt to revive these bills, Mr. Bryan would again throw the administration influence against them.

ferred to Mr. Davis and then to Mr. Corvyn. Mr. Bartlett receiving from Mr. Corvyn a rental of \$125 per month. "We have investigated and inquired into the ownership of other saloons and can find any evidence to show that other than the holder of the license is in any way interested as a partner.

"We believe that the majority of the saloon owners are to a more or less extent assisted financially by the brewery as well as the wholesale liquor dealers, but that transactions are on a loan basis the mortgages appearing of record.

"The liquor commissioners were acquainted with practically all of the transactions mentioned in this report, in the face of which they saw no reason why the various licenses should not be renewed or transferred to other owners.

"The license commissioners are in absolute control of the situation. They can make a license valuable or otherwise by insisting that the holders of the license comply with, not only the law, but with all regulations adopted by the commission.

"The cancelling of one or two licenses for evading regulations would soon teach a holder of a license that there was some value to the license if he conducts his business properly; and the contrary if he does not, the license wouldn't be worth the paper it is written on.

"There should be no need of a grand jury investigation into the liquor business; the liquor commissioners are the judges, and they should stop any questionable transactions by refusing to renew licenses where such evidence is proven to their satisfaction.

"We understand that the transactions related in this report are not of a criminal nature, and no action can be brought against any of the parties interested. At the same time it is conceded and admitted that they are somewhat irregular, but within the law. In this connection we respectfully recommend that the liquor law be amended so as to authorize the liquor commission to require and administer oaths touching any matter concerning their powers and duties and that false swearing be included in the statute regarding perjury.

"(Signed) J. A. Gilman, F. E. Richardson, A. J. Campbell, E. D. Towse, John Lucas, Chas. S. Deppell.

MEHLSTEIN IS FIRED BY BOARD

Building Inspector Fails to Resign and Supervisors Promptly Discharge Him.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
"The McCandless brothers are not insulting this board by not appearing to explain the reason why they want the building ordinance amended," said Supervisor Pacheco at the meeting of the board of supervisors yesterday afternoon. "These gentlemen are engaged in the pursuit of their several hobbies. Sunny Jim McCandless is off attending a convention of Shriners; Link McCandless is busy with his political campaign, and J. A. McCandless is busy enjoying the spending of his wealth."

The supervisor was thus sarcastic in referring to the absence of the contractors of the owners of the McCandless Building, as well as the architect, who had been given an opportunity to appear and explain their reasons for requesting certain modifications of the building ordinance which interferes with the work on the McCandless Building.

The mayor denounced the attitude of persons who were given ample opportunity to present themselves and their cases before the board and who failed to avail themselves of the opportunity, and then complained that the laws passed in their absence worked a hardship on them.

Supervisor Wolter was of the opinion that the absence of the parties in regard to the building ordinance constituted an insult to the board, and this drew forth Mr. Pacheco's remarks.

The board had a rather busy two hours' session. The proposition of allowing the mothers of school children in Kaimuki to hold a dance in the Kaimuki school, for which admission would be charged for the purpose of beautifying the school grounds, was rejected on the ground of establishing a bad precedent. The object was deemed commendable, but the supervisors thought the city should stand the expense. An appropriation of \$250 has been made for this purpose.

Mehlstein is "Fired."
The resignation of J. J. Mehlstein, building and plumbing inspector, not having been received, a motion was carried voting him out of office on the last day of the month. Another motion was carried appointing Charles J. Murasky building inspector and C. L. Almeida plumbing inspector, each at a salary of \$150 per month. The county makes a saving of \$60 per month on the two offices combined, as Mehlstein received \$200 per month.

The question of further support to the Salvation Army home for children at Manoa was brought up and the board was unanimous in believing that this home was a worthy object of their assistance, and not a secular institution within the meaning of the law. They authorized the work and means committee to bring in a resolution for an appropriation of \$300 for the ensuing six months.

A complaint was read in which the residents of Liliolilo street state that a property owner is holding up the opening of the street by demanding an exorbitant price for his property, which blocks one end of the desired highway. They asked the county to institute condemnation proceedings. Legal opinion was requested by the board.

Polo Field at Kapiolani.
An application from J. L. Fleming and John Grace was brought before the board, in which authority to erect bleachers at the polo field at Kapiolani Park and to charge admission to the polo fields at the proposed polo tournament was asked. The polo association propose to erect a grandstand, and side lines for which a charge of twenty-five cents for each person will be made, the remaining pay and the bleachers and stands to be charged at a higher rate. Five per cent of the net proceeds are to go to the county. It was set forth that these parties have improved the polo and baseball fields in the past at an expenditure of approximately \$8,000, and are desirous of obtaining this privilege as a means of reimbursement. This was referred to the committee on parks.

A resolution was introduced and passed the first hearing for an appropriation of \$3,900 to be used in extending the city sewer on King street 1185 feet to the point at the intersection of the pipe on Kaili street. It was set forth that in addition to relieving about 500 residents of the locality concerned, the putting in of this sewer connection at this time will obviate the necessity of tearing up the streets later on after the pavements are laid.

A report by the chief of unclaimed property in the hands of the police was referred to the police committee. The report shows that the Honolulu district has a cash balance of \$152.40 unclaimed.

THEATER PLANS REVISED
Emory & Webb, architects, have completed their revised plans for the theater to be erected at Waikuku, Maui, by the Valley Isle Theater Company. The cost of the structure will be \$3750.

A small blaze was discovered in the partially completed residence of Charles Tobie at Makiki and Dominis streets last night at seven o'clock. A passerby saw a small flame in one of the rooms and after breaking in the door it was extinguished with the aid of a few pails of water. The fire alarm was turned in by excited neighbors and the department arrived on the scene shortly after the blaze was discovered. The damage was nominal.

At the eighth annual meeting of the Harvard Club of Hawaii, held recently at the Wahiawa home of J. D. Dole, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: James D. Dole, president; A. P. Griffith, secretary and treasurer; Eric A. Knudsen, E. A. Mott-Smith and Dr. F. F. Hochmann, executive committee.

MAUI HAWAIIANS OUT FOR RICE

Want a Man of Action, They Explain—Political Pot Boiling with Increased Vigor.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
"Kuhio, holding the highest position in the Territory, could, as Delegate to Congress, do much to promote the prosperity of Hawaii, and in consequence the prosperity of the native Hawaiians. He is in a position to do a great deal, but he does nothing. On the other hand, much of his recent activity at Washington has been in collaboration with the Democrats in attacking former Governor Frear and the sugar interests, attacks that helped hurt all Hawaii when the tariff bill came up in the new congress. It is because Kuhio has failed Hawaii and the Hawaiian people that I am opposing him for re-nomination. He has had his chance and failed. That is why a lot more Hawaiians are opposing him."

A. St. C. Pinnania puts the situation in the above words, speaking for himself and for a number of other leading Hawaiians who are active members of the Charles A. Rice campaign committee, for which active work, Wise and a few others are calling them "traitors."

"If however," added Pinnania yesterday, "Kuhio should be re-nominated and is shown to be the choice of the Republican party, I will support him. I am a Republican first and a Rice man second."

Rice Senior to Speak.
The Rice committee is now arranging an itinerary for their candidate for next week. Rice being due from Hawaii on Saturday. According to the plan as outlined, Rice will be put to work as soon as he lands, two meetings for Saturday being scheduled, at one of which the main speaker will be William H. Rice, the candidate's father, a man who stands very high in the estimation of all the Hawaiians of the Territory and who is a Hawaiian speaker of exceptional merit. He will address the gathering to be held on Saturday evening in the Mollisli school house. The other Saturday evening meeting will be held on Punchbowl drive, at which Charles A. Rice will be the main speaker.

On Sunday the party will make a tour of the island, with a big meeting arranged for Waianae for Monday night. At this meeting the speakers will be W. H. Rice, Charles A. Rice, Judge Lindsay, C. H. Olson, J. A. Kina and others.

Lahui Ticket on Sunday.
To add to the gaiety of the occasion, it was definitely announced yesterday that the Lahui party will have a complete ticket in the field on Oahu for the November primaries, with a candidate for congress at the head of the list. The Lahuiites would like very much to support Palmer Woods, the Kohala man, who is in doubt, but intend to have some one on the November ballot they can support, even if Woods does not run. Just who is to have the honor will be announced on Sunday, as well as the names of the other Lahui candidates.

"We have called a very important meeting for Sunday afternoon," said Kahaulei yesterday. "We will meet at the residence of David Kahaulei, in Dowsett lane, and the list of proposed candidates will be submitted to the members of the executive committee of the various clubs all over the island, who will be there. Three names are being mentioned now for Delegates to Congress."

The Lahuiites are strong in their determination not to support either Kuhio or McCandless. Kahaulei admits, with a certain degree of coyness, that his name is among the three mentioned to head the ticket.

Charles Huestace Jr. threw his hat in the ring for the majority nomination yesterday as a Republican. Huestace has been making dabs with the same hat for weeks, and his action comes as no surprise. It is generally conceded that he is one of the best boosters for Lane that has yet been given.

Mr. Huestace is not one of those who would break the law by offering to give his salary away. "If nominated and elected mayor, I will take my salary," he said yesterday. "I think the man who offers to give his salary after he is elected is foolish."

The Democrats out for nomination to municipal offices held a roving rally in the grounds of the Kaulaui School, Palama, last night.

Kaudsen Files Papers.
Eric A. Kaudsen yesterday filed his nomination papers in the office of the secretary of the Territory as a candidate for the senate from the fourth senatorial district—the Island of Kauai. Senator Kaudsen was previously a member of the senate during the 1911 and 1913 sessions, previous to which he was a member of the lower house for several terms. Senator Kaudsen's nomination papers are the first received from Kauai.

Representative Jack H. Coney of Kauai has announced his intention of standing for reelection to the house of representatives, in which he has served many terms. James K. Kula of Koloa, Kauai, has also announced his candidacy for the house of representatives. All these Garden Island candidates are Republicans.

George P. Kamaoia of Kona, Hawaii, is the first Progressive to file his nomination papers with Secretary Taylor. He seeks nomination as a candidate for the senate from the first senatorial district—the Island of Hawaii. Kamaoia was formerly a Republican and a few years ago was chairman of the Big Island Republican county convention at Hilo. His nomination paper is signed by twenty-nine voters—fifteen from the seventh and fourteen from the eighth precincts of the second representative district, known as West Hawaii. The signers are all Hawaiians.

Castro for Senate.
Unable to withstand the requests of many of his admirers, it is expected that former Representative A. D. Castro will shortly announce his return to the Territory.

PRESIDENT KNUDSEN OUT FOR REELECTION

Big Chicago Advertiser Assures Outdoor Circle Correspondent That in Future "It Can Get Along Without the Use of Billboards" in Honolulu.

That there is efficacy in the campaign being carried on by the women of Honolulu against the billboards and that the workers for the City Beautiful are gaining ground right along by their persistency is given further evidence by the correspondence which has been going on between a member of the Outdoor Circle, the Cudahy Packing Company of Chicago, manufacturers of "Old Dutch Cleanser," and Fred L. Waldron, the local agents of Cudahy. As a result of the plain presentation of the facts of the anti-billboard campaign to the offending advertisers, "Old Dutch Cleanser" will soon be cleansed of the billboards of Honolulu, to be advertised in that way no more.

It was given out yesterday that Jack Lucas, Republican candidate for the senate, will preside at the big Republican rally of candidates which will take place at Ala Park on the night of August 15. It is expected that in the neighborhood of fifty Republican candidates will make their initial bow to the public for the campaign and each will be given a few minutes to do so properly. Instead of calling out "Time's up," it is believed that Chairman Lucas will borrow the Athletic Park gong to call off the respective candidates.

Carl A. Widemann is now being mentioned as a prospective candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for city treasurer.

James L. Young protests against headlights used by Rapid Transit Company.

"The provisions of the new traffic ordinance ought to apply to all vehicles, equally as to automobiles," James L. Young said yesterday. "The blinding electric headlights on the street cars are as much a nuisance to night traffic as those on automobiles. If it is illegal for an auto owner to use a searchlight on his machine it ought to be illegal for the Rapid Transit to use them."

Mr. Young said that the Rapid Transit cars on the Waianae avenue line make a practice of stopping in the middle of the Puunohu street crossing completely blocking that road to automobiles coming from or entering Manoa. The law on stopping cars at crossings provides that cars shall stop on the near side of the crossing. This rule is disregarded by the Rapid Transit motormen, he said.

Another fault of the new ordinance is that if it is literally enforced an automobile can not legally pass a street car anywhere on King street from Palama to Alapai. Where the streets are double tracked, passengers should only be allowed to get on or off a street car on the right-hand side. If the law were amended in this particular, automobilists would be protected from the danger of passengers jumping off the left-hand or wrong side of a car and landing in front of their machines. He said that in almost all mainland cities where open cars are used there is a rod or barrier along the left side of the car. If passengers were compelled to follow the same rule here and dismount from or enter a car only on the right side it would permit vehicle owners to pass to the left of street cars going in the same direction, as provided by common usage.

"That is a rule of the road," he said, "under the provisions of the traffic ordinance as it now reads auto drivers can not pass to the left of any street car traveling in the same direction. I want to see this ordinance literally enforced because if any section of the law is wrong or too cumbersome in its application, that is the quickest way to find it out. The intent of the law is good. I believe that the supervisors tried to give us a good law. If it is not a good one that is the fault of vehicle owners in not having given the proposed ordinance their proper study and attention when the supervisors were doing their best."

"Another thing, if autos have to stop eight feet from a street car and they are running directly behind it, the only thing to be done when the car stops is to quarter your machine off towards the right and come to a standstill, thus effectively blocking the road to all other vehicles passing in either direction. That particular section of the law needs polishing up a bit."

WALDRON TO CUDAHY.
The Cudahy Packing Co., Old Dutch Cleanser Dept., Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sirs:—We were much interested in the copies of letters exchanged between Mrs. _____ of this city and your good selves.

We are heart and soul in sympathy with the crusade which is being carried along by the Honolulu Outdoor Circle, and in all our correspondence with our principals we have never failed to discourage billboard advertising in Hawaii.

We greatly appreciate the tenor of your reply to Mrs. _____ and can assure you that the sale of Old Dutch Cleanser will in no way suffer by your prompt and courteous acquiescence to her request. Yours faithfully, FRED L. WALDRON.

WALDRON TO OUTDOOR CIRCLE.
Honolulu Outdoor Circle, Honolulu.

Dear Madam:—We take pleasure in attaching herewith copy of our reply to our principals, Messrs. Cudahy Packing Co. of Chicago, relative to billboard advertising of their "Old Dutch Cleanser."

In the meantime your organization can always depend on our firm giving every possible assistance to the end of furthering your efforts in this direction. Yours faithfully, FRED L. WALDRON.

BILLBOARDS SWATTED AGAIN

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Dear Sirs:—We were much interested in the copies of letters exchanged between Mrs. _____ of this city and your good selves.

We are heart and soul in sympathy with the crusade which is being carried along by the Honolulu Outdoor Circle, and in all our correspondence with our principals we have never failed to discourage billboard advertising in Hawaii.

We greatly appreciate the tenor of your reply to Mrs. _____ and can assure you that the sale of Old Dutch Cleanser will in no way suffer by your prompt and courteous acquiescence to her request. Yours faithfully, FRED L. WALDRON.

WALDRON TO OUTDOOR CIRCLE.
Honolulu Outdoor Circle, Honolulu.

Dear Madam:—We take pleasure in attaching herewith copy of our reply to our principals, Messrs. Cudahy Packing Co. of Chicago, relative to billboard advertising of their "Old Dutch Cleanser."